

2026 -- S 2246

— 1 —

LC003264

-----

# STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

## IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

## **JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2026**

## AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION -- THE RHODE ISLAND FAMILY CAREGIVER TAX CREDIT ACT

Introduced By: Senators Ujifusa, Lawson, Ciccone, Tikoian, DiPalma, Zurier, DiMario, E Morgan, Acosta, and Felag

**Date Introduced:** January 23, 2026

Referred To: Senate Finance

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

## 1 SECTION 1. Legislative findings.

2 The general assembly hereby makes the following findings

3 (1) About eighty percent (80%) of care at home is provided by unpaid family caregivers,  
4 many of whom are older persons providing care to a spouse or family member with disabilities.

5 (2) More than half of caregivers have intensive caregiving responsibilities that include  
6 assisting with personal care activities such as bathing, feeding or toileting.

7 (3) Research shows that unpaid family caregivers are frequently under substantial physical,  
8 psychological, and financial stress.

9 (4) On average unpaid family caregivers spend seven thousand dollars (\$7,000) a year out-  
10 of-pocket to assist their family member to be able to live at home.

11 (5) Providing a state income tax credit for expenditures paid by family caregivers shall help  
12 relieve some of the financial burden caregivers face in fulfilling their caregiving responsibilities

13 SECTION 2. Title 44 of the General Laws entitled "TAXATION" is hereby amended by  
14 adding thereto the following chapter:

15 CHAPTER 30.4

16 THE RHODE ISLAND FAMILY CAREGIVER TAX CREDIT ACT

## 44-30 4-1 Short title

<sup>18</sup> This chapter shall be known and may be cited as "The Rhode Island Family Caregiver Tax"

1      Credit Act."

2      **44-30.4-2. Definitions.**

3      As used in this chapter, the following terms shall have the following meanings unless the  
4      context clearly indicates otherwise:

5      (1) "Activities of daily living (ADL)" means and includes:

6      (i) Ambulating, which is the extent of an individual's ability to move from one position to  
7      another and walk independently;

8      (ii) Feeding, which is the ability of an individual to feed oneself;

9      (iii) Dressing, which is the ability to select appropriate clothes and to put the clothes on  
10     without aid;

11     (iv) Personal hygiene, which is the ability to bathe and groom oneself and maintain dental  
12     hygiene and hair and nail care;

13     (v) Continence, which is the ability to control bladder and bowel function; and

14     (vi) Toileting, which is the ability to get to and from the toilet without aid, using it  
15     appropriately, and cleaning oneself.

16     (2) "Eligible expenditure" means and includes:

17     (i) The improvement or alteration to the eligible family caregiver's or eligible family  
18     member's primary residence to permit the eligible family member to live in the residence and to  
19     remain mobile, safe and independent;

20     (ii) The eligible family caregiver's purchase or lease of equipment including, but not limited  
21     to, durable medical equipment, that is necessary to assist the eligible family member in carrying  
22     out one or more activities of daily living (ADL); and

23     (iii) Other paid or incurred expenses by the eligible family caregiver that assist the eligible  
24     family caregiver in providing care to an eligible family member. These expenses include, but are  
25     not limited to, the following:

26     (A) Hiring a home care aide;

27     (B) Temporary respite care;

28     (C) Adult day care;

29     (D) Personal care attendants;

30     (E) Health care equipment; and

31     (F) Technology.

32     (iv) The eligible expenditures shall be directly related to assisting the eligible family  
33     caregiver in providing care to an eligible family member. Eligible expenditures shall not include  
34     items or services that are reimbursable by the eligible family member's healthcare insurance

1     including state and federal government insurance programs or the carrying out of general household  
2     maintenance activities such as painting, plumbing, electrical repairs, or exterior maintenance.

3         (3) "Eligible family caregiver" means a resident taxpayer of the state who provides care  
4     and support to an eligible family member and:

5             (i) Who has a federal adjusted gross income for the taxable year less than fifty thousand  
6     dollars (\$50,000) for an individual and less than one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) for a  
7     couple filing jointly; and

8             (ii) Who has personally incurred uncompensated expenses directly related to the care of an  
9     eligible family member.

10             (4) "Eligible family member" means an individual who:

11             (i) Is sixty-five (65) years of age or older or has qualified for Social Security Disability  
12     Benefits Insurance;

13             (ii) Resides with the eligible family caregiver at their permanent place of residence in the  
14     state for not less than six (6) months of the taxable year;

15             (iii) Does not reside in an assisted living center, nursing facility, or residential care home;

16             (iv) Requires assistance with at least two (2) activities of daily living (ADL) certified by a  
17     licensed health care provider; and

18             (v) Is a dependent, spouse, domestic partner, sibling, grandparent, grandchild, or is a  
19     second degree relative.

20             **44-30.4-3. Implementation.**

21             (a) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2026, there shall be allowed a credit  
22     against the tax imposed pursuant to § 44-30-2.6 ("Rhode Island taxable income -- Rate of tax") in  
23     the amount of fifty percent (50%) for eligible expenditures incurred by a family caregiver for the  
24     care and support of an eligible family member.

25             (b) The maximum allowable credit authorized by this section shall be one thousand dollars  
26     (\$1000). If two (2) or more family caregivers claim the tax credit for the same eligible family  
27     member, the maximum allowable credit shall be allocated in equal amounts between each of the  
28     family caregivers.

29             (c) The credit authorized under this section shall not be used to reduce the tax liability of  
30     the taxpayer to less than zero. The credit shall not be carried over into a subsequent tax year.

31             (d) The department of revenue shall promulgate rules and regulations necessary to  
32     implement and administer the credit authorized by this section.

33     SECTION 3. Section 44-30-2.6 of the General Laws in Chapter 44-30 entitled "Personal  
34     Income Tax" is hereby amended to read as follows:

1                   **44-30-2.6. Rhode Island taxable income — Rate of tax.**

2                   (a) "Rhode Island taxable income" means federal taxable income as determined under the  
3 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. § 1 et seq., not including the increase in the basic, standard-  
4 deduction amount for married couples filing joint returns as provided in the Jobs and Growth Tax  
5 Relief Reconciliation Act of 2003 and the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of  
6 2001 (EGTRRA), and as modified by the modifications in § 44-30-12.

7                   (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of §§ 44-30-1 and 44-30-2, for tax years beginning on  
8 or after January 1, 2001, a Rhode Island personal income tax is imposed upon the Rhode Island  
9 taxable income of residents and nonresidents, including estates and trusts, at the rate of twenty-five  
10 and one-half percent (25.5%) for tax year 2001, and twenty-five percent (25%) for tax year 2002  
11 and thereafter of the federal income tax rates, including capital gains rates and any other special  
12 rates for other types of income, except as provided in § 44-30-2.7, which were in effect immediately  
13 prior to enactment of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001 (EGTRRA);  
14 provided, rate schedules shall be adjusted for inflation by the tax administrator beginning in taxable  
15 year 2002 and thereafter in the manner prescribed for adjustment by the commissioner of Internal  
16 Revenue in 26 U.S.C. § 1(f). However, for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2006, a  
17 taxpayer may elect to use the alternative flat tax rate provided in § 44-30-2.10 to calculate his or  
18 her personal income tax liability.

19                   (c) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, if a taxpayer has an alternative  
20 minimum tax for federal tax purposes, the taxpayer shall determine if he or she has a Rhode Island  
21 alternative minimum tax. The Rhode Island alternative minimum tax shall be computed by  
22 multiplying the federal tentative minimum tax without allowing for the increased exemptions under  
23 the Jobs and Growth Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2003 (as redetermined on federal form 6251  
24 Alternative Minimum Tax-Individuals) by twenty-five and one-half percent (25.5%) for tax year  
25 2001, and twenty-five percent (25%) for tax year 2002 and thereafter, and comparing the product  
26 to the Rhode Island tax as computed otherwise under this section. The excess shall be the taxpayer's  
27 Rhode Island alternative minimum tax.

28                   (1) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, and thereafter, the exemption  
29 amount for alternative minimum tax, for Rhode Island purposes, shall be adjusted for inflation by  
30 the tax administrator in the manner prescribed for adjustment by the commissioner of Internal  
31 Revenue in 26 U.S.C. § 1(f).

32                   (2) For the period January 1, 2007, through December 31, 2007, and thereafter, Rhode  
33 Island taxable income shall be determined by deducting from federal adjusted gross income as  
34 defined in 26 U.S.C. § 62 as modified by the modifications in § 44-30-12 the Rhode Island

1 itemized-deduction amount and the Rhode Island exemption amount as determined in this section.

2       **(A) Tax imposed.**

3       (1) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of married individuals filing joint  
4 returns and surviving spouses a tax determined in accordance with the following table:

	If taxable income is:	The tax is:
6	Not over \$53,150	3.75% of taxable income
7	Over \$53,150 but not over \$128,500	\$1,993.13 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$53,150
8	Over \$128,500 but not over \$195,850	\$7,267.63 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$128,500
9	Over \$195,850 but not over \$349,700	\$12,487.25 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$195,850
10	Over \$349,700	\$26,333.75 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700

11       (2) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of every head of household a tax  
12 determined in accordance with the following table:

	If taxable income is:	The tax is:
14	Not over \$42,650	3.75% of taxable income
15	Over \$42,650 but not over \$110,100	\$1,599.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$42,650
16	Over \$110,100 but not over \$178,350	\$6,320.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$110,100
17	Over \$178,350 but not over \$349,700	\$11,610.25 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$178,350
18	Over \$349,700	\$27,031.75 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700

19       (3) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of unmarried individuals (other than  
20 surviving spouses and heads of households) a tax determined in accordance with the following  
21 table:

	If taxable income is:	The tax is:
23	Not over \$31,850	3.75% of taxable income
24	Over \$31,850 but not over \$77,100	\$1,194.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$31,850
25	Over \$77,100 but not over \$160,850	\$4,361.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$77,100
26	Over \$160,850 but not over \$349,700	\$10,852.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$160,850
27	Over \$349,700	\$27,849.00 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700

28       (4) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of married individuals filing separate  
29 returns and bankruptcy estates a tax determined in accordance with the following table:

	If taxable income is:	The tax is:
31	Not over \$26,575	3.75% of taxable income
32	Over \$26,575 but not over \$64,250	\$996.56 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$26,575
33	Over \$64,250 but not over \$97,925	\$3,633.81 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$64,250
34	Over \$97,925 but not over \$174,850	\$6,243.63 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$97,925

1	Over \$174,850	\$13,166.88 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$174,850
2	(5) There is hereby imposed a taxable income of an estate or trust a tax determined in	
3	accordance with the following table:	
4	If taxable income is:	The tax is:
5	Not over \$2,150	3.75% of taxable income
6	Over \$2,150 but not over \$5,000	\$80.63 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$2,150
7	Over \$5,000 but not over \$7,650	\$280.13 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$5,000
8	Over \$7,650 but not over \$10,450	\$485.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$7,650
9	Over \$10,450	\$737.50 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$10,450

## 10 (6) Adjustments for inflation.

11 The dollars amount contained in paragraph (A) shall be increased by an amount equal to:

12 (a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (A) in the year 1993, multiplied by;

13 (b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1993;

14 (c) The cost-of-living adjustment referred to in subparagraphs (a) and (b) used in making

15 adjustments to the nine percent (9%) and nine and nine tenths percent (9.9%) dollar amounts shall

16 be determined under section (J) by substituting "1994" for "1993."

17 (B) Maximum capital gains rates.

18 (1) In general.

If a taxpayer has a net capital gain for tax years ending prior to January 1, 2010, the tax imposed by this section for such taxable year shall not exceed the sum of:

(a) 2.5% of the net capital gain as reported for federal income tax purposes under section 26 U.S.C. § 1(h)(1)(a) and 26 U.S.C. § 1(h)(1)(b).

23 (b) 5% of the net capital gain as reported for federal income tax purposes under 26 U.S.C.  
24 § 1(h)(1)(c).

25 (c) 6.25% of the net capital gain as reported for federal income tax purposes under 26  
26 U.S.C. § 1(h)(1)(d).

27 (d) 7% of the net capital gain as reported for federal income tax purposes under 26 U.S.C.  
28 § 1(h)(1)(e).

29 (2) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, the tax imposed on net capital gain  
30 shall be determined under subdivision 44-30-2.6(c)(2)(A).

31 (C) Itemized deductions.

32 (1) In general.

33 For the purposes of section (2), “itemized deductions” means the amount of federal  
34 itemized deductions as modified by the modifications in § 44-30-12.

(2) Individuals who do not itemize their deductions.

2           In the case of an individual who does not elect to itemize his deductions for the taxable  
3        year, they may elect to take a standard deduction.

### 4 (3) Basic standard deduction.

5 The Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in accordance with the following  
6 table:

	Filing status	Amount
7	Single	\$5,350
9	Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)	\$8,900
10	Married filing separately	\$4,450
11	Head of Household	\$7,850

12 (4) Additional standard deduction for the aged and blind.

13 An additional standard deduction shall be allowed for individuals age sixty-five (65) or  
14 older or blind in the amount of \$1,300 for individuals who are not married and \$1,050 for  
15 individuals who are married.

16 (5) Limitation on basic standard deduction in the case of certain dependents.

17 In the case of an individual to whom a deduction under section (E) is allowable to another  
18 taxpayer, the basic standard deduction applicable to such individual shall not exceed the greater of:

19 (a) \$850;

20 (b) The sum of \$300 and such individual's earned income;

21 (6) Certain individuals not eligible for standard deduction.

22 In the case of:

23 (a) A married individual filing a separate return where either spouse itemizes deductions;

24 (b) Nonresident alien individual;

25 (c) An estate or trust;

26 The standard deduction shall be zero.

## 27 (7) Adjustments for inflation.

28            Each dollar amount contained in paragraphs (3), (4) and (5) shall be increased by an amount  
29        equal to:

30 (a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraphs (3), (4) and (5) in the year 1988, multiplied  
31 by

32 (b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1988.

33 (D) Overall limitation on itemized deductions.

### 34 (1) General rule.

1           In the case of an individual whose adjusted gross income as modified by § 44-30-12  
2 exceeds the applicable amount, the amount of the itemized deductions otherwise allowable for the  
3 taxable year shall be reduced by the lesser of:

4           (a) Three percent (3%) of the excess of adjusted gross income as modified by § 44-30-12  
5 over the applicable amount; or

6           (b) Eighty percent (80%) of the amount of the itemized deductions otherwise allowable for  
7 such taxable year.

8           (2) Applicable amount.

9           (a) In general.

10           For purposes of this section, the term “applicable amount” means \$156,400 (\$78,200 in the  
11 case of a separate return by a married individual)

12           (b) Adjustments for inflation.

13           Each dollar amount contained in paragraph (a) shall be increased by an amount equal to:

14           (i) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (a) in the year 1991, multiplied by

15           (ii) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1991.

16           (3) Phase-out of Limitation.

17           (a) In general.

18           In the case of taxable year beginning after December 31, 2005, and before January 1, 2010,  
19 the reduction under section (1) shall be equal to the applicable fraction of the amount which would  
20 be the amount of such reduction.

21           (b) Applicable fraction.

22           For purposes of paragraph (a), the applicable fraction shall be determined in accordance  
23 with the following table:

For taxable years beginning in calendar year	The applicable fraction is
--	----------------------------

2006 and 2007	$\frac{2}{3}$
---------------	---------------

2008 and 2009	$\frac{1}{3}$
---------------	---------------

27           **(E) Exemption amount.**

28           (1) In general.

29           Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the term “exemption amount” means  
30 \$3,400.

31           (2) Exemption amount disallowed in case of certain dependents.

32           In the case of an individual with respect to whom a deduction under this section is allowable  
33 to another taxpayer for the same taxable year, the exemption amount applicable to such individual  
34 for such individual's taxable year shall be zero.

### (3) Adjustments for inflation.

The dollar amount contained in paragraph (1) shall be increased by an amount equal to:

(a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (1) in the year 1989, multiplied by

(b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1989.

#### (4) Limitation.

(a) In general.

In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross income as modified for the taxable year is the threshold amount shall be reduced by the applicable percentage.

(b) Applicable percentage.

In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross income for the taxable year exceeds the  
threshold amount, the exemption amount shall be reduced by two (2) percentage points for each  
(or fraction thereof) by which the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the taxable year  
exceeds the threshold amount. In the case of a married individual filing a separate return, the  
preceding sentence shall be applied by substituting "\$1,250" for "\$2,500." In no event shall the  
reduced percentage exceed one hundred percent (100%).

### (c) Threshold Amount.

For the purposes of this paragraph, the term “threshold amount” shall be determined with  
owing table:

	Filing status	Amount
19	Single	\$156,400
20	Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)	\$234,600
21	Married filing separately	\$117,300
22	Head of Household	\$195,500
23		

(d) Adjustments for inflation.

Each dollar amount contained in paragraph (b) shall be increased by an amount equal to:

(i) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (b) in the year 1991, multiplied by

(ii) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1991.

## (5) Phase-out of limitation.

(a) In general.

In the case of taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, and before January 1, the reduction under section 4 shall be equal to the applicable fraction of the amount which would be the amount of such reduction.

### (b) Applicable fraction.

For the purposes of paragraph (a), the applicable fraction shall be determined in accordance

1 with the following table:

2	For taxable years beginning in calendar year	The applicable fraction is
3	2006 and 2007	$\frac{2}{3}$
4	2008 and 2009	$\frac{1}{3}$

5 **(F) Alternative minimum tax.**

6 (1) General rule. There is hereby imposed (in addition to any other tax imposed by this  
7 subtitle) a tax equal to the excess (if any) of:

8 (a) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year, over

9 (b) The regular tax for the taxable year.

10 (2) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year is the sum of:

11 (a) 6.5 percent of so much of the taxable excess as does not exceed \$175,000, plus

12 (b) 7.0 percent of so much of the taxable excess above \$175,000.

13 (3) The amount determined under the preceding sentence shall be reduced by the alternative  
14 minimum tax foreign tax credit for the taxable year.

15 (4) Taxable excess. For the purposes of this subsection the term "taxable excess" means so  
16 much of the federal alternative minimum taxable income as modified by the modifications in § 44-  
17 30-12 as exceeds the exemption amount.

18 (5) In the case of a married individual filing a separate return, subparagraph (2) shall be  
19 applied by substituting "\$87,500" for \$175,000 each place it appears.

20 (6) Exemption amount.

21 For purposes of this section "exemption amount" means:

22	Filing status	Amount
23	Single	\$39,150
24	Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)	\$53,700
25	Married filing separately	\$26,850
26	Head of Household	\$39,150
27	Estate or trust	\$24,650

28 (7) Treatment of unearned income of minor children

29 (a) In general.

30 In the case of a minor child, the exemption amount for purposes of section (6) shall not  
31 exceed the sum of:

32 (i) Such child's earned income, plus

33 (ii) \$6,000.

34 (8) Adjustments for inflation.

1           The dollar amount contained in paragraphs (6) and (7) shall be increased by an amount  
2    equal to:

3           (a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraphs (6) and (7) in the year 2004, multiplied by  
4           (b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 2004.

5           (9) Phase-out.

6           (a) In general.

7           The exemption amount of any taxpayer shall be reduced (but not below zero) by an amount  
8    equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the amount by which alternative minimum taxable income  
9    of the taxpayer exceeds the threshold amount.

10           (b) Threshold amount.

11           For purposes of this paragraph, the term "threshold amount" shall be determined with the  
12    following table:

	Filing status	Amount
14	Single	\$123,250
15	Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)	\$164,350
16	Married filing separately	\$82,175
17	Head of Household	\$123,250
18	Estate or Trust	\$82,150

19           (c) Adjustments for inflation

20           Each dollar amount contained in paragraph (9) shall be increased by an amount equal to:

21           (i) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (9) in the year 2004, multiplied by  
22           (ii) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 2004.

23           **(G) Other Rhode Island taxes.**

24           (1) General rule. There is hereby imposed (in addition to any other tax imposed by this  
25    subtitle) a tax equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of:

26           (a) The Federal income tax on lump-sum distributions.

27           (b) The Federal income tax on parents' election to report child's interest and dividends.

28           (c) The recapture of Federal tax credits that were previously claimed on Rhode Island  
29    return.

30           **(H) Tax for children under 18 with investment income.**

31           (1) General rule. There is hereby imposed a tax equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of:

32           (a) The Federal tax for children under the age of 18 with investment income.

33           **(I) Averaging of farm income.**

34           (1) General rule. At the election of an individual engaged in a farming business or fishing

1 business, the tax imposed in section 2 shall be equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of:  
2 (a) The Federal averaging of farm income as determined in IRC section 1301 [26 U.S.C. §  
3 1301].

4 (J) **Cost-of-living adjustment.**

5 (1) In general.

6 The cost-of-living adjustment for any calendar year is the percentage (if any) by which:

7 (a) The CPI for the preceding calendar year exceeds  
8 (b) The CPI for the base year.  
9 (2) CPI for any calendar year.

10 For purposes of paragraph (1), the CPI for any calendar year is the average of the consumer  
11 price index as of the close of the twelve (12) month period ending on August 31 of such calendar  
12 year.

13 (3) Consumer price index.

14 For purposes of paragraph (2), the term “consumer price index” means the last consumer  
15 price index for all urban consumers published by the department of labor. For purposes of the  
16 preceding sentence, the revision of the consumer price index that is most consistent with the  
17 consumer price index for calendar year 1986 shall be used.

18 (4) Rounding.

19 (a) In general.

20 If any increase determined under paragraph (1) is not a multiple of \$50, such increase shall  
21 be rounded to the next lowest multiple of \$50.

22 (b) In the case of a married individual filing a separate return, subparagraph (a) shall be  
23 applied by substituting “\$25” for \$50 each place it appears.

24 (K) **Credits against tax.** For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, a taxpayer  
25 entitled to any of the following federal credits enacted prior to January 1, 1996, shall be entitled to  
26 a credit against the Rhode Island tax imposed under this section:

27 (1) [Deleted by P.L. 2007, ch. 73, art. 7, § 5.]

28 (2) Child and dependent care credit;

29 (3) General business credits;

30 (4) Credit for elderly or the disabled;

31 (5) Credit for prior year minimum tax;

32 (6) Mortgage interest credit;

33 (7) Empowerment zone employment credit;

34 (8) Qualified electric vehicle credit.

5 (M) The credit shall be twenty-five percent (25%) of the aforementioned federal credits  
6 provided there shall be no deduction based on any federal credits enacted after January 1, 1996,  
7 including the rate reduction credit provided by the federal Economic Growth and Tax  
8 Reconciliation Act of 2001 (EGTRRA). In no event shall the tax imposed under this section be  
9 reduced to less than zero. A taxpayer required to recapture any of the above credits for federal tax  
10 purposes shall determine the Rhode Island amount to be recaptured in the same manner as  
11 prescribed in this subsection.

12 (N) **Rhode Island earned-income credit.**

13 (1) In general.

14 For tax years beginning before January 1, 2015, a taxpayer entitled to a federal earned-  
15 income credit shall be allowed a Rhode Island earned-income credit equal to twenty-five percent  
16 (25%) of the federal earned-income credit. Such credit shall not exceed the amount of the Rhode  
17 Island income tax.

18 For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, and before January 1, 2016, a taxpayer  
19 entitled to a federal earned-income credit shall be allowed a Rhode Island earned-income credit  
20 equal to ten percent (10%) of the federal earned-income credit. Such credit shall not exceed the  
21 amount of the Rhode Island income tax.

22 For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2016, a taxpayer entitled to a federal earned-  
23 income credit shall be allowed a Rhode Island earned-income credit equal to twelve and one-half  
24 percent (12.5%) of the federal earned-income credit. Such credit shall not exceed the amount of the  
25 Rhode Island income tax.

26 For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2017, a taxpayer entitled to a federal earned-  
27 income credit shall be allowed a Rhode Island earned-income credit equal to fifteen percent (15%)  
28 of the federal earned-income credit. Such credit shall not exceed the amount of the Rhode Island  
29 income tax.

30 For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2024, a taxpayer entitled to a federal earned-  
31 income credit shall be allowed a Rhode Island earned-income credit equal to sixteen percent (16%)  
32 of the federal earned-income credit. Such credit shall not exceed the amount of the Rhode Island  
33 income tax

34 (2) Refundable portion.

1           In the event the Rhode Island earned-income credit allowed under paragraph (N)(1) of this  
2 section exceeds the amount of Rhode Island income tax, a refundable earned-income credit shall  
3 be allowed as follows.

4           (i) For tax years beginning before January 1, 2015, for purposes of paragraph (2) refundable  
5 earned-income credit means fifteen percent (15%) of the amount by which the Rhode Island earned-  
6 income credit exceeds the Rhode Island income tax.

7           (ii) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, for purposes of paragraph (2)  
8 refundable earned-income credit means one hundred percent (100%) of the amount by which the  
9 Rhode Island earned-income credit exceeds the Rhode Island income tax.

10           (O) The tax administrator shall recalculate and submit necessary revisions to paragraphs  
11 (A) through (J) to the general assembly no later than February 1, 2010, and every three (3) years  
12 thereafter for inclusion in the statute.

13           (3) For the period January 1, 2011, through December 31, 2011, and thereafter, "Rhode  
14 Island taxable income" means federal adjusted gross income as determined under the Internal  
15 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. § 1 et seq., and as modified for Rhode Island purposes pursuant to § 44-  
16 30-12 less the amount of Rhode Island Basic Standard Deduction allowed pursuant to subparagraph  
17 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(B), and less the amount of personal exemption allowed pursuant to subparagraph  
18 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(C).

19           (A) **Tax imposed.**

20           (I) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of married individuals filing joint  
21 returns, qualifying widow(er), every head of household, unmarried individuals, married individuals  
22 filing separate returns and bankruptcy estates, a tax determined in accordance with the following  
23 table:

24           RI Taxable Income		RI Income Tax	
25           Over	But not over	Pay + % on Excess	on the amount over
26           \$ 0 -	\$ 55,000	\$ 0 + 3.75%	\$ 0
27           55,000 -	125,000	2,063 + 4.75%	55,000
28           125,000 -		5,388 + 5.99%	125,000

29           (II) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of an estate or trust a tax determined in  
30 accordance with the following table:

31           RI Taxable Income		RI Income Tax	
32           Over	But not over	Pay + % on Excess	on the amount over
33           \$ 0 -	\$ 2,230	\$ 0 + 3.75%	\$ 0
34           2,230 -	7,022	84 + 4.75%	2,230

1 7,022 - 312 + 5.99% 7,022

2 (B) **Deductions:**

3 (I) Rhode Island Basic Standard Deduction.

4 Only the Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in accordance with the  
5 following table:

	Filing status:	Amount
7	Single	\$7,500
8	Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)	\$15,000
9	Married filing separately	\$7,500
10	Head of Household	\$11,250

11 (II) Nonresident alien individuals, estates and trusts are not eligible for standard  
12 deductions.

13 (III) In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross income, as modified for Rhode Island  
14 purposes pursuant to § 44-30-12, for the taxable year exceeds one hundred seventy-five thousand  
15 dollars (\$175,000), the standard deduction amount shall be reduced by the applicable percentage.  
16 The term “applicable percentage” means twenty (20) percentage points for each five thousand  
17 dollars (\$5,000) (or fraction thereof) by which the taxpayer’s adjusted gross income for the taxable  
18 year exceeds one hundred seventy-five thousand dollars (\$175,000).

19 (C) **Exemption Amount:**

20 (I) The term “exemption amount” means three thousand five hundred dollars (\$3,500)  
21 multiplied by the number of exemptions allowed for the taxable year for federal income tax  
22 purposes. For tax years beginning on or after 2018, the term “exemption amount” means the same  
23 as it does in 26 U.S.C. § 151 and 26 U.S.C. § 152 just prior to the enactment of the Tax Cuts and  
24 Jobs Act (Pub. L. No. 115-97) on December 22, 2017.

25 (II) Exemption amount disallowed in case of certain dependents. In the case of an  
26 individual with respect to whom a deduction under this section is allowable to another taxpayer for  
27 the same taxable year, the exemption amount applicable to such individual for such individual’s  
28 taxable year shall be zero.

29 (III) Identifying information required.

30 (1) Except as provided in § 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(C)(II) of this section, no exemption shall be  
31 allowed under this section with respect to any individual unless the Taxpayer Identification Number  
32 of such individual is included on the federal return claiming the exemption for the same tax filing  
33 period.

34 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of § 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(C)(I) of this section, in the event

1 that the Taxpayer Identification Number for each individual is not required to be included on the  
2 federal tax return for the purposes of claiming a personal exemption(s), then the Taxpayer  
3 Identification Number must be provided on the Rhode Island tax return for the purpose of claiming  
4 said exemption(s).

5 (D) In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross income, as modified for Rhode Island  
6 purposes pursuant to § 44-30-12, for the taxable year exceeds one hundred seventy-five thousand  
7 dollars (\$175,000), the exemption amount shall be reduced by the applicable percentage. The term  
8 “applicable percentage” means twenty (20) percentage points for each five thousand dollars  
9 (\$5,000) (or fraction thereof) by which the taxpayer’s adjusted gross income for the taxable year  
10 exceeds one hundred seventy-five thousand dollars (\$175,000).

11 (E) **Adjustment for inflation.** The dollar amount contained in subparagraphs 44-30-  
12 2.6(c)(3)(A), 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(B) and 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(C) shall be increased annually by an amount  
13 equal to:

14 (I) Such dollar amount contained in subparagraphs 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(A), 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(B)  
15 and 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(C) adjusted for inflation using a base tax year of 2000, multiplied by;

16 (II) The cost-of-living adjustment with a base year of 2000.

17 (III) For the purposes of this section, the cost-of-living adjustment for any calendar year is  
18 the percentage (if any) by which the consumer price index for the preceding calendar year exceeds  
19 the consumer price index for the base year. The consumer price index for any calendar year is the  
20 average of the consumer price index as of the close of the twelve-month (12) period ending on  
21 August 31, of such calendar year.

22 (IV) For the purpose of this section the term “consumer price index” means the last  
23 consumer price index for all urban consumers published by the department of labor. For the purpose  
24 of this section the revision of the consumer price index that is most consistent with the consumer  
25 price index for calendar year 1986 shall be used.

26 (V) If any increase determined under this section is not a multiple of fifty dollars (\$50.00),  
27 such increase shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of fifty dollars (\$50.00). In the case of a  
28 married individual filing separate return, if any increase determined under this section is not a  
29 multiple of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00), such increase shall be rounded to the next lower multiple  
30 of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00).

31 (F) **Credits against tax.**

32 (I) Notwithstanding any other provisions of Rhode Island Law, for tax years beginning on  
33 or after January 1, 2011, the only credits allowed against a tax imposed under this chapter shall be  
34 as follows:

(b) Property Tax Relief Credit: Credit shall be allowed for property tax relief as provided in § 44-33-1 et seq.

5 (c) Lead Paint Credit: Credit shall be allowed for residential lead abatement income tax  
6 credit as provided in § 44-30.3-1 et seq.

7 (d) Credit for income taxes of other states. Credit shall be allowed for income tax paid to  
8 other states pursuant to § 44-30-74.

(e) Historic Structures Tax Credit: Credit shall be allowed for historic structures tax credit as provided in § 44-33.2-1 et seq.

11 (f) Motion Picture Productions Tax Credit: Credit shall be allowed for motion picture  
12 production tax credit as provided in § 44-31.2-1 et seq.

13 (g) Child and Dependent Care: Credit shall be allowed for twenty-five percent (25%) of  
14 the federal child and dependent care credit allowable for the taxable year for federal purposes;  
15 provided, however, such credit shall not exceed the Rhode Island tax liability.

16 (h) Tax credits for contributions to Scholarship Organizations: Credit shall be allowed for  
17 contributions to scholarship organizations as provided in chapter 62 of title 44.

18 (i) Credit for tax withheld. Wages upon which tax is required to be withheld shall be taxable  
19 as if no withholding were required, but any amount of Rhode Island personal income tax actually  
20 deducted and withheld in any calendar year shall be deemed to have been paid to the tax  
21 administrator on behalf of the person from whom withheld, and the person shall be credited with  
22 having paid that amount of tax for the taxable year beginning in that calendar year. For a taxable  
23 year of less than twelve (12) months, the credit shall be made under regulations of the tax  
24 administrator.

25 (j) Stay Invested in RI Wavemaker Fellowship: Credit shall be allowed for stay invested in  
26 RI wavemaker fellowship program as provided in § 42-64.26-1 et seq.

27 (k) Rebuild Rhode Island: Credit shall be allowed for rebuild RI tax credit as provided in  
28 § 42-64.20-1 et seq.

31 (m) Historic homeownership assistance act: Effective for tax year 2017 and thereafter,  
32 unused carryforward for such credit previously issued shall be allowed for the historic  
33 homeownership assistance act as provided in § 44-33.1-4. This allowance is for credits already  
34 issued pursuant to § 44-33.1-4 and shall not be construed to authorize the issuance of new credits

1 under the historic homeownership assistance act.

2 (n) Rhode Island family caregiver tax credit shall be allowed for family caregivers as  
3 provided in chapter 30.4 of title 44.

4 (2) Except as provided in section 1 above, no other state and federal tax credit shall be  
5 available to the taxpayers in computing tax liability under this chapter.

6 SECTION 4. This act shall take effect upon passage.

=====

LC003264

=====

EXPLANATION  
BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL  
OF  
A N A C T  
RELATING TO TAXATION -- THE RHODE ISLAND FAMILY CAREGIVER TAX CREDIT  
ACT

\*\*\*

- 1        This act would establish a tax credit against income tax based upon eligible expenditures
- 2        incurred by a family caregiver for the care and support of an eligible family member. The maximum
- 3        amount of the credit would be one thousand dollars (\$1,000) and would apply to all tax years
- 4        beginning after December 31, 2026.
- 5        This act would take effect upon passage.

=====

LC003264

=====