2025 -- S 0550 SUBSTITUTE A

LC001544/SUB A

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2025

AN ACT

RELATING TO ANIMALS AND ANIMAL HUSBANDRY -- CRUELTY TO ANIMALS

Introduced By: Senators Urso, Ciccone, Dimitri, Tikoian, LaMountain, Pearson, Murray, DiMario, Sosnowski, Patalano, and Bissaillon Date Introduced: February 26, 2025

Referred To: Senate Judiciary

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Sections 4-1-5 and 4-1-22 of the General Laws in Chapter 4-1 entitled
- 2 "Cruelty to Animals" are hereby amended to read as follows:
- 3

<u>4-1-5. Malicious injury to or killing of animals.</u>

4 (a) Every person who cuts out the tongue or otherwise dismembers any animal maliciously; or maliciously kills or wounds any animal; or maliciously administers poison to or exposes any 5 poisonous substance with intent that the poison shall be taken or swallowed by any animal; or who 6 7 maliciously exposes poisoned meat with intent that the poison meat is taken or swallowed by any 8 wild animal, shall be imprisoned not exceeding five (5) years or be fined not exceeding one 9 thousand dollars (\$1,000) five thousand dollars (\$5,000), and shall, in the case of any animal of 10 another, be liable to the owner of this animal for triple damages, to be recovered by civil action. In 11 addition, any person convicted under this section is required to serve fifty (50) hours of community 12 restitution. The community restitution penalty shall not be suspended or deferred and is mandatory. 13 (b) This section shall not apply to licensed hunters during hunting season or a licensed 14 business killing animals for human consumption. 15 4-1-22. Care of neglected animals by society — Forfeiture of owner's rights —

16 Expenses.

(a) An <u>animal control officer of a city or town, or an</u> officer or agent of the Rhode Island
Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals may lawfully take charge of and shall provide
adequate care to any animal found abandoned or neglected or hazardously accumulated as defined

in § 4-1-1, or that in the opinion of that officer or agent, is aged, maimed, disabled, lame, sick,
diseased, injured, unfit for the labor it is performing, or cruelly treated, and shall give notice to the
owner or guardian, if known.

(b) Every owner or guardian, upon conviction, plea of guilty, or plea of nolo contendere,
of abandonment, neglect, hazardous accumulation as defined in § 4-1-1, or otherwise cruel
treatment of any animal taken charge of by <u>an animal control officer of a city or town</u>, or <u>an agent</u>
of the Rhode Island Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals under this section, forfeits the
rights to ownership or control of that animal to the Society for disposition in any manner deemed
suitable for that animal.

10 (c) Whenever any <u>animal control officer of a city or town, or an</u> officer or agent of the 11 Rhode Island Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals lawfully takes charge of any animal 12 under this section, all reasonable expenses for the care and treatment of the animal(s), while in the 13 custody of the <u>city or town animal shelter</u>, or the Society during this time, shall be paid for by the 14 owner or guardian. The city or town animal shelter, or the Society has the authority to commence 15 a civil action for damages against the owner or guardian thirty (30) days after a written demand for 16 payment of the expense of the suitable care of that animal has been sent and no payment has been 17 received. The written demand shall state that the failure to pay or make arrangements to pay for the 18 care of that animal may result in forfeiture of ownership of the animal. The cost of the care and 19 treatment that is billed to the owner or guardian shall be reasonable and related to equivalent 20 services provided by veterinary care and animal sheltering, feeding, and boarding services in this 21 state.

(d) The owner or guardian of any animal that is in the charge of the <u>city or town animal</u> shelter, or the Rhode Island Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals pursuant to the authority granted in this section may, within sixty (60) days following the date that the <u>society city</u> or town animal shelter, or the Society gives notice of the taking of possession of the animal, petition the district court for an order to return custody of the animal to the owner or guardian.

(e) Upon the filing of the petition, the court shall cause a summons to be issued requiring
an authorized representative of the <u>city or town animal shelter</u>, or the Society for the Prevention of
Cruelty to Animals to appear in court at the time and place named, which summons shall be served
not less than fourteen (14) days before the date of the hearing.

- 31 (f) At the hearing on the petition, the court shall consider:
- 32 (1) The animal's condition;
- 33 (2) The care required to maintain the animal safely and in an appropriate environment; and
 34 (3) The ability of the petitioner to provide or arrange for the adequate care of the animal,

1 including during the time any criminal charges related to or arising from the seizure are pending.

(g) If, after hearing, the court finds that the owner or guardian of the animal has the ability to properly care for or arrange for the adequate care of the animal during the pendency of the criminal charges, the court may allow the owner or guardian of the animal to have or arrange for the adequate care, custody, and control of the animal pending the final determination of the related criminal charges subject to such restrictions and conditions as the court determines to be reasonable or necessary.

8

(h) All issues will be decided upon a preponderance of the evidence.

9 (i) In the event that the court orders an animal returned to the owner or guardian following 10 the hearing, the owner or guardian will not be required to pay for the cost of care incurred prior to 11 the date of the hearing unless and until such time as there has been a conviction, plea of guilty, or 12 plea of nolo contendere, of abandonment, neglect, hazardous accumulation as defined in § 4-1-1, 13 or otherwise cruel treatment in the related criminal proceeding.

(j) In the event that the owner or guardian fails to petition for custody of the animal within sixty (60) days of notice of the taking or fails to pay within sixty (60) days of the written demand for payment, the <u>city or town animal shelter</u>, or the Rhode Island Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals may petition the court for transfer of ownership of the animal to the <u>city or town</u> animal shelter, or the Rhode Island Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. If the owner or guardian fails to respond to the petition for transfer of ownership the court shall transfer ownership to the society.

SECTION 2. Sections 4-13-13, 4-13-39 and 4-13-42 of the General Laws in Chapter 4-13
entitled "Dogs" are hereby amended to read as follows:

23

<u>4-13-13. Wrongful removal of collar — Theft or destruction of licensed dogs —</u>

24 **Poisoning.**

25 (a) Whoever wrongfully removes the collar from the neck of a dog licensed and collared 26 according to the provisions of this chapter, or steals a dog licensed or collared, or kills, maims, 27 entices, carries away, or detains a licensed dog, or distributes or exposes a poisonous substance, 28 with the intent that the poisonous substance shall be eaten by a licensed dog, shall be punished by 29 a fine of not less than ten dollars (\$10.00) one hundred dollars (\$100), nor more than one hundred 30 dollars (\$100) one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or be imprisoned not exceeding thirty (30) days, or 31 both, and shall be liable to the dog's owner for damages in a civil action.

32 (b) Any person who has been previously convicted of an offense provided for in chapter

33 <u>13 of title 4 shall, upon conviction of a second or subsequent violation within a ten-year (10) period,</u>

34 <u>be punished by a fine of not less than five hundred dollars (\$500) and not exceeding one thousand</u>

1 dollars (\$1,000) or be imprisoned for a period not exceeding one year, or both. In addition, every 2 person convicted under chapter 1 of title 4 of a second or subsequent offense shall be required to serve one hundred (100) hours of community restitution. The community restitution penalty shall 3 4 not be suspended or deferred and is mandatory. 5 4-13-39. Penalties. Any Except where otherwise specified that a violation shall result in a greater penalty, any 6 7 person convicted of a violation of this chapter shall be fined fifty dollars (\$50) for a first offense 8 and one hundred dollars (\$100) for a second and subsequent offense. 9 4-13-42. Care of dogs. 10 (a) It shall be a violation of this section for an owner or keeper to: 11 (1) Keep any dog on a permanent tether that restricts movement of the tethered dog to an 12 area less than one hundred thirteen square feet (113 sq. ft.), or less than a six foot (6') radius at 13 ground level. 14 (2) Tether a dog with a choke-type collar, head collar, or prong-type collar. The weight of 15 any chain or tether shall not exceed one-eighth (1/8) of the dog's total body weight. 16 (3) Keep any dog tethered for more than ten (10) hours during a twenty-four-hour (24) 17 period or keep any dog confined in an area or primary enclosure for more than fourteen (14) hours 18 during any twenty-four-hour (24) period, and more than ten (10) hours during a twenty-four-hour 19 (24) period, if the area is not greater than that which is required under the most recently adopted 20 version of the department of environmental management's rules and regulations governing animal 21 care facilities. 22 (4) Tether a dog anytime from the hours of ten o'clock p.m. (10:00 p.m.) to six o'clock 23 a.m. (6:00 a.m.), except for a maximum of fifteen (15) minutes. 24 (5) Keep any dog outside, either tethered or otherwise confined, when the ambient temperature is beyond the industry standard for the weather safety scale as set forth in the most 25 26 recent adopted version of the Tufts Animal Care and Condition Weather Safety Scale (TACC). 27 (b) It shall be a violation of this section for an owner or keeper to fail to provide a dog 28 with adequate feed, adequate water, or adequate veterinary care as those terms are defined in § 4-29 19-2; provided however, that adequate veterinary care may be provided by an owner using 30 acceptable animal husbandry practices. 31 (c) Exposing any dog to adverse weather conditions strictly for the purpose of conditioning 32 shall be prohibited. 33 (d) The provisions of this section, as they relate to the duration and timeframe of tethering 34 or confinement, shall not apply:

LC001544/SUB A - Page 4 of 6

1 (1) If the tethering or confinement is authorized for medical reasons in writing by a 2 veterinarian licensed in Rhode Island, the authorization is renewed annually, and shelter is 3 provided;

(2) If tethering or confinement is authorized in writing by an animal control officer, or duly 4 5 sworn police officer assigned to the animal control division, for the purposes of, including, but not limited to, hunting dogs, dogs protecting livestock, and sled dogs. Written authorization must be 6 7 renewed annually. The written authorization issued by an animal control officer or duly sworn 8 police officer assigned to the animal control division in the political subdivision of the state where 9 the dogs are kept shall be considered valid in every other political subdivision of the state. The 10 written authorization issued by an animal control officer or duly sworn police officer assigned to 11 the animal control division in the political subdivision of the state where the dogs are kept is 12 revocable by that animal control officer or police officer if there are any conditions present that 13 warrant revocation. The conditions include, but are not limited to, changes in the number or type 14 of dogs, changes in the facility structure or safety, and changes in the health of the dog;

15 (3) To any entity licensed by the state pursuant to chapter 19 of title 4, or any veterinary 16 facility; or

17 (4) [Deleted by P.L. 2018, ch. 118, § 1 and P.L. 2018, ch. 198, § 1.]

18 (5) [Deleted by P.L. 2018, ch. 118, § 1 and P.L. 2018, ch. 198, § 1.]

19 (6) To an exhibitor holding a class C license under the Animal Welfare Act (7 U.S.C. § 20 2133) that are temporarily in the state, if authorized by the department of environmental management (DEM). 21

22 (7) [Deleted by P.L. 2018, ch. 118, § 1 and P.L. 2018, ch. 198, § 1.]

23 (e) Any person in violation of this section shall be imprisoned not exceeding eleven (11) 24 months, one year, or fined not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor exceeding one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or both. Each day of violation shall constitute a separate offense. For a second or 25 26 subsequent violation the fine shall be not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), nor more than 27 five thousand dollars (\$5,000) and up to two (2) years imprisonment.

28

(f) General Animal control officers of the cities and towns, or general agents or special 29 agents of the Rhode Island Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals (RISPCA) are hereby 30 authorized to enforce the provisions of this chapter in cooperation with animal control officers and 31 the department of environmental management (DEM).

32

SECTION 3. This act shall take effect upon passage.

LC001544/SUB A

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO ANIMALS AND ANIMAL HUSBANDRY -- CRUELTY TO ANIMALS

This act would allow animal control officers in the cities and towns to lawfully take charge
 of and provide adequate care to any animal found abandoned or neglected or hazardously
 accumulated and would increase penalties from one thousand dollars (\$1,000) to five thousand
 dollars (\$5,000) for malicious injury to or killing of animals.
 This act would take effect upon passage.

LC001544/SUB A