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STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2025

AN ACT

RELATING TO LIBRARIES -- THE FREEDOM TO READ ACT

<u>Introduced By:</u> Representatives Morales, Stewart, Boylan, Carson, Cotter, Ajello, Speakman, Handy, Kislak, and Giraldo

Date Introduced: February 26, 2025

Referred To: House State Government & Elections

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1	SECTION 1. Title 29 of the General Laws entitled "LIBRARIES" is hereby amended by
2	adding thereto the following chapter:
3	<u>CHAPTER 9</u>
4	THE FREEDOM TO READ ACT
5	29-9-1. Short Title.
6	This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the "The Freedom to Read Act".
7	29-9-2. Definitions.
8	As used in this chapter:
9	(1) "Censor" or "censorship" means to suppress, restrict, remove, or prohibit acquiring,
10	library material on the basis of disagreement with the material's origin, background, views, ideas,
11	concepts or identity of those contributing to its creation including, but not limited to, race, gender,
12	sexuality, religious or political views, but excludes content that is deemed developmentally
13	inappropriate and provided further, excludes content:
14	(i) That the average person, applying contemporary standards, would find that the work,
15	taken as a whole, appeals to the prurient interest;
16	(ii) That the work, taken as a whole, clearly depicts or describes, in a patently offensive
17	way, sexual conduct; and
18	(iii) That the work, taken as a whole, clearly lacks serious literary, artistic, educational,
19	political, or scientific value.

1	(2) Developmentally mapping made means the material is not structured to decount for a
2	child's age, and is misaligned with the cognitive, emotional or social development of the intended
3	age group as informed by standards and guidance from the American Library Association (ALA)
4	or any other similar well recognized and established educational or developmental authority.
5	(3) "Government actor" means a member of a government body with voting authority.
6	(4) "Government body" means any government decision-making body or governing body,
7	such as a library board or school board, that exercises authority over the purchasing, selection,
8	curation, and location of library materials at the state or municipal levels, including a library board
9	of trustees as provided for in § 29-4-5 and a school committee as provided for in § 16-2-9.
10	(5) "Individual with a vested interest in the public library" means any resident who is served
11	by the public library and resides in the municipality where the library is situated.
12	(6) "Individual with a vested interest in the school library" means any teaching staff
13	member employed by the school district, any parent or guardian of a student enrolled in the school
14	at the time the removal form is filed, and any student enrolled in the school at the time the removal
15	form is filed.
16	(7) "Library material" means any material including, but not limited to, books, videos,
17	subscription or locally curated databases, audio materials, government documents, interactive
18	applications and software, and all other similar materials, whether tangible or in electronic form
19	belonging to, on loan to, or otherwise in the custody of the public library or other material not
20	required as part of classroom instruction.
21	(8) "Librarian" means a professionally trained employee who is responsible for the
22	purchase, selection, curation, removal, and display of library materials.
23	(9) "Public library" means a library in a city or town that has been designated by the city
24	or town council or town financial meeting as a library to provide library services to all individuals
25	residing in the city or town.
26	(10) "Reconsideration" means a request to reclassify, move to a different section of the
27	library, or remove an item in the library's collection.
28	29-9-3. Public library collection policy.
29	(a) In addition to the duties prescribed in § 29-3.1-7, the chief of library services shall
30	establish a model policy on the curation of library material within a public library, that shall be
31	approved and adopted by the library board of trustees.
32	(b) The model policy shall, at a minimum:
33	(1) Recognize that public libraries serve as centers for voluntary inquiry and the
34	dissemination of information and ideas;

1	(2) Provide protection against censorship of library material;
2	(3) Provide standards for the selection and curation of library material by the librarian,
3	while also recognizing that library material should be provided for the interest, information, and
4	enlightenment of all people, and should present a wide range of points of view; and
5	(4) Establish criteria and a procedure based on professional standards for a librarian to
6	review and the deaccession of library material within a public library on an ongoing basis, which
7	shall include, but not be limited to, the library material's relevance, the condition of the library
8	material, the availability of duplicates, the availability of more recent material, and the continued
9	demand for the library material.
10	(c) The model policy shall be updated as the chief of library services deems necessary.
11	(d) In the event a public library has a policy that complies with the requirements of
12	subsection (b) of this section, the library shall not be required to take further action.
13	(e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a librarian to purchase, or otherwise
14	acquire a particular library material for the library.
15	(f) In addition to the duties prescribed in § 29-3.1-7, the chief of library services shall
16	establish a model policy creating a procedure regarding a request for reconsideration of library
17	material in a public library, that shall be approved and adopted by the library board of trustees.
18	(g) The model policy shall, at a minimum require:
19	(1) The creation of a request for reconsideration form, based on a model form established
20	by the chief of library services, that shall be submitted by an individual with a vested interest in the
21	public library in order to initiate the review of specific library material;
22	(2) That an individual with a vested interest in the public library requesting that library
23	material be reconsidered shall review the material as a whole, identify sections of the material that
24	the individual objects to, and provide an explanation for such objections. Selective passages from
25	the material taken out of context shall not be considered under this review.
26	(3) That library material that is the subject of a request for reconsideration shall not be
27	removed from its location within the library and shall remain available to reserve, check out, or
28	access while the material is being reviewed;
29	(4) That the government body shall appoint a review committee, consisting of:
30	(i) At least one member of the government body;
31	(ii) The director of the public library;
32	(iii) A subject specialist librarian employed by the public library; and
33	(iv) Any additional library staff that the government body deems necessary;
34	(5) That the review committee pursuant to subsection (g)(4) of this section evaluate the

1	request for removal form, review the chancinged nortally material, and report in writing its decision
2	to the individual and to the government body on whether to remove library material within thirty
3	(30) business days from the date of receiving the form; and
4	(6) That the individual who filed the form for reconsideration may, within thirty (30) days
5	of the decision, appeal the review committee's decision to the government body which shall review
6	the committee's decision and make a final determination on whether the library material is to be
7	removed from the public library, limited in use or remain in place. A substantive rationale for
8	restricting or removing library material shall be memorialized by the governing body in writing
9	and made publicly available.
10	In issuing its final decision, a governing body shall provide a written statement of reasons
11	<u>for:</u>
12	(i) The removal, limitation, or non-removal of a library material; and
13	(ii) Any final determination that is contrary to the recommendations of the review
14	<u>committee;</u>
15	(7) That any library material that has been challenged pursuant to subsections (g)(1)
16	through (g)(6) of this section shall not be subject to a subsequent challenge for at least one year;
17	(8) That the review committee when conducting a review pursuant to this section, and a
18	governing body deciding an appeal of a decision of the review committee shall consider the
19	following standards for review:
20	(i) Recognize that library material should be provided for the interest, information, and
21	enlightenment of all people and should present diverse points of view in the collection as a whole;
22	(ii) Acknowledge that library material shall not be removed from a library because of the
23	origin, background, or views of the library material or those contributing to its creation;
24	(iii) Recognize the importance of libraries as centers for voluntary inquiry and the
25	dissemination of information and ideas; and
26	(iv) Promote the free expression and free access to ideas by prohibiting the censorship of
27	library material.
28	(h) In the event a public library has a policy that complies with the requirements of
29	subsection (g) of this section, the library shall not be required to take further action.
30	(i) Any staff member of a public library, including a librarian employed by a public library,
31	shall be immune from civil and criminal liability arising from good faith actions performed
32	pursuant to this chapter.
33	(j) A government body shall not reduce funding for a public library due to the library's
34	compliance with the provisions of this section

1	29-9-4. School library collection policy.
2	(a) Pursuant to the duties prescribed in § 16-1-5(7), the commissioner of elementary and
3	secondary education, in collaboration with the chief of library services, shall establish a model
4	policy on the curation of library material within a school library. Each school committee shall
5	review the model policy established pursuant to this section and approve and adopt a policy that
6	shall at a minimum:
7	(1) Recognize that school libraries serve as centers for voluntary inquiry and the
8	dissemination of information and ideas;
9	(2) Provide protection against censorship of library material;
10	(3) Provide standards for the selection and curation of library material while also
11	recognizing that the library material should be provided for the interest, information, and
12	enlightenment of all students and should present a wide range of points of view;
13	(4) Establish criteria and a procedure based on professional standards for a librarian to
14	review and the deaccession of library material within a school library on a regular basis, which
15	shall include, but not be limited to, the library material's relevance; the condition of the library
16	material; the availability of duplicates; and the continued demand for the library material;
17	(5) Acknowledge that a certified school librarian is professionally trained to curate and
18	develop the school library collection that provides students with access to the widest array of
19	developmentally relevant library material.
20	(b) The model policy shall be updated as the commissioner of elementary and secondary
21	education and chief of library services deem necessary.
22	(c) In the event a school district has a policy that complies with the requirements of
23	subsection (a) of this section, the school committee shall not be required to take further action.
24	(d) Librarians employed at a school library shall have discretion in selecting, purchasing,
25	or acquiring library material for inclusion in the school library, following the policy approved by
26	the school committee. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a librarian to purchase,
27	or otherwise acquire a particular library material for a school library.
28	(e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to restrict a school committee's authority to
29	select textbooks and school supplies related to the curriculum.
30	(f) Pursuant to the duties prescribed in § 16-1-5(7), the commissioner of elementary and
31	secondary education shall establish, in collaboration with the chief of library services, a model
32	policy creating a procedure regarding a request for reconsideration of library material within a
33	school library. The school committee shall review the model policy established pursuant to this
34	section and approve and adopt a policy that shall, at a minimum require:

1	(1) The creation of a request for reconsideration form, based on a model form developed
2	by the commissioner of elementary and secondary education and chief of library services, that is
3	submitted by an individual with a vested interest to the principal of the school in which the library
4	material is challenged. The principal is required to send the form promptly to the superintendent to
5	initiate a review of the material;
6	(2) An individual with a vested interest in the school library requesting that library material
7	be reconsidered shall review the material as a whole, identity sections of the material that the
8	individual objects, to and provide an explanation for such objections. Selective passages from the
9	material taken out of context shall not be considered for this review;
10	(3) Library material that is the subject of a request for reconsideration shall not be removed
11	from its location within the library and shall remain available to reserve, check out, or access while
12	the material is being reviewed;
13	(4) The superintendent or the superintendent's designee shall appoint a review committee;
14	consisting of:
15	(i) The superintendent or the superintendent's designee:
16	(ii) The principal of the school in which the form is submitted or the principal's designee;
17	(iii) A certified librarian employed at the school in which the form is submitted;
18	(iv) A representative of the school committee; and
19	(v) A grade-appropriate teacher provided the teacher selected is not the individual who
20	submitted the form;
21	(5) The review committee must evaluate the reconsideration request, review the material
22	and within thirty (30) days of receiving the reconsideration form report in writing to the individual
23	and the school committee its decision whether to remove the library material, limit the library
24	material, or leave the library material in place;
25	(6) That the individual who filed the form for reconsideration may, within thirty (30) days
26	of the decision, appeal the review committee's decision to the school committee which shall review
27	the committee's report and issue a final recommendation along with a written statement of reasons
28	<u>for:</u>
29	(i) The removal, limitation, or non-removal of a library material;
30	(ii) Any final determination that is contrary to the recommendations of the review
31	committee; and
32	(iii) The written statement of reasons shall be posted on the school committees Internet
33	website in a prominent and easily accessible location within thirty (30) days of the determination.
34	(7) The review committee, when conducting a review pursuant to this section and a school

1	committee deciding an appear of the review committee, shall consider the following standards for
2	review:
3	(i) Recognize that library material should be provided for the interest, information, and
4	enlightenment of all students and should present diverse points of view in the collection as a whole;
5	(ii) Acknowledge that library material shall not be removed from a school library because
6	of the origin, background, or views of the library material or those contributing to its creation;
7	(iii) Recognize the importance of school libraries as centers for voluntary inquiry and the
8	dissemination of information and ideas;
9	(iv) Promote the free expression and free access to ideas by students by prohibiting the
10	censorship of library material; and
11	(v) Acknowledge that a school library media specialist is professionally trained to curate
12	and develop the school library collection that provides students with access to the widest array of
13	developmentally appropriate library material available to schools;
14	(g) In the event a school committee has a policy that complies with the requirements of
15	subsection (a) of this section, the school committee shall not be required to take further action.
16	(h) Any staff member of a school library, including a librarian employed by a school, shall
17	be immune from civil and criminal liability arising from good faith actions performed pursuant to
18	this chapter.
19	29-9-5. Declaratory and injunctive relief.
20	(a) A librarian who has been subjected to discipline, termination, or threats of discipline or
21	termination for refusing to censor library materials in violation of policies established pursuant to
22	this chapter may seek relief against a government body in any court of competent jurisdiction for
23	declaratory and injunctive relief including, but not limited to, reinstatement, back pay, restoration
24	of benefits, and such other equitable relief as may be appropriate and necessary to make the
25	employee whole.
26	(b) An individual with a vested interest in a school or public library may seek relief in any
27	court of competent jurisdiction for declaratory and injunctive relief against a government body that
28	enforces censorship of library materials in violation of policies established pursuant to this chapter.
29	(1) A student, or the student's parent(s) or guardian(s), may only challenge censorship of
30	library materials relating to a school that the student attends.
31	(c) An author whose library materials have been subjected to censorship may bring an
32	action in any court of competent jurisdiction for declaratory and injunctive relief against any
33	government body that enforces censorship of library materials in violation of policies established
34	pursuant to this chapter.

1	(d) Any school of notary employee acting pursuant to direct orders from a municipar, state,
2	or federal government authority shall not be liable for censorship.
3	(e) Any action or proceeding to enforce this section shall be commenced no later than one
4	year after the date on which the violation of this section is committed.
5	SECTION 2. Sections 11-31-1 and 11-31-10 of the General Laws in Chapter 11-31 entitled
6	"Obscene and Objectionable Publications and Shows" are hereby amended to read as follows:
7	11-31-1. Circulation of obscene publications and shows.
8	(a) Every person who willfully or knowingly promotes for the purpose of commercial gain
9	within the community any show, motion picture, performance, photograph, book, magazine, or
10	other material which is obscene shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not less than one
11	hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or by imprisonment for not
12	more than two (2) years, or both.
13	(b) For the purpose of this section:
14	(1) In determining whether or not a show, motion picture, performance, photograph, book,
15	magazine, or other material is obscene the trier of the fact must find:
16	(i) That the average person, applying contemporary community standards, would find that
17	the work, taken as a whole, appeals to the prurient interest;
18	(ii) That the work taken as a whole, clearly depicts or describes, in a patently offensive
19	way, sexual conduct specifically defined by this chapter; and
20	(iii) That the work, taken as a whole, <u>clearly</u> lacks serious literary, artistic, <u>educational</u> ,
21	political, or scientific value.
22	(2) "Community standards" means the geographical area of the state of Rhode Island.
23	(3) "Knowingly" means having knowledge of the character and content of the material or
24	failure on notice to exercise reasonable inspection which would disclose the content and character
25	of it.
26	(4) "Material" means anything tangible which is capable of being used or adapted to arouse
27	prurient interest through the medium of reading, or observation.
28	(5) "Patently offensive" means so offensive on its face as to affront current standards of
29	decency.
30	(6) "Performance" means any play, motion picture, dance, or other exhibition performed
31	before an audience.
32	(7) "Promote" means to manufacture, issue, sell, give, provide, lend, mail, deliver, transfer,
33	transmit, publish, distribute, circulate, disseminate, present, exhibit, or advertise or to offer or agree
34	to do it for resale.

- 1 (8) "Sexual conduct" means: 2 (i) An act of sexual intercourse, normal or perverted, actual or simulated, including genital-3 genital, anal-genital, or oral-genital intercourse, whether between human beings or between a 4 human being and an animal. 5 (ii) Sado-masochistic abuse, meaning flagellation or torture by or upon a person in an act 6 of apparent sexual stimulation or gratification. 7 (iii) Masturbation, excretory functions, and lewd exhibitions of the genitals. 8 (9) "Standards of decency" means community standards of decency. 9 (c) If any of the depictions and descriptions of sexual conduct described in this section are 10 declared by a court of competent jurisdiction to be unlawfully included because the depictions or 11 descriptions are constitutionally protected or for any other reason, that declaration shall not 12 invalidate this chapter as to other sexual conduct included in this chapter. 13 11-31-10. Sale or exhibition to minors of indecent publications, pictures, or articles. 14 (a) Every person who shall willfully or knowingly engage in the business of selling, 15 lending, giving away, showing, advertising for sale, or distributing to any person under the age of 16 eighteen (18) years, has in his or her possession with intent to engage in that business or to 17 otherwise offer for sale or commercial distribution to any person under the age of eighteen (18) years, or who shall display at newsstands or any other business establishment frequented by persons 18 19 under the age of eighteen (18) years or where persons under the age of eighteen (18) years are or 20 may be invited as a part of the general public, any motion picture, any still picture, photograph, or 21 any book, pocket book, pamphlet, or magazine of which the cover or content consists of explicit 22 representations of "sexual conduct", "sexual excitement", "nudity" and which is indecent for minors 23 or which is predominantly made up of descriptions of "sexual conduct", "sexual excitement", 24 "nudity" and which is indecent, shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not less than one 25 hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or by imprisonment for not 26 more than two (2) years, or both. 27 (b) As used in this section, the following words have the following meaning: 28 (1) "Indecent for minors" means: 29 (i) Appealing to the prurient interest in sex of minors; 30 (ii) Patently Taken as a whole is patently offensive to prevailing standards in the adult 31 community with respect to what is suitable material for minors; and
- 32 (iii) <u>Lacking Clearly lacking</u> serious literary, artistic, <u>educational</u>, political, or scientific 33 value for minors;
- 34 (2) "Knowingly" means having knowledge of the character and content of the publication

1	or failure on notice to exercise reasonable inspection which would disclose its content and
2	character;
3	(3) "Nudity" means less than completely and opaquely covered; human genitals, pubic
4	regions, buttock, and female breast below a point immediately above the top of the areola;
5	(4) "Sexual conduct" means act of human masturbation, sexual intercourse, sodomy,
6	fondling, or other erotic touching of human genitals, pubic region, buttock, or female breasts; and
7	(5) "Sexual excitement" means human genitals in a state of sexual stimulation or arousal.
8	SECTION 3. Chapter 11-31 of the General Laws entitled "Obscene and Objectionable
9	Publications and Shows" is hereby amended by adding thereto the following section:
10	11-31-16. Affirmative defense.
11	(a) In any prosecution arising under §§ 11-31-1 or 11-31-10, it shall be an affirmative
12	defense that the defendant was a bona fide school, or public library, or was a person acting in
13	accordance with library collection policies pursuant to chapter 9 of title 29 and in the course of
14	employment as an employee or official of such an organization.
15	SECTION 4. This act shall take effect upon passage.
	LC001273/SUB A/2

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO LIBRARIES -- THE FREEDOM TO READ ACT

This act would promote the free expression and free access of information by prohibiting
the censorship of library materials. This act would require the creation of a model policy relative
to library material within a public library and school library.

This act would take effect upon passage.

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