

LC000432/SUB A

**IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

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RELATING TO COMMERCIAL LAW -- GENERAL REGULATORY PROVISIONS --  
RIGHT TO CONSUMER ACCESS TO POWERED WHEELCHAIR REPAIRS

Referred To: House Corporations

1           SECTION 1. Title 6 of the General Laws entitled "COMMERCIAL LAW — GENERAL  
2   REGULATORY PROVISIONS" is hereby amended by adding thereto the following chapter:

## 4 RIGHT TO CONSUMER ACCESS TO POWERED WHEELCHAIR REPAIRS

6 For purposes of this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

18 (2) “Commissioner” means the health insurance commissioner.

1           (3) “Complex manual wheelchair” means manually driven complex wheelchair that can  
2 accommodate rehabilitative accessories and features.

3           (4) “Complex power wheelchair” means a power-driven complex wheelchair, as defined  
4 by the Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services (“CMS”) that is classified as a Group 2 power  
5 wheelchair with power options that can accommodate rehabilitative features to include, but not  
6 limited to, tilt in space; or a Group 3, Group 4 or Group 5 power wheelchair.

7           (5) “Complex rehabilitation technology (CRT)” or “complex wheelchair” means items that  
8 are individually configured for individuals to meet their specific and unique medical, physical, and  
9 functional needs and capacities for basic activities of daily living and instrumental activities of  
10 daily living identified as medically necessary, and shall include options and accessories related to  
11 any of such items. Current healthcare common procedure coding system (“HCPCS”) shall fall  
12 under the definition of complex rehabilitation technology, and any amendments to HCPCS  
13 subsequently added or created by the federal government shall be included within the definition of  
14 complex rehabilitation technology and shall be added to the covered HCPC list.

15           (6) “Complex rehabilitation wheelchair manufacturer” or “manufacturer” means a person  
16 or company that designs, develops, tests, and produces finished systems or components of those  
17 systems and sells all products or components to:

18           (i) Authorized providers for distribution; or

19           (ii) To other manufacturers for the production of more complex wheelchair systems.  
20 Manufacturers are also responsible for maintaining compliance with relevant production  
21 regulations and standards and reporting as designated by federal and state authorities.

22           (7) “Consumer” means a member of a health carrier who uses a complex rehab technology  
23 with which the CRT supplier has a contractual relationship.

24           (8) “Consumer-owned backup complex power wheelchair” means a retired power  
25 wheelchair, that can be safely used by the consumer when a manual backup or suitable loaner  
26 wheelchair cannot be supplied to meet the consumer’s medical needs.

27           (9) “Covered person” means a policyholder, subscriber, or other person participating in a  
28 policy, contract, or plan that provides for third-party payment or prepayment of health or medical  
29 expenses.

30           (10) “Defect” means an abnormality that impairs the quality, function, or utility of a  
31 wheelchair from its intended design and purpose.

32           (11) “Department” means the department of business regulation established pursuant to the  
33 provisions of chapter 14 of title 42.

34           (12) “Embedded software” means any programmable instructions provided on firmware

1 delivered with an electronic component of equipment, or with a part for that equipment, for  
2 purposes of equipment operation, including all relevant patches and fixes made by the manufacturer  
3 of the equipment or part for these purposes.

4 (13) “Evaluation/diagnostic time” means time and labor during which a qualified  
5 technician troubleshoots and diagnoses any wheelchair adjustments or repair needs.

6 (14) “Executive office” means the executive office of health and human services, the  
7 agency designated by state law and the Medicaid state plan as the Medicaid single state agency.

8 (15) “Fair and reasonable terms and costs,” with respect to obtaining manufacturer  
9 documentation, parts, embedded software, firmware, or tools from a manufacturer to provide  
10 services, means terms that are equivalent to the most favorable terms that the manufacturer offers  
11 to an authorized repair supplier and costs to the buyer that are no greater than the manufacturer’s  
12 suggested retail price:

13 (i) For documentation, including any relevant updates, “fair and reasonable terms and  
14 costs” also means at no charge, except that, when the documentation is requested in physical printed  
15 form, a charge may be included for the reasonable actual costs of preparing and sending the copy;

16 (ii) For software tools, “fair and reasonable terms and costs” also means all of the  
17 following:

18 (A) Provided at no charge and without requiring authorization or Internet access;

19 (B) Without imposing impediments to access or use, in the course of effecting the  
20 diagnosis, maintenance, or repair and without impairing the efficient and cost-effective  
21 performance of the diagnosis, maintenance, or repair;

22 (C) Enables full functionality;

23 (iii) If an original equipment manufacturer does not utilize an authorized repair supplier,  
24 “fair and reasonable terms and costs” means an equitable price charged to the buyer in consideration  
25 of the actual cost to the original equipment manufacturer to prepare and distribute the part, tool,  
26 service access method, or documentation, exclusive of any research and development costs  
27 incurred.

28 (16) “Firmware” means a software program or set of instructions programmed on  
29 equipment, or on a part for that equipment, to allow the equipment or part to communicate within  
30 itself or with other computer hardware.

31 (17) “Health care professional” means an individual who is licensed, registered, or certified  
32 under federal or state law or regulation to provide health care services.

33 (18) “Health plan” or “payer” means an entity subject to the insurance laws of this state, or  
34 subject to the jurisdiction of the commissioner, that contracts or offers to contract to provide health

insurance coverage including, but not limited to, an insurance company, a health maintenance organization and a nonprofit hospital and medical service corporation.

(19) “Independent repair provider” means an individual or business, other than the manufacturer, that is engaged in the services of inspection, diagnosis, maintenance, or repair of equipment for the purposes of returning it to the safety and performance specifications established by the manufacturer and to meet its original intended use.

(20) “Inoperable” means when a wheelchair becomes unusable due to a mechanical or electronic breakdown or failure.

(21) “Loaner” means a properly working wheelchair that performs the essential functions of the original wheelchair and that is provided to the consumer on a temporary basis while the consumer’s wheelchair is being repaired/replaced. A “loaner” wheelchair is further defined to be in good working order, does not create any threat to the consumer’s health or safety, and need not be new or identical to or have the same functional capabilities as those of the original wheelchair.

(22) “Manufacturer documentation” means any manual, diagram, reporting output, service code description, schematic, or other guidance or information used in effecting the services of inspection, diagnosis, maintenance, or repair of powered wheelchairs.

(23) “Medical documentation” means any chart notes, letters of medical necessity, prescriptions, or other clinical documentation demonstrating the initial or continued medical necessity of qualifying complex rehabilitation technology.

(24) “Non-conformity” means a condition or defect that significantly impairs the use, value, function or safety of an assistive device or any of its components, but does not include a condition or defect of the device that is the result of:

(i) Abuse, misuse or neglect by a consumer;

(ii) Modifications or alterations not authorized by the manufacturer;

(iii) Normal wear;

(iv) Normal use which may be resolved through a fitting adjustment, routine maintenance, preventative maintenance or proper care; or

(v) A consumer's failure to follow any manufacturer's written service and maintenance guidelines furnished to the customer at the time of purchase.

(25) “Prior authorization” means any requirement held by the payer that the covered person or the qualified complex rehabilitation technology supplier obtain written or verbal approval from the payer [or other insurer] before completing needed services or providing equipment to a covered person.

(26) “Qualified complex rehabilitation technology professional” means an individual who

1 is certified as an assistive technology professional (ATP) by a professional organization providing  
2 certification of assistive technology professions.

3 (27) “Qualified complex rehabilitation technology supplier” or “supplier” means a  
4 company or entity that meets all of the following criteria:

5 (i) Is accredited by a recognized accrediting organization as a supplier of complex  
6 rehabilitation technology;

7 (ii) Is an employer of at least one qualified complex rehabilitation technology professional  
8 to analyze the needs and capacities of the complex needs consumer in consultation with qualified  
9 health care professionals, to participate in the selection of appropriate complex rehabilitation  
10 technology for those needs and capacities of the complex needs consumer, and to provide training  
11 in the proper use of the complex rehabilitation technology;

12 (iii) Requires a qualified complex rehabilitation technology professional to be physically  
13 present for the evaluation and determination of appropriate complex rehabilitation technology for  
14 a complex needs consumer;

15 (iv) Has the capability to provide service and repair by trained technicians for all complex  
16 rehabilitation technology it sells; and

17 (v) Provides written information at the time of delivery of the complex rehabilitation  
18 technology to the complex needs consumer stating how the complex needs consumer may receive  
19 service and repair for the complex rehabilitation technology.

20 (28) “Recipient” means a person receiving benefits under the state Medicaid program,  
21 including a person whose Medicaid eligibility is being redetermined.

22 (29) “Third party payer” means an entity other than the consumer of healthcare supplier,  
23 that reimburses and manages health care expenses, such as insurance companies and government  
24 payers.

25 (30) “Tools” means any software program, hardware, or other apparatus used in inspection,  
26 diagnosis, maintenance, or repair of powered wheelchairs, including software or other mechanisms  
27 that provision, program, or pair a new part, calibrate functionality, or perform any other function  
28 required to bring the product back to fully functional condition.

29 (31) “Trade secret” shall have the same meaning as set forth in § 6-41-1.

30 (32) “Trip/travel allowance” means compensation for travel to the recipient’s home or  
31 location for the purpose of facilitating a repair to a complex wheelchair.

32 (33) “Warranty” means a guarantee made by a manufacturer regarding the integrity or  
33 condition of the product and the terms and conditions under which repairs, refunds, or exchanges  
34 shall be made if the product does not function as originally described or intended within a specified

1 period.

2 **6-61-2. No prior authorization for repair of complex wheelchairs.**

3 (a) A health plan's coverage and payment of complex wheelchair repairs shall not require:

4 (1) A qualified complex rehabilitation technology supplier to obtain any form of prior  
5 authorization; or

6 (2) Any medical documentation to complete repairs for consumer-owned complex  
7 rehabilitation technology.

8 (b) The complex rehabilitation technology supplier shall maintain documentation of any  
9 repairs and/or maintenance completed for consumer-owned complex wheelchairs. Such  
10 documentation shall not be subject to general audits.

11 **6-61-3. Requirement for suppliers to service what they sell.**

12 A supplier who sells complex power or complex manual wheelchairs shall meet the criteria  
13 of a "qualified complex rehabilitation technology supplier", as defined in § 6-61-1 and for complex  
14 wheelchairs that a supplier has sold, the supplier is required to offer service and repairs during the  
15 wheelchair's useful life expectancy, unless:

16 (1) The consumer has moved outside of the original supplier's service area;

17 (2) The damage that requires repair is the result of consumer abuse or misuse of the  
18 equipment that restricts coverage by the client's health plan, and the client refuses to pay for the  
19 repairs; or

20 (3) The consumer or their representative poses a potential threat to the health and safety of  
21 the supplier or is otherwise abusive.

22 **6-61-4. Consumer access to parts -- Self repairs.**

23 (a) For the purpose of providing services for power wheelchair equipment, an original  
24 equipment manufacturer shall, with fair and reasonable terms and costs, make available, as defined  
25 in § 6-61-1, to an independent repair supplier or consumer of the manufacturer's equipment,  
26 manufacturer documentation, parts, embedded software, firmware, or tools that are intended for  
27 use with the equipment or any part, including updates to documentation, parts, embedded software,  
28 firmware, or tools.

29 (b) With respect to power wheelchair equipment that contains an electronic security lock  
30 or other security-related function, an original power wheelchair equipment manufacturer shall, with  
31 fair and reasonable terms and costs, make available to independent repair suppliers and owners any  
32 manufacturer documentation, parts, embedded software, firmware, or tools needed to reset the lock  
33 or function when disabled in the course of providing services. The manufacturer may make the  
34 documentation, parts, embedded software, firmware, or tools available to independent repair

1 suppliers and consumers through appropriate secure release systems.

2 (c) For powered wheelchairs, consumers can self-repair or have repairs performed by an  
3 independent repair supplier. This section shall not apply to any part(s) requiring programmability,  
4 calibration, or clinical involvement to ensure appropriate consumer seating and positioning. Items  
5 included in this section for powered wheelchairs shall include:

6 (1) Batteries;  
7 (2) Battery chargers;  
8 (3) Nonprogrammable joysticks;  
9 (4) Joystick housings or brackets;  
10 (5) Wheel assembly;  
11 (6) Non-positioning accessories;  
12 (7) Anti-tip devices;  
13 (8) Armrests, excluding positioning components, designed for adjustment by a therapist or  
14 assistive technology professional;  
15 (9) Caster spheres;  
16 (10) Cosmetic shrouding; and  
17 (11) Nonpowered leg lowers.

18 (d) This chapter does not require an original power wheelchair equipment manufacturer to  
19 divulge a trade secret, except as necessary to provide documentation, parts, tools, service access  
20 methods, and training courses and materials on fair and reasonable terms. An original equipment  
21 manufacturer may redact documentation to remove trade secrets from the documentation before  
22 providing access to the documentation if the usability of the redacted documentation for the purpose  
23 of providing services is not diminished. An original equipment manufacturer may withhold  
24 information regarding a component of, design of, functionality of, or process of developing a part,  
25 embedded software, firmware, or a tool if the information is a trade secret and the usability of the  
26 part, embedded software, firmware, or tool for the purpose of providing services is not diminished.

27 (e) An original power wheelchair manufacturer which fails to produce a replacement part  
28 because the part is out of stock and the manufacturer is unable to obtain the part, shall not be subject  
29 to the penalties as provided in chapter 13.1 of title 6 if the original equipment manufacturer does  
30 the following:

31 (1) Informs the consumer or independent repair provider that the part is out of stock, and,  
32 consequently, the manufacturer is unable to obtain the part; and  
33 (2) Makes the part available to the consumer or independent repair provider within five (5)  
34 business days of when the part becomes available.

1           (f) An original equipment manufacturer is not liable for faulty or otherwise improper  
2 repairs provided by independent repair suppliers or owners, including faulty or otherwise improper  
3 repairs that cause any of the following:

4           (1) Damage to a powered wheelchair that occurs during the repairs;

5           (2) Any indirect, incidental, or consequential damages; or

6           (3) An inability to use, or a reduced functionality of, a powered wheelchair resulting from  
7 faulty or otherwise improper repair.

8           **6-61-5. Rules and regulations.**

9           The department of business regulation may promulgate rules and regulations to implement  
10 and enforce the provisions of §§ 6-61-2, 6-61-3 and 6-61-2.

11           **6-61-6. Application and scope.**

12           (a) This chapter applies to the following classes of third-party payment supplier contracts,  
13 policies, or plans delivered, issued for delivery, continued, or renewed in this state on or after  
14 January 1, 2026:

15           (1) Individual or group accident and sickness insurance providing coverage, pursuant to  
16 chapter 18 of title 27, on an expense incurred basis; and

17           (2) An individual or group hospital, chapter 19 of title 27 or medical service contract issued  
18 pursuant to chapter 20 of title 27; and

19           (3) An individual or group health maintenance organization contract regulated under  
20 chapter 41 of title 27; and

21           (4) A plan established for public employees pursuant to chapter 12 of title 36; and

22           (5) The medical assistance program under chapter 8 of title 40 including all managed care  
23 organizations acting pursuant to a contract with the executive office of health and human services  
24 to administer the medical assistance program.

25           (b) The commissioner may promulgate rules and regulations to implement and enforce the  
26 provisions of this section.

27           SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage.

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LC000432/SUB A  
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EXPLANATION  
BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL  
OF

A N A C T

RELATING TO COMMERCIAL LAW -- GENERAL REGULATORY PROVISIONS --  
RIGHT TO CONSUMER ACCESS TO POWERED WHEELCHAIR REPAIRS

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- 1           This act would provide that original power wheelchair equipment manufacturers would be  
2 required to provide to independent service providers repair information and tools to maintain and  
3 repair original power wheelchair equipment.  
4           This act would take effect upon passage.

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