2022 -- S 2551 SUBSTITUTE B

LC005270/SUB B/2

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2022

AN ACT

RELATING TO STATE AFFAIRS AND GOVERNMENT -- REBUILD RHODE ISLAND TAX CREDIT

Introduced By: Senators Kallman, McCaffrey, Gallo, DiMario, Ruggerio, Miller,

Lawson, Valverde, Seveney, and Lombardo

Date Introduced: March 01, 2022

Referred To: Senate Labor

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Sections 42-64.20-3 and 42-64.20-5 of the General Laws in Chapter 42-64.20

entitled "Rebuild Rhode Island Tax Credit" are hereby amended to read as follows:

42-64.20-3. Definitions.

- 4 As used in this chapter:
- 5 (1) "Adaptive reuse" means the conversion of an existing structure from the use for which
- 6 it was constructed to a new use by maintaining elements of the structure and adapting such elements
- 7 to a new use.

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- 8 (2) "Affiliate" means an entity that directly or indirectly controls, is under common control
- 9 with, or is controlled by the business. Control exists in all cases in which the entity is a member of
- a controlled group of corporations as defined pursuant to § 1563 of the Internal Revenue Code of
- 11 1986 (26 U.S.C. § 1563) or the entity is an organization in a group of organizations under common
- control as defined pursuant to subsection (b) or (c) of § 414 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
- 13 (26 U.S.C. § 414). A taxpayer may establish by clear and convincing evidence, as determined by
- 14 the tax administrator, that control exists in situations involving lesser percentages of ownership
- 15 than required by those statutes. An affiliate of a business may contribute to meeting either the
- capital investment or full-time employee requirements of a business that applies for a credit under
- 17 this chapter.

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(3) "Affordable housing" means housing for sale or rent with combined rental costs or

1	combined mortgage loan debt service, property taxes, and required insurance that do not exceed
2	thirty percent (30%) of the gross annual income of a household earning up to eighty percent (80%)
3	of the area median income, as defined annually by the United States Department of Housing and
4	Urban Development.
5	(4) "Applicant" means a developer applying for a rebuild Rhode Island tax credit under this
6	chapter.
7	(5) "Business" means a corporation as defined in § 44-11-1(4), or a partnership, an S
8	corporation, a nonprofit corporation, a sole proprietorship, or a limited-liability corporation. A
9	business shall include an affiliate of the business if that business applies for a credit based upon
10	any capital investment made by an affiliate.
11	(6) "Capital investment" in a real estate project means expenses by a developer incurred
12	after application for:
13	(i) Site preparation and construction, repair, renovation, improvement, equipping, or
14	furnishing on real property or of a building, structure, facility, or improvement to real property;
15	(ii) Obtaining and installing furnishings and machinery, apparatus, or equipment, including
16	but not limited to, material goods for the operation of a business on real property or in a building,
17	structure, facility, or improvement to real property.
18	In addition to the foregoing, if a developer acquires or leases a qualified development
19	project, the capital investment made or acquired by the seller or owner, as the case may be, if
20	pertaining primarily to the premises of the qualified development project, shall be considered a
21	capital investment by the developer and, if pertaining generally to the qualified development project
22	being acquired or leased, shall be allocated to the premises of the qualified development project on
23	the basis of the gross leasable area of the premises in relation to the total gross leasable area in the
24	qualified development project. The capital investment described herein shall be defined through
25	rules and regulations promulgated by the commerce corporation.
26	(7) "Certified historic structure" means a property located in the state of Rhode Island and
27	is
28	(i) Listed individually on the national register of historic places; or
29	(ii) Listed individually in the state register of historic places; or
30	(iii) Located in a registered historic district and certified by either the Rhode Island
31	historical preservation and heritage commission created pursuant to § 42-45-2 or the Secretary of
32	the Interior as being of historic significance to the district.
33	(8) "Commerce corporation" means the Rhode Island commerce corporation established
34	pursuant to § 42-64-1 et seq.

1	(9) "Commercial" shall mean non-residential development.
2	(10) "Construction worker" means any laborer, mechanic, or machine operator employed
3	by a contractor or subcontractor in connection with the construction, alteration, repair, demolition,
4	reconstruction, or other improvements to real property.
5	(10)(11) "Developer" means a person, firm, business, partnership, association, political
6	subdivision, or other entity that proposes to divide, divides, or causes to be divided real property
7	into a subdivision or proposes to build or builds a building or buildings or otherwise improves land
8	or existing structures, which division, building, or improvement qualifies for benefits under this
9	chapter.
10	(11)(12) "Development" means the improvement of land through the carrying out of
11	building, engineering, or other operations in, on, over, or under land, or the making of any material
12	change in the use of any buildings or land for the purposes of accommodating land uses.
13	(12)(13) "Eligibility period" means the period in which a developer may claim a tax credit
14	under this act, beginning with the tax period in which the commerce corporation accepts
15	certification from the developer that it has met the requirements of the act and extending thereafter
16	for a term of five (5) years.
17	(13)(14) "Full-time employee" means a person who is employed by a business for
18	consideration for a minimum of at least thirty-five (35) hours per week, or who renders any other
19	standard of service generally accepted by custom or practice as full-time employment, or who is
20	employed by a professional employer organization pursuant to an employee leasing agreement
21	between the business and the professional employer organization for a minimum of thirty-five (35)
22	hours per week, or who renders any other standard of service generally accepted by custom or
23	practice as full-time employment, and whose wages are subject to withholding.
24	(14)(15) "Hope community" means a municipality for which the five-year (5) average
25	percentage of families with income below the federal poverty level exceeds the state five-year (5)
26	average percentage, both as most recently reported by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau
27	of the Census.
28	(15)(16) "Manufacturer" shall mean any entity that:
29	(i) Uses any premises within the state primarily for the purpose of transforming raw
30	materials into a finished product for trade through any or all of the following operations: adapting,
31	altering, finishing, making, processing, refining, metalworking, and ornamenting, but shall not
32	include fabricating processes incidental to warehousing or distribution of raw materials, such as
33	alteration of stock for the convenience of a customer; or
34	(ii) Is described in codes 31-33 of the North American Industry Classification System, as

1	revised from time to time.
2	(16)(17) "Mixed use" means a development comprising both commercial and residential
3	components.
4	(17)(18) "Partnership" means an entity classified as a partnership for federal income tax
5	purposes.
6	(18)(19) "Placed in service" means the earlier of (i) Substantial construction or
7	rehabilitation work has been completed that would allow for occupancy of an entire structure or
8	some identifiable portion of a structure, as established in the application approved by the commerce
9	corporation board or (ii) Receipt by the developer of a certificate, permit, or other authorization
10	allowing for occupancy of the project or some identifiable portion of the project by the municipal
11	authority having jurisdiction.
12	(19)(20) "Project" means qualified development project as defined under subsection
13	(23) (<u>24)</u> .
14	(20)(21) "Project area" means land or lands under common ownership or control in which
15	a qualified development project is located.
16	(21)(22) "Project cost" means the costs incurred in connection with the qualified
17	development project or qualified residential or mixed use project by the applicant until the issuance
18	of a permanent certificate of occupancy, or until such other time specified by the commerce
19	corporation, for a specific investment or improvement, as defined through rules and regulations
20	promulgated by the commerce corporation.
21	(22)(23) "Project financing gap" means:
22	(i) The part of the total project cost that remains to be financed after all other sources of
23	capital have been accounted for (the sources will include, but not be limited to, developer-
24	contributed capital), which shall be defined through rules and regulations promulgated by the
25	commerce corporation; or
26	(ii) The amount of funds that the state may invest in a project to gain a competitive
27	advantage over a viable and comparable location in another state by means described in this chapter.
28	(23)(24) "Qualified development project" means a specific construction project or
29	improvement, including lands, buildings, improvements, real and personal property or any interest
30	therein, including lands under water, riparian rights, space rights and air rights, acquired, owned,
31	leased, developed or redeveloped, constructed, reconstructed, rehabilitated or improved,
32	undertaken by a developer, owner or tenant, or both, within a specific geographic area, meeting the
33	requirements of this chapter, as set forth in an application made to the commerce corporation.
34	(24)(25) "Recognized historical structure" means a property located in the state of Rhode

2	commerce corporation in consultation with the state historic preservation officer.
3	(25)(26) "Residential" means a development of residential dwelling units.
4	(26)(27) "Targeted industry" means any advanced, promising, or otherwise prioritized
5	industry identified in the economic development vision and policy promulgated pursuant to § 42-
6	64.17-1 or, until such time as any such economic development vision and policy is promulgated,
7	as identified by the commerce corporation.
8	(27)(28) "Transit-oriented development area" means an area in proximity to transit
9	infrastructure that will be further defined by regulation of the commerce corporation in consultation
10	with the Rhode Island department of transportation.
11	(28)(29) "Workforce housing" means housing for sale or rent with combined rental costs
12	or combined mortgage loan debt service, property taxes, and required insurance that do not exceed
13	thirty percent (30%) of the gross annual income of a household earning between eighty percent
14	(80%) and one hundred and forty percent (140%) of the area median income, as defined annually
15	by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.
16	42-64.20-5. Tax credits.
17	(a) An applicant meeting the requirements of this chapter may be allowed a credit as set
18	forth hereinafter against taxes imposed upon such person under applicable provisions of title 44 of
19	the general laws for a qualified development project.
20	(b) To be eligible as a qualified development project entitled to tax credits, an applicant's
21	chief executive officer or equivalent officer shall demonstrate to the commerce corporation, at the
22	time of application, that:
23	(1) The applicant has committed a capital investment or owner equity of not less than
24	twenty percent (20%) of the total project cost;
25	(2) There is a project financing gap in which after taking into account all available private
26	and public funding sources, the project is not likely to be accomplished by private enterprise
27	without the tax credits described in this chapter; and
28	(3) The project fulfills the state's policy and planning objectives and priorities in that:
29	(i) The applicant will, at the discretion of the commerce corporation, obtain a tax
30	stabilization agreement from the municipality in which the real estate project is located on such
31	terms as the commerce corporation deems acceptable;
32	(ii) It (A) Is a commercial development consisting of at least 25,000 square feet occupied
33	by at least one business employing at least 25 full-time employees after construction or such
34	additional full-time employees as the commerce corporation may determine; (B) Is a multi-family

Island and commonly considered to be of historic or cultural significance as determined by the

-	residential development in a new, adaptive rease, certified instolle structure, or recognized
2	historical structure consisting of at least 20,000 square feet and having at least 20 residential units
3	in a hope community; or (C) Is a mixed-use development in a new, adaptive reuse, certified historic
4	structure, or recognized historical structure consisting of at least 25,000 square feet occupied by at
5	least one business, subject to further definition through rules and regulations promulgated by the
6	commerce corporation; and
7	(iii) Involves a total project cost of not less than \$ 5,000,000, except for a qualified
8	development project located in a hope community or redevelopment area designated under § 45-
9	32-4 in which event the commerce corporation shall have the discretion to modify the minimum
10	project cost requirement.
11	(4) For construction projects in excess of ten million dollars (\$10,000,000), all construction
12	workers shall be paid in accordance with the wages and benefits required pursuant to chapter 13 of
13	title 37 with all contractors and subcontractors required to file certified payrolls on a monthly basis
14	for all work completed in the preceding month on a uniform form prescribed by the director of
15	labor and training. Failure to follow the requirements pursuant to chapter 13 of title 37 shall
16	constitute a material violation and a material breach of the agreement with the state. The commerce
17	corporation, in consultation with the director of labor and training and the tax administrator, shall
18	promulgate such rules and regulations as are necessary to implement the enforcement of this
19	subsection.
20	(c) The commerce corporation shall develop separate, streamlined application processes
21	for the issuance of rebuild RI tax credits for each of the following:
22	(1) Qualified development projects that involve certified historic structures;
23	(2) Qualified development projects that involve recognized historical structures;
24	(3) Qualified development projects that involve at least one manufacturer; and
25	(4) Qualified development projects that include affordable housing or workforce housing.
26	(d) Applications made for a historic structure or recognized historic structure tax credit
27	under chapter 33.6 of title 44 shall be considered for tax credits under this chapter. The division of
28	taxation, at the expense of the commerce corporation, shall provide communications from the
29	commerce corporation to those who have applied for and are in the queue awaiting the offer of tax
30	credits pursuant to chapter 33.6 of title 44 regarding their potential eligibility for the rebuild RI tax
31	credit program.
32	(e) Applicants (1) Who have received the notice referenced in subsection (d) above and
33	who may be eligible for a tax credit pursuant to chapter 33.6 of title 44, (2) Whose application
34	involves a certified historic structure or recognized historical structure, or (3) Whose project is

- occupied by at least one manufacturer shall be exempt from the requirements of subsections (b)(3)(ii) and (b)(3)(iii). The following procedure shall apply to such applicants:
- (i) The division of taxation shall remain responsible for determining the eligibility of an applicant for tax credits awarded under chapter 33.6 of title 44;
 - (ii) The commerce corporation shall retain sole authority for determining the eligibility of an applicant for tax credits awarded under this chapter; and
- (iii) The commerce corporation shall not award in excess of fifteen percent (15%) of the annual amount authorized in any fiscal year to applicants seeking tax credits pursuant to this subsection (e); and
- (iv) No tax credits shall be awarded under this chapter unless the commerce corporation receives confirmation from the department of labor and training that there has been compliance with the prevailing wage requirements set forth in subsection (b)(4) of this section.
 - (f) Maximum project credit.

- (1) For qualified development projects, the maximum tax credit allowed under this chapter shall be the lesser of (i) Thirty percent (30%) of the total project cost; or (ii) The amount needed to close a project financing gap (after taking into account all other private and public funding sources available to the project), as determined by the commerce corporation.
- (2) The credit allowed pursuant to this chapter, inclusive of any sales and use tax exemptions allowed pursuant to this chapter, shall not exceed fifteen million dollars (\$15,000,000) for any qualified development project under this chapter; except as provided in subsection (f)(3) of this section; provided however, any qualified development project that exceeds the project cap upon passage of this act shall be deemed not to exceed the cap, shall not be reduced, nor shall it be further increased. No building or qualified development project to be completed in phases or in multiple projects shall exceed the maximum project credit of fifteen million dollars (\$15,000,000) for all phases or projects involved in the rehabilitation of the building. Provided, however, that for purposes of this subsection and no more than once in a given fiscal year, the commerce corporation may consider the development of land and buildings by a developer on the "I-195 land" as defined in \$ 42-64.24-3(6) as a separate, qualified development project from a qualified development project by a tenant or owner of a commercial condominium or similar legal interest including leasehold improvement, fit out, and capital investment. Such qualified development project by a tenant or owner of a commercial condominium or similar legal interest on the I-195 land may be exempted from subsection (f)(1)(i) of this section.
- (3) The credit allowed pursuant to this chapter, inclusive of any sales and use tax exemptions allowed pursuant to this chapter, shall not exceed twenty-five million dollars

1	(\$25,000,000) for the project for which the I-195 redevelopment district was authorized to enter
2	into a purchase and sale agreement for parcels 42 and P4 on December 19, 2018, provided that
3	project is approved for credits pursuant to this chapter by the commerce corporation.
4	(g) Credits available under this chapter shall not exceed twenty percent (20%) of the project
5	cost, provided, however, that the applicant shall be eligible for additional tax credits of not more
6	than ten percent (10%) of the project cost, if the qualified development project meets any of the
7	following criteria or other additional criteria determined by the commerce corporation from time
8	to time in response to evolving economic or market conditions:
9	(1) The project includes adaptive reuse or development of a recognized historical structure;
10	(2) The project is undertaken by or for a targeted industry;
11	(3) The project is located in a transit-oriented development area;
12	(4) The project includes residential development of which at least twenty percent (20%) of
13	the residential units are designated as affordable housing or workforce housing;
14	(5) The project includes the adaptive reuse of property subject to the requirements of the
15	industrial property remediation and reuse act, § 23-19.14-1 et seq.; or
16	(6) The project includes commercial facilities constructed in accordance with the minimum
17	environmental and sustainability standards, as certified by the commerce corporation pursuant to
18	Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design or other equivalent standards.
19	(h) Maximum aggregate credits. The aggregate sum authorized pursuant to this chapter,
20	inclusive of any sales and use tax exemptions allowed pursuant to this chapter, shall not exceed
21	two hundred ten million dollars (\$210,000,000), excluding any tax credits allowed pursuant to
22	subsection (f)(3) of this section.
23	(i) Tax credits shall not be allowed under this chapter prior to the taxable year in which the
24	project is placed in service.
25	(j) The amount of a tax credit allowed under this chapter shall be allowable to the taxpayer
26	in up to five, annual increments; no more than thirty percent (30%) and no less than fifteen percent
27	(15%) of the total credits allowed to a taxpayer under this chapter may be allowable for any taxable
28	year.
29	(k) If the portion of the tax credit allowed under this chapter exceeds the taxpayer's total
30	tax liability for the year in which the relevant portion of the credit is allowed, the amount that
31	exceeds the taxpayer's tax liability may be carried forward for credit against the taxes imposed for
32	the succeeding four (4) years, or until the full credit is used, whichever occurs first. Credits allowed
33	to a partnership, a limited-liability company taxed as a partnership, or multiple owners of property

shall be passed through to the persons designated as partners, members, or owners respectively pro

1 rata or pursuant to an executed agreement among persons designated as partners, members, or 2 owners documenting an alternate distribution method without regard to their sharing of other tax 3 or economic attributes of such entity. 4 (1) The commerce corporation, in consultation with the division of taxation, shall establish, 5 by regulation, the process for the assignment, transfer, or conveyance of tax credits. (m) For purposes of this chapter, any assignment or sales proceeds received by the taxpayer 6 7 for its assignment or sale of the tax credits allowed pursuant to this section shall be exempt from 8 taxation under title 44. If a tax credit is subsequently revoked or adjusted, the seller's tax calculation 9 for the year of revocation or adjustment shall be increased by the total amount of the sales proceeds, 10 without proration, as a modification under chapter 30 of title 44. In the event that the seller is not a 11 natural person, the seller's tax calculation under chapter 11, 13, 14, or 17 of title 44, as applicable, 12 for the year of revocation, or adjustment, shall be increased by including the total amount of the 13 sales proceeds without proration. 14 (n) The tax credit allowed under this chapter may be used as a credit against corporate 15 income taxes imposed under chapter 11, 13, 14, or 17, of title 44, or may be used as a credit against 16 personal income taxes imposed under chapter 30 of title 44 for owners of pass-through entities such 17 as a partnership, a limited-liability company taxed as a partnership, or multiple owners of property. 18 (o) In the case of a corporation, this credit is only allowed against the tax of a corporation 19 included in a consolidated return that qualifies for the credit and not against the tax of other 20 corporations that may join in the filing of a consolidated tax return. 21 (p) Upon request of a taxpayer and subject to annual appropriation, the state shall redeem 22 this credit, in whole or in part, for ninety percent (90%) of the value of the tax credit. The division 23 of taxation, in consultation with the commerce corporation, shall establish by regulation a 24 redemption process for tax credits. (q) Projects eligible to receive a tax credit under this chapter may, at the discretion of the 25 26 commerce corporation, be exempt from sales and use taxes imposed on the purchase of the following classes of personal property only to the extent utilized directly and exclusively in the 27 28 project: (1) Furniture, fixtures, and equipment, except automobiles, trucks, or other motor vehicles;

(r) The commerce corporation shall promulgate rules and regulations for the administration and certification of additional tax credit under subsection (e), including criteria for the eligibility, evaluation, prioritization, and approval of projects that qualify for such additional tax credit.

or (2) Other materials, including construction materials and supplies, that are depreciable and have

a useful life of one year or more and are essential to the project.

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(s) The commerce corporation shall not have any obligation to make any award or grant

1	any benefits under this chapter.
2	SECTION 2. Sections 44-33.6-2 and 44-33.6-3 of the General Laws in Chapter 44-33.6
3	entitled "Historic Preservation Tax Credits 2013" are hereby amended to read as follows:
4	44-33.6-2. Definitions.
5	As used in this chapter:
6	(1) "Certified historic structure" means a property which is located in the state of Rhode
7	Island and is:
8	(i) Listed individually on the national register of historic places; or
9	(ii) Listed individually in the state register of historic places; or
.0	(iii) Located in a registered historic district and certified by either the commission or
1	Secretary of the Interior as being of historic significance to the district.
2	(2) "Certified rehabilitation" means any rehabilitation of a certified historic structure
.3	consistent with the historic character of such property or the district in which the property is located
4	as determined by the commission guidelines.
.5	(3) "Substantial construction" means that: (i) the owner of a certified historic structure has
6	entered into a contract with the division of taxation and paid the processing fee; (ii) the commission
7	has certified that the certified historic structure's rehabilitation will be consistent with the standards
8	set forth in this chapter; and (iii) the owner has expended ten percent (10%) of its qualified
9	rehabilitation expenditures, estimated in the contract entered into with the division of taxation for
20	the project or its first phase of a phased project.
21	(4) "Commission" means the Rhode Island historical preservation and heritage commission
22	created pursuant to § 42-45-2.
23	(5) "Construction worker" means any laborer, mechanic, or machine operator employed by
24	a contractor or subcontractor in connection with the construction, alteration, repair, demolition
25	reconstruction, or other improvements to real property.
26	(5)(6) "Exempt from real property tax" means, with respect to any certified historic
27	structure, that the structure is exempt from taxation pursuant to § 44-3-3.
28	(6)(7) "Hard construction costs" means the direct contractor costs for labor, material,
29	equipment, and services associated with an approved project, contractors overhead and profit, and
80	other direct construction costs.
31	(7)(8) "Holding period" means twenty-four (24) months after the commission issues a
32	certificate of completed work to the owner. In the case of a rehabilitation which may reasonably be
3	expected to be completed in phases as described in subdivision (15) of this section, "holding period"
84	shall be extended to include a period of time beginning on the date of issuance of a certificate of

•	completed work for the first phase of phases for which a certificate of completed work is issued
2	and continuing until the expiration of twenty-four (24) months after the certificate of completed
3	work issued for the last phase.
4	(8)(9) "Part 2 application" means the Historic Preservation Certification Application Part
5	2–Description of Rehabilitation.
6	(9)(10) "Placed in service" means that substantial rehabilitation work has been completed
7	which would allow for occupancy of the entire structure or some identifiable portion of the
8	structure, as established in the Part 2 application.
9	(10)(11) "Principal residence" means the principal residence of the owner within the
0	meaning of section 121 of the Internal Revenue Code [26 U.S.C. § 121] or any successor provision
1	(11)(12) "Qualified rehabilitation expenditures" means any amounts expended in the
2	rehabilitation of a certified historic structure properly capitalized to the building and either:
.3	(i) Depreciable under the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. § 1 et seq., or
4	(ii) Made with respect to property (other than the principal residence of the owner) held for
.5	sale by the owner. Fees paid pursuant to this chapter are not qualified rehabilitation expenditures
6	Notwithstanding the foregoing, except in the case of a nonprofit corporation, there will be deducted
7	from qualified rehabilitation expenditures for the purposes of calculating the tax credit any funds
.8	made available to the person (including any entity specified in section 44-33.5-3(a)) incurring the
9	qualified rehabilitation expenditures in the form of a direct grant from a federal, state or local
20	governmental entity or agency or instrumentality of government.
21	(12)(13) "Registered historic district" means any district listed in the national register of
22	historic places or the state register of historic places.
23	(13)(14) "Remain idle" means that substantial work has ceased at the subject project; work
24	crews have been reduced by more than twenty-five percent (25%) for reasons unrelated to
25	scheduled completion of work in accordance with the project schedule, reasonably unanticipated
26	physical conditions, or force majeure; or the project schedule that was originally submitted by the
27	taxpayer to the commission has been extended by more than twelve (12) months for reasons other
28	than reasonably unanticipated physical conditions or an event of force majeure (by way of example
29	and not in limitation, any delays, work stoppage, or work force reduction caused by issues with
80	project funding, finances, disputes, or violation of laws shall be deemed to cause a project to remain
81	idle).
32	(14)(15) "Scattered site development" means a development project for which the
3	developer seeks unified financing to rehabilitate dwelling units in two (2) or more buildings located
84	in an area that is defined by a neighborhood revitalization plan and is not more than one mile in

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(15)(16) "Social club" means a corporation or other entity and/or its affiliate that offers its facilities primarily to members for social or recreational purposes and the majority source of its revenue is from funds and/or dues paid by its members and/or an entity defined as a social club pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code section 501(c)(7).

(16)(17) "Substantial rehabilitation" means, with respect to a certified historic structure, that the qualified rehabilitation expenses of the building during the twenty-four (24) month period selected by the taxpayer ending with or within the taxable year exceed the adjusted basis in such building and its structural components as of the beginning of such period. In the case of any rehabilitation, which may reasonably be expected to be completed in phases set forth in architectural plans and specifications completed before the rehabilitation begins, the above definition shall be applied by substituting "sixty (60) month period" for "twenty-four (24) month period."

(17)(18) "Trade or business" means an activity that is carried on for the production of income from the sale or manufacture of goods or performance of services, excluding residential rental activity.

44-33.6-3. Tax credit.

- (a) Subject to the maximum credit provisions set forth in subsections (c) and (d) below, any person, firm, partnership, trust, estate, limited liability company, corporation (whether for profit or nonprofit) or other business entity that incurs qualified rehabilitation expenditures for the substantial rehabilitation of a certified historic structure, provided the rehabilitation meets standards consistent with the standards of the Secretary of the United States Department of the Interior for rehabilitation as certified by the commission and said person, firm, partnership, trust, estate, limited liability company, corporation or other business entity is not a social club as defined in § 44-33.6-2(15) of this chapter, shall be entitled to a credit against the taxes imposed on such person or entity pursuant to chapter 11, 12, 13, 14, 17 or 30 of this title in an amount equal to the following:
 - (1) Twenty percent (20%) of the qualified rehabilitation expenditures; or
- (2) Twenty-five percent (25%) of the qualified rehabilitation expenditures provided that either:
- 30 (i) At least twenty-five percent (25%) of the total rentable area of the certified historic 31 structure will be made available for a trade or business; or
- 32 (ii) The entire rentable area located on the first floor of the certified historic structure will 33 be made available for a trade or business.
- 34 (b) Tax credits allowed pursuant to this chapter shall be allowed for the taxable year in

which such certified historic structure or an identifiable portion of the structure is placed in service provided that the substantial rehabilitation test is met for such year.

- (c) Maximum project credit. The credit allowed pursuant to this chapter shall not exceed five million dollars (\$5,000,000) for any certified rehabilitation project under this chapter. No building to be completed in phases or in multiple projects shall exceed the maximum project credit of five million dollars (\$5,000,000) for all phases or projects involved in the rehabilitation of such building.
- (d) Maximum aggregate credits. The aggregate credits authorized to be reserved pursuant to this chapter shall not exceed sums estimated to be available in the historic preservation tax credit trust fund pursuant to this chapter.
- (e) Subject to the exception provided in subsection (g) of this section, if the amount of the tax credit exceeds the taxpayer's total tax liability for the year in which the substantially rehabilitated property is placed in service, the amount that exceeds the taxpayer's tax liability may be carried forward for credit against the taxes imposed for the succeeding ten (10) years, or until the full credit is used, whichever occurs first for the tax credits. Credits allowed to a partnership, a limited liability company taxed as a partnership or multiple owners of property shall be passed through to the persons designated as partners, members or owners respectively pro rata or pursuant to an executed agreement among such persons designated as partners, members or owners documenting an alternate distribution method without regard to their sharing of other tax or economic attributes of such entity. Credits may be allocated to partners, members or owners that are exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3), section (c)(4) or section 501(c)(6) of the U.S. Code and these partners, members or owners must be treated as taxpayers for purposes of this section.
- (f) If the taxpayer has not claimed the tax credits in whole or part, taxpayers eligible for the tax credits may assign, transfer or convey the credits, in whole or in part, by sale or otherwise to any individual or entity, including, but not limited to, condominium owners in the event the certified historic structure is converted into condominiums and assignees of the credits that have not claimed the tax credits in whole or part may assign, transfer or convey the credits, in whole or in part, by sale or otherwise to any individual or entity. The assignee of the tax credits may use acquired credits to offset up to one hundred percent (100%) of the tax liabilities otherwise imposed pursuant to chapter 11, 12, 13, (other than the tax imposed under § 44-13-13), 14, 17 or 30 of this title. The assignee may apply the tax credit against taxes imposed on the assignee until the end of the tenth calendar year after the year in which the substantially rehabilitated property is placed in service or until the full credit assigned is used, whichever occurs first. Fiscal year assignees may

claim the credit until the expiration of the fiscal year that ends within the tenth year after the year in which the substantially rehabilitated property is placed in service. The assignor shall perfect the transfer by notifying the state of Rhode Island division of taxation, in writing, within thirty (30) calendar days following the effective date of the transfer and shall provide any information as may be required by the division of taxation to administer and carry out the provisions of this section.

For purposes of this chapter, any assignment or sales proceeds received by the taxpayer for its assignment or sale of the tax credits allowed pursuant to this section shall be exempt from this title. If a tax credit is subsequently recaptured under this chapter, revoked or adjusted, the seller's tax calculation for the year of revocation, recapture, or adjustment shall be increased by the total amount of the sales proceeds, without proration, as a modification under chapter 30 of this title. In the event that the seller is not a natural person, the seller's tax calculation under chapters 11, 12, 13 (other than with respect to the tax imposed under § 44-13-13), 14, 17, or 30 of this title, as applicable, for the year of revocation, recapture, or adjustment, shall be increased by including the total amount of the sales proceeds without proration.

- (g) Credits allowed to partners, members or owners that are exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3), section (c)(4) or section 501(c)(6) of the U.S. Code, and only said credits, shall be fully refundable.
 - (h) Substantial rehabilitation of property that either:
- (1) Is exempt from real property tax;
- 20 (2) Is a social club; or

- (3) Consists of a single family home or a property that contains less than three (3) residential apartments or condominiums shall be ineligible for the tax credits authorized under this chapter; provided, however, a scattered site development with five (5) or more residential units in the aggregate (which may include single family homes) shall be eligible for tax credit. In the event a certified historic structure undergoes a substantial rehabilitation pursuant to this chapter and within twenty-four (24) months after issuance of a certificate of completed work the property becomes exempt from real property tax, the taxpayer's tax for the year shall be increased by the total amount of credit actually used against the tax.
- (i) In the case of a corporation, this credit is only allowed against the tax of a corporation included in a consolidated return that qualifies for the credit and not against the tax of other corporations that may join in the filing of a consolidated tax return.
- (j) For construction projects in excess of ten million dollars (\$10,000,000), all construction workers shall be paid in accordance with the wages and benefits required pursuant to chapter 13 of title 37 and all contractors and subcontractors shall file certified payrolls on a monthly basis for all

- 1 work completed in the preceding month on a uniform form prescribed by the director of labor and
- 2 training. Failure to follow the requirements pursuant to chapter 13 of title 37 shall constitute a
- 3 material violation and a material breach of the agreement with the state. The tax administrator, in
- 4 consultation with the director of labor and training, shall promulgate such rules and regulations as
- 5 are necessary to implement the enforcement of this subsection.
- 6 (k) No tax credits shall be awarded under this chapter unless the division of taxation
- 7 receives confirmation from the department of labor and training that there has been compliance
- 8 with the prevailing wage requirements set forth in subsection (j) of this section.
- 9 SECTION 3. This act shall take effect on January 1, 2023.

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LC005270/SUB B/2

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO STATE AFFAIRS AND GOVERNMENT -- REBUILD RHODE ISLAND TAX CREDIT

This act would provide a definition for "construction worker" in sections relating to tax
credits and would provide that construction workers be paid in accordance with wage and benefits
required under the chapter on labor and payments of debts by contractors.

This act would take effect on January 1, 2023.

LC005270/SUB B/2