LC003650

# STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

### IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

### **JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2020**

### AN ACT

# RELATING TO FOOD AND DRUGS -- UNIFORM CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT -- NON-OPIATE DIRECTIVE

Introduced By: Senators Satchell, Miller, Valverde, and McCaffrey

<u>Date Introduced:</u> February 04, 2020

Referred To: Senate Health & Human Services

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 21-28-3.33 of the General Laws in Chapter 21-28 entitled "Uniform

Controlled Substances Act" is hereby amended to read as follows:

# 21-28-3.33. Voluntary non-opiate directive form.

- 4 (a) The department shall establish a voluntary non-opiate directive form. The form shall
- 5 indicate to all practitioners that an individual shall not be administered or offered a prescription or
- 6 medication order for an opiate. The form shall be posted on the department's searchable website.
- 7 An individual may execute and file a voluntary non-opiate directive form with the department as
- 8 <u>provided by the director</u> with a practitioner licensed under chapter 37 of title 5 or other authority
- 9 authorized by the director to accept the voluntary non-opiate directive form for filing. An
- 10 individual may revoke the voluntary non-opiate directive form for any reason and may do so by
- 11 written or oral means.

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- 12 (b) The department shall promulgate regulations for the implementation of the voluntary
- 13 non-opiate directive form that shall include, but not be limited to:
- 14 (1) The procedures to record the voluntary non-opiate directive form in the individual's
- 15 <u>electronic health record and in the</u> prescription drug monitoring program established pursuant to §
- 16 21-28-3.18;
- 17 (2) A standard form for the recording and transmission of the voluntary non-opiate
- directive form that shall include verification by a practitioner registered under chapter 37 of title 5

1 and that shall comply with the written consent requirements of the Public Health Service Act, 42 2 U.S.C. § 290dd-2(b), and 42 C.F.R. Part 2; provided, however, that the voluntary non-opiate 3 directive form shall also provide the basic procedures necessary to revoke the voluntary non-4 opiate directive form; 5 (3) The requirements for an individual to appoint a duly authorized guardian or health 6 care proxy to override a previously recorded voluntary non-opiate directive form; 7 (4) The procedures to ensure that any recording, sharing, or distribution of data relative to 8 the voluntary non-opiate directive form complies with all state and federal confidentiality laws; 9 and 10 (5) Appropriate exemptions for pre-hospital emergency medical services providers and 11 other medical personnel. 12 (c) A written prescription that is presented at an outpatient pharmacy or a prescription 13 that is electronically transmitted to an outpatient pharmacy shall be presumed to be valid for the 14 purposes of this section and a pharmacist in an outpatient setting shall not be held in violation of

(c) A written prescription that is presented at an outpatient pharmacy or a prescription that is electronically transmitted to an outpatient pharmacy shall be presumed to be valid for the purposes of this section and a pharmacist in an outpatient setting shall not be held in violation of this section for dispensing a controlled substance in contradiction to a voluntary non-opiate directive form, except upon evidence that the pharmacist acted knowingly against the voluntary non-opiate directive form.

- (d) No health care provider or employee of a health care provider acting in good faith shall be subject to criminal or civil liability or be considered to have engaged in unprofessional conduct for failing to offer or administer a prescription or medication order for an opiate under the voluntary non-opiate directive form.
- (e) No person acting as an agent pursuant to a health care proxy shall be subject to criminal or civil liability for making a decision under subsection (b)(3) of this section in good faith.
- (f) The board of medical licensure and discipline The department of health may limit, condition, or suspend the license of or assess fines against a licensed health care provider who recklessly or negligently fails to comply with a person's voluntary non-opiate directive form.
- SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage.

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### **EXPLANATION**

### BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

## AN ACT

### RELATING TO FOOD AND DRUGS -- UNIFORM CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT --NON-OPIATE DIRECTIVE

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This act would direct an individual to file a voluntary non-opiate directive form with the 2 department of health and delete the requirement to file with a licensed practitioner or any other 3 authority. This act would delete the requirement to record the non-opiate directive form in the 4 individual's electronic health record. This act would also delete the requirement of including the 5 verification of a registered practitioner on the standard form of recording and transmission. This act would replace the board of medical licensure and discipline with the department of health to 6 7 impose any limits, conditions, suspensions or fines against any licensed health care provider for 8 recklessly or negligently failing to comply with a person's voluntary non-opiate directive form. 9 This act would take effect upon passage.

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