LC003919

19

engineering and mathematics.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2020

AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION - STAY INVESTED IN RI WAVEMAKER FELLOWSHIP

Introduced By: Senators Pearson, Cano, Valverde, and Satchell

Date Introduced: February 04, 2020

Referred To: Senate Finance

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Chapter 42-64.26 of the General Laws entitled "Stay Invested in RI 2 Wavemaker Fellowship" is hereby repealed in its entirety. 3 **CHAPTER 42-64.26** 4 Stay Invested in RI Wavemaker Fellowship 5 42-64.26-1. Short title. This chapter shall be known as the "Stay Invested in RI Wavemaker Fellowship." 6 7 42-64.26-2. Legislative findings. 8 The general assembly finds and declares: 9 (1) A well educated citizenry is critical to this state's ability to compete in the national 10 and global economies. (2) Higher education both benefits individual students and is a public good benefitting the 11 12 state as a whole. (3) Excessive student loan debt is impeding economic growth in this state. Faced with 13 excessive repayment burdens, many individuals are unable to start businesses, invest or buy 14 15 homes, and may be forced to leave the state in search of higher paying jobs elsewhere. 16 (4) Relieving student loan debt would give these individuals greater control over their earnings, would increase entrepreneurship and demand for goods and services, and would enable 17 18 employers in this state to recruit and retain graduates in the fields of science, technology,

	C, and the result of the resul
2	goals:
3	(i) Promote economic opportunity for people in this state by ensuring access to the
4	training and higher education that higher paying jobs require;
5	(ii) Bring more and higher paying jobs to this state by increasing the skill level of this
6	state's workforce;
7	(iii) Offer educational opportunity and retraining to individuals impacted by job loss,
8	workplace injury, disability or other hardship;
9	(iv) Keep young people in the state through incentives for educational opportunity and
10	creation of more high paying jobs;
11	(v) Encourage an entrepreneurial economy in Rhode Island; and
12	(vi) Accomplish all of the goals in this chapter with as little bureaucracy as possible.
13	42-64.26-3. Definitions.
14	As used in this chapter:
15	(1) "Eligible graduate" means an individual who meets the eligibility requirements under
16	this chapter.
17	(2) "Applicant" means an eligible graduate who applies for a tax credit for education loan
18	repayment expenses under this chapter.
19	(3) "Award" means a tax credit awarded by the commerce corporation to an applicant as
20	provided under this chapter.
21	(4) "Taxpayer" means an applicant who receives a tax credit under this chapter.
22	(5) "Commerce corporation" means the Rhode Island commerce corporation established
23	pursuant to chapter 64 of title 42.
24	(6) "Eligible expenses" or "education loan repayment expenses" means annual higher
25	education loan repayment expenses, including, without limitation, principal, interest and fees, as
26	may be applicable, incurred by an eligible graduate and which the eligible graduate is obligated to
27	repay for attendance at a post secondary institution of higher learning.
28	(7) "Eligibility period" means a term of up to four (4) consecutive service periods
29	beginning with the date that an eligible graduate receives initial notice of award under this
30	chapter and expiring at the conclusion of the fourth service period after such date specified.
31	(8) "Eligibility requirements" means the following qualifications or criteria required for
32	an applicant to claim an award under this chapter:
33	(i) That the applicant shall have graduated from an accredited two (2) year, four (4) year
34	or graduate nost secondary institution of higher learning with an associate's bachelor's graduate

2	(ii) That the applicant shall be a full time employee with a Rhode Island based employee
3	located in this state throughout the eligibility period, whose employment is for work in one or
4	more of the following covered fields: life, natural or environmental sciences; computer
5	information or software technology; advanced mathematics or finance; engineering; industria
6	design or other commercially related design field; or medicine or medical device technology.
7	(9) "Full-time employee" means a person who is employed by a business for
8	consideration for a minimum of at least thirty five (35) hours per week, or who renders any other
9	standard of service generally accepted by custom or practice as full time employment, or who is
0	employed by a professional employer organization pursuant to an employee leasing agreement
1	between the business and the professional employer organization for a minimum of thirty five
12	(35) hours per week, or who renders any other standard of service generally accepted by custom
13	or practice as full time employment, and whose wages are subject to withholding.
14	(10) "Service period" means a twelve (12) month period beginning on the date that ar
15	eligible graduate receives initial notice of award under this chapter.
16	(11) "Student loan" means a loan to an individual by a public authority or private lender
17	to assist the individual to pay for tuition, books, and living expenses in order to attend a post-
18	secondary institution of higher learning.
19	(12) "Rhode Island based employer" means (i) an employer having a principal place of
20	business or at least fifty one percent (51%) of its employees located in this state; or (ii) ar
21	employer registered to conduct business in this state that reported Rhode Island tax liability in the
22	previous tax year.
23	(13) "Fund" refers to the "Stay Invested in RI Wavemaker Fellowship Fund" established
24	pursuant to § 42-64.26-4.
25	42-64.26-4. Establishment of fund Purposes Composition.
26	(a) There is hereby established the "Stay Invested in RI Wavemaker Fellowship Fund"
27	(the "fund") to be administered by the commerce corporation as set forth in this chapter.
28	(b) The purpose of the fund is to expand employment opportunities in the state and to
29	retain talented individuals in the state by providing tax credits in relation to education loan
30	repayment expenses to applicants who meet the eligibility requirements under this chapter.
31	(c) The fund shall consist of:
32	(1) Money appropriated in the state budget to the fund;
33	(2) Money made available to the fund through federal programs or private contributions
34	and

(3) Any other money made available to the fund.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

(d) The fund shall be used to pay for the redemption of tax credits or reimbursement to the state for tax credits applied against a taxpayer's tax liability. The fund shall be exempt from attachment, levy or any other process at law or in equity. The director of the department of revenue shall make a requisition to the commerce corporation for funding during any fiscal year as may be necessary to pay for the redemption of tax credits presented for redemption or to reimburse the state for tax credits applied against a taxpayer's tax liability. The commerce corporation shall pay from the fund such amounts as requested by the director of the department of revenue necessary for redemption or reimbursement in relation to tax credits granted under this chapter.

42-64.26-5. Administration.

- (a) Application. An eligible graduate claiming an award under this chapter shall submit to the commerce corporation an application in the manner that the commerce corporation shall prescribe.
- (b) Upon receipt of a proper application from an applicant who meets all of the eligibility requirements, the commerce corporation shall select applicants on a competitive basis to receive eredits for up to a maximum amount for each service period of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for an associate's degree holder, four thousand dollars (\$4,000) for a bachelor's degree holder, and six thousand dollars (\$6,000) for a graduate or post graduate degree holder, but not to exceed the education loan repayment expenses incurred by such taxpayer during each service period completed, for up to four (4) consecutive service periods provided that the taxpayer continues to meet the eligibility requirements throughout the eligibility period. The commerce corporation shall delegate the selection of the applicants that are to receive awards to a fellowship committee to be convened by the commerce corporation and promulgate the selection procedures the fellowship committee will use, which procedures shall require that the committee's consideration of applications be conducted on a name blind and employer blind basis and that the applications and other supporting documents received or reviewed by the fellowship committee shall be redacted of the applicant's name, street address, and other personally identifying information as well as the applicant's employer's name, street address, and other employer-identifying information. The commerce corporation shall determine the composition of the fellowship committee and the selection procedures it will use in consultation with the state's chambers of commerce.
- (c) The credits awarded under this chapter shall not exceed one hundred percent (100%) of the education loan repayment expenses incurred by such taxpayer during each service period

1	completed for up to four (4) consecutive service periods. Tax credits shall be issued annually to
2	the taxpayer upon proof that (i) the taxpayer has actually incurred and paid such education loan
3	repayment expenses; (ii) the taxpayer continues to meet the eligibility requirements throughout
4	the service period; (iii) The award shall not exceed the original loan amount plus any capitalized
5	interest less award previously claimed under this section; and (iv) that the taxpayer claiming an
6	award is current on his or her student loan repayment obligations.
7	(d) The commerce corporation shall not commit to overall awards in excess of the
8	amount contained in the fund.
9	(e) The commerce corporation shall reserve seventy percent (70%) of the awards issued
10	in a calendar year to applicants who are permanent residents of the state of Rhode Island or who
11	attended an institution of higher education located in Rhode Island when they incurred the
12	education loan expenses to be repaid.
13	(f) In administering award, the commerce corporation shall:
14	(1) Require suitable proof that an applicant meets the eligibility requirements for award
15	under this chapter;
16	(2) Determine the contents of applications and other materials to be submitted in support
17	of an application for award under this chapter; and
18	(3) Collect reports and other information during the eligibility period for each award to
19	verify that a taxpayer continues to meet the eligibility requirements for an award.
20	42-64.26-6. Reporting.
21	(a) The commerce corporation shall require taxpayers to submit annual reports, in such
22	form and on such dates as the commerce corporation shall require, in order to confirm that the
23	taxpayer continues to meet all of the eligibility requirements of this chapter and as a prerequisite
24	to funding any award of tax credits under this chapter.
25	(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no taxpayer shall receive an award
26	without first consenting to the public disclosure of the receipt of any award given under this
27	chapter. The commerce corporation shall annually publish a list of taxpayers receiving awards
28	under this program, their post secondary institution of higher learning, and their employer on the
29	commerce corporation website and in such other locations as it deems appropriate.
30	42-64.26-7. Remedies.
31	(a) If an eligible graduate receiving an award under this chapter violates any provision of
32	
	this chapter or ceases to meet the eligibility requirements of this chapter, the commerce
33	this chapter or ceases to meet the eligibility requirements of this chapter, the commerce corporation may, on reasonable notice:

1	requirements of the award, or
2	(2) Terminate the award.
3	42-64.26-8. Carry forward and redemption of tax credits.
4	(a) If the amount of the tax credit allowed under this chapter exceeds the taxpayer's total
5	tax liability for the year in which the credit is allowed, the amount of such credit that exceeds the
6	taxpayer's tax liability may be carried forward and applied against the taxes imposed for the
7	succeeding four (4) years, or until the full credit is used, whichever occurs first.
8	(b) The tax credit allowed under this chapter may be used as a credit against personal
9	income taxes imposed under chapter 30 of title 44.
10	(c) The division of taxation shall at the request of a taxpayer redeem such credits in
11	whole or in part for one hundred percent (100%) of the value of the tax credit.
12	(d) Any amounts paid to a taxpayer for the redemption of tax credits allowed pursuant to
13	this section shall be exempt from taxation under title 44 of the General Laws.
14	42-64.26-9. Implementation guidelines, rules, regulations.
15	(a) The commerce corporation may adopt implementation guidelines, rules, and
16	regulations pursuant to § 42-35-3 as are necessary for the implementation of this chapter.
17	(b) The commerce corporation shall adopt guidelines to assure integrity and eliminate
18	potential conflicts of interest in the issuing of awards.
19	(c) The division of taxation may adopt implementation guidelines, directives, criteria, and
20	rules and regulations pursuant to section 42-35-3 of the General Laws, as are necessary for the
21	implementation of the division's responsibilities under this chapter.
22	42-64.26-10. Promotion by state agencies.
23	(a) The commerce corporation and any other agencies engaging in education related
24	outreach shall integrate promotion of the program into existing educational opportunity outreach
25	efforts to the extent possible in a manner consistent with the scope of the program and its
26	centrality to the state's efforts to raise educational attainment, including, without limitation,
27	promoting the program to Rhode Island permanent residents who enroll in accredited Rhode
28	Island colleges or universities and receive financial aid in the form of student loans.
29	42-64.26-11. Program integrity.
30	Program integrity being of paramount importance, the commerce corporation shall
31	establish procedures to ensure ongoing compliance with the terms and conditions of the program
32	established herein and to safeguard the expenditure of public funds.
33	<u>42-64.26-12. Sunset.</u>
34	No incentives or credits shall be authorized pursuant to this chapter after December 31.

No incentives or credits shall be authorized pursuant to this chapter after December 31,

2018.

2 SECTION 2. Section 44-30-2.6 of the General Laws in Chapter 44-30 entitled "Personal Income Tax" is hereby amended to read as follows:

44-30-2.6. Rhode Island taxable income -- Rate of tax.

- (a) "Rhode Island taxable income" means federal taxable income as determined under the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. § 1 et seq., not including the increase in the basic, standard-deduction amount for married couples filing joint returns as provided in the Jobs and Growth Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2003 and the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001 (EGTRRA), and as modified by the modifications in § 44-30-12.
 - (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of §§ 44-30-1 and 44-30-2, for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, a Rhode Island personal income tax is imposed upon the Rhode Island taxable income of residents and nonresidents, including estates and trusts, at the rate of twenty-five and one-half percent (25.5%) for tax year 2001, and twenty-five percent (25%) for tax year 2002 and thereafter of the federal income tax rates, including capital gains rates and any other special rates for other types of income, except as provided in § 44-30-2.7, which were in effect immediately prior to enactment of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001 (EGTRRA); provided, rate schedules shall be adjusted for inflation by the tax administrator beginning in taxable year 2002 and thereafter in the manner prescribed for adjustment by the commissioner of Internal Revenue in 26 U.S.C. § 1(f). However, for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2006, a taxpayer may elect to use the alternative flat tax rate provided in § 44-30-2.10 to calculate his or her personal income tax liability.
 - (c) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, if a taxpayer has an alternative minimum tax for federal tax purposes, the taxpayer shall determine if he or she has a Rhode Island alternative minimum tax. The Rhode Island alternative minimum tax shall be computed by multiplying the federal tentative minimum tax without allowing for the increased exemptions under the Jobs and Growth Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2003 (as redetermined on federal form 6251 Alternative Minimum Tax-Individuals) by twenty-five and one-half percent (25.5%) for tax year 2001, and twenty-five percent (25%) for tax year 2002 and thereafter, and comparing the product to the Rhode Island tax as computed otherwise under this section. The excess shall be the taxpayer's Rhode Island alternative minimum tax.
 - (1) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, and thereafter, the exemption amount for alternative minimum tax, for Rhode Island purposes, shall be adjusted for inflation by the tax administrator in the manner prescribed for adjustment by the commissioner of Internal Revenue in 26 U.S.C. § 1(f).

1	(2) For the period January 1, 200	7, through December 31, 2007, and thereafter, Rhode
2	Island taxable income shall be determined by deducting from federal adjusted gross income as	
3	defined in 26 U.S.C. § 62 as modified by the modifications in § 44-30-12 the Rhode Island	
4	itemized-deduction amount and the Rhode Island exemption amount as determined in this	
5	section.	
6	(A) Tax imposed.	
7	(1) There is hereby imposed on	the taxable income of married individuals filing joint
8	returns and surviving spouses a tax determ	ined in accordance with the following table:
9	If taxable income is:	The tax is:
10	Not over \$53,150	3.75% of taxable income
11	Over \$53,150 but not over \$128,500	\$1,993.13 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$53,150
12	Over \$128,500 but not over \$195,850	\$7,267.63 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$128,500
13	Over \$195,850 but not over \$349,700	\$12,487.25 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$195,850
14	Over \$349,700	\$26,333.75 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700
15	(2) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of every head of household a tax	
16	determined in accordance with the following table:	
17	If taxable income is:	The tax is:
18	Not over \$42,650	3.75% of taxable income
19	Over \$42,650 but not over \$110,100 \$1,599.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$42,650	
20	Over \$110,100 but not over \$178,350 \$6,320.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$110,100	
21	Over \$178,350 but not over \$349,700	\$11,610.25 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$178,350
22	Over \$349,700	\$27,031.75 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700
23	(3) There is hereby imposed on the	he taxable income of unmarried individuals (other than
24	surviving spouses and heads of household	s) a tax determined in accordance with the following
25	table:	
26	If taxable income is:	The tax is:
27	Not over \$31,850	3.75% of taxable income
28	Over \$31,850 but not over \$77,100	\$1,194.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$31,850
29	Over \$77,100 but not over \$160,850	\$4,361.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$77,100
30	Over \$160,850 but not over \$349,700	\$10,852.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$160,850
31	Over \$349,700	\$27,849.00 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700
32	(4) There is hereby imposed on the	ne taxable income of married individuals filing separate
33	returns and bankruptcy estates a tax determ	nined in accordance with the following table:
34	If taxable income is:	The tax is:

1	Not over \$26,575	3.75% of taxable income
2	Over \$26,575 but not over \$64,250	\$996.56 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$26,575
3	Over \$64,250 but not over \$97,925	\$3,633.81 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$64,250
4	Over \$97,925 but not over \$174,850	\$6,243.63 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$97,925
5	Over \$174,850	\$13,166.88 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$174,850
6	(5) There is hereby imposed a taxab	ble income of an estate or trust a tax determined in
7	accordance with the following table:	
8	If taxable income is:	The tax is:
9	Not over \$2,150	3.75% of taxable income
10	Over \$2,150 but not over \$5,000	\$80.63 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$2,150
11	Over \$5,000 but not over \$7,650	\$280.13 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$5,000
12	Over \$7,650 but not over \$10,450	\$485.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$7,650
13	Over \$10,450	\$737.50 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$10,450
14	(6) Adjustments for inflation.	
15	The dollars amount contained in paragraph (A) shall be increased by an amount equal to:	
16	(a) Such dollar amount contained in p	aragraph (A) in the year 1993, multiplied by;
17	(b) The cost-of-living adjustment dete	ermined under section (J) with a base year of 1993;
18	(c) The cost-of-living adjustment refe	rred to in subparagraphs (a) and (b) used in making
19	adjustments to the nine percent (9%) and nine	and nine tenths percent (9.9%) dollar amounts shall
20	be determined under section (J) by substituting	g "1994" for "1993."
21	(B) Maximum capital gains rates.	
22	(1) In general.	
23	If a taxpayer has a net capital gain for	or tax years ending prior to January 1, 2010, the tax
24	imposed by this section for such taxable year shall not exceed the sum of:	
25	(a) 2.5 % of the net capital gain as reported for federal income tax purposes under section	
26	26 U.S.C. § 1(h)(1)(a) and 26 U.S.C. § 1(h)(1	(b).
27	(b) 5% of the net capital gain as reported for federal income tax purposes under 26 U.S.C	
28	§ 1(h)(1)(c).	
29	(c) 6.25% of the net capital gain as	reported for federal income tax purposes under 26
30	U.S.C. § 1(h)(1)(d).	
31	(d) 7% of the net capital gain as repor	ted for federal income tax purposes under 26 U.S.C.
32	§ 1(h)(1)(e).	
33	(2) For tax years beginning on or af	ter January 1, 2010, the tax imposed on net capital
34	gain shall be determined under subdivision 44	-30-2.6(c)(2)(A).

1	(C) Itemized deductions.	
2	(1) In general.	
3	For the purposes of section (2), "itemized deductions" means the amount of federal	
4	itemized deductions as modified by the modifications in § 44-30-12.	
5	(2) Individuals who do not itemize their deductions.	
6	In the case of an individual who does not elect to itemize his deductions	for the taxable
7	year, they may elect to take a standard deduction.	
8	(3) Basic standard deduction.	
9	The Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in accordance wit	h the following
10	table:	
11	Filing status	Amount
12	Single	\$5,350
13	Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)	\$8,900
14	Married filing separately	\$4,450
15	Head of Household	\$7,850
16	(4) Additional standard deduction for the aged and blind. An additional standard	
17	deduction shall be allowed for individuals age sixty-five (65) or older or blind in	the amount of
18	\$1,300 for individuals who are not married and \$1,050 for individuals who are married.	
19	(5) Limitation on basic standard deduction in the case of certain dependents.	
20	In the case of an individual to whom a deduction under section (E) is allow	able to another
21	taxpayer, the basic standard deduction applicable to such individual shall not exceed the greater	
22	of:	
23	(a) \$850;	
24	(b) The sum of \$300 and such individual's earned income;	
25	(6) Certain individuals not eligible for standard deduction.	
26	In the case of:	
27	(a) A married individual filing a separate return where either spouse itemizes deductions;	
28	(b) Nonresident alien individual;	
29	(c) An estate or trust;	
30	The standard deduction shall be zero.	
31	(7) Adjustments for inflation.	
32	Each dollar amount contained in paragraphs (3), (4) and (5) shall be in	icreased by an
33	amount equal to:	
34	(a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraphs (3), (4) and (5) in t	the year 1988,

1	multiplied by		
2	(b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1988.		
3	(D) Overall limitation on itemized deductions.		
4	(1) General rule.		
5	In the case of an individual whose adjusted gross income as modified by § 44-30-12		
6	exceeds the applicable amount, the amount of the itemized deductions otherwise allowable for the		
7	taxable year shall be reduced by the lesser of:		
8	(a) Three percent (3%) of the excess of adjusted gross income as modified by § 44-30-12		
9	over the applicable amount; or		
10	(b) Eighty percent (80%) of the amount of the itemized deductions otherwise allowable		
11	for such taxable year.		
12	(2) Applicable amount.		
13	(a) In general.		
14	For purposes of this section, the term "applicable amount" means \$156,400 (\$78,200 in		
15	the case of a separate return by a married individual)		
16	(b) Adjustments for inflation.		
17	Each dollar amount contained in paragraph (a) shall be increased by an amount equal to:		
18	(i) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (a) in the year 1991, multiplied by		
19	(ii) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1991.		
20	(3) Phase-out of Limitation.		
21	(a) In general.		
22	In the case of taxable year beginning after December 31, 2005, and before January 1,		
23	2010, the reduction under section (1) shall be equal to the applicable fraction of the amount which		
24	4 would be the amount of such reduction.		
25	(b) Applicable fraction.		
26	For purposes of paragraph (a), the applicable fraction shall be determined in accordance		
27	with the following table:		
28	For taxable years beginning in calendar year The applicable fraction is		
29	2006 and 2007 2/3		
30	2008 and 2009 1/3		
31	(E) Exemption amount.		
32	(1) In general.		
33	Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the term "exemption amount" means		
34	\$3,400.		

1	(2) Exemption amount disallowed in case of certain dependents.	
2	In the case of an individual with respect to whom a deduction	n under this section is
3	allowable to another taxpayer for the same taxable year, the exemption an	nount applicable to such
4	individual for such individual's taxable year shall be zero.	
5	(3) Adjustments for inflation.	
6	The dollar amount contained in paragraph (1) shall be increased by	y an amount equal to:
7	(a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (1) in the year 1989	9, multiplied by
8	(b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with	h a base year of 1989.
9	(4) Limitation.	
10	(a) In general.	
11	In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross income as modif	fied for the taxable year
12	exceeds the threshold amount shall be reduced by the applicable percentage	ge.
13	(b) Applicable percentage.	
14	In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross income for the ta	axable year exceeds the
15	threshold amount, the exemption amount shall be reduced by two (2) pero	centage points for each
16	\$2,500 (or fraction thereof) by which the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the taxable year	
17	exceeds the threshold amount. In the case of a married individual filing	a separate return, the
18	preceding sentence shall be applied by substituting "\$1,250" for "\$2,500." In no event shall the	
19	applicable percentage exceed one hundred percent (100%).	
20	(c) Threshold Amount.	
21	For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "threshold amount" s	shall be determined with
22	the following table:	
23	Filing status	Amount
24	Single	\$156,400
25	Married filing jointly of qualifying widow(er)	\$234,600
26	Married filing separately	\$117,300
27	Head of Household	\$195,500
28	(d) Adjustments for inflation.	
29	Each dollar amount contained in paragraph (b) shall be increased by	by an amount equal to:
30	(i) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (b) in the year 1991	, multiplied by
31	(ii) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) wit	h a base year of 1991.
32	(5) Phase-out of limitation.	
33	(a) In general.	
34	In the case of taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005	, and before January 1,

1	2010, the reduction under section 4 shall be equal to the appr	icable fraction of the amount which
2	would be the amount of such reduction.	
3	(b) Applicable fraction.	
4	For the purposes of paragraph (a), the applicable	le fraction shall be determined in
5	accordance with the following table:	
6	For taxable years beginning in calendar year	The applicable fraction is
7	2006 and 2007	2/3
8	2008 and 2009	1/3
9	(F) Alternative minimum tax.	
10	(1) General rule. There is hereby imposed (in additi	on to any other tax imposed by this
11	subtitle) a tax equal to the excess (if any) of:	
12	(a) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year, ov	ver .
13	(b) The regular tax for the taxable year.	
14	(2) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year is	the sum of:
15	(a) 6.5 percent of so much of the taxable excess as do	pes not exceed \$175,000, plus
16	(b) 7.0 percent of so much of the taxable excess above	e \$175,000.
17	(3) The amount determined under the preceding	sentence shall be reduced by the
18	alternative minimum tax foreign tax credit for the taxable year	r.
19	(4) Taxable excess. For the purposes of this subsection	ion the term "taxable excess" means
20	so much of the federal alternative minimum taxable income a	as modified by the modifications in §
21	44-30-12 as exceeds the exemption amount.	
22	(5) In the case of a married individual filing a separa	ate return, subparagraph (2) shall be
23	applied by substituting "\$87,500" for \$175,000 each place it a	ppears.
24	(6) Exemption amount.	
25	For purposes of this section "exemption amount" mea	ns:
26	Filing status	Amount
27	Single	\$39,150
28	Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)	\$53,700
29	Married filing separately	\$26,850
30	Head of Household	\$39,150
31	Estate or trust	\$24,650
32	(7) Treatment of unearned income of minor children	
33	(a) In general.	
34	In the case of a minor child the exemption amount	for nurnoses of section (6) shall not

1	exceed the sum of:	
2	(i) Such child's earned income, plus	
3	(ii) \$6,000.	
4	(8) Adjustments for inflation.	
5	The dollar amount contained in paragraphs (6) and (7) shall be increased by an amount	ıt
6	equal to:	
7	(a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraphs (6) and (7) in the year 2004, multiplie	d
8	by	
9	(b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 2004.	
10	(9) Phase-out.	
11	(a) In general.	
12	The exemption amount of any taxpayer shall be reduced (but not below zero) by a	n
13	amount equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the amount by which alternative minimum taxable	e
14	income of the taxpayer exceeds the threshold amount.	
15	(b) Threshold amount.	
16	For purposes of this paragraph, the term "threshold amount" shall be determined with the	e
17	following table:	
18	Filing status Amount	
19	Single \$123,250	
20	Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$164,350	
21	Married filing separately \$82,175	
22	Head of Household \$123,250	
23	Estate or Trust \$82,150	
24	(c) Adjustments for inflation	
25	Each dollar amount contained in paragraph (9) shall be increased by an amount equal to:	
26	(i) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (9) in the year 2004, multiplied by	
27	(ii) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 2004.	
28	(G) Other Rhode Island taxes.	
29	(1) General rule. There is hereby imposed (in addition to any other tax imposed by thi	S
30	subtitle) a tax equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of:	
31	(a) The Federal income tax on lump-sum distributions.	
32	(b) The Federal income tax on parents' election to report child's interest and dividends.	
33	(c) The recapture of Federal tax credits that were previously claimed on Rhode Islan	d
34	return.	

1 (H) Tax for children under 18 with investment income. 2 (1) General rule. There is hereby imposed a tax equal to twenty-five percent 3 (25%) of: 4 (a) The Federal tax for children under the age of 18 with investment income. 5 (I) Averaging of farm income. (1) General rule. At the election of an individual engaged in a farming business or fishing 6 7 business, the tax imposed in section 2 shall be equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of: 8 (a) The Federal averaging of farm income as determined in IRC section 1301 [26 U.S.C. § 1301]. 9 10 (J) Cost-of-living adjustment. 11 (1) In general. 12 The cost-of-living adjustment for any calendar year is the percentage (if any) by which: 13 (a) The CPI for the preceding calendar year exceeds 14 (b) The CPI for the base year. 15 (2) CPI for any calendar year. 16 For purposes of paragraph (1), the CPI for any calendar year is the average of the 17 consumer price index as of the close of the twelve (12) month period ending on August 31 of 18 such calendar year. 19 (3) Consumer price index. 20 For purposes of paragraph (2), the term "consumer price index" means the last consumer 21 price index for all urban consumers published by the department of labor. For purposes of the 22 preceding sentence, the revision of the consumer price index that is most consistent with the 23 consumer price index for calendar year 1986 shall be used. 24 (4) Rounding. 25 (a) In general. 26 If any increase determined under paragraph (1) is not a multiple of \$50, such increase 27 shall be rounded to the next lowest multiple of \$50. 28 (b) In the case of a married individual filing a separate return, subparagraph (a) shall be 29 applied by substituting "\$25" for \$50 each place it appears. 30 (K) Credits against tax. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, a taxpayer 31 entitled to any of the following federal credits enacted prior to January 1, 1996, shall be entitled 32 to a credit against the Rhode Island tax imposed under this section: 33 (1) [Deleted by P.L. 2007, ch. 73, art. 7, § 5].

(2) Child and dependent care credit;

34

1	(3) General business credits;
2	(4) Credit for elderly or the disabled;
3	(5) Credit for prior year minimum tax;
4	(6) Mortgage interest credit;
5	(7) Empowerment zone employment credit;
6	(8) Qualified electric vehicle credit.
7	(L) Credit against tax for adoption. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2006, a
8	taxpayer entitled to the federal adoption credit shall be entitled to a credit against the Rhode
9	Island tax imposed under this section if the adopted child was under the care, custody, or
10	supervision of the Rhode Island department of children, youth and families prior to the adoption.
11	(M) The credit shall be twenty-five percent (25%) of the aforementioned federal credits
12	provided there shall be no deduction based on any federal credits enacted after January 1, 1996,
13	including the rate reduction credit provided by the federal Economic Growth and Tax
14	Reconciliation Act of 2001 (EGTRRA). In no event shall the tax imposed under this section be
15	reduced to less than zero. A taxpayer required to recapture any of the above credits for federal tax
16	purposes shall determine the Rhode Island amount to be recaptured in the same manner as
17	prescribed in this subsection.
18	(N) Rhode Island earned-income credit .
19	(1) In general.
20	For tax years beginning before January 1, 2015, a taxpayer entitled to a federal earned-
21	income credit shall be allowed a Rhode Island earned-income credit equal to twenty-five percent
22	(25%) of the federal earned-income credit. Such credit shall not exceed the amount of the Rhode
23	Island income tax.
24	For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, and before January 1, 2016, a
25	taxpayer entitled to a federal earned-income credit shall be allowed a Rhode Island earned-
26	income credit equal to ten percent (10%) of the federal earned-income credit. Such credit shall
27	not exceed the amount of the Rhode Island income tax.
28	For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2016, a taxpayer entitled to a federal
29	earned-income credit shall be allowed a Rhode Island earned-income credit equal to twelve and
30	one-half percent (12.5%) of the federal earned-income credit. Such credit shall not exceed the
31	amount of the Rhode Island income tax.
32	For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2017, a taxpayer entitled to a federal
33	earned-income credit shall be allowed a Rhode Island earned-income credit equal to fifteen

1 Rhode Island income tax. 2 (2) Refundable portion. 3 In the event the Rhode Island earned-income credit allowed under paragraph (N)(1) of 4 this section exceeds the amount of Rhode Island income tax, a refundable earned-income credit 5 shall be allowed as follows. (i) For tax years beginning before January 1, 2015, for purposes of paragraph (2) 6 7 refundable earned-income credit means fifteen percent (15%) of the amount by which the Rhode 8 Island earned-income credit exceeds the Rhode Island income tax. 9 (ii) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, for purposes of paragraph (2) 10 refundable earned-income credit means one hundred percent (100%) of the amount by which the 11 Rhode Island earned-income credit exceeds the Rhode Island income tax. 12 (O) The tax administrator shall recalculate and submit necessary revisions to paragraphs 13 (A) through (J) to the general assembly no later than February 1, 2010, and every three (3) years 14 thereafter for inclusion in the statute. 15 (3) For the period January 1, 2011, through December 31, 2011, and thereafter, "Rhode Island taxable income" means federal adjusted gross income as determined under the Internal 16 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. § 1 et seq., and as modified for Rhode Island purposes pursuant to § 17 18 44-30-12 less the amount of Rhode Island Basic Standard Deduction allowed pursuant to 19 subparagraph 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(B), and less the amount of personal exemption allowed pursuant to 20 subparagraph 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(C). 21 (A) Tax imposed. 22 (I) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of married individuals filing joint returns, qualifying widow(er), every head of household, unmarried individuals, married 23 24 individuals filing separate returns and bankruptcy estates, a tax determined in accordance with the 25 following table: 26 RI Taxable Income RI Income Tax 27 Over But not over Pay +% on Excess on the amount over 28 \$0 -\$ 55,000 \$0 + 3.75%\$0 29 55,000 -125,000 2,063 + 4.75%55,000 125,000 -30 5,388 + 5.99% 125,000 31 (II) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of an estate or trust a tax determined 32 in accordance with the following table:

Pay + % on Excess

RI Income Tax

on the amount over

RI Taxable Income

But not over

33

34

Over

1	\$0 -	\$ 2,230	\$ 0 + 3.75%	\$0	
2	2,230 -	7,022	84 + 4.75%	2,230	
3	7,022 -		312 + 5.99%	7,022	
4	(B) Dec	ductions:			
5	(I) Rhode Island Basic Standard Deduction. Only the Rhode Island standard deduction				
6	shall be allowed in accordance with the following table:				
7		Filing status:		Amount	
8		Single		\$7,500	
9	Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$15,000			\$15,000	
10	Married filing separately \$7,500			\$7,500	
11		Head of Household		\$11,250	
12	(II) Nonresident alien individuals, estates and trusts are not eligible for standard				
13	deductions.				
14	(III) In	the case of any taxpay	ver whose adjusted gross income	me, as modified for Rhode	
15	Island purposes pursuant to § 44-30-12, for the taxable year exceeds one hundred seventy-five				
16	thousand dollars (\$175,000), the standard deduction amount shall be reduced by the applicable				
17	percentage. The	e term "applicable perce	ntage" means twenty (20) pero	centage points for each five	
18	thousand dollars	s (\$5,000) (or fraction th	ereof) by which the taxpayer's	s adjusted gross income for	
19	the taxable year	exceeds one hundred se	eventy-five thousand dollars (\$1	175,000).	
20	(C) Exe	emption Amount:			
21	(I) The	term "exemption amou	unt" means three thousand fiv	e hundred dollars (\$3,500)	
22	multiplied by the	ne number of exemption	ns allowed for the taxable ye	ear for federal income tax	
23	purposes. For tax years beginning on or after 2018, the term "exemption amount" means the sai			on amount" means the same	
24	as it does in 26 U.S.C. § 151 and 26 U.S.C. § 152 just prior to the enactment of the Tax Cuts are			ctment of the Tax Cuts and	
25	Jobs Act (Pub.	L. 115-97) on December	22, 2017.		
26	(II) Ex	emption amount disallor	wed in case of certain dependent	ndents. In the case of an	
27	individual with	respect to whom a dedu	action under this section is allo	owable to another taxpayer	
28	for the same	taxable year, the exe	mption amount applicable to	such individual for such	
29	individual's tax	able year shall be zero.			
30	(III) Ide	entifying information req	uired.		
31	(1) Exc	cept as provided in § 44	-30-2.6(c)(3)(C)(II) of this sec	etion, no exemption shall be	
32	allowed under	this section with respe	ect to any individual unless th	he Taxpayer Identification	
33	Number of suc	h individual is included of	on the federal return claiming t	he exemption for the same	
34	tax filing period	l.			

- 1 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of § 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(C)(I) of this section, in the event 2 that the Taxpayer Identification Number for each individual is not required to be included on the 3 federal tax return for the purposes of claiming a personal exemption(s), then the Taxpayer 4 Identification Number must be provided on the Rhode Island tax return for the purpose of 5 claiming said exemption(s). 6 (D) In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross income, as modified for Rhode 7 Island purposes pursuant to § 44-30-12, for the taxable year exceeds one hundred seventy-five 8 thousand dollars (\$175,000), the exemption amount shall be reduced by the applicable 9 percentage. The term "applicable percentage" means twenty (20) percentage points for each five 10 thousand dollars (\$5,000) (or fraction thereof) by which the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for 11 the taxable year exceeds one hundred seventy-five thousand dollars (\$175,000). 12 (E) Adjustment for inflation. The dollar amount contained in subparagraphs 44-30-13 2.6(c)(3)(A), 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(B) and 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(C) shall be increased annually by an amount 14 equal to: 15 (I) Such dollar amount contained in subparagraphs 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(A), 44-30-16 2.6(c)(3)(B) and 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(C) adjusted for inflation using a base tax year of 2000, 17 multiplied by; 18 (II) The cost-of-living adjustment with a base year of 2000. 19 (III) For the purposes of this section, the cost-of-living adjustment for any calendar year 20 is the percentage 21 (if any) by which the consumer price index for the preceding calendar year exceeds the 22 consumer price index for the base year. The consumer price index for any calendar year is the 23 average of the consumer price index as of the close of the twelve-month (12) period ending on 24 August 31, of such calendar year. 25 (IV) For the purpose of this section the term "consumer price index" means the last 26 consumer price index for all urban consumers published by the department of labor. For the 27 purpose of this section the revision of the consumer price index that is most consistent with the 28 consumer price index for calendar year 1986 shall be used. 29 (V) If any increase determined under this section is not a multiple of fifty dollars 30 (\$50.00), such increase shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of fifty dollars (\$50.00). In the
- 34 (F) Credits against tax.

multiple of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00).

31

32

33

case of a married individual filing separate return, if any increase determined under this section is

not a multiple of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00), such increase shall be rounded to the next lower

1	(I) Notwithstanding any other provisions of Rhode Island Law, for tax years beginning or
2	or after January 1, 2011, the only credits allowed against a tax imposed under this chapter shall be
3	as follows:
4	(a) Rhode Island earned-income credit: Credit shall be allowed for earned-income credit
5	pursuant to subparagraph 44-30-2.6(c)(2)(N).
6	(b) Property Tax Relief Credit: Credit shall be allowed for property tax relief as provided
7	in § 44-33-1 et seq.
8	(c) Lead Paint Credit: Credit shall be allowed for residential lead abatement income tax
9	credit as provided in § 44-30.3-1 et seq.
10	(d) Credit for income taxes of other states. Credit shall be allowed for income tax paid to
11	other states pursuant to § 44-30-74.
12	(e) Historic Structures Tax Credit: Credit shall be allowed for historic structures tax
13	credit as provided in § 44-33.2-1 et seq.
14	(f) Motion Picture Productions Tax Credit: Credit shall be allowed for motion picture
15	production tax credit as provided in § 44-31.2-1 et seq.
16	(g) Child and Dependent Care: Credit shall be allowed for twenty-five percent (25%) o
17	the federal child and dependent care credit allowable for the taxable year for federal purposes
18	provided, however, such credit shall not exceed the Rhode Island tax liability.
19	(h) Tax credits for contributions to Scholarship Organizations: Credit shall be allowed for
20	contributions to scholarship organizations as provided in chapter 62 of title 44.
21	(i) Credit for tax withheld. Wages upon which tax is required to be withheld shall be
22	taxable as if no withholding were required, but any amount of Rhode Island personal income tax
23	actually deducted and withheld in any calendar year shall be deemed to have been paid to the tax
24	administrator on behalf of the person from whom withheld, and the person shall be credited with
25	having paid that amount of tax for the taxable year beginning in that calendar year. For a taxable
26	year of less than twelve (12) months, the credit shall be made under regulations of the tax
27	administrator.
28	(j) Stay Invested in RI Wavemaker Fellowship: Credit shall be allowed for stay invested
29	in RI wavemaker fellowship program as provided in § 42-64.26 1 et seq.
30	(k) Rebuild Rhode Island: Credit shall be allowed for rebuild RI tax credit as provided in
31	§ 42-64.20-1 et seq.
32	(l) Rhode Island Qualified Jobs Incentive Program: Credit shall be allowed for Rhode
33	Island new qualified jobs incentive program credit as provided in § 44-48.3-1 et seq.

(m) Historic homeownership assistance act: Effective for tax year 2017 and thereafter,

34

1	unused carryforward for such credit previously issued shall be allowed for the historic
2	homeownership assistance act as provided in § 44-33.1-4. This allowance is for credits already
3	issued pursuant to § 44-33.1-4 and shall not be construed to authorize the issuance of new credits
4	under the historic homeownership assistance act.
5	(2) Except as provided in section 1 above, no other state and federal tax credit shall be
6	available to the taxpayers in computing tax liability under this chapter.
7	SECTION 3. Title 44 of the General Laws entitled "TAXATION" is hereby amended by
8	adding thereto the following chapter:
9	CHAPTER 70
10	STAY INVESTED IN RI TAX CREDIT
11	44-70-1. Definitions.
12	As used in this chapter:
13	(1) "Eligible expenses" or "education loan repayment expenses" means annual higher
14	education loan repayment expenses, including, without limitation, principal, interest and fees, as
15	may be applicable, incurred by an eligible graduate and which the eligible graduate is obligated to
16	repay for attendance at a post-secondary institution of higher learning.
17	(2) "Eligible graduate" means an individual who meets the eligibility requirements under
18	this chapter.
19	(3) "Eligibility period" means a term of up to four (4) years beginning with the date that
20	an eligible graduate commences repayment on a student loan under this chapter and expiring at
21	the conclusion of the fourth year after such date specified.
22	(4) "Eligibility requirements" means the following qualifications or criteria required for a
23	taxpayer to claim a tax credit under this chapter:
24	(i) That the taxpayer shall have graduated from an accredited two (2) year, four (4) year
25	or graduate post-secondary institution of higher learning with an associate's, bachelor's, graduate,
26	or post-graduate degree and at which the taxpayer incurred education loan repayment expenses;
27	<u>and</u>
28	(ii) That the taxpayer shall be a full-time employee with a Rhode Island-based employer
29	located in this state throughout the eligibility period, whose employment is for work in one or
30	more of the following covered fields: life, natural or environmental sciences; computer,
31	information or software technology; advanced mathematics or finance; engineering; industrial
32	design or other commercially related design field; or medicine or medical device technology.
33	(5) "Full-time employee" means a person who is employed by a business for
34	consideration for a minimum of at least thirty-five (35) hours per week, or who renders any other

1	standard of service generally accepted by custom or practice as full-time employment, or who is
2	employed by a professional employer organization pursuant to an employee leasing agreement
3	between the business and the professional employer organization for a minimum of thirty-five
4	(35) hours per week, or who renders any other standard of service generally accepted by custom
5	or practice as full-time employment, and whose wages are subject to withholding.
6	(6) "Rhode Island-based employer" means:
7	(i) An employer having a principal place of business or at least fifty-one percent (51%) of
8	its employees located in this state; or
9	(ii) An employer registered to conduct business in this state that reported Rhode Island
10	tax liability in the previous tax year.
11	(7) "Service period" means a twelve (12) month period beginning on the date that an
12	eligible graduate commences repayment on a student loan.
13	(8) "Student loan" means a loan to an individual by a public authority or private lender to
14	assist the individual to pay for tuition, books, and living expenses in order to attend a post-
15	secondary institution of higher learning.
16	(9) "Taxpayer" means a person who receives a tax credit for education loan repayment
17	expenses under this chapter.
18	44-70-2. Tax credit.
18 19	44-70-2. Tax credit.(a) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in this chapter,
19	(a) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in this chapter,
19 20	(a) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in this chapter, against the tax imposed by chapters 11, 13, 14, 15, 17 and 30 of this title. The amount of the
19 20 21	(a) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in this chapter, against the tax imposed by chapters 11, 13, 14, 15, 17 and 30 of this title. The amount of the credit shall be up to a maximum amount for each year of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for an
19 20 21 22	(a) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in this chapter, against the tax imposed by chapters 11, 13, 14, 15, 17 and 30 of this title. The amount of the credit shall be up to a maximum amount for each year of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for an associate's degree holder, four thousand dollars (\$4,000) for a bachelor's degree holder, and six
19 20 21 22 23	(a) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in this chapter, against the tax imposed by chapters 11, 13, 14, 15, 17 and 30 of this title. The amount of the credit shall be up to a maximum amount for each year of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for an associate's degree holder, four thousand dollars (\$4,000) for a bachelor's degree holder, and six thousand dollars (\$6,000) for a graduate or post-graduate degree holder, but not to exceed the
19 20 21 22 23 24	(a) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in this chapter, against the tax imposed by chapters 11, 13, 14, 15, 17 and 30 of this title. The amount of the credit shall be up to a maximum amount for each year of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for an associate's degree holder, four thousand dollars (\$4,000) for a bachelor's degree holder, and six thousand dollars (\$6,000) for a graduate or post-graduate degree holder, but not to exceed the education loan repayment expenses incurred by the taxpayer during each service period
119 220 221 222 223 224 225	(a) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in this chapter, against the tax imposed by chapters 11, 13, 14, 15, 17 and 30 of this title. The amount of the credit shall be up to a maximum amount for each year of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for an associate's degree holder, four thousand dollars (\$4,000) for a bachelor's degree holder, and six thousand dollars (\$6,000) for a graduate or post-graduate degree holder, but not to exceed the education loan repayment expenses incurred by the taxpayer during each service period completed, for up to four (4) consecutive service periods.
119 220 221 222 223 224 225 226	(a) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in this chapter, against the tax imposed by chapters 11, 13, 14, 15, 17 and 30 of this title. The amount of the credit shall be up to a maximum amount for each year of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for an associate's degree holder, four thousand dollars (\$4,000) for a bachelor's degree holder, and six thousand dollars (\$6,000) for a graduate or post-graduate degree holder, but not to exceed the education loan repayment expenses incurred by the taxpayer during each service period completed, for up to four (4) consecutive service periods. (b) The credits awarded under this chapter shall not exceed one hundred percent (100%)
119 220 221 222 223 224 225 226	(a) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in this chapter, against the tax imposed by chapters 11, 13, 14, 15, 17 and 30 of this title. The amount of the credit shall be up to a maximum amount for each year of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for an associate's degree holder, four thousand dollars (\$4,000) for a bachelor's degree holder, and six thousand dollars (\$6,000) for a graduate or post-graduate degree holder, but not to exceed the education loan repayment expenses incurred by the taxpayer during each service period completed, for up to four (4) consecutive service periods. (b) The credits awarded under this chapter shall not exceed one hundred percent (100%) of the education loan repayment expenses incurred by such taxpayer during each service period
119 220 221 222 223 224 225 226 227 228	(a) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in this chapter, against the tax imposed by chapters 11, 13, 14, 15, 17 and 30 of this title. The amount of the credit shall be up to a maximum amount for each year of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for an associate's degree holder, four thousand dollars (\$4,000) for a bachelor's degree holder, and six thousand dollars (\$6,000) for a graduate or post-graduate degree holder, but not to exceed the education loan repayment expenses incurred by the taxpayer during each service period completed, for up to four (4) consecutive service periods. (b) The credits awarded under this chapter shall not exceed one hundred percent (100%) of the education loan repayment expenses incurred by such taxpayer during each service period completed for up to four (4) consecutive service periods. Tax credits shall be issued annually to
119 220 221 222 223 224 225 226 227 228	(a) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in this chapter, against the tax imposed by chapters 11, 13, 14, 15, 17 and 30 of this title. The amount of the credit shall be up to a maximum amount for each year of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for an associate's degree holder, four thousand dollars (\$4,000) for a bachelor's degree holder, and six thousand dollars (\$6,000) for a graduate or post-graduate degree holder, but not to exceed the education loan repayment expenses incurred by the taxpayer during each service period completed, for up to four (4) consecutive service periods. (b) The credits awarded under this chapter shall not exceed one hundred percent (100%) of the education loan repayment expenses incurred by such taxpayer during each service period completed for up to four (4) consecutive service periods. Tax credits shall be issued annually to the taxpayer upon proof that:
19 20 21 22 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	(a) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in this chapter, against the tax imposed by chapters 11, 13, 14, 15, 17 and 30 of this title. The amount of the credit shall be up to a maximum amount for each year of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for an associate's degree holder, four thousand dollars (\$4,000) for a bachelor's degree holder, and six thousand dollars (\$6,000) for a graduate or post-graduate degree holder, but not to exceed the education loan repayment expenses incurred by the taxpayer during each service period completed, for up to four (4) consecutive service periods. (b) The credits awarded under this chapter shall not exceed one hundred percent (100%) of the education loan repayment expenses incurred by such taxpayer during each service period completed for up to four (4) consecutive service periods. Tax credits shall be issued annually to the taxpayer upon proof that: (i) The taxpayer has actually incurred and paid such education loan repayment expenses;
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	(a) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in this chapter, against the tax imposed by chapters 11, 13, 14, 15, 17 and 30 of this title. The amount of the credit shall be up to a maximum amount for each year of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for an associate's degree holder, four thousand dollars (\$4,000) for a bachelor's degree holder, and six thousand dollars (\$6,000) for a graduate or post-graduate degree holder, but not to exceed the education loan repayment expenses incurred by the taxpayer during each service period completed, for up to four (4) consecutive service periods. (b) The credits awarded under this chapter shall not exceed one hundred percent (100%) of the education loan repayment expenses incurred by such taxpayer during each service period completed for up to four (4) consecutive service periods. Tax credits shall be issued annually to the taxpayer upon proof that: (i) The taxpayer has actually incurred and paid such education loan repayment expenses; (ii) The taxpayer continues to meet the eligibility requirements throughout the service

1	(iv) That the taxpayer claiming an award is current on their student loan repayment
2	obligations.
3	(c) If the amount of the tax credit allowed under this chapter exceeds the taxpayer's total
4	tax liability for the year in which the credit is allowed, the amount of such credit that exceeds the
5	taxpayer's tax liability may be carried forward and applied against the taxes imposed for the
6	succeeding four (4) years, or until the full credit is used, whichever occurs first.
7	(c) The division of taxation shall at the request of a taxpayer redeem such credits in
8	whole or in part for one hundred percent (100%) of the value of the tax credit.
9	44-70-3. Administration.
10	The tax administrator shall make available suitable forms with instructions for claiming
11	the credit. The claim shall be in a form that the tax administrator may prescribe. The tax
12	administrator may prescribe rules and regulations, not inconsistent with law, to carry into effect
13	the provisions of this chapter.
14	
17	SECTION 4. This act shall take effect upon passage.
17	SECTION 4. This act shall take effect upon passage.
1-7	SECTION 4. This act shall take effect upon passage. ====== LC003919

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION - STAY INVESTED IN RI WAVEMAKER FELLOWSHIP

This act would repeal the provisions of the Stay Invested in RI Wavemaker Fellowship,
and establish the Stay Invested in RI Tax Credit to provide eligible taxpayers with a tax credit for
educational loan repayment expenses.

This act would take effect upon passage.

LC003919