LC002532

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2019

AN ACT

RELATING TO HEALTH AND SAFETY -- RESTROOM ACCESS ACT

Introduced By: Representatives Ackerman, Shekarchi, Bennett, Amore, and McNamara

Date Introduced: May 03, 2019

Referred To: House Health, Education & Welfare

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1	SECTION 1. Title 23 of the General Laws entitled "HEALTH AND SAFETY" is hereby
2	amended by adding thereto the following chapter:
3	<u>CHAPTER 20.13</u>
4	RESTROOM ACCESS ACT
5	23-20.13-1. Short title.
6	This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Restroom Access Act."
7	23-20.13-2. Definitions.
8	As used in this section:
9	(1) "Customer" means an individual who is lawfully on the premises of a retain
10	establishment.
11	(2) "Eligible medical condition" means Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis, any other
12	inflammatory bowel disease, irritable bowel syndrome, pregnancy, cancer or any other medical
13	condition that requires immediate access to a restroom facility.
14	(3) "Retail establishment" means a place of business open to the general public for the
15	sale of goods or services.
16	23-20.13-3. Customer access to retail establishment restroom facilities.
17	A retail establishment that has a restroom facility for its employees shall allow a
18	customer to use that facility during normal business hours if all of the following conditions are
19	met:

(1) The customer requesting the use of the employee restroom facility suffers from an
eligible medical condition or utilizes an ostomy device;
(2) Three (3) or more employees of the retail establishment are working at the time the
customer requests use of the employee restroom facility;
(3) The retail establishment does not normally make a restroom available to the public;
(4) The employee restroom facility is not located in an area where providing access
would create an obvious health or safety risk to the customer or an obvious security risk to the
retail establishment;
(5) A public restroom is not immediately accessible to the customer; and
(6) When requesting access to an employee restroom facility, a customer shall present to
an employee of the retail establishment proof of an eligible medical condition. The proof shall
take the form of a document issued by a licensed physician or the Crohn's & Colitis Foundation
of America identifying the presenter of the document and citing the appropriate statutory
authority.
23-20.13-4. Liability.
(a) A retail establishment or an employee of a retail establishment shall not be civilly
liable for any act or omission in allowing a customer, who claims to have an eligible medical
condition, to use an employee restroom facility that is not a public restroom if the act or omission
meets all of the following:
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 (1) It is not willful or grossly negligent; (2) It occurs in an area of the retail establishment that is not accessible to the public; and (3) It results in an injury to or death of the customer or any individual other than an employee accompanying the customer. (b) A retail establishment is not required to make any physical changes or improvements to an employee restroom facility located on the premises pursuant to this section.
 (2) It occurs in an area of the retail establishment that is not accessible to the public; and (3) It results in an injury to or death of the customer or any individual other than an employee accompanying the customer. (b) A retail establishment is not required to make any physical changes or improvements to an employee restroom facility located on the premises pursuant to this section. 23-20.13-5. Penalty.

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO HEALTH AND SAFETY -- RESTROOM ACCESS ACT

This act would require retail establishments with three (3) or more employees on the premises without immediately accessible public restroom facilities to allow customers suffering from eligible medical conditions access to their employee restrooms upon presentation of documentation issued by a licensed physician. Violations would be subject to a fine of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250).

This act would take effect on January 1, 2020.

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