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LC001438

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(3) "Control" means:

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2019

AN ACT

RELATING TO STATE AFFAIRS AND GOVERNMENT - DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS REGULATION - VIRTUAL CURRENCY

Introduced By: Representative Stephen R. Ucci

Date Introduced: February 28, 2019

Referred To: House Finance

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1	SECTION 1. Title 42 of the General Laws entitled "STATE AFFAIRS AND
2	GOVERNMENT" is hereby amended by adding thereto the following chapter:
3	CHAPTER 14.7
4	DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS REGULATION - VIRTUAL CURRENCY
5	42-14.7-1. Short title.
6	This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the "Digital Assets Business Act."
7	42-14.7-2. Definitions.
8	As used in this chapter, the following terms shall have the following meanings:
9	(1) "Applicant" means a person that applies for a license pursuant to this chapter.
10	(2) "Bank" means a federally chartered or state-chartered depository institution or holder
11	of charter granted by the office of the comptroller of the currency to a person engaged in the
12	business of banking other than deposit taking. The term does not include:
13	(i) An industrial loan company, state-chartered trust company, or a limited purpose trust
14	company unless the department has authorized the company to engage in virtual currency
15	business activity; or
16	(ii) A trust company or limited-purpose trust company chartered by a state with which
17	this state does not have a reciprocity agreement governing trust-company activities.

1	(i) When used in reference to a transaction or relationship involving virtual currency,
2	power to execute unilaterally or prevent indefinitely a virtual currency transaction; and
3	(ii) When used in reference to a person, the direct or indirect power to direct the
4	management, operations, or policies of the person through legal or beneficial ownership of voting
5	power of the person or under a contract, arrangement, or understanding.
6	(4) "Department" means the department of business regulation.
7	(5) "Exchange", used as a verb, means to assume control of virtual currency from or on
8	behalf of a resident, at least momentarily, to sell, trade, or convert:
9	(i) Virtual currency for legal tender, bank credit, or one or more forms of virtual
10	currency; or
11	(ii) Legal tender or bank credit for one or more forms of virtual currency.
12	(6) "Executive officer" means an individual who is a director, officer, manager, managing
13	member, partner, or trustee of a person that is not an individual.
14	(7) "Insolvent" means:
15	(i) Having generally ceased to pay debts in the ordinary course of business other than as a
16	result of a bona fide dispute;
17	(ii) Being unable to pay debts as they become due; or
18	(iii) Being insolvent within the meaning of federal bankruptcy law.
19	(8) "Legal tender" means a medium of exchange or unit of value, including the coin or
20	paper money of the United States, issued by the United States.
21	(9) "Licensee" means a person licensed under this chapter.
22	(10) "Person" means an individual, partnership, estate, business or nonprofit entity,
23	public corporation, government or governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality or other
24	legal entity.
25	(11) "Reciprocity agreement" means an arrangement between the department and the
26	appropriate licensing agency of another state which permits a licensee operating under a license
27	granted by the other state to engage in virtual currency business activity with or on behalf of a
28	resident in compliance with the provisions of this chapter.
29	(12) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored
30	in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.
31	(13) "Registrant" means a person that has been licensed with this state to conduct virtual
32	currency business activity.
33	(14) "Registration" means to provide the necessary application, information
34	documentation and fees for issuance of a license by the department pursuant to the provisions of

1	this chapter.
2	(15) "Registry" means the Nationwide Multistate Licensing System and Registry.
3	(16) "Resident" means:
4	(i) A person that:
5	(A) Is domiciled in this state;
6	(B) Is physically located in this state for more than one hundred eighty-three (183) days
7	of the previous three hundred sixty-five (365) days; or
8	(C) Has a place of business in this state; and
9	(ii) Includes a legal representative of a person that satisfies subsection (i) of this section.
10	(17) "Responsible individual" means an individual who has managerial authority with
11	respect to a licensee's or registrant's virtual currency business activity with or on behalf of a
12	resident.
13	(18) "Sign" means, with present intent to authenticate or adopt a record:
14	(i) To execute or adopt a tangible symbol; or
15	(ii) To attach to or logically associate with the record an electronic symbol, sound, or
16	process.
17	(19) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the
18	United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of
19	the United States.
20	(20) "Store", except in the phrase store of value, means to maintain control of virtual
21	currency on behalf of a resident by a person other than the resident. Storage and storing have
22	corresponding meanings.
23	(21) "Transfer" means to assume control of virtual currency from or on behalf of a
24	resident and to:
25	(i) Credit the virtual currency to the account of another person;
26	(ii) Move the virtual currency from one account of a resident to another account of the
27	same resident; or
28	(iii) Relinquish control of virtual currency to another person.
29	(22) "U.S. dollar equivalent of virtual currency" means the equivalent value of a
30	particular virtual currency in United States dollars shown on a virtual currency exchange based in
31	the United States for a particular date or period.
32	(23) "Virtual currency" means:
33	(i) A digital representation of value that:
34	(A) Is used as a medium of exchange, unit of account, or store of value; and

1	(B) Is not legal tender, whether or not denominated in legal tender; and
2	(ii) Does not include:
3	(A) A transaction in which a merchant grants, as part of an affinity or rewards program,
4	value that cannot be taken from or exchanged with the merchant for legal tender, bank credit, or
5	virtual currency; or
6	(B) A digital representation of value issued by or on behalf of a publisher and used solely
7	within an online game, game platform, or family of games sold by the same publisher or offered
8	on the same game platform.
9	(24) "Virtual currency administration" means issuing virtual currency with the authority
10	to redeem the currency for legal tender, bank credit, or other virtual currency.
11	(25) "Virtual currency business activity" means:
12	(i) Exchanging, transferring, or storing virtual currency or engaging in virtual currency
13	administration, whether directly or through an agreement with a virtual currency control-services
14	vendor;
15	(ii) Holding electronic precious metals or electronic certificates representing interests in
16	precious metals on behalf of another person or issuing shares or electronic certificates
17	representing interests in precious metals; or
18	(iii) Exchanging one or more digital representations of value used within one or more
19	online games, game platforms, or family of games for:
20	(A) Virtual currency offered by or on behalf of the same publisher from which the
21	original digital representation of value was received; or
22	(B) Legal tender or bank credit outside the online game, game platform, or family of
23	games offered by or on behalf of the same publisher from which the original digital
24	representation of value was received.
25	(26) "Virtual currency control-services vendor" means a person that has control of virtual
26	currency solely under an agreement with a person that, on behalf of another person, assumes
27	control of virtual currency.
28	42-14.7-3. Virtual-currency business activity.
29	(a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) or (c) of this section the provisions of
30	this chapter govern the virtual currency business activity of a person, wherever located, that
31	engages in or holds itself out as engaging in the activity with or on behalf of a resident.
32	(b) This chapter does not apply to the exchange, transfer, or storage of virtual currency or
33	to virtual currency administration to the extent the Electronic Fund Transfer Act, 15 U.S.C. 1693
34	to 1693r, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, 15 U.S.C. 78a to 780o, the Commodity Exchange

1	Act, 7 U.S.C. 1 to 27f, as such sections existed on the effective date of this chapter, and does not
2	apply to activity by:
3	(1) The United States, a state, political subdivision of a state, agency or instrumentality of
4	federal, state, or local government, or a foreign government or a subdivision, department, agency
5	or instrumentality of a foreign government;
6	(2) A bank;
7	(3) A person engaged in money transmission to a federal or state governmental
8	subdivision, department or agency:
9	(4) A person whose participation in a payment system is limited to providing processing,
10	clearing, or performing settlement services solely for transactions between or among persons that
11	are exempt from the licensing requirements of this chapter;
12	(5) A person engaged in the business of dealing in foreign exchange to the extent the
13	person's activity meets the definition in 31 C.F.R. 1010.605(f)(1)(iv), as such rule existed on the
14	effective date of this chapter;
15	(6) A person that:
16	(i) Contributes only connectivity software or computing power to a decentralized virtual
17	currency, or to a protocol governing transfer of the digital representation of value;
18	(ii) Provides only data storage or security services for a business engaged in virtual
19	currency business activity and does not otherwise engage in virtual currency business activity on
20	behalf of another person; or
21	(iii) Provides only to a person otherwise exempt from this chapter virtual currency as one
22	or more enterprise solutions used solely among each other and has no agreement or relationship
23	with a resident that is an end-user of virtual currency;
24	(7) A person using virtual currency, including creating, investing, buying or selling, or
25	obtaining virtual currency as payment for the purchase or sale of goods or services, solely:
26	(i) On his or her own behalf;
27	(ii) For personal, family, or household purposes; or
28	(iii) For academic purposes;
29	(8) A person whose virtual currency business activity with or on behalf of residents is
30	reasonably expected to be valued, in the aggregate, on an annual basis at five thousand dollars
31	(\$5,000) or less, measured by the U.S. dollar equivalent of virtual currency;
32	(9) An attorney to the extent of providing escrow services to a resident;
33	(10) A title insurance company to the extent of providing escrow services to a resident;
34	(11) A securities intermediary, as defined in § 6A-8-102 or a commodity intermediary, as

1	defined in § 6A-9-102 that:
2	(i) Does not engage in the ordinary course of business in virtual currency business
3	activity with or on behalf of a resident in addition to maintaining securities accounts or
4	commodities accounts and is regulated as a securities intermediary or commodity intermediary
5	under federal law, law of this state other than this chapter or law of another state; and
6	(ii) Affords a resident protections comparable to those set forth in § 42-14.7-28 of this
7	section;
8	(12) A secured creditor pursuant to chapter 9 of title 6A or under Article 9, Uniform
9	Commercial Code, of any state or a creditor with a judicial lien or lien arising by operation of law
10	on collateral that is virtual currency, if the virtual currency business activity of the creditor is
11	limited to enforcement of the security interest in compliance with Article 9, Uniform Commercial
12	Code, or lien in compliance with the law applicable to the lien;
13	(13) A virtual currency control-services vendor; or
14	(14) A person that:
15	(i) Does not receive compensation from a resident for:
16	(A) Providing virtual currency products or services; or
17	(B) Conducting virtual currency business activity; or
18	(ii) Is engaged in testing products or services with the person's own funds.
19	(c) The department may determine that a person or class of persons, given facts particular
20	to the person or class, should be exempt from the provisions of this chapter, whether or not the
21	person or class is covered by requirements imposed under federal law on a money-service
22	business.
23	42-14.7-4. License requirement.
24	A person may not engage in virtual currency business activity, or hold themselves out as
25	being able to engage in virtual currency business activity, with or on behalf of a resident, unless
26	the person is:
27	(1) Licensed in this state by the department pursuant to the terms of this chapter;
28	(2) Licensed in another state to conduct virtual currency business activity by a state with
29	which this state has a reciprocity agreement and has qualified under § 14-14.7-6;
30	(3) Registered with the department and operating in compliance with § 42-14.7-10; or
31	(4) Exempt from licensure under § 42-14.7-3.
32	42-14.7-5. Standard application for license.
33	(a) Except as otherwise provided an application for a license:
2/1	(1) Must be made in a form and medium prescribed by the department:

1	(2) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) of this section, must provide the
2	following information relevant to the applicant's proposed virtual currency business activity:
3	(i) The legal name of the applicant, each current or proposed business United States
4	Postal Service address of the applicant, and any fictitious or trade name the applicant uses or
5	plans to use in conducting its virtual currency business activity with or on behalf of a resident;
6	(ii) The legal name, any former or fictitious name, and the residential and business United
7	States Postal Service address of each executive officer and responsible individual of the applicant,
8	and each person that has control of the applicant;
9	(iii) A description of the current and former business of the applicant for the five (5)
10	years before the application is submitted or if the business has operated for less than five (5)
11	years, for the time the business has operated, including its products and services, associated
12	website addresses and social media pages, principal place of business, projected user base, and
13	specific marketing targets;
14	(iv) The name, United States Postal Service address, and telephone number of a person
15	that manages each server the applicant expects to use in conducting its virtual currency business
16	activity with or on behalf of a resident and a copy of any agreement with that person;
17	(v) A list of:
18	(A) Each money-service or money-transmitter license the applicant holds in another state;
19	(B) The date the license expires; and
20	(C) Any license revocation, license suspension, or other disciplinary action taken against
21	the applicant in another state and any license applications rejected by another state;
22	(vi) A list of any criminal conviction, deferred prosecution agreement, and pending
23	criminal proceeding in any jurisdiction against:
24	(A) The applicant;
25	(B) Each executive officer of the applicant;
26	(C) Each responsible individual of the applicant;
27	(D) Each person that has control over the applicant; and
28	(E) Each person over which the applicant has control;
29	(vii) A list of any litigation, arbitration, or administrative proceeding in any jurisdiction
30	in which the applicant, or an executive officer or a responsible individual of the applicant, has
31	been a party for the five (5) years before the application is submitted, determined to be material in
32	accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and, to the extent the applicant would
33	be required to disclose the litigation, arbitration, or administrative proceeding in the applicant's
2/	audited financial statements reports to aguity owners and similar statements or reports:

1	(viii) A list of any bankruptcy or receivership proceeding in any jurisdiction for the ten
2	(10) years before the application is submitted in which any of the following was a debtor:
3	(A) The applicant;
4	(B) An executive officer of the applicant;
5	(C) A responsible individual of the applicant;
6	(D) A person that has control over the applicant; and
7	(E) A person over which the applicant has control;
8	(ix) The name and United States Postal Service address of each bank in which the
9	applicant plans to deposit funds obtained by its virtual currency business activity;
10	(x) The source of funds and credit to be used by the applicant to conduct virtual currency
11	business activity with or on behalf of a resident and documentation demonstrating that the
12	applicant has the net worth and reserves required by § 42-14.7-7;
13	(xi) The United States Postal Service address and electronic mail address to which
14	communications from the department may be sent;
15	(xii) The name, United States Postal Service address, and electronic mail address of the
16	registered agent of the applicant in this state;
17	(xiii) A copy of the certificate, or a detailed summary acceptable to the department, of
18	coverage for each liability, casualty, business-interruption, or cyber security insurance policy
19	maintained by the applicant for itself, an executive officer, a responsible individual, or the
20	applicant's users;
21	(xiv) If applicable, the date on which and the state where the applicant is formed and a
22	copy of a current certificate of good standing issued by that state;
23	(xv) If a person has control of the applicant and the person's equity interests are publicly
24	traded in the United States, a copy of the audited financial statement of the person for the most
25	recent fiscal year or most recent report of the person filed under section 13 of the Securities
26	Exchange Act of 1934, 15 U.S.C. 78m, as such section existed on the effective date of this
27	<u>chapter;</u>
28	(xvi) If a person has control of the applicant and the person's equity interests are publicly
29	traded outside the United States, a copy of the audited financial statement of the person for the
30	most recent fiscal year of the person or a copy of the most recent documentation similar to that
31	required in subsection (a)(2)(xv) of this section filed with the foreign regulator in the domicile of
32	the person;
33	(xvii) If the applicant is a partnership or a member-managed limited-liability company,
34	the names and United States Postal Service addresses of general partners or members;

1	(xviii) If the applicant is required to register with the Financial Crimes Enforcement
2	Network of the United States Department of the Treasury as a money-service business, evidence
3	of the registration;
4	(xix) A set of fingerprints for each executive officer and responsible individual of the
5	applicant;
6	(xx) If available, for each executive officer and responsible individual of the applicant,
7	for the five (5) years before the application is submitted:
8	(A) Employment history; and
9	(B) History of any investigation of the individual or legal proceeding to which the
10	individual was a party;
11	(xxi) The plans through which the applicant will meet its obligations under §§ 42-14.7-29
12	and 42-14.7-30; and
13	(xxii) Other information the department reasonably requires by rule or regulation; and
14	(3) Must be accompanied by a nonrefundable fee in the amount of one thousand dollars
15	<u>(\$1,000).</u>
16	(b) For good cause, the department may waive a requirement of subsection (a) of this
17	section or permit the applicant to submit other information instead of the required information.
18	(c) An application for a license under this section is not complete until the department
19	receives all information required by this chapter and completes its investigation under subsection
20	(d) of this section.
21	(d) On receipt of a completed application:
22	(1) The department shall investigate:
23	(i) The financial condition and responsibility of the applicant;
24	(ii) The relevant financial and business experience, character, and general fitness of the
25	applicant; and
26	(iii) The competence, experience, character, and general fitness of each executive officer,
27	each responsible individual, and any person that has control of the applicant; and
28	(2) The department may conduct an investigation of the business premises of an
29	applicant.
30	(e) Not later than thirty (30) days after an application is complete, the department shall
31	send the applicant notice of its decision to approve, conditionally approve, or deny the
32	application. If the department does not send the applicant notice of its decision within thirty-one
33	(31) days of completion of the application, the application is deemed denied. If the department
3/1	does not receive notice from the applicant that the applicant accents conditions specified by the

1	department within thirty-one (31) days following the department's notice of the conditions, the
2	application is deemed denied.
3	(f) A license takes effect on the later of:
4	(1) The date on which the department issues the license; or
5	(2) The date the licensee provides the security required by § 42-14.7-7.
6	(g) An applicant shall pay the reasonable costs of the department's investigation under
7	this section.
8	42-14.7-6. Reciprocity license.
9	(a) Instead of an application required by § 14-14.7-5, a person licensed by another state
10	which has a reciprocity agreement with Rhode Island may file with the department a reciprocity
11	license application in compliance with regulations promulgated by the department.
12	(b) When an application under this section is filed the applicant shall submit to the
13	department:
14	(1) A certification of license history from the agency responsible for issuing a license in
15	each state in which the applicant has been licensed to conduct virtual currency business activity;
16	(2) A nonrefundable reciprocal licensing application fee in the amount of one thousand
17	<u>dollars (\$1,000);</u>
18	(3) Documentation demonstrating that the applicant complies with the security and net
19	worth reserve requirements of § 42-14.7-7; and
20	(4) A certification signed by an executive officer of the applicant affirming that the
21	applicant will conduct its virtual currency business activity with or on behalf of a resident in
22	compliance with the provisions of this chapter and the implementing regulations.
23	(c) The department may issue a reciprocity license to conduct virtual currency business
24	activity by an applicant that complies with this section.
25	42-14.7-7. Satisfactory security.
26	(a) Before a license is issued under this chapter:
27	(1) An applicant must deposit with the department funds or investment property, a letter
28	of credit, a surety bond, or other security satisfactory to the department that:
29	(i) Secures the applicant's faithful performance of its duties under this chapter; and
30	(ii) Is in an amount the department specifies based on the nature and extent of risks in the
31	applicant's virtual currency business model;
32	(2) The department may not require a surety bond as security under this chapter unless a
33	surety bond is generally available in the state at a commercially reasonable cost;
34	(3) Security deposited under this section must be payable to the state of Rhode Island for

1	the benefit of a claim against the licensee on account of the licensee's virtual currency business
2	activity with or on behalf of a resident;
3	(4) Security deposited under this section must cover claims for the period the department
4	specifies by rule or regulation and for an additional period the department specifies after the
5	licensee ceases to engage in virtual currency business activity with or on behalf of a resident;
6	(5) For good cause, the department may require the licensee to increase the amount of
7	security deposited under this section, and the licensee shall deposit the additional security not
8	later than fifteen (15) days after the licensee receives notice in a record of the required increase;
9	(6) For good cause, the department may permit a licensee to substitute or deposit an
10	alternate form of security satisfactory to the department if the licensee at all times complies with
11	this section;
12	(7) A claimant does not have a direct right to recover against security deposited under
13	this section; and
14	(8) Only the department may recover against the security, and the department may retain
15	the recovery for no longer than five (5) years and may process claims and distribute recoveries to
16	claimants in accordance with rules and regulations adopted and promulgated by the department.
17	(b) In addition to the security required under subsection (a) of this section, an applicant at
18	the time of the application for a license under this chapter, shall submit to the department
19	evidence of and maintain after issuance of a license:
20	(1) A minimum net worth of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000); and
21	(2) Sufficient unencumbered reserves for winding down the licensee's operations as
22	agreed to by the department considering the nature and size of expected virtual currency business
23	activity with or on behalf of residents.
24	(c) A licensee may include in its calculation of net worth virtual currency, measured by
25	the average value of the virtual currency in U.S. dollar equivalent over the prior six (6) months,
26	other than the virtual currency over which it has control for a resident entitled to the protections
27	under § 42-14.7-28.
28	(d) For good cause, the department may require a licensee to increase the net worth or
29	reserves required under this section. The licensee shall submit to the department evidence that it
30	has the additional net worth or reserves not later than fifteen (15) days after the licensee receives
31	notice in a record of the required increase.
32	42-14.7-8. Issuance of license.
33	(a) Absent good cause, the department shall issue a license to an applicant if the applicant
34	complies with the provisions of this chapter and pays the costs of the investigation and the initial

1	licensee fee under § 42-14.7-5.
2	(b) An applicant may appeal a denial of its application under §§ 42-14.7-5 or 42-14.7-6
3	under chapter 35 of title 42 the (administrative procedures act) not later than thirty (30) days
4	after:
5	(1) The department notifies the applicant of the denial; or
6	(2) The application is deemed denied.
7	42-14.7-9. License renewal.
8	(a) Subject to subsection (g) of this section, not later than fifteen (15) days before the
9	anniversary date of issuance of its license under this chapter, a licensee may apply for renewal of
10	the license by:
11	(1) Paying a renewal fee of one thousand dollars (\$1,000); and
12	(2) Submitting to the department a renewal report under subsection (b) of this section.
13	(b) A renewal report required by subsection (a)(2) of this section must be submitted in a
14	form and medium prescribed by the department. The report must contain:
15	(1) A copy of the licensee's most recent:
16	(i) Reviewed annual financial statement if the licensee's virtual currency business activity
17	in this state was fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) or less for the fiscal year ending before the
18	anniversary date of issuance of its license under the act; or
19	(ii) Audited annual financial statement if the licensee's virtual currency business activity
20	in this state amounted to more than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) for the fiscal year ending
21	before the anniversary date;
22	(2) If a person other than an individual has control of the licensee, a copy of the person's
23	most recent:
24	(i) Reviewed annual financial statement if the person's gross revenue was fifty thousand
25	dollars (\$50,000) or less in the previous fiscal year, measured as of the anniversary date of
26	issuance of its license under this chapter; or
27	(ii) Audited consolidated annual financial statement if the person's gross revenue was
28	more than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) in the previous fiscal year, measured as of the
29	anniversary date of issuance of its license under this chapter;
30	(3) A description of any:
31	(i) Material change in the financial condition of the licensee;
32	(ii) Material litigation involving the licensee or an executive officer or responsible
33	individual of the licensee;
34	(iii) License suspension or revocation proceeding commenced or other action taken

1	involving a license to conduct virtual currency business activity issued by another state on which
2	reciprocal licensing is based;
3	(iv) Federal or state investigation involving the licensee; and
4	(v) Data security breach involving the licensee;
5	(4) Information or records required by § 42-14.7-17 the licensee has not reported to the
6	department;
7	(5) The number of virtual currency business activity transactions with or on behalf of
8	residents for the period since, subject to subsection (g) of this section, the later of the date the
9	license was issued or the date the last renewal report was submitted;
0	(6)(i) The amount of U.S. dollar equivalent of virtual currency in the control of the
1	licensee at, subject to subsection (g) of this section, the end of the last month that ends not later
12	than thirty (30) days before the date of the renewal report; and
13	(ii) Total number of residents for whom the licensee had control of U.S. dollar equivalent
14	of virtual currency on that date;
15	(7) Evidence that the licensee continues to satisfy § 42-14.7-28;
16	(8) Evidence that the licensee continues to satisfy § 42-14.7-7;
17	(9) A list of each location where the licensee operates its virtual currency business
18	activity; and
19	(10) The name, United States Postal Service address, and telephone number of each
20	person that manages a server used by the licensee in conducting its virtual currency business
21	activity with or on behalf of a resident.
22	(c) If a licensee does not timely comply with subsection (a) of this section, the
23	department may use enforcement measures provided under §§ 42-14.7-20 through 42-17.7-25.
24	Notice or hearing is not required for a suspension or revocation of a license under this chapter for
25	failure to pay a renewal fee or file a renewal report.
26	(d) If the department suspends or revokes a license under the provisions of this chapter
27	for noncompliance with subsection (a) of this section, the department may end the suspension or
28	rescind the revocation and notify the licensee of the action if, subject to subsection (g) of this
29	section, not later than twenty (20) days after the license was suspended or revoked, the licensee:
30	(1) Files a renewal report and pays a renewal fee; and
31	(2) Pays any penalty assessed under § 42-14.7-23.
32	(e) The department shall give prompt notice to a licensee of the lifting of a suspension or
33	rescission of a revocation after the licensee complies with subsection (d) of this section.
34	(f) Suspension or revocation of a license under this section does not invalidate a transfer

1	or exchange of virtual currency for or on behalf of a resident made during the suspension or
2	revocation and does not insulate the licensee from liability.
3	(g) For good cause, the department may extend a period under this section.
4	(h) The department shall review the renewal of a license issued under § 42-14.7-6 to
5	ensure that the state that issued the original license has not suspended, revoked, or limited the
6	<u>license.</u>
7	(i) A licensee that does not comply with this section shall cease operations with or on
8	behalf of a resident on or before the anniversary date of issuance of its license under this chapter.
9	(j) A licensee shall pay the reasonable and necessary costs of the department's
10	investigation under this section.
11	42-14.7-10. Limited volume - Short-form license.
12	(a) A person whose volume of virtual currency business activity in U.S. dollar equivalent
13	of virtual currency will not exceed thirty-five thousand dollars (\$35,000) annually may engage in
14	virtual currency business activity with or on behalf of a resident under a short-form license under
15	rules promulgated by the department without first obtaining a standard license under § 42-14.7-5
16	if the person:
17	(1) Files with the department a notice in the form and medium prescribed by the
18	department of its intention to engage in virtual currency business activity with or on behalf of a
19	resident;
20	(2) Provides the information for an investigation under § 42-14.7-5;
21	(3) States the anticipated virtual currency business activity for its next fiscal quarter;
22	(4) Pays the department a registration fee in the amount of three hundred dollars (\$300);
23	(5) If required to register with the Financial Crimes Enforcement Network of the United
24	States Department of the Treasury as a money-service business, provides the department evidence
25	of the registration;
26	(6) Provides evidence that the person has policies and procedures to comply with the
27	Bank Secrecy Act, 31 U.S.C. 5311 et seq., as such act existed on the effective date of this chapter,
28	and other applicable laws;
29	(7) Describes the source of funds and credit to be used by the person to conduct virtual
30	currency business activity with or on behalf of a resident and provides evidence of and agrees to
31	maintain the minimum net worth and reserves required by § 42-14.7-7 and sufficient
32	unencumbered reserves for winding down operations;
33	(8) Provides the department with evidence that the person has in place policies and
2/	procedures to comply with the provisions of this chapter; and

1	(9) Provides the department with a copy of its most recent financial statement, whether
2	reviewed or audited.
3	(b) Before the virtual currency business activity of a short-form licensee with or on behalf
4	of residents exceeds thirty-five thousand dollars (\$35,000) annually in U.S. dollar equivalent of
5	virtual currency, the registrant shall file an application for a standard license under § 42-14.7-5
6	and may continue to operate after the activity exceeds thirty-five thousand dollars (\$35,000)
7	annually while its application for license is pending.
8	(c) For good cause, the department may suspend or revoke a short-form license without a
9	prior hearing or opportunity to be heard.
10	(d) A licensee shall cease all virtual currency business activity with or on behalf of
11	residents:
12	(1) If the department suspends or revokes the registration, one day after the department
13	sends notice of the suspension or revocation to the licensee in a record by a means reasonably
14	selected for the notice to be received by the recipient in one day, to the address provided for
15	receiving communications from the department;
16	(2) If the virtual currency business activity of the limited volume short-form licensee with
17	or on behalf of residents exceeds thirty-five thousand (\$35,000) dollars annually in U.S. dollar
18	equivalent of virtual currency and the licensee has not filed an application for a license under §
19	<u>42-14.7-5; or</u>
20	(3) On the second anniversary date of the registration.
21	42-14.7-11. License not transferable.
22	A license issued pursuant to this chapter is not transferable or assignable.
23	42-14.7-12. Rules and regulations.
24	The department may adopt and promulgate rules and regulations to implement the
25	provisions of this chapter and issue guidance as appropriate.
26	<u>42-14.7-13. Examinations.</u>
27	(a) The department may conduct an annual examination of a licensee. For good cause, the
28	department may conduct an additional examination. The department may examine a licensee
29	without prior notice to the licensee.
30	(b) A licensee shall pay the reasonable and necessary costs of an examination under this
31	section.
32	(c) Information obtained during an examination conducted by the department may be
33	disclosed only as provided in § 42-14.7-15.
34	42-14.7-14. Record maintenance.

1	(a) A licensee shall maintain, for all virtual currency business activity with or on behalf
2	of a resident five (5) years after the date of the activity, a record of:
3	(1) Each transaction of the licensee with or on behalf of the resident or for the licensee's
4	account in this state, including:
5	(A) The identity of the resident;
6	(B) The form of the transaction;
7	(C) The amount, date, and payment instructions given by the resident; and
8	(D) The account number, name, and United States Postal Service address of the resident,
9	and, to the extent feasible, other parties to the transaction;
10	(2) The aggregate number of transactions and aggregate value of transactions by the
11	licensee with or on behalf of the resident and for the licensee's account in this state, expressed in
12	U.S. dollar equivalent of virtual currency for the previous twelve (12) calendar months;
13	(3) Each transaction in which the licensee exchanges one form of virtual currency for
14	legal tender or another form of virtual currency with or on behalf of the resident;
15	(4) A general ledger posted at least monthly that lists all assets, liabilities, capital,
16	income, and expenses of the licensee;
17	(5) Each business-call report the licensee is required to create or provide to the
18	department;
19	(6) Bank statements and bank reconciliation records for the licensee and the name,
20	account number, and United States Postal Service address of each bank the licensee uses in the
21	conduct of its virtual currency business activity with or on behalf of the resident;
22	(7) A report of any dispute with the resident; and
23	(8) A report of any virtual currency business activity transaction with or on behalf of a
24	resident which the licensee was unable to complete.
25	(b) A licensee shall maintain records required by subsection (a) of this section in a form
26	that enables the department to determine whether the licensee is in compliance with any court
27	order, and law of this state.
28	(c) If a licensee maintains records outside this state that pertain to transactions with or on
29	behalf of a resident, the licensee shall make the records available to the department not later than
30	three (3) days after a request, or, on a determination of good cause by the department, at a later
31	time.
32	(d) All records maintained by a licensee are subject to inspection by the department.
33	42-14.7-15. Exchange of information.
34	(a) Subject to § 42-14.7-16 concerning privacy, consumer financial privacy, data

1	protection, privilege, and confidentiality, the department may cooperate, coordinate, jointly
2	examine, consult, and share records and other information with the appropriate regulatory agency
3	of another state, a self-regulatory organization, a federal or state regulator of banking or
4	nondepository providers, or a regulator of a jurisdiction outside the United States, concerning the
5	affairs and conduct of a licensee in this state.
6	(b) The department shall:
7	(1) Establish or participate in, with another state that enacts a law substantially similar to
8	this chapter, a central depository for filings required by law of this state other than the provisions
9	of this chapter;
10	(2) Cooperate in developing and implementing uniform forms for applications and
11	renewal reports and the conduct of joint administrative proceedings and civil actions;
12	(3) Formulate joint rules, regulations, forms, statements of policy, and guidance and
13	interpretative opinions and releases; and
14	(4) Develop common systems and procedures.
15	(c) The department may not establish or participate in a central commercial depository
16	that contains nonpublic personally identifiable information which does not comply with section
17	502(e)(5) or (8) of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act, 15 U.S.C. 6802(e)(5) or (8), as such
18	subdivisions existed on the effective date of this chapter, or with the Right to Financial Privacy
19	Act of 1978, 12 U.S.C. 3401 et seq., as such act existed on the effective date of this chapter.
20	(d) In deciding whether and how to cooperate, coordinate, jointly examine, consult, or
21	share records and other information under subsection (a) of this section, the department shall
22	consider:
23	(1) Maximizing effectiveness and uniformity of regulation, examination, implementation,
24	and enforcement for the benefit of residents and licensees; and
25	(2) Minimizing burdens on licensees without adversely affecting protection for residents.
26	42-14.7-16. Information not subject to disclosure.
27	(a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) or (c) of this section, information not
28	contained in a report otherwise available to the public or reports obtained by the department from
29	an applicant, or licensee, information contained in or related to an examination, investigation, or
30	operating or condition report prepared by, on behalf of, or for the use of the department; and other
31	financial and operating information is not subject to disclosure. If the department determines the
32	information or records are confidential under the open records law of a reciprocal-licensing state,
33	the information or records may not be disclosed.
34	(b) A trade secret of an applicant or a licensee is confidential and is not subject to

1	disclosure. If the department determines a trade secret is confidential under the open records law
2	of a reciprocal-licensing state, the trade secret shall not be disclosed.
3	(c) Subsection (a) of this section does not prohibit disclosure of:
4	(1) General information about a licensee's virtual currency business activity with or on
5	behalf of a resident;
6	(2) A list of persons licensed pursuant to the provisions of this chapter; or
7	(3) Aggregated financial data concerning licensees in this state.
8	42-14.7-17. Material change filing.
9	(a) Each licensee and registrant shall file with the department a report of:
10	(1) A material change in information in the application for a license issued pursuant to
11	the provisions of this chapter or the most recent renewal report of the licensee;
12	(2) A material change in the licensee's business for the conduct of its virtual currency
13	business activity with or on behalf of a resident; and
14	(3) A change of an executive officer, responsible individual, or person in control of the
15	licensee or registrant.
16	(b) Absent good cause, a report required by subsection (a) of this section must be filed
17	not later than fifteen (15) days after the change.
18	42-14.7-18. Control of licensee.
19	(a) In this section, "proposed person to be in control" means the person that would control
20	a licensee after a proposed transaction that would result in a change in control of the licensee.
21	(b) The following rules apply in determining whether a person has control over a
22	<u>licensee:</u>
23	(1) There is a rebuttable presumption of control if the person's voting power in the
24	licensee constitutes or will constitute at least twenty-five percent (25%) of the total voting power
25	of the licensee.
26	(2) There is a rebuttable presumption of control if:
27	(i) The person's voting power in another person constitutes or will constitute at least ten
28	percent (10%) of the total voting power of the other person; and
29	(ii) The other person's voting power in the licensee constitutes at least twenty-five percent
30	(25%) of the total voting power of the licensee.
31	(3) There is no presumption of control solely because an individual is an executive officer
32	of the licensee.
33	(c) At least thirty (30) days before a proposed change in control of a licensee, the
34	proposed person to be in control shall submit to the department in a record:

1	(1) An application in a form and medium prescribed by the department;
2	(2) The information and records that § 42-14.7-5 would require if the proposed person to
3	be in control already had control of the licensee; and
4	(3) A license application under § 42-14.7-5 by the proposed person to be in control.
5	(d) The department, in accordance with § 42-14.7-5, shall approve, approve with
6	conditions, or deny an application for a change in control of a licensee. The department, in a
7	record, shall send notice of its decision to the licensee and the person that would be in control if
8	the department had approved the change in control. If the department denies the application, the
9	licensee shall abandon the proposed change in control or cease virtual currency business activity
10	with or on behalf of residents.
11	(e) If the department applies a condition to approval of a change in control of a licensee
12	and the department does not receive notice of the applicant's acceptance of the condition specified
13	by the department not later than thirty-one (31) days after the department sends notice of the
14	condition, the application is deemed denied. If the application is deemed denied, the licensee shall
15	abandon the proposed change in control or cease virtual currency business activity with or on
16	behalf of residents.
17	(f) Submission in good faith of records required by subsection (c) of this section relieves
18	the proposed person to be in control from any obligation imposed by this section other than
19	subsections (d), (e), and (h) of this section until the department has acted on the application.
20	(g) The department may revoke or modify a determination under subsection (d) of this
21	section, after notice and opportunity to be heard, if, in its judgment, revocation or modification is
22	consistent with the provisions of this chapter.
23	(h) If a change in control of a licensee requires approval of an agency of this state or
24	another state with which this state has a reciprocity agreement and the action of the other agency
25	conflicts with that of the department, the department shall confer with the other agency. If the
26	proposed change in control cannot be completed because the conflict cannot be resolved, the
27	licensee shall abandon the change in control or cease virtual currency business activity with or on
28	behalf of residents.
29	42-14.7-19. Merger or consolidation.
30	(a) At least thirty (30) days before a proposed merger or consolidation of a licensee with
31	another person, the licensee shall submit to the department in a record:
32	(1) An application in a form and medium prescribed by the department;
33	(2) The plan of merger or consolidation in accordance with subsection (e) of this section;
34	(3) In the case of a licensee, the information required by § 42-14.7-5 concerning the

1	person that would be the surviving entity in the proposed merger or consolidation; and
2	(4) In the case of a limited volume short-form licensee the information required by § 42-
3	14.7-10 concerning the person that would be the surviving entity in the proposed merger or
4	consolidation.
5	(b) If a proposed merger or consolidation would change the control of a licensee, the
6	licensee shall comply with § 42-14.7-18 and this section.
7	(c) The department, in accordance with § 42-14.7-5, shall approve, conditionally approve,
8	or deny an application for approval of a merger or consolidation of a licensee. The department, in
9	a record, shall send notice of its decision to the licensee and the person that would be the
10	surviving entity. If the department denies the application, the licensee shall abandon the merger or
11	consolidation or cease virtual currency business activity with or on behalf of residents.
12	(d) The department may revoke or modify a determination under subsection (c) of this
13	section, after notice and opportunity to be heard, if, in its judgment, revocation or modification is
14	consistent with the provisions of this chapter.
15	(e) A plan of merger or consolidation of a licensee with another person must:
16	(1) Describe the effect of the proposed transaction on the licensee's conduct of virtual
17	currency business activity with or on behalf of residents;
18	(2) Identify each person to be merged or consolidated and the person that would be the
19	surviving entity; and
20	(3) Describe the terms and conditions of the merger or consolidation and the mode of
21	carrying it into effect.
22	(f) If a merger or consolidation of a licensee and another person requires approval of an
23	agency of this state or another state with which this state has a reciprocity agreement and the
24	action of the other agency conflicts with that of the department, the department shall confer with
25	the other agency. If the proposed merger or consolidation cannot be completed because the
26	conflict cannot be resolved, the licensee shall abandon the merger or consolidation or cease
27	virtual currency business activity with or on behalf of residents.
28	(g) The department may condition approval of an application under subsection (a) of this
29	section. If the department does not receive notice from the parties that the parties accept the
30	department's condition not later than thirty-one (31) days after the department sends notice in a
31	record of the condition, the application is deemed denied. If the application is deemed denied, the
32	licensee shall abandon the merger or consolidation or cease virtual currency business activity
33	with or on behalf of residents.
2/	(h) If a licenses acquires substantially all the assets of a person whether or not the

1	person's license was approved by the department, the transaction is subject to this section.
2	(i) Submission in good faith of the records required by subsection (e) of this section
3	relieves the proposed surviving entity from any obligation imposed by this section, other than
4	subsections (c), (f), and (g) of this section, until the department has acted on the application.
5	42-14.7-20. Enforcement measures.
6	"Enforcement measure" means an action to:
7	(1) Suspend or revoke a license or a registration;
8	(2) Order a person to cease and desist from doing virtual currency business activity with
9	or on behalf of a resident;
10	(3) Request the court to appoint a receiver for the assets of a person doing virtual
11	currency business activity with or on behalf of a resident;
12	(4) Request the court to issue temporary, preliminary, or permanent injunctive relief
13	against a person doing virtual currency business activity with or on behalf of a resident;
14	(5) Assess a penalty under § 42.14.7-23;
15	(6) Recover on the security under § 42-14.7-7 and initiate a plan to distribute the
16	proceeds for the benefit of a resident injured by a violation of this chapter or law of this state
17	other than this chapter which applies to virtual currency business activity with or on behalf of a
18	resident; or
19	(7) Impose necessary or appropriate conditions on the conduct of virtual currency
20	business activity with or on behalf of a resident.
21	42-14.7-21. Enforcement action by department.
22	(a) The department may take an enforcement measure against a licensee, or person that is
23	not a licensee but is engaging in virtual currency business activity with or on behalf of a resident
24	<u>if:</u>
25	(1) The licensee, or person materially violates the provisions of this chapter, a rule or
26	regulation adopted and promulgated or order issued by the department, or law of this state which
27	applies to virtual currency business activity of the violator with or on behalf of a resident;
28	(2) The licensee, or person does not cooperate substantially with an examination or
29	investigation by the department, fails to pay a fee, or fails to submit a report or documentation;
30	(3) The licensee, or person, in the conduct of its virtual currency business activity with or
31	on behalf of a resident, engages in:
32	(i) An unsafe or unsound act or practice;
33	(ii) An unfair or deceptive act or practice;
34	(iii) Fraud or intentional misrepresentation;

1	(IV) Another dishonest act; or
2	(v) Misappropriation of legal tender, virtual currency, or other value held by a fiduciary;
3	(4) An agency of the United States or another state takes an action against the licensee, or
4	person which would constitute an enforcement measure if the department had taken the action;
5	(5) The licensee, or person is convicted of a crime related to its virtual currency business
6	activity with or on behalf of a resident or involving fraud or felonious activity that, as determined
7	by the department, makes the licensee, or person unsuitable to engage in virtual currency business
8	activity;
9	(6) The licensee, or person:
10	(i) Becomes insolvent;
11	(ii) Makes a general assignment for the benefit of its creditors;
12	(iii) Becomes the debtor, alleged debtor, respondent, or person in a similar capacity in a
13	case or other proceeding under any bankruptcy, reorganization, arrangement, readjustment,
14	insolvency, receivership, dissolution, liquidation, or similar law, and does not obtain from the
15	court, within a reasonable time, confirmation of a plan or dismissal of the case or proceeding; or
16	(iv) Applies for or permits the appointment of a receiver, trustee, or other agent of a court
17	for itself or for a substantial part of its assets; or
18	(7) The licensee, or person makes a material misrepresentation to the department.
19	(b) On application and for good cause, the department may:
20	(1) Extend the due date for filing a document or report under of subsection (a) of this
21	section; or
22	(2) Waive to the extent warranted by circumstances, such as a bona fide error
23	notwithstanding reasonable procedures designed to prevent error, an enforcement measure under
24	subsection (a) of this section if the department determines that the waiver will not adversely
25	affect the likelihood of compliance with the provisions of this chapter.
26	(c) In an enforcement action related to operating without a license it is a defense to the
27	action that the person has in effect a customer identification program reasonably designed to
28	identify whether a customer is a resident, which failed to identify the particular customer as a
29	resident.
30	(d) A proceeding under this chapter is subject to chapter 35 of title 42 the (administrative
31	procedures act).
32	42-14.7-22. Notice and hearing.
33	(a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) of this section, the department may
34	take an enforcement measure only after notice and opportunity for a hearing appropriate in the

2	(b) The department may take an enforcement measure other than the imposition of a civil
3	penalty under § 42-14.7-23:
4	(1) Without notice if the circumstances require action before notice can be given;
5	(2) After notice and without a prior hearing if the circumstances require action before a
6	hearing can be held; or
7	(3) After notice and without a hearing if the person conducting virtual currency business
8	activity with or on behalf of a resident does not timely request a hearing.
9	(c) If the department takes action under subsection (b)(1) or (b)(2) of this section, the
10	person subject to the enforcement measure has the right to an expedited post-action hearing by
11	the department unless the person has waived the hearing.
12	42-14.7-23. Penalty.
13	(a) If a person other than a licensee engages in virtual currency business activity with or
14	on behalf of a resident in violation of the provisions of this chapter, the department may assess a
15	civil penalty against the person in an amount not to exceed fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) for
16	each day of violation.
17	(b) If a licensee materially violates a provision of this chapter, the department may assess
18	a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each day of
19	violation.
20	(c) A civil penalty under this section continues to accrue until the earlier of:
21	(1) The date the violation ceases; or
22	(2) A date specified by the department.
23	42-14.7-24. Revocation or suspension of license.
24	(a) Revocation of a license is effective against a licensee one day after the department
25	sends notice in a record of the revocation to the licensee, by a means reasonably selected for the
26	notice to be received by the recipient in one day, to the address provided for receiving
27	communications from the department.
28	(b) Suspension of a license or an order to cease and desist is effective against a licensee.
29	or other person one day after the department sends notice in a record of the suspension or order to
30	the licensee, or other person, by a means reasonably selected for the notice to be received by the
31	recipient in one day, to the address provided for receiving communications from the department
32	or, if no address is provided, to the recipient's last-known address. A suspension or order to cease
33	and desist remains in effect until the earliest of:
2/1	(1) Entry of an order under chapter 35 of title 42 the (administrative procedures act)

1 circumstances.

1	setting aside or limiting the suspension or order;
2	(2) Entry of a court order setting aside or limiting the suspension or order to cease and
3	desist; or
4	(3) A date specified by the department.
5	(c) If, without reason to know of the department's notice sent under subsection (a) or (b)
6	of this section, a licensee, or other person does not comply in accordance with the notice until the
7	notice is actually received at the address provided, the department may consider the delay in
8	compliance in imposing a sanction for the failure.
9	42-14.7-25. Consent orders.
10	The department may enter into a consent order with a person regarding an enforcement
11	measure. The order may provide that it does not constitute an admission of fact by a party.
12	42-14.7-26. No private cause of action.
13	(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a person does not have a private right of
14	action for violation of the provisions of this chapter.
15	(b) The department may bring an action for restitution on behalf of a resident if the
16	department proves economic injury due to a violation of the provision of this chapter.
17	(c) This section does not preclude an action by a resident to enforce rights under or law of
18	this state other than the provisions of this chapter.
19	42-14.7-27. Required disclosures.
20	(a) A licensee shall provide to a resident who uses the licensee's products or service the
21	disclosures required by subsection (b) of this section and any additional disclosure the department
22	by rule or regulation determines reasonably necessary for the protection of residents. The
23	department shall determine by rule or regulation the time and form required for disclosure. A
24	disclosure required by this section must be made separately from any other information provided
25	by the licensee and in a clear and conspicuous manner in a record the resident may keep. A
26	licensee may propose for the department's approval alternate disclosures as more appropriate for
27	its virtual currency business activity with or on behalf of residents.
28	(b) Before establishing a relationship with a resident, a licensee shall disclose, to the
29	extent applicable to the virtual currency business activity the licensee will undertake with the
30	resident:
31	(1) A schedule of fees and charges the licensee may assess, the manner by which fees and
32	charges will be calculated if they are not set in advance and disclosed, and the timing of the fees
33	and charges;
34	(2) Whether the product or service provided by the licensee is covered by:

1	(1) A form of hisurance of is otherwise guaranteed against loss by an agency of the Officed
2	States:
3	(A) Up to the full U.S. dollar equivalent of virtual currency placed under the control of or
4	purchased from the licensee as of the date of the placement or purchase, including the maximum
5	amount provided by insurance under the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or otherwise
6	available from the Securities Investor Protection Act of 1970, 15 U.S.C. 78aaa et seq., as the act
7	existed on the effective date of this chapter; or
8	(B) If not provided at the full U.S. dollar equivalent of virtual currency placed under the
9	control of or purchased from the licensee the maximum amount of coverage for each resident
10	expressed in the U.S. dollar equivalent of the virtual currency; or
11	(ii) Private insurance against theft or loss, including cyber theft or theft by other means;
12	(3) The irrevocability of a transfer or exchange and any exception to irrevocability;
13	(4) A description of:
14	(i) Liability for an unauthorized, mistaken, or accidental transfer or exchange;
15	(ii) The resident's responsibility to provide notice to the licensee of the transfer or
16	exchange;
17	(iii) The basis for any recovery by the resident from the licensee;
18	(iv) General error-resolution rights applicable to the transfer or exchange; and
19	(v) The method for the resident to update the resident's contact information with the
20	<u>licensee;</u>
21	(5) That the date or time when the transfer or exchange is made and the resident's account
22	is debited may differ from the date or time when the resident initiates the instruction to make the
23	transfer or exchange;
24	(6) Whether the resident has a right to stop a preauthorized payment or revoke
25	authorization for a transfer and the procedure to initiate a stop-payment order or revoke
26	authorization for a subsequent transfer;
27	(7) The resident's right to receive a receipt, trade ticket, or other evidence of the transfer
28	or exchange;
29	(8) The resident's right to at least thirty (30) days' prior notice of a change in the
30	licensee's fee schedule, other terms and conditions of operating its virtual currency business
31	activity with the resident, and the policies applicable to the resident's account; and
32	(9) That virtual currency is not legal tender.
33	(c) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (d) of this section, at the conclusion of a
34	virtual-currency transaction with or on behalf of a resident, a licensee shall provide the resident a

2	(1) The name and contact information of the licensee, including information the resident
3	may need to ask a question or file a complaint;
4	(2) The type, value, date, precise time, and amount of the transaction; and
5	(3) The fee charged for the transaction, including any charge for conversion of virtual
6	currency to legal tender, bank credit, or other virtual currency.
7	(d) If a licensee discloses that it will provide a daily confirmation in the initial disclosure
8	under subsection (c) of this section, the licensee may elect to provide a single, daily confirmation
9	for all transactions with or on behalf of a resident on that day instead of a per-transaction
10	confirmation.
11	42-14.7-28. Maintaining sufficient virtual currency.
12	(a) A licensee that has control of virtual currency for one or more persons shall maintain
13	in its control an amount of each type of virtual currency sufficient to satisfy the aggregate
14	entitlements of the persons to the type of virtual currency.
15	(b) If a licensee violates subsection (a) of this section, the property interests of the
16	persons in the virtual currency are pro rata property interests in the type of virtual currency to
17	which the persons are entitled, without regard to the time the persons became entitled to the
18	virtual currency or the licensee obtained control of the virtual currency.
19	(c) The virtual currency referred to in this section is:
20	(1) Held for the persons entitled to the virtual currency;
21	(2) Not property of the licensee; and
22	(3) Not subject to the claims of creditors of the licensee.
23	42-14.7-29. Required policies and procedures.
24	(a) An applicant, before submitting an application, shall create and, during licensure
25	maintain in a record policies and procedures for:
26	(1) An information-security and operational-security program;
27	(2) A business-continuity program;
28	(3) A disaster-recovery program;
29	(4) An anti-fraud program;
30	(5) An anti-money-laundering program;
31	(6) A program to prevent funding of terrorist activity; and
32	(7) A program designed to:
33	(i) Ensure compliance with the law of this state, and federal law, which are relevant to the
2/	virtual currency business activity contamplated by the licensee with or on behalf of residents; and

confirmation in a record which contains:

1	(ii) Assist the licensee in achieving the purposes of law of this state and federal law.
2	(b) Each policy required by subsection (a) of this section must be in a record and
3	designed to be adequate for a licensees contemplated virtual currency business activity with or on
4	behalf of residents, considering the circumstances of all participants and the safe operation of the
5	activity. Each policy and implementing procedure must be compatible with other policies and the
6	procedures implementing them and not conflict with policies or procedures applicable to the
7	licensee under law of this state.
8	(c) A licensee's policy for detecting fraud must include:
9	(1) Identification and assessment of the material risks of its virtual currency business
10	activity related to fraud;
11	(2) Protection against any material risk related to fraud identified by the department or
12	the licensee; and
13	(3) Periodic evaluation and revision of the anti-fraud procedure.
14	(d) A licensee's policy for preventing money laundering and financing of terrorist activity
15	must include:
16	(1) Identification and assessment of the material risks of its virtual currency business
17	activity related to money laundering and financing of terrorist activity;
18	(2) Procedures, in accordance with federal law or guidance published by federal agencies
19	responsible for enforcing federal law, pertaining to money laundering and financing of terrorist
20	activity; and
21	(3) Filing reports under the Bank Secrecy Act, 31 U.S.C. 5311 et seq., as such act existed
22	on the effective date of this chapter, or 31 C.F.R. Chapter X, Financial Crimes Enforcement
23	Network, Department of the Treasury, as such rule existed on the effective date of this chapter,
24	and other federal or state laws pertaining to the prevention or detection of money laundering or
25	financing of terrorist activity.
26	(e) A licensee's information-security and operational-security policy must include
27	reasonable and appropriate administrative, physical, and technical safeguards to protect the
28	confidentiality, integrity, and availability of any nonpublic personal information or virtual-
29	currency it receives, maintains, or transmits.
30	(f) A licensee is not required to file with the department a copy of a report it makes to a
31	federal authority unless the department specifically requires filing.
32	(g) A licensees protection policy under subsection (e) of this section for residents must
33	include:
34	(1) Any action or system of records required to comply with the provisions of state law

1	applicable to the licensee with respect to virtual currency business activity with or on behalf of a
2	resident;
3	(2) A procedure for resolving disputes between the licensee and a resident;
4	(3) A procedure for a resident to report an unauthorized, mistaken, or accidental virtual
5	currency business activity transaction; and
6	(4) A procedure for a resident to file a complaint with the licensee and for the resolution
7	of the complaint in a fair and timely manner with notice to the resident as soon as reasonably
8	practical of the resolution and the reasons for the resolution.
9	(h) After the policies and procedures required under this section are created and approved
10	by the department and the licensee, the licensee shall engage a responsible individual with
11	adequate authority and experience to monitor each policy and procedure, publicize it as
12	appropriate, recommend changes as desirable, and enforce it.
13	(i) A licensee may:
14	(1) Request advice from the department as to compliance with this section; and
15	(2) With the department's approval, outsource functions, other than compliance, required
16	under this section.
17	(j) Failure of a particular policy or procedure adopted under this section to meet its goals
18	in a particular instance is not a ground for liability of the licensee if the policy or procedure was
19	created, implemented, and monitored properly. Repeated failures of a policy or procedure are
20	evidence that the policy or procedure was not created or implemented properly.
21	(k) Policies and procedures adopted under this section must be disclosed separately from
22	other disclosures made available to a resident, in a clear and conspicuous manner and in the
23	medium through which the resident contacted the licensee.
24	42-14.7-30. Applicant to establish policies.
25	(a) An applicant, before submitting its application, shall establish and maintain in a
26	record a policy or procedure designed to ensure compliance with:
27	(1) The provisions of this chapter; and
28	(2) Law of this state other than this chapter if:
29	(i) The other law is relevant to the virtual currency business activity contemplated by the
30	<u>licensee; or</u>
31	(ii) The provisions of this chapter could assist in the purpose of the other law because
32	violation of the other law has a remedy under this chapter.
33	(b) A policy or procedure under subsection (a) of this section:
34	(1) Must be compatible, and not conflict, with requirements applicable to a licensee under

1	law of this state and under federal law; and
2	(2) May be a policy or procedure in existence for the licensee's virtual currency business
3	activity with or on behalf of a resident.
4	(c) After the policies and procedures required under this section are created by the
5	licensee and approved by the department, the licensee shall engage a responsible individual with
6	adequate authority and experience to monitor each policy or procedure, publicize it as
7	appropriate, recommend changes as desirable, and enforce it.
8	(d) A licensee may:
9	(1) Request advice from the department as to compliance with this section; and
10	(2) With the department's approval, outsource functions, other than compliance, required
11	under this section.
12	(e) Failure of a particular policy or procedure adopted under this section to meet its goals
13	in a particular instance is not a ground for liability of the licensee if the policy or procedure was
14	created, implemented, and monitored properly. Repeated failures of a policy or procedure are
15	evidence that the policy or procedure was not created or implemented properly.
16	42-14.7-31. Statutory construction.
17	In applying and construing the provisions of this chapter, consideration shall be given to
18	the need to promote uniformity of the law with respect to its subject matter among the states that
19	enact it.
20	<u>42-14.7-32. Signatures.</u>
21	The provisions of this chapter modifies, limits, or supersedes the Electronic Signatures in
22	Global and National Commerce Act, 15 U.S.C. 7001, et seq., but does not modify, limit, or
23	supersede section 101(c) of that act, 15 U.S.C. 7001(c), or authorize electronic delivery of any of
24	the notices described in section 103(b) of that act, 15 U.S.C. 7003(b) as such section and
25	subsections existed on the effective date of this chapter.
26	42-14.7-33. Financial institutions.
27	(a) A license issued under title 19 which is in effect immediately before the effective date
28	of this chapter remains in effect as a license for its duration unless revoked or suspended by the
29	licensing authority that issued it. A person or business licensed under title 19 which does not
30	intend to engage in virtual currency business activity is not required to inform the department of
31	its intention.
32	(b) If the department denies, suspends, or revokes a license issued pursuant to the terms
33	of this chapter or suspends or revokes a registration to conduct virtual currency business activity
34	with or on behalf of a resident, the denial suspension or revocation may not be used as a ground

1	for suspension or revocation of a license granted under title 19 unless the grounds for denial,
2	suspension or revocation independently provides a basis for action against the licensee.
3	(c) The provisions of this chapter apply to virtual currency business activity with or on
4	behalf of a resident on or after the effective date of this chapter.
5	(d) A person is deemed to be conducting unlicensed virtual currency business activity
6	with or on behalf of a resident in violation of the provisions of this chapter if the person engages
7	in virtual currency business activity on or after the effective date of this chapter and the person
8	does not hold a license issued or recognized under the chapter, is not exempt from the provisions
9	of this chapter, and has not applied for a license. This subsection includes a person that:
10	(1) Has obtained a license under the title 19 whether or not that act covers virtual
11	currency business activity, or holds a charter as a trust company from this state; and
12	(2) Does not have permission to engage in virtual currency business activity with or on
13	behalf of a resident.
14	42-14.7-34. Severability.
15	If any section in this chapter or any part of any section is declared invalid or
16	unconstitutional, the declaration shall not affect the validity or constitutionality of the remaining
17	portions.
18	SECTION 2. Sections 7-11-401 and 7-11-402 of the General Laws in Chapter 7-11
19	entitled "Rhode Island Uniform Securities Act" are hereby amended to read as follows:
20	7-11-401. Exempt securities.
21	The following securities are exempt from §§ 7-11-301 and 7-11-404:
22	(1) A security, including a revenue obligation, issued, insured, or guaranteed by the
23	United States, an agency or corporate or other instrumentality of the United States, an
24	international agency or corporate or other instrumentality of which the United States and one or
25	more foreign governments are members, a state, a political subdivision of a state, or an agency or
26	corporate or other instrumentality of one or more states or their political subdivisions; or a
27	certificate of deposit for any of the foregoing, but this exemption does not include a security
28	payable solely from revenues to be received from a nongovernmental industrial or commercial
29	enterprise unless the payments are insured or guaranteed by a person described as the issuer,
30	insurer or guarantor of securities under subsection (2), (3), (4), (5), (7), or (8) of this section, or
31	unless the revenues from which the payments are to be made are a direct obligation of a person;
32	(2) A security issued, insured, or guaranteed by Canada, a Canadian province or territory,
33	a political subdivision of Canada or a Canadian province or territory, an agency or corporation or
34	other instrumentality of one or more of the foregoing or any other foreign government or

governmental combination or entity with which the United States maintains diplomatic relations, if the security is recognized as a valid obligation by the issuer, insurer, or guarantor;

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- (3) A security issued by and representing an interest in or a direct obligation of, or guaranteed by, a depository institution if the deposit or share accounts of the depository institution are insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation, the federal savings and loan insurance corporation, the national credit union share insurance fund, or a successor to the applicable agency authorized by federal law;
- 8 (4) A security issued by and representing an interest in or a direct obligation of, or 9 insured or guaranteed by, an insurance company organized under the laws of any state and 10 authorized to do business in this state;
 - (5) A security issued or guaranteed by a railroad, other common carrier, public utility, or holding company that is:
 - (i) Subject to the jurisdiction of the Interstate Commerce Commission;
- 14 (ii) A registered holding company under the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 15 1935, 15 U.S.C. § 79 et seq. [repealed], or a subsidiary of a registered holding company within 16 the meaning of that act;
 - (iii) Regulated as to its rates and charges by a governmental authority of the United States or a state; or
 - (iv) Regulated as to the issuance or guarantee of the security by a governmental authority of the United States, a state, Canada, or a Canadian province or territory;
 - (6) Equipment trust certificates as to equipment leased or conditionally sold to a person, if securities issued by the person would be exempt under this section;
 - (7) A security listed or approved for listing upon notice of issuance on a national securities exchange registered under § 6 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, 15 U.S.C. § 78f; any other security of the same issuer which is of senior or substantially equal rank; a security called for by subscription right or warrant so listed or approved; or a warrant or right to purchase or subscribe to any of the securities in this subsection;
 - (8) A security designated or approved for designation upon notice of issuance as a national market system security by the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.; any other security of the same issuer which is of senior or substantially equal rank; a security called for by subscription right or warrant so designated; or a warrant or a right to purchase or subscribe to any of the securities in this subsection;
- 33 (9) An option issued by a clearing agency registered under the Securities Exchange Act 34 of 1934, 15 U.S.C. § 78a et seq., other than an off exchange futures contract or substantially

- similar arrangement, if the security, currency, commodity, or other interest underlying the option:
- 2 (i) Is registered under § 7-11-302, 7-11-303, or 7-11-304;
- 3 (ii) Is exempt under this section; or

- 4 (iii) Is not otherwise required to be registered under this chapter;
- 5 (10) A security issued by a person organized and operated not for private profit but 6 exclusively for a religious, educational, benevolent, charitable, fraternal, social, athletic, or 7 reformatory purpose, or as a chamber of commerce or trade or professional association;
 - (11) A promissory note, draft, bill of exchange, or bankers' acceptance that evidences an obligation to pay cash within nine (9) months after the date of issuance, exclusive of days of grace, is issued in denominations of at least fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) and receives a rating in one of the three (3) highest rating categories from a nationally recognized statistical rating organization; or a renewal of an obligation that is likewise limited, or a guarantee of an obligation or of a renewal;
 - (12) A security issued in connection with an employee's stock purchase, savings, option, profit sharing, pension, or similar employees' benefit plan;
 - (13) A membership or equity interest in, or a retention certificate or like security given in lieu of a cash patronage dividend issued by, a cooperative organized and operated as a nonprofit membership cooperative under the cooperative laws of any state if not traded to the public;
 - (14) A security issued by an issuer registered as an open end management investment company or unit investment trust pursuant to § 8 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, 15 U.S.C. § 80a-8, if:
 - (i) The issuer is advised by an investment adviser that is a depository institution exempt from registration under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, 15 U.S.C. § 80b-1 et seq., or that is currently registered as an investment adviser and has been registered, or is affiliated with an adviser that has been registered as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, 15 U.S.C. § 80b-1 et seq., for at least three (3) years immediately before an offer or sale of a security claimed to be exempt under this subsection (14)(i) and has acted, or is affiliated with an investment adviser that has acted, as investment adviser to one or more registered investment companies or unit investment trusts for at least three (3) years immediately before an offer or sale of a security claimed to be exempt under this subsection (14)(i); or
 - (ii) The issuer has a sponsor that has at all times throughout the three (3) years before an offer or sale of a security claimed to be exempt under this subsection (14)(ii) sponsored one or more registered investment companies or unit investment trusts the aggregate total assets of which have exceeded one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000).

1	(iii) The director has received prior to any sale exempted in this section:
2	(A) A notice of intention to sell which has been executed by the issuer which states the
3	name and address of the issuer and the title of the securities to be offered in this state; and
4	(B) A filing fee of one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
5	(iv) In the event any offer or sale of an open end management investment company is to
6	be made more than twelve (12) months after the date notice under subsection (14)(iii) is received
7	by the director, another notice and payment of the applicable fee is required.
8	For the purpose of subsection (14) an investment adviser is affiliated with anothe
9	investment adviser if it controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with the other
10	investment adviser.
11	(15) A virtual currency issued, exchanged, sold or transferred in compliance with chapte
12	14.7 of title 42.
13	7-11-402. Exempt transactions.
14	The following transactions are exempt from §§ 7-11-301 and 7-11-404:
15	(1) An isolated nonissuer transaction, whether or not effected through a broker-dealer;
16	(2) A nonissuer transaction in an outstanding security if the issuer of the security has a
17	class of securities subject to registration under § 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, 13
18	U.S.C. § 78l, and has been subject to the reporting requirements of § 13 or § 15(d) of the
19	Securities Exchange Act of 1934, 15 U.S.C. §§ 78m and 78o(d), for not less than ninety (90) days
20	before the transaction; or has filed and maintained with the director for not less than ninety (90
21	days before the transaction information, in any form that the director, by rule, specifies
22	substantially comparable to the information which the issuer would be required to file under §
23	12(b) or § 12(g) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, 15 U.S.C. §§ 78l(b) or 78l(g), were the
24	issuer to have a class of its securities registered under § 12 of the Securities Exchange Act or
25	1934 and paid a fee with the filing of three hundred dollars (\$300);
26	(3) A nonissuer transaction in a security:
27	(i) Of a class outstanding in the hands of the public for not less than ninety (90) days
28	before the transaction if a nationally recognized securities manual designated by the director, by
29	rule or order, contains the names of the issuer's officers and directors, a statement of financia
30	condition of the issuer as of a date within the last eighteen (18) months, and a statement of
31	income or operations for either the last fiscal year before that date or the most recent year or
32	operation; or
33	(ii) If the security has a fixed maturity or a fixed interest or dividend provision and there
34	has been no default during the current fiscal year or within the three (3) preceding years of

during the existence of the issuer and any predecessors if less than three (3) years, in the payment of principal, interest, or dividends on the security;

- (4) A nonissuer transaction effected by or through a registered broker-dealer pursuant to an unsolicited order or offer to purchase; but the director may by rule require that the customer acknowledge upon a specified form that the sale was unsolicited, and that a signed copy of each form be preserved by the broker-dealer for a specified period;
- 7 (5) A transaction between the issuer or other person on whose behalf the offering of a 8 security is made and an underwriter, or a transaction among underwriters;
 - (6) A transaction in a bond or other evidence of indebtedness secured by a real estate mortgage, deed of trust, personal property security agreement, or by an agreement for the sale of real estate or personal property, if the entire mortgage, deed of trust, or agreement, together with all the bonds or other evidences of indebtedness secured by them, is offered and sold as a unit;
- 13 (7) A transaction by an executor, administrator, sheriff, marshal, receiver, trustee in 14 bankruptcy, guardian, or conservator;
 - (8) A transaction executed by a bona fide secured party without a purpose of evading this chapter;
 - (9) An offer to sell or sale of a security to a financial or institutional investor or to a broker-dealer;
 - (10) A transaction pursuant to an offer directed by the offeror to no more than twenty-five (25) purchasers in this state, other than those designated in subsection (9), during any twelve (12) consecutive months; no general solicitation or general advertising is used in connection with the offer to sell or sale of the securities; and no commission or other similar compensation is paid or given, directly or indirectly, to a person, other than a broker-dealer licensed or not required to be licensed under this chapter, for soliciting a prospective purchaser in this state; and either:
 - (i) The seller reasonably believes that all the purchasers in this state, other than those designated in subsection (9) are purchasing for investment; or
 - (ii) Immediately before and immediately after the transaction, the issuer reasonably believes that the securities of the issuer are held by fifty (50) or fewer beneficial owners, other than those designated in subsection (9) and the transaction is part of an aggregate offering that does not exceed one million dollars (\$1,000,000) during any twelve (12) consecutive months;
 - (11) An offer to sell or sale of a preorganization certificate or subscription if no commission or other similar compensation is paid or given, directly or indirectly, for soliciting a prospective subscriber; no public advertising or general solicitation is used in connection with the offer to sell or sale; the number of subscribers does not exceed ten (10); and no payment is made

by a subscriber;

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- 2 (12) An offer to sell or sale of a preorganization certificate or subscription agreement 3 issued in connection with the organization of a depository institution if that organization is under 4 the supervision of an official or agency of any state or of the United States that has and exercises 5 the authority to regulate and supervise the organization of the depository institution. For the purposes of this subsection, supervision of the organization by an official or agency means that 6 7 the official or agency by law has authority to require disclosures to prospective investors similar 8 to that required under § 7-11-304, impound proceeds from the sale of preorganization certificates 9 or subscription agreements until organization of the depository institution is completed, and 10 require refund to investors if the depository institution does not obtain a grant of authority from 11 the appropriate official or agency;
 - (13) A transaction pursuant to an offer to sell to existing security holders of the issuer, including persons who at the time of the transaction are holders of transferable warrants exercisable within not more than ninety (90) days after their issuance, convertible securities, or nontransferable warrants, if:
 - (i) No commission or other similar compensation, other than a standby commission, is directly or indirectly paid or given, for soliciting a security holder in this state; or
 - (ii) The issuer first files a notice specifying the terms of the offer to sell and the director does not by order disallow the exemption within the next five (5) full business days;
- 20 (14) A transaction involving an offer to sell, but not a sale, of a security not exempt from 21 registration under the Securities Act of 1933, 15 U.S.C. § 77a et seq., if:
 - (i) A registration or offering statement or similar document as required under the Securities Act of 1933, 15 U.S.C. § 77a et seq., has been filed, but is not effective;
- 24 (ii) A registration statement, if required, has been filed under this chapter, but is not 25 effective; and
 - (iii) No stop order of which the offeror is aware has been entered by the director or the Securities and Exchange Commission, and no examination or public proceeding that may culminate in that kind of order is known by the offeror to be pending;
- 29 (15) A transaction involving an offer to sell, but not a sale, of a security exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, 15 U.S.C. § 77a et seq., if:
- 31 (i) A registration statement has been filed under this chapter, but is not effective; and
 - (ii) No stop order of which the offeror is aware has been entered by the director and no examination or public proceeding that may culminate in that kind of order is known by the offeror to be pending;

1	(16) A transaction involving the distribution of the securities of an issuer to the security
2	holders of another person in connection with a merger, consolidation, exchange of securities, sale
3	of assets, or other reorganization to which the issuer, or its parent or subsidiary, and the other
4	person, or its parent or subsidiary, are parties, if:
5	(i) The securities to be distributed are registered under the Securities Act of 1933, 15
6	U.S.C. § 77a et seq., before the consummation of the transaction; or
7	(ii) The securities to be distributed are not required to be registered under the Securities
8	Act of 1933, 15 U.S.C. § 77a et seq., written notice of the transaction and a copy of the materials,
9	if any, by which approval of the transaction will be solicited is given to the director at least ten
10	(10) days before the consummation of the transaction and the director does not disallow by order
11	the exemption within the next ten (10) days;
12	(17)(i) A transaction involving the offer to sell or sale of one or more promissory notes
13	each of which is directly secured by a first lien on a single parcel of real estate, or a transaction
14	involving the offer to sell or sale of participation interests in the notes if the notes and
15	participation interests are originated by a depository institution and are offered and sold subject to
16	the following conditions:
17	(A) The minimum aggregate sales price paid by each purchaser may not be less than two
18	hundred and fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000);
19	(B) Each purchaser must pay cash either at the time of the sale or within sixty (60) days
20	after the sale; and
21	(C) Each purchaser may buy for that person's own account only;
22	(ii) A transaction involving the offer to sell or sale of one or more promissory notes
23	directly secured by a first lien on a single parcel of real estate or participation interests in the
24	notes, if the notes and participation interests are originated by a mortgagee approved by the
25	Secretary of Housing and Urban Development under §§ 203 and 211 of the National Housing
26	Act, 12 U.S.C. §§ 1709 and 1715b, and are offered or sold, subject to the conditions specified in
27	subsection (17)(i), to a depository institution or insurance company, the Federal Home Loan
28	Mortgage Corporation, the Federal National Mortgage Association, or the Government National
29	Mortgage Association; and
30	(iii) A transaction between any of the persons described in subsection (17)(ii) involving a
31	nonassignable contract to buy or sell the securities described in subsection (17)(i) which contract
32	is to be completed within two (2) years if:
33	(A) The seller of the securities pursuant to the contract is one of the parties described in

subsection (17)(i) or (17)(ii) who may originate securities;

1	(b) The purchaser of securities pursuant to a contract is any other person described in
2	subsection (17)(ii); and
3	(C) The conditions described in subsection (17)(i) are fulfilled; and
4	(18) Any offer or sale of securities made in reliance on the exemptions provided by Rule
5	505 or 506 of regulation D as may be amended from time to time, under the Securities Act of
6	1933, 15 U.S.C. § 77a et seq., and the provisions of the rules under that Act as amended from
7	time to time; provided:
8	(i) No commission or other remuneration may be paid or given directly or indirectly, to
9	any person for soliciting or selling to any person in this state in reliance on this exemption, except
10	to persons registered under §§ 7-11-201 7-11-204;
11	(ii) Not later than ten (10) days, or a shorter period that may be permitted by order of the
12	director, prior to the first sale of securities in reliance on this exemption, there is filed with the
13	director:
14	(A) A Uniform Consent to Service of Process (Form U2);
15	(B) A notice of original filing on Form D; and
16	(C) A fee of three hundred dollars (\$300).
17	No exemption is available for the securities of any issuer if any of the parties described in
18	Securities and Exchange Commission regulation A. Rule 230.252, Section (c), (d), (e) or (f)
19	under the Securities Act of 1933 are disqualified pursuant to a rule adopted by the director.
20	(19) A transaction involving issuance, exchange, sale or transfer of virtual currency in
21	compliance with the provisions of chapter 14.7 of title 42.
22	SECTION 3. Section 19-1-1 of the General Laws in Chapter 19-1 entitled "Definitions
23	and Establishment of Financial Institutions" is hereby amended to read as follows:
24	19-1-1. Definitions.
25	Unless otherwise specified, the following terms shall have the following meanings
26	throughout this title:
27	(1) "Agreement to form" means the agreement to form a financial institution or the
28	agreement to form a credit union, as applicable, pursuant to this title, and includes, for financial
29	institutions organized before December 31, 1995, the articles of incorporation or the agreement of
30	association of the financial institution, where applicable.
31	(2) "Branch" means any office or place of business, other than the main office or
32	customer-bank-communication-terminal outlets as provided for in this title, at which deposits are
33	received, or checks paid or money lent, or at which any trust powers are exercised. Any financial
34	institution that had, on or before June 30, 2003, established an office or place of business, other

than its main office, at which trust powers are exercised, shall not be required to obtain the approval of the director, or the director's designee, pursuant to § 19-2-11 for any such offices established as of that date.

- (3) "Credit union" means a credit union duly organized under the laws of this state.
- 5 (4) "Director" means the director of the department of business regulation, or the director's designee.
- 7 (5) "Division of banking" means the division within the department of business 8 regulation responsible for the supervision and examination of regulated institutions and/or 9 licensees under chapter 14 of this title.
 - (6) "Federal credit union" means a credit union duly organized under the laws of the United States.
 - (7) "Financial institution" means any entity, other than a credit union, duly organized under the laws of this state that has the statutory authority to accept money on deposit pursuant to title 19, including an entity that is prohibited from accepting deposits by its own bylaws or agreement to form; the term includes, but is not limited to banks, trust companies, savings banks, loan and investment banks, and savings and loan associations.
 - (8) "Main office" means, in the case of financial institutions or credit unions, the location stated in the agreement to form, as amended, and, otherwise, the location recognized by the institution's primary banking regulator as its main office.
 - (9) "Person" means individuals, partnerships, corporations, limited liability companies, or any other entity however organized.
 - (10) "Regulated institution" means any financial institution, credit union, or other insured-deposit-taking institution, that is authorized to do business in this state, including one authorized by operation of an interstate banking statute that allowed its original entry-, however shall not include any entity exclusively involved in the issuance, exchange, sale or transfer of virtual currency in compliance with the provisions of chapter 14.7 of title 42.
 - (11) "Retail installment contract" means any security agreement negotiated or executed in this state, or under the laws of this state, including, but not limited to, any agreement in the nature of a mortgage, conditional sale contract, or any other agreement whether or not evidenced by any written instrument to pay the retail purchase price of goods, or any part thereof, in installments over any period of time and pursuant to which any security interest is retained or taken by the retail seller for the payment of the purchase price, or any part thereof, of the retail installment contract.
- 34 (12) "Retail seller" means any person who sells or contracts to sell any goods under a

retail installment contract to a retail buyer.

- 2 (13) "Superintendent" means the deputy director designated by the director as superintendent of banking in the department of business regulation.
- 4 (14) "Unimpaired capital" means the sum of all capital and allowance accounts minus 5 estimated losses on assets, calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting 6 principles.
- 7 (15) "Writing" means hard copy writing or electronic writing that meets the requirements 8 of § 42-127.1-2(7).
- 9 SECTION 4. Section 19-14-2 of the General Laws in Chapter 19-14 entitled "Licensed 10 Activities" is hereby amended to read as follows:

19-14-2. Licenses required.

- (a) No person shall engage within this state in the business of: (1) Making or funding loans or acting as a lender or small loan lender; (2) Brokering loans or acting as a loan broker; (3) Selling checks for a fee or other consideration; (4) Cashing checks for a fee or other consideration, which includes any premium charged for the sale of goods in excess of the cash price of the goods; (5) Providing electronic money transfers for a fee or other consideration except the issuance, exchange, sale or transfer of virtual currency in compliance with the provisions of chapter 14. 7 of title 42; (6) Providing debt-management services; (7) Performing the duties of a mortgage-loan originator; (8) Servicing a loan, directly or indirectly, as a third-party loan servicer without first obtaining a license or registration from the director or the director's designee. The licensing requirement for any person providing debt-management plans shall apply to all persons, without regard for state of incorporation or a physical presence in this state, who initiate or service debt-management plans for residents of this state. Special exemptions from licensing for each activity are contained in other chapters in this title.
- (b) No lender or loan-broker licensee shall permit an employee to act as a mortgage loan originator without first verifying that such originator is licensed under this chapter. No individual may act as a mortgage-loan originator without being licensed, or act as a mortgage-loan originator for more than one person. The license of a mortgage-loan originator is not effective during any period when such mortgage-loan originator is not associated with a lender or loan-broker licensee.
- 31 (c) Each loan negotiated, solicited, placed, found, or made without a license as required 32 in subsection (a) shall constitute a separate violation for purposes of this chapter.
 - (d) No person engaged in the business of making or brokering loans in this state, whether licensed in accordance with the provisions of this chapter or exempt from licensing, shall accept

- 1 applications, or referral of applicants from, or pay a fee to, any lender, loan broker, or mortgage-
- 2 loan originator who is required to be licensed or registered under said sections but is not licensed
- 3 to act as such by the director, or the director's designee.
- 4 SECTION 5. Section 44-3-3 of the General Laws in Chapter 44-3 entitled "Property
- 5 Subject to Taxation" is hereby amended to read as follows:

44-3-3. Property exempt.

- 7 (a) The following property is exempt from taxation:
- 8 (1) Property belonging to the state, except as provided in § 44-4-4.1;
- 9 (2) Lands ceded or belonging to the United States;
- 10 (3) Bonds and other securities issued and exempted from taxation by the government of the United States or of this state;
 - (4) Real estate, used exclusively for military purposes, owned by chartered or incorporated organizations approved by the adjutant general and composed of members of the national guard, the naval militia, or the independent, chartered-military organizations;
 - (5) Buildings for free public schools, buildings for religious worship, and the land upon which they stand and immediately surrounding them, to an extent not exceeding five (5) acres so far as the buildings and land are occupied and used exclusively for religious or educational purposes;
 - (6) Dwellings houses and the land on which they stand, not exceeding one acre in size, or the minimum lot size for zone in which the dwelling house is located, whichever is the greater, owned by, or held in trust for, any religious organization and actually used by its officiating clergy; provided, further, that in the town of Charlestown, where the property previously described in this paragraph is exempt in total, along with dwelling houses and the land on which they stand in Charlestown, not exceeding one acre in size, or the minimum lot size for zone in which the dwelling house is located, whichever is the greater, owned by, or held in trust for, any religious organization and actually used by its officiating clergy, or used as a convent, nunnery, or retreat center by its religious order;
 - (7) Intangible personal property owned by, or held in trust for, any religious or charitable organization, if the principal or income is used or appropriated for religious or charitable purposes;
 - (8) Buildings and personal estate owned by any corporation used for a school, academy, or seminary of learning, and of any incorporated public charitable institution, and the land upon which the buildings stand and immediately surrounding them to an extent not exceeding one acre, so far as they are used exclusively for educational purposes, but no property or estate whatever is

- 1 hereafter exempt from taxation in any case where any part of its income or profits, or of the
- 2 business carried on there, is divided among its owners or stockholders; provided, however, that
- 3 unless any private nonprofit corporation organized as a college or university located in the town
- 4 of Smithfield reaches a memorandum of agreement with the town of Smithfield, the town of
- 5 Smithfield shall bill the actual costs for police, fire, and rescue services supplied, unless
- 6 otherwise reimbursed, to said corporation commencing March 1, 2014;
- 7 (9) Estates, persons, and families of the president and professors for the time being of
- 8 Brown University for not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each officer, the officer's
- 9 estate, person, and family included, but only to the extent that any person had claimed and
- 10 utilized the exemption prior to, and for a period ending, either on or after December 31, 1996;
 - (10) Property especially exempt by charter unless the exemption has been waived in whole or in part;
 - (11) Lots of land exclusively for burial grounds;

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- 14 (12) Property, real and personal, held for, or by, an incorporated library, society, or any 15 free public library, or any free public library society, so far as the property is held exclusively for 16 library purposes, or for the aid or support of the aged poor, or poor friendless children, or the poor
- 17 generally, or for a nonprofit hospital for the sick or disabled;
 - (13) Real or personal estate belonging to, or held in trust for, the benefit of incorporated organizations of veterans of any war in which the United States has been engaged, the parent body of which has been incorporated by act of Congress, to the extent of four hundred thousand dollars (\$400,000) if actually used and occupied by the association; provided, that the city council of the city of Cranston may by ordinance exempt the real or personal estate as previously described in this subdivision located within the city of Cranston to the extent of five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000);
 - (14) Property, real and personal, held for, or by, the fraternal corporation, association, or body created to build and maintain a building or buildings for its meetings or the meetings of the general assembly of its members, or subordinate bodies of the fraternity, and for the accommodation of other fraternal bodies or associations, the entire net income of which real and personal property is exclusively applied or to be used to build, furnish, and maintain an asylum or asylums, a home or homes, a school or schools, for the free education or relief of the members of the fraternity, or the relief, support, and care of worthy and indigent members of the fraternity, their wives, widows, or orphans, and any fund given or held for the purpose of public education, almshouses, and the land and buildings used in connection therewith;
 - (15) Real estate and personal property of any incorporated volunteer fire engine company

or incorporated volunteer ambulance or rescue corps in active service;

- (16) The estate of any person who, in the judgment of the assessors, is unable from infirmity or poverty to pay the tax; provided, that in the towns of Burrillville and West Greenwich, the tax shall constitute a lien for five (5) years on the property where the owner is entitled to the exemption. At the expiration of five (5) years, the lien shall be abated in full. Provided, if the property is sold or conveyed, or if debt secured by the property is refinanced during the five-year (5) period, the lien immediately becomes due and payable; any person claiming the exemption aggrieved by an adverse decision of an assessor shall appeal the decision to the local board of tax review and thereafter according to the provisions of § 44-5-26;
 - (17) Household furniture and family stores of a housekeeper in the whole, including clothing, bedding, and other white goods, books, and all other tangible personal property items that are common to the normal household;
 - (18) Improvements made to any real property to provide a shelter and fallout protection from nuclear radiation, to the amount of one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500); provided, that the improvements meet applicable standards for shelter construction established, from time to time, by the Rhode Island emergency management agency. The improvements are deemed to comply with the provisions of any building code or ordinance with respect to the materials or the methods of construction used and any shelter or its establishment is deemed to comply with the provisions of any zoning code or ordinance;
 - (19) Aircraft for which the fee required by § 1-4-6 has been paid to the tax administrator;
- 21 (20) Manufacturer's inventory.
 - (i) For the purposes of §§ 44-4-10, 44-5-3, 44-5-20, and 44-5-38, a person is deemed to be a manufacturer within a city or town within this state if that person uses any premises, room, or place in it primarily for the purpose of transforming raw materials into a finished product for trade through any or all of the following operations: adapting, altering, finishing, making, and ornamenting; provided, that public utilities; non-regulated power producers commencing commercial operation by selling electricity at retail or taking title to generating facilities on or after July 1, 1997; building and construction contractors; warehousing operations, including distribution bases or outlets of out-of-state manufacturers; and fabricating processes incidental to warehousing or distribution of raw materials, such as alteration of stock for the convenience of a customer; are excluded from this definition;
 - (ii) For the purposes of this section and §§ 44-4-10 and 44-5-38, the term "manufacturer's inventory", or any similar term, means and includes the manufacturer's raw materials, the manufacturer's work in process, and finished products manufactured by the manufacturer in this

state, and not sold, leased, or traded by the manufacturer or its title or right to possession divested; provided, that the term does not include any finished products held by the manufacturer in any retail store or other similar selling place operated by the manufacturer whether or not the retail establishment is located in the same building in which the manufacturer operates the manufacturing plant;

- (iii) For the purpose of § 44-11-2, a "manufacturer" is a person whose principal business in this state consists of transforming raw materials into a finished product for trade through any or all of the operations described in paragraph (i) of this subdivision. A person will be deemed to be principally engaged if the gross receipts that person derived from the manufacturing operations in this state during the calendar year or fiscal year mentioned in § 44-11-1 amounted to more than fifty percent (50%) of the total gross receipts that person derived from all the business activities in which that person engaged in this state during the taxable year. For the purpose of computing the percentage, gross receipts derived by a manufacturer from the sale, lease, or rental of finished products manufactured by the manufacturer in this state, even though the manufacturer's store or other selling place may be at a different location from the location of the manufacturer's manufacturing plant in this state, are deemed to have been derived from manufacturing;
- (iv) Within the meaning of the preceding paragraphs of this subdivision, the term "manufacturer" also includes persons who are principally engaged in any of the general activities coded and listed as establishments engaged in manufacturing in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual prepared by the Technical Committee on Industrial Classification, Office of Statistical Standards, Executive Office of the President, United States Bureau of the Budget, as revised from time to time, but eliminating as manufacturers those persons, who, because of their limited type of manufacturing activities, are classified in the manual as falling within the trade rather than an industrial classification of manufacturers. Among those thus eliminated, and accordingly also excluded as manufacturers within the meaning of this paragraph, are persons primarily engaged in selling, to the general public, products produced on the premises from which they are sold, such as neighborhood bakeries, candy stores, ice cream parlors, shade shops, and custom tailors, except, that a person who manufactures bakery products for sale primarily for home delivery, or through one or more non-baking retail outlets, and whether or not retail outlets are operated by the person, is a manufacturer within the meaning of this paragraph;
- (v) The term "Person" means and includes, as appropriate, a person, partnership, or corporation; and
- (vi) The department of revenue shall provide to the local assessors any assistance that is necessary in determining the proper application of the definitions in this subdivision;

(21) Real and tangible personal property acquired to provide a treatment facility used primarily to control the pollution or contamination of the waters or the air of the state, as defined in chapter 12 of title 46 and chapter 25 of title 23, respectively, the facility having been constructed, reconstructed, erected, installed, or acquired in furtherance of federal or state requirements or standards for the control of water or air pollution or contamination, and certified as approved in an order entered by the director of environmental management. The property is exempt as long as it is operated properly in compliance with the order of approval of the director of environmental management; provided, that any grant of the exemption by the director of environmental management in excess of ten (10) years is approved by the city or town in which the property is situated. This provision applies only to water and air pollution control properties and facilities installed for the treatment of waste waters and air contaminants resulting from industrial processing; furthermore, it applies only to water or air pollution control properties and facilities placed in operation for the first time after April 13, 1970;

- (22) New manufacturing machinery and equipment acquired or used by a manufacturer and purchased after December 31, 1974. Manufacturing machinery and equipment is defined as:
- (i) Machinery and equipment used exclusively in the actual manufacture or conversion of raw materials or goods in the process of manufacture by a manufacturer, as defined in subdivision (20), and machinery, fixtures, and equipment used exclusively by a manufacturer for research and development or for quality assurance of its manufactured products;
- (ii) Machinery and equipment that is partially used in the actual manufacture or conversion of raw materials or goods in process of manufacture by a manufacturer, as defined in subdivision (20), and machinery, fixtures, and equipment used by a manufacturer for research and development or for quality assurance of its manufactured products, to the extent to which the machinery and equipment is used for the manufacturing processes, research and development, or quality assurance. In the instances where machinery and equipment is used in both manufacturing and/or research and development and/or quality assurance activities and non-manufacturing activities, the assessment on machinery and equipment is prorated by applying the percentage of usage of the equipment for the manufacturing, research and development, and quality-assurance activity to the value of the machinery and equipment for purposes of taxation, and the portion of the value used for manufacturing, research and development, and quality assurance is exempt from taxation. The burden of demonstrating this percentage usage of machinery and equipment for manufacturing and for research and development and/or quality assurance of its manufactured products rests with the manufacturer; and
 - (iii) Machinery and equipment described in §§ 44-18-30(7) and 44-18-30(22) that was

purchased after July 1, 1997; provided that the city or town council of the city or town in which the machinery and equipment is located adopts an ordinance exempting the machinery and equipment from taxation. For purposes of this subsection, city councils and town councils of any municipality may, by ordinance, wholly or partially exempt from taxation the machinery and equipment discussed in this subsection for the period of time established in the ordinance and may, by ordinance, establish the procedures for taxpayers to avail themselves of the benefit of any exemption permitted under this section; provided, that the ordinance does not apply to any machinery or equipment of a business, subsidiary, or any affiliated business that locates or relocates from a city or town in this state to another city or town in the state;

- (23) Precious metal bullion, meaning any elementary metal that has been put through a process of melting or refining, and that is in a state or condition that its value depends upon its content and not its form. The term does not include fabricated precious metal that has been processed or manufactured for some one or more specific and customary industrial, professional, or artistic uses;
- (24) Hydroelectric power-generation equipment, which includes, but is not limited to, turbines, generators, switchgear, controls, monitoring equipment, circuit breakers, transformers, protective relaying, bus bars, cables, connections, trash racks, headgates, and conduits. The hydroelectric power-generation equipment must have been purchased after July 1, 1979, and acquired or used by a person or corporation who or that owns or leases a dam and utilizes the equipment to generate hydroelectric power;
- (25) Subject to authorization by formal action of the council of any city or town, any real or personal property owned by, held in trust for, or leased to an organization incorporated under chapter 6 of title 7, as amended, or an organization meeting the definition of "charitable trust" set out in § 18-9-4, as amended, or an organization incorporated under the not-for-profits statutes of another state or the District of Columbia, the purpose of which is the conserving of open space, as that term is defined in chapter 36 of title 45, as amended, provided the property is used exclusively for the purposes of the organization;
- (26) Tangible personal property, the primary function of which is the recycling, reuse, or recovery of materials (other than precious metals, as defined in § 44-18-30(24)(ii) and (iii)), from, or the treatment of "hazardous wastes", as defined in § 23-19.1-4, where the "hazardous wastes" are generated primarily by the same taxpayer and where the personal property is located at, in, or adjacent to a generating facility of the taxpayer. The taxpayer may, but need not, procure an order from the director of the department of environmental management certifying that the tangible personal property has this function, which order effects a conclusive presumption that the tangible

- 1 personal property qualifies for the exemption under this subdivision. If any information relating
- 2 to secret processes or methods of manufacture, production, or treatment is disclosed to the
- department of environmental management only to procure an order, and is a "trade secret" as
- 4 defined in § 28-21-10(b), it shall not be open to public inspection or publicly disclosed unless
- 5 disclosure is otherwise required under chapter 21 of title 28 or chapter 24.4 of title 23;
- 6 (27) Motorboats as defined in § 46-22-2 for which the annual fee required in § 46-22-4 7 has been paid;
- 8 (28) Real and personal property of the Providence Performing Arts Center, a non-9 business corporation as of December 31, 1986;
- 10 (29) Tangible personal property owned by, and used exclusively for the purposes of, any 11 religious organization located in the city of Cranston;
- 12 (30) Real and personal property of the Travelers Aid Society of Rhode Island, a nonprofit 13 corporation, the Union Mall Real Estate Corporation, and any limited partnership or limited 14 liability company that is formed in connection with, or to facilitate the acquisition of, the 15 Providence YMCA Building;

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- (31) Real and personal property of Meeting Street Center or MSC Realty, Inc., both not-for-profit Rhode Island corporations, and any other corporation, limited partnership, or limited liability company that is formed in connection with, or to facilitate the acquisition of, the properties designated as the Meeting Street National Center of Excellence on Eddy Street in Providence, Rhode Island;
- (32) The buildings, personal property, and land upon which the buildings stand, located on Pomham Island, East Providence, currently identified as Assessor's Map 211, Block 01, Parcel 001.00, that consists of approximately twenty-one thousand three hundred (21,300) square feet and is located approximately eight hundred sixty feet (860'), more or less, from the shore, and limited exclusively to these said buildings, personal estate and land, provided that said property is owned by a qualified 501(c)(3) organization, such as the American Lighthouse Foundation, and is used exclusively for a lighthouse;
- 28 (33) The Stadium Theatre Performing Arts Centre building located in Monument Square, 29 Woonsocket, Rhode Island, so long as said Stadium Theatre Performing Arts Center is owned by 30 the Stadium Theatre Foundation, a Rhode Island nonprofit corporation;
- 31 (34) Real and tangible personal property of St. Mary Academy -- Bay View, located in 32 East Providence, Rhode Island;
- 33 (35) Real and personal property of East Bay Community Action Program and its 34 predecessor, Self Help, Inc; provided, that the organization is qualified as a tax-exempt

1	corporation under § 501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code;
2	(36) Real and personal property located within the city of East Providence of the
3	Columbus Club of East Providence, a Rhode Island charitable nonprofit corporation;
4	(37) Real and personal property located within the city of East Providence of the
5	Columbus Club of Barrington, a Rhode Island charitable nonprofit corporation;
6	(38) Real and personal property located within the city of East Providence of Lodge 2337
7	BPO Elks, a Rhode Island nonprofit corporation;
8	(39) Real and personal property located within the city of East Providence of the St.
9	Andrews Lodge No. 39, a Rhode Island charitable nonprofit corporation;
0	(40) Real and personal property located within the city of East Providence of the Trustees
1	of Methodist Health and Welfare service a/k/a United Methodist Elder Care, a Rhode Island
12	nonprofit corporation;
13	(41) Real and personal property located on the first floor of 90 Leonard Avenue within
14	the city of East Providence of the Zion Gospel Temple, Inc., a religious nonprofit corporation;
5	(42) Real and personal property located within the city of East Providence of the Cape
6	Verdean Museum Exhibit, a Rhode Island nonprofit corporation;
17	(43) The real and personal property owned by a qualified 501(c)(3) organization that is
8	affiliated and in good standing with a national, congressionally chartered organization and
19	thereby adheres to that organization's standards and provides activities designed for recreational
20	educational, and character building purposes for children from ages six (6) years to seventeen
21	(17) years;
22	(44) Real and personal property of the Rhode Island Philharmonic Orchestra and Music
23	School; provided, that the organization is qualified as a tax-exempt corporation under § 501(c)(3)
24	of the United States Internal Revenue Code;
25	(45) The real and personal property located within the town of West Warwick at 211
26	Cowesett Avenue, Plat 29-Lot 25, which consists of approximately twenty-eight thousand sever
27	hundred fifty (28,750) square feet and is owned by the Station Fire Memorial Foundation of East
28	Greenwich, a Rhode Island nonprofit corporation;
29	(46) Real and personal property of the Comprehensive Community Action Program, a
30	qualified tax-exempt corporation under § 501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code;
31	(47) Real and personal property located at 52 Plain Street, within the city of Pawtucket of
32	the Pawtucket Youth Soccer Association, a Rhode Island nonprofit corporation;
33	(48) Renewable energy resources, as defined in § 39-26-5, used in residential systems
34	and associated equipment used therewith in service after December 31, 2015:

1	(49) Renewable energy resources, as defined in § 39-26-5, if employed by a
2	manufacturer, as defined in subsection (a) of this section, shall be exempt from taxation in
3	accordance with subsection (a) of this section;
4	(50) Real and personal property located at 415 Tower Hill Road within the town of North
5	Kingstown, of South County Community Action, Inc., a qualified tax-exempt corporation under §
6	501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code;
7	(51) As an effort to promote business growth, tangible business or personal property, in
8	whole or in part, within the town of Charlestown's community limits, subject to authorization by
9	formal action of the town council of the town of Charlestown;
0	(52) All real and personal property located at 1300 Frenchtown Road, within the town of
1	East Greenwich, identified as assessor's map 027, plat 019, lot 071, and known as the New
12	England Wireless and Steam Museum, Inc., a qualified tax-exempt corporation under § 501(c)(3)
13	of the United States Internal Revenue Code;
14	(53) Real and tangible personal property of Mount Saint Charles Academy located within
15	the city of Woonsocket, specifically identified as the following assessor's plats and lots: Logee
16	Street, plat 23, lot 62, Logee Street, plat 24, lots 304 and 305; Welles Street, plat 23, lot 310;
17	Monroe Street, plat 23, lot 312; and Roberge Avenue, plat 24, lot 47;
18	(54) Real and tangible personal property of Steere House, a Rhode Island nonprofit
19	corporation, located in Providence, Rhode Island;
20	(55) Real and personal property located within the town of West Warwick of Tides
21	Family Services, Inc., a Rhode Island nonprofit corporation;
22	(56) Real and personal property of Tides Family Services, Inc., a Rhode Island nonprofit
23	corporation, located in the city of Pawtucket at 242 Dexter Street, plat 44, lot 444;
24	(57) Real and personal property located within the town of Middletown of Lucy's Hearth,
25	a Rhode Island nonprofit corporation;
26	(58) Real and tangible personal property of Habitat for Humanity of Rhode Island
27	Greater Providence, Inc., a Rhode Island nonprofit corporation, located in Providence, Rhode
28	Island;
29	(59) Real and personal property of the Artic Playhouse, a Rhode Island nonprofit
80	corporation, located in the town of West Warwick at 1249 Main Street;
31	(60) Real and personal property located at 321 Main Street, within the town of South
32	Kingstown, of the Contemporary Theatre Company, a qualified, tax-exempt corporation under §
33	501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code;
34	(61) Real and personal property of The Samaritans, Inc., a Rhode Island nonprofit §

- 1 501(c)(3) corporation located at 67 Park Place, Pawtucket, Rhode Island, to the extent the city
- 2 council of Pawtucket may from time to time determine;
- 3 (62) Real and personal property of North Kingstown, Exeter Animal Protection League,
- 4 Inc., dba "Pet Refuge," 500 Stony Lane, a Rhode Island nonprofit corporation, located in North
- 5 Kingstown, Rhode Island;
- 6 (63) Real and personal property located within the city of East Providence of Foster
- 7 Forward (formerly the Rhode Island Foster Parents Association), a Rhode Island charitable
- 8 nonprofit corporation; and
- 9 (64) Real and personal property located at 54 Kelly Avenue within the town of East
- 10 Providence, of the Associated Radio Amateurs of Southern New England, a Rhode Island
- 11 nonprofit corporation.

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- 12 (65) Virtual currency as defined in chapter 14.7 of title 42.
 - value of its real property shall be the value determined by the most recent full revaluation or statistical property update performed by the city or town; provided, however, in the year a nonprofit hospital facility converts to or otherwise becomes a for-profit hospital facility, or a for-profit hospital facility is initially established, the value of the real property and personal property of the for-profit hospital facility shall be determined by a valuation performed by the assessor for

(b) Except as provided below, when a city or town taxes a for-profit hospital facility, the

- 19 the purpose of determining an initial assessed value of real and personal property, not previously
- 20 taxed by the city or town, as of the most recent date of assessment pursuant to § 44-5-1, subject to
- a right of appeal by the for-profit hospital facility which shall be made to the city or town tax
- 22 assessor with a direct appeal from an adverse decision to the Rhode Island superior court business
- calendar.
- A "for-profit hospital facility" includes all real and personal property affiliated with any
- 25 hospital as identified in an application filed pursuant to chapter 17 or 17.14 of title 23.
- Notwithstanding the above, a city or town may enter into a stabilization agreement with a for-
- 27 profit hospital facility under § 44-3-9 or other laws specific to the particular city or town relating
- 28 to stabilization agreements. In a year in which a nonprofit hospital facility converts to, or
- 29 otherwise becomes, a for-profit hospital facility, or a for-profit hospital facility is otherwise
- 30 established, in that year only the amount levied by the city or town and/or the amount payable
- 31 under the stabilization agreement for that year related to the for-profit hospital facility shall not be
- 32 counted towards determining the maximum tax levy permitted under § 44-5-2.

1	SECTION 6. This act shall take effect upon passage.
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	LC001438

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO STATE AFFAIRS AND GOVERNMENT - DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS REGULATION - VIRTUAL CURRENCY

This act would establish the "Digital Asset Business Act." It would also provide that the
department of business regulation to license virtual-currency business activity. Exempts virtualcurrency from compliance with "securities" requirements. Exempts virtual-currency from taxation.

This act would take effect upon passage.

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