2019 -- H 5736

LC001930

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2019

AN ACT

RELATING TO ELECTIONS - RHODE ISLAND CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTIONS AND EXPENDITURES REPORTING

Introduced By: Representatives Caldwell, Donovan, Knight, Ajello, and Williams

Date Introduced: February 27, 2019

Referred To: House Judiciary

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 17-25-7.2 of the General Laws in Chapter 17-25 entitled "Rhode

Island Campaign Contributions and Expenditures Reporting" is hereby amended to read as

follows:

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17-25-7.2. Personal use of campaign funds prohibited.

5 (a) The personal use by any elected public office holder or by any candidate for public

office, as defined in § 17-25-3, of campaign funds contributed after April 29, 1992, is prohibited.

For the purposes of this section, "personal use" is defined as any use other than expenditures

related to gaining or holding public office and for which the candidate for public office or elected

9 public official would be required to treat the amount of the expenditure as gross income under §

10 61 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, 26 U.S.C. § 61, or any subsequent corresponding

Internal Revenue Code of the United States, as from time to time amended.

(b) Expenditures that are specifically prohibited under this chapter include:

13 (1) Any residential or household items, supplies, or expenditures, including mortgage,

rent, or utility payments for any part of any personal residence of a candidate or officeholder or a

member of the candidate's or officeholder's family;

16 (2) Mortgage, rent, or utility payments for any part of any non-residential property that is

owned by a candidate or officeholder or a member of a candidate's or officeholder's family and

used for campaign purposes, to the extent the payments exceed the fair-market value of the

1	property usage;
2	(3) Funeral, cremation, or burial expenses, including any expenses related to death
3	within a candidate's or officeholder's family;
4	(4) Clothing, other than items of de minimis value that are used in the campaign;
5	(5) Tuition payments;
6	(6) Dues, fees, or gratuities at a country club, health club, recreational facility or othe
7	nonpolitical organization, unless they are part of a specific fundraising event that takes place or
8	the organization's premises;
9	(7) Salary payments to a member of a candidate's family, unless the family member is
10	providing bona fide services to the campaign. If a family member provides bona fide services to a
11	campaign, any salary payments in excess of the fair-market value of the services provided is
12	personal use;
13	(8) Admission to a sporting event, concert, theater, or other form of entertainment, unless
14	part of a specific campaign or officeholder activity;
15	(9) Payment of any fines, fees, or penalties assessed pursuant to this chapter.
16	(c) Any expense that results from campaign or officeholder activity is permitted use of
17	campaign funds. Such expenditures may include:
18	(1) The defrayal of ordinary and necessary expenses of a candidate or officeholder;
19	(2) Office expenses and equipment, provided the expenditures and the use of the
20	equipment can be directly attributable to the campaign or the officeholder's duties and
21	responsibilities;
22	(3) Donations to charitable organizations, provided the candidate or officeholder does no
23	personally benefit from the donation or receive compensation from the recipient organization;
24	(4) Travel expenses for an officeholder, provided that the travel is undertaken as an
25	ordinary and necessary expense of seeking, holding, or maintaining public office, or seeking
26	holding, or maintaining a position within the legislature or other publicly elected body. If a
27	candidate or officeholder uses campaign funds to pay expenses associated with travel that

(5) Gifts of nominal value and donations of a nominal amount made on a special occasion such as a holiday, graduation, marriage, retirement, or death, unless made to a member of the candidate's or officeholder's family;

involves both personal activities and campaign or officeholder activities, the incremental

expenses that result from the personal activities are personal use, unless the person(s) benefiting

from this use reimburse(s) the campaign account within thirty (30) days for the amount of the

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incremental expenses;

1	(6) Meal expenses that are incurred as part of a campaign activity or as a part of a
2	function that is related to the candidate's or officeholder's responsibilities, including meals
3	between and among candidates and/or officeholders that are incurred as an ordinary and
4	necessary expense of seeking, holding, or maintaining public office, or seeking, holding, or
5	maintaining a position within the legislature or other publicly elected body;
6	(7) Food and beverages that are purchased as part of a campaign or officeholder activity;
7	(8) Communication access expenses that are incurred as part of a campaign activity and
8	operation to ensure that deaf and hard-of-hearing citizens are fully participating, are volunteers,
9	and/or are otherwise maintaining a position with the campaign committee. Examples of
10	communication access expenses include, but are not limited to, the following: captioning on
11	television advertisements; video clips; sign language interpreters; computer-aided real-time
12	(CART) services; and assistive listening devices-;
13	(9) Child care expenses that are incurred as a result of campaign activity.
14	(d) Any campaign funds not used to pay for the expenses of gaining or holding public
15	office may:
16	(1) Be maintained in a campaign account(s);
17	(2) Be donated to a candidate for public office, to a political organization, or to a political
18	action committee, subject to the limitation on contributions in § 17-25-10.1;
19	(3) Be transferred, in whole or in part, into a newly established political action committee
20	or ballot question advocate;
21	(4) Be donated to a tax-exempt charitable organization as that term is used in § 501(c)(3)
22	of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, 26 U.S.C. § 501, or any subsequent, corresponding
23	internal revenue code of the United States as from time to time amended;
24	(5) Be donated to the state of Rhode Island; or
25	(6) Be returned to the donor; provided, however:
26	(e) Any funds remaining in a campaign account(s) of a candidate or officeholder, or
27	former candidate or former officeholder, who dies, after repayment of loans and accounts
28	payable, shall be disposed, in accordance with the instructions in writing, on a form prescribed by
29	the board of elections, which funds may:
30	(1) Be donated to a candidate for public office, to a political organization, or to a political
31	action committee, subject to the limitation on contributions in § 17-25-10.1;
32	(2) Be transferred, in whole or in part, into a newly established political action committee
33	or ballot question advocate;

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(3) Be donated to a tax-exempt charitable organization as that term is used in $\S 501(c)(3)$

- of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, 26 U.S.C. § 501, or any subsequent, corresponding
- 2 internal revenue code of the United States as from time to time amended; or
- 3 (4) Be returned to the donor.
- 4 (5) The candidate's or officeholder's, or former candidate's or former officeholder's,
- 5 campaign account(s) shall be dissolved by the board of elections;
- 6 (6) Any penalties assessed to the candidate or officeholder, or former candidate or former
- 7 officeholder, that are outstanding at the time of their death shall be waived by the board of
- 8 elections.
- 9 SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage.

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EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO ELECTIONS - RHODE ISLAND CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTIONS AND EXPENDITURES REPORTING

This act would permit campaign funds to be used to pay all childcare expenses that are incurred as a direct result of campaign activity.

This act would take effect upon passage.

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