LC002505

2017 -- S 0777

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2017

$A\ N \quad A\ C\ T$

RELATING TO HEALTH AND SAFETY - AUTOMATED EXTERNAL DEFIBRILLATORS REQUIRED

Introduced By: Senator Maryellen Goodwin

Date Introduced: April 12, 2017

<u>Referred To:</u> Senate Health & Human Services

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1	SECTION 1. Title 23 of the General Laws entitled "HEALTH AND SAFETY" is hereby
2	amended by adding thereto the following chapter:
3	<u>CHAPTER 6.5</u>
4	AUTOMATED EXTERNAL DEFIBRILLATORS REQUIRED AT PUBLIC PLACES
5	23-6.5-1. Legislative findings.
6	(1) Approximately three hundred twenty-five thousand (325,000) Americans suffer
7	sudden cardiac arrest ("SCA") each year and more than ninety-five percent (95%) of them die
8	before reaching the hospital;
9	(2) In the population of Rhode Island, an estimated one thousand (1,000) residents will
10	die of cardiac arrest every year;
11	(3) Facilities that host large numbers of visitors are more likely to experience an event
12	which requires an automated external defibrillator ("AED");
13	(4) If defibrillation is performed within five (5) to seven (7) minutes, chances of survival
14	are increased by forty-nine percent (49%). Every minute that goes by without defibrillation
15	reduces the chance of survival by seven percent (7%) to ten percent (10%);
16	(5) Automated external defibrillators (AEDs) are extremely accurate computerized
17	devices that can be operated by the average person; and
18	(6) Automated external defibrillators (AEDs) can be acquired through grants from

- 1 various organizations or through government agencies.
- 2 23-6.5-2. Automated external defibrillators requirements. 3 (a) As used in this chapter, "public place" means an enclosed area capable of holding 4 three hundred (300) people or more and to which the public is invited or in which the public is 5 permitted, including, but not limited to, banks, bars, educational facilities, health care facilities, 6 laundromats, public transportation facilities, reception areas, restaurants, retail food production 7 and marketing establishments, retail service establishments, retail stores, shopping malls, sports 8 arenas, government offices, theaters, and waiting rooms. A private residence is not a "public 9 place" unless it is used as a child care, adult day care, or health care facility. 10 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions contained in §§5-50-12 or 16-21-33.1 relating to 11 automated external defibrillators in health clubs and schools, any person who owns or operates a 12 public place as defined in subsection (a) of this section shall provide and maintain: 13 (1) On-site functional automated external defibrillators (AEDs) in quantities and types, 14 deemed by the director of health, to be adequate to ensure ready and appropriate access for use 15 during emergencies; and 16 (2) At least one person who is properly trained in the operation and use of an AED. 17 Training required by this chapter may be conducted by qualified personnel, including, but not 18 limited to, municipal fire and police department employees. 19 23-6.5-3. Rules and regulations. 20 The director of health is hereby authorized to adopt, modify, repeal, or promulgate rules
- 21 and regulations necessary to implement the provisions of this section.
- 22 SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage.

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EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO HEALTH AND SAFETY - AUTOMATED EXTERNAL DEFIBRILLATORS REQUIRED

1 This act would require an automated external defibrillator (AED) and qualified person to

2 administer an AED at all public places capable of holding three hundred (300) people or more.

This act would take effect upon passage.

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