LC002025

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2017

AN ACT

RELATING TO DELINQUENT AND DEPENDENT CHILDREN -- THE YOUNG ADULT VOLUNTARY EXTENSION OF CARE ACT

Introduced By: Senators DiPalma, Miller, McCaffrey, Conley, and Satchell

Date Introduced: March 29, 2017

Referred To: Senate Judiciary

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Sections 14-1-3 and 14-1-6 of the General Laws in Chapter 14-1 entitled

"Proceedings in Family Court" are hereby amended to read as follows:

14-1-3. Definitions.

2

- The following words and phrases when used in this chapter shall, unless the context otherwise requires, be construed as follows:
- 6 (1) "Adult" means a person eighteen (18) years of age or older, except that "adult"
- 7 includes any person seventeen (17) years of age or older who is charged with a delinquent offense
- 8 involving murder, first-degree sexual assault, first-degree child molestation, or assault with intent
- 9 to commit murder, and that person shall not be subject to the jurisdiction of the family court as set
- forth in §§ 14-1-5 and 14-1-6 if, after a hearing, the family court determines that probable cause
- exists to believe that the offense charged has been committed and that the person charged has
- 12 committed the offense.
- 13 (2) "Appropriate person", as used in §§ 14-1-10 and 14-1-11, except in matters relating to
- 14 adoptions and child marriages, means and includes:
- 15 (i) Any police official of this state, or of any city or town within this state;
- 16 (ii) Any duly qualified prosecuting officer of this state, or of any city or town within this
- 17 state;
- 18 (iii) Any director of public welfare of any city or town within this state, or his or her duly

| 1 | authorized subordinate; |
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| 2 | (iv) Any truant officer or other school official of any city or town within this state; |
| 3 | (v) Any duly authorized representative of any public or duly licensed private agency or |
| 4 | institution established for purposes similar to those specified in § 8-10-2 or 14-1-2; or |
| 5 | (vi) Any maternal or paternal grandparent, who alleges that the surviving parent, in those |
| 6 | cases in which one parent is deceased, is an unfit and improper person to have custody of any |
| 7 | child or children. |
| 8 | (3) "Child" means a person under eighteen (18) years of age. |
| 9 | (4) "The court" means the family court of the state of Rhode Island. |
| 0 | (5) "Delinquent", when applied to a child, means and includes any child who has |
| 1 | committed any offense that, if committed by an adult, would constitute a felony, or who has or |
| 12 | more than one occasion violated any of the other laws of the state or of the United States or any |
| 13 | of the ordinances of cities and towns, other than ordinances relating to the operation of motor |
| 14 | vehicles. |
| 15 | (6) "Dependent" means any child who requires the protection and assistance of the court |
| 16 | when his or her physical or mental health or welfare is harmed, or threatened with harm, due to |
| 17 | the inability of the parent or guardian, through no fault of the parent or guardian, to provide the |
| 18 | child with a minimum degree of care or proper supervision because of: |
| 19 | (i) The death or illness of a parent; or |
| 20 | (ii) The special medical, educational, or social-service needs of the child which the parent |
| 21 | is unable to provide. |
| 22 | (7) "Extended care support navigator" means the caseworker who is providing case |
| 23 | management to a young adult in the voluntary extension of care program. Support navigators |
| 24 | shall be specialized in primarily providing services for young adults in the extended services |
| 25 | program or shall, at minimum, have specialized training in providing transition services and |
| 26 | support to young adults. |
| 27 | (7)(8) "Justice" means a justice of the family court. |
| 28 | (8)(9) "Neglect" means a child who requires the protection and assistance of the cour |
| 29 | when his or her physical or mental health or welfare is harmed, or threatened with harm, when the |
| 30 | parents or guardian: |
| 31 | (i) Fails to supply the child with adequate food, clothing, shelter, or medical care, though |
| 32 | financially able to do so or offered financial or other reasonable means to do so; |
| 33 | (ii) Fails to provide the child proper education as required by law; or |
| | |

(iii) Abandons and/or deserts the child.

| 1 | (10) "Supervised independent living setting" means an independent supervised setting, |
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| 2 | consistent with 42 U.S.C.A. 672(c) and shall include, but not be limited to, single or shared |
| 3 | apartments, houses, host homes, college dormitories, or other postsecondary educational or |
| 4 | vocational housing. |
| 5 | (11) "Transition plan" means the plan that is developed beginning at age fourteen (14) |
| 6 | and describes the services and supports that the youth or young adult needs to make a successful |
| 7 | transition to adulthood as described in 42 U.S.C.A. 675(1)(D) and includes goals and services to |
| 8 | achieve those goals in at least the following areas: housing, living arrangements, managing and |
| 9 | meeting behavioral and physical health care needs, managing health insurance, education, |
| 10 | employment and workforce supports, connections with mentors and supports in the community. |
| 11 | The transition plan is part of the case plan and must be developed in consultation with the youth |
| 12 | or young adult. |
| 13 | (12) "Transition exit plan" means the plan that is developed in accordance with 42 |
| 14 | U.S.C.A. 675(5)(H) at least six (6) months prior to the young adult's planned discharge from |
| 15 | foster care or extended care, is personalized at the direction of the youth or young adult, and |
| 16 | includes, at least, specific options on housing, health, health insurance, health care decision- |
| 17 | making, education, employment, assistance with accessing and applying for public benefits as |
| 18 | appropriate, connections with mentors and caring adults, and continuing support services. The |
| 19 | transition exit plan must include documentation that the youth or young adult has been notified of |
| 20 | their eligibility and the process for re-establishing jurisdiction and documentation that the young |
| 21 | adult has been provided with the original or certified copy of the following documents: birth |
| 22 | certificate, social security card, state identification card/driver's license, health insurance |
| 23 | information, including any cards needed to access care, and medical records in accordance with |
| 24 | 42 U.S.C.A. 675(5)(I) |
| 25 | (13) "Voluntary extension of care agreement/voluntary placement agreement (VPA)" |
| 26 | means the agreement as defined in 42 U.S.C.A. 672 that is entered into by the young adult as their |
| 27 | own guardian and the department with respect to the young adult voluntary extension of care |
| 28 | <u>program.</u> |
| 29 | (14) "Young adult" means an individual who has attained eighteen (18) years of age, but |
| 30 | who has not attained twenty-one (21) years of age. |
| 31 | (15) "The young adult voluntary extension of care program" means the extended services |
| 32 | and support available to a young adult under § 14-1-6. |
| 33 | (9)(16) "Wayward", when applied to a child, means and includes any child: |
| 34 | (i) Who has deserted his or her home without good or sufficient cause; |

| 1 | (ii) Who habitually associates with dissolute, vicious, or immoral persons; |
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| 2 | (iii) Who is leading an immoral or vicious life; |
| 3 | (iv) Who is habitually disobedient to the reasonable and lawful commands of his or her |
| 4 | parent or parents, guardian, or other lawful custodian; |
| 5 | (v) Who, being required by chapter 19 of title 16 to attend school, willfully and habitually |
| 6 | absents himself or herself from school or habitually violates the rules and regulations of the |
| 7 | school when he or she attends; |
| 8 | (vi) Who has, on any occasion, violated any of the laws of the state or of the United |
| 9 | States or any of the ordinances of cities and towns, other than ordinances relating to the operation |
| 10 | of motor vehicles; or |
| 11 | (vii) Any child under seventeen (17) years of age who is in possession of one ounce (1 |
| 12 | oz.) or less of marijuana, as defined in § 21-28-1.02, and who is not exempted from the penalties |
| 13 | pursuant to chapter 28.6 of title 21. |
| 14 | (10)(17) The singular shall be construed to include the plural, the plural the singular, and |
| 15 | the masculine the feminine, when consistent with the intent of this chapter. |
| 16 | (11)(18) For the purposes of this chapter, "electronic surveillance and monitoring |
| 17 | devices" means any "radio frequency identification device (RFID)" or "global positioning device" |
| 18 | that is either tethered to a person or is intended to be kept with a person and is used for the |
| 19 | purposes of tracking the whereabouts of that person within the community. |
| 20 | 14-1-6. Retention of jurisdiction Retention and re-establishment of jurisdiction. |
| 21 | (a) The purpose of the young adult voluntary extension of care program is to support |
| 22 | young adults, ages eighteen (18) through twenty-one (21), formerly in the care of the department |
| 23 | of children, youth and families, in transitioning to adulthood, achieving permanency, becoming |
| 24 | self-sufficient, and creating permanent connections to supportive and caring adults and the |
| 25 | community. The extension of care program shall at all times recognize and respect the autonomy |
| 26 | of the young adult. Nothing in the chapter shall be construed to abrogate any other rights that a |
| 27 | person who has attained eighteen (18) years of age may have as an adult under state law. The |
| 28 | court shall retain or re-establish jurisdiction over a young adult who has attained the age of |
| 29 | eighteen (18), who meets the requirements described in subsections (b)(1) and (b)(2) of this |
| 30 | section. |
| 31 | $\frac{(a)(b)(1)}{(a)(b)(1)}$ When the court shall have obtained jurisdiction over any child prior to the child |
| 32 | having attained the age of eighteen (18) years by the filing of a petition alleging that the child is |
| 33 | wayward or delinquent pursuant to § 14-1-5, the child shall, except as specifically provided in |
| 34 | this chapter, continue under the jurisdiction of the court until he or she becomes nineteen (19) |

| 1 | years of age, unless discharged prior to turning nineteen (19). When the court shall have obtained |
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| 2 | jurisdiction over any child prior to the child's eighteenth (18th) birthday by the filing of a |
| 3 | miscellaneous petition or a petition alleging that the child is dependent, neglected, and abused |
| 4 | pursuant to §§ 14-1-5 and 40-11-7 or 42-72-14, including any child under the jurisdiction of the |
| 5 | family court on petitions filed and/or pending before the court prior to July 1, 2007, the child |
| 6 | shall, except as specifically provided in this chapter, continue under the jurisdiction of the court |
| 7 | until he or she becomes eighteen (18) twenty-one (21) years of age; provided, that at least six (6) |
| 8 | months prior to a child turning eighteen (18) years of age, the court shall require the department |
| 9 | of children, youth and families to provide a description of the transition services including the |
| 10 | ehild's housing, health insurance, education and/or employment plan, available mentors and |
| 1 | continuing support services, including workforce supports and employment services afforded the |
| 12 | child in placement or a detailed explanation as to the reason those services were not offered. The |
| 13 | details of a child's transition plan shall be developed in consultation with the child, wherever |
| 14 | possible, and approved by the court prior to the dismissal of an abuse, neglect, dependency, or |
| 15 | miscellaneous petition before the child's twenty-first birthday. The court shall extend or re- |
| 16 | establish jurisdiction consistent with the process described below. |
| 17 | (2) Eligibility for voluntary extension of care. A young adult may continue to receive |
| 18 | services and support until age twenty-one (21) under this section if the young adult was: |
| 19 | (i) Under the permanent or foster custody of the department at the time the young adult |
| 20 | attained the age of eighteen (18) or any time thereafter; or |
| 21 | (ii) A former foster child who was adopted or placed in guardianship after attaining the |
| 22 | age of sixteen (16) and has experienced a disruption from their guardian or adoptive family after |
| 23 | age eighteen (18); and |
| 24 | (iii) The young adult voluntarily consents to participate in the young adult voluntary |
| 25 | extension of care program; and |
| 26 | (iv) The young adult must be participating in at least one of the following: |
| 27 | (A) Complete requirements to receive a high school diploma or GED; |
| 28 | (B) Complete a secondary education or a program leading to an equivalent credential; |
| 29 | (C) Enroll in an institution that provides postsecondary or vocational education; |
| 30 | (D) Participate in a program or activity designed to promote or remove barriers to |
| 31 | employment; |
| 32 | (E) Be employed for at least eighty (80) hours per month; |
| 33 | (F) Is incapable of doing any of the activities described in subsections (A) through (E) of |
| 2/1 | this section due to a mental or physical health condition, which incapability is supported by |

| 1 | regularly updated information in the case plan of the young adult; and |
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| 2 | (G) A young adult shall maintain eligibility for extension of care services past age |
| 3 | twenty-one (21) if they are in the process of completing a program under §§ 14-1-6(b)(2)(iv)(A) |
| 4 | through (b)(2)(iv)(E). |
| 5 | (c) Re-establishment of jurisdiction. |
| 6 | (1) At any time prior to reaching the age of twenty-one (21), a young adult may request |
| 7 | the court to re-establish jurisdiction if: |
| 8 | (i) The young adult was under the court's jurisdiction at age eighteen (18) and meets the |
| 9 | eligibility requirements listed in this section and has entered into a voluntary extension of care |
| 10 | agreement; or |
| 11 | (ii) The young adult was adopted or placed in guardianship after attaining the age of |
| 12 | sixteen (16) has experienced a disruption from their guardian or adoptive family at age eighteen |
| 13 | (18), or any time thereafter, up until the age of twenty-one (21), meets the participation eligibility |
| 14 | requirements listed in this section, and has entered into a voluntary extension of care agreement; |
| 15 | (2) The court shall open an extended care case, re-establish jurisdiction for eligible young |
| 16 | adults and make a finding whether re-establishing jurisdiction is in the young adult's best interest. |
| 17 | (3) Young adults for whom jurisdiction is re-established shall enter the voluntary |
| 18 | extension of care program and engage in case planning and court reviews. |
| 19 | (d) Voluntary extended care agreement. |
| 20 | (1) A youth shall be informed of the opportunity to enter the extended care program no |
| 21 | later than age seventeen (17). |
| 22 | (2) The department shall assist the youth in entering a voluntary extended care agreement |
| 23 | prior to the youth turning age eighteen (18). |
| 24 | (3) If a young adult chooses to participate in the young adult voluntary extension of care |
| 25 | program and meets the eligibility criteria set forth in this section, the department and the young |
| 26 | adult shall enter into a voluntary care agreement that shall include, at a minimum, the following: |
| 27 | (i) The obligation for the young adult to continue to meet the conditions for eligibility for |
| 28 | the duration of the voluntary care agreement; |
| 29 | (ii) The services and supports the young adult will receive through the extended care |
| 30 | program; |
| 31 | (iii) The voluntary nature of the young adult's participation in the young adult voluntary |
| 32 | extension of care program; |
| 33 | (iv) The young adult's right to terminate the voluntary care agreement at any time; and |
| 34 | (v) The conditions that may result in the termination of the voluntary extended care |

| 1 | agreement and early discharge from the extended of early program. |
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| 2 | (e) Provision of temporary extended care services. The department shall procure the |
| 3 | provision of extended care services, supports and case management services through the state |
| 4 | procurement rules and regulations as referenced in chapter 2 of title 37. As soon as the |
| 5 | department determines that a young adult is eligible for the extension of care program and the |
| 6 | young adult signs the voluntary extended care agreement, prior to the filing of the petition |
| 7 | requesting the jurisdiction of the court, the department shall provide extended foster care services |
| 8 | to the young adult: |
| 9 | (1) Provision of extended care services and supports. The services and supports provided |
| 10 | under the extension of care program includes, but are not limited to: |
| 11 | (i) The provision or arrangement of physical or behavioral health care; |
| 12 | (ii) The provision of housing, placement, living arrangements and support in the form of |
| 13 | continued foster care maintenance payments. As decided by and with the young adult, young |
| 14 | adults may reside in a foster family home or a supervised independent living setting. Continued |
| 15 | placement in an institution or a foster care facility should only occur if necessary due to a young |
| 16 | adult's developmental needs or medical condition. For young adults residing in a supervised |
| 17 | independent living setting: |
| 18 | (A) The department may send all or part of the foster care maintenance payments directly |
| 19 | to the young adult. This should be decided on a case-by-case basis by and with the young adult in |
| 20 | a manner that respects the independence of the young adult; and |
| 21 | (B) Rules and restrictions regarding housing options should be respectful of the young |
| 22 | adult's autonomy and developmental maturity. Specifically, safety assessments of the living |
| 23 | arrangements shall be age-appropriate and consistent with federal guidance on a supervised |
| 24 | setting in which the individual lives independently. A clean background check shall not be |
| 25 | required for an individual residing in the same residence as the young adult; |
| 26 | (iii) Case management services provided by an extended care support navigator that are |
| 27 | young-adult driven. Case management shall be a continuation of the permanency and transition |
| 28 | plans, including a written description of additional resources that will help the young adult in |
| 29 | creating permanent relationships and preparing for the transition to adulthood. Case management |
| 30 | shall include the development of a case plan, developed jointly by the department and the young |
| 31 | adult, that includes a description of the identified housing situation or living arrangement and the |
| 32 | resources to assist the young adult in the transition from the extended services program to |
| 33 | adulthood. The case plan shall incorporate the transition plan. Case management shall also |
| 34 | include, but not be limited to, documentation that assistance has been offered and provided that |

| 1 | would help the young adult meet their individual goals, it such assistance is appropriate and it the |
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| 2 | young adult is eligible and consents to receive such assistance. This shall include, but not be |
| 3 | limited to, assisting the young adult to: |
| 4 | (A) Obtain employment or other financial support; |
| 5 | (B) Obtain a government-issued identification card; |
| 6 | (C) Open and maintain a bank account; |
| 7 | (D) Obtain appropriate community resources, including physical health, mental health, |
| 8 | developmental disability, and other disability services and support; |
| 9 | (E) When appropriate, satisfy any juvenile justice system requirements and assist with |
| 10 | sealing the young adult's juvenile court record or expungement if eligible; |
| 11 | (F) Complete secondary education; |
| 12 | (G) Apply for admission and aid for postsecondary education or vocational courses; |
| 13 | (H) Obtain the necessary state court findings and then apply for special immigrant |
| 14 | juvenile status as defined in 8 U.S.C.A. 1101(a)(27)(J) or apply for other immigration relief that |
| 15 | the young adult may be eligible for; |
| 16 | (I) Create a health care power of attorney as required by the federal patient protection and |
| 17 | affordable care act; |
| 18 | (J) Obtain a copy of health and education records of the young adult; |
| 19 | (K) Apply for any public benefits or benefits that they may be eligible for or may be due |
| 20 | through their parents or relatives, including, but not limited to, aid to dependent children, |
| 21 | supplemental security income, social security disability insurance, social security survivors |
| 22 | benefits, the special supplemental nutrition program for women, infants, and children, the |
| 23 | supplemental nutrition assistance program, and low-income home energy assistance programs; |
| 24 | (L) Maintain relationships with individuals who are important to the young adult, |
| 25 | including searching for individuals with whom the young adult has lost contact; |
| 26 | (M) Access information about maternal and paternal relatives, including any siblings; |
| 27 | (N) Access young adult empowerment opportunities, such as case management, |
| 28 | assistance locating safe and affordable housing, identifying employment, enrolling in educational |
| 29 | programs, and peer support groups; and |
| 30 | (O) Access pregnancy and parenting resources and services. |
| 31 | (f) Petition. |
| 32 | (1) Within fifteen (15) calendar days after the voluntary extension of care agreement is |
| 33 | signed, the department shall file with the family court in the county where the young adult resides |
| 34 | a petition requesting the extension or re-establishment of the jurisdiction of the court under this |

| 2 | (2) The petition shall contain: |
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| 3 | (i) The young adult's name, date of birth, and current address; |
| 4 | (ii) A statement of facts that supports the eligibility of the young adult for extension of |
| 5 | care services; |
| 6 | (iii) The reasonable efforts made to achieve permanency for the young adult; |
| 7 | (iv) The reasons why it is in the best interest of the young adult to receive extended care |
| 8 | services; and |
| 9 | (v) A copy of the signed voluntary extension of care agreement and case plan, including |
| 10 | the transition plan. |
| 11 | (3) Upon the filing of the petition, the court shall open a young adult voluntary extension |
| 12 | of care case. |
| 13 | (4) The court shall conduct a hearing and make its determination as soon as practicable |
| 14 | but no later than fifteen (15) calendar days after the filing of the petition and shall set a periodic |
| 15 | review to be held within one hundred eighty (180) days after the signing of the voluntary |
| 16 | extension of care agreement and shall make the best interests determination. |
| 17 | (5) The court shall conduct a hearing for permanency review consistent with 42 U.S.C.A. |
| 18 | 675(5)(C) regarding the voluntary extension of care agreement at least every one hundred eighty |
| 19 | (180) days and at additional times at the request of the young adult, the department, or any other |
| 20 | party to the proceeding and periodic reviews consistent with 42 U.S.C.A. 675(5)(B). |
| 21 | (g) Permanency reviews. The primary purpose of the permanency review is to ensure that |
| 22 | the young adult is getting the needed services and support to help the young adult move toward |
| 23 | permanency and self-sufficiency. This shall include the procedural safeguards described in 42 |
| 24 | U.S.C.A. 675(5)(C), including that, in all permanency reviews or hearings regarding the transition |
| 25 | of the young adult from foster care to adulthood, the court shall consult, in an age-appropriate |
| 26 | manner, with the young adult regarding the proposed permanency or transition plan for the young |
| 27 | adult and any other procedural safeguards that apply under existing state law. The young adult |
| 28 | shall have a clear self-advocacy role in the permanency review, and the hearing shall support the |
| 29 | active engagement of the young adult in key decisions. |
| 30 | (h) Periodic reviews. Periodic reviews consistent with 42 U.S.C.A. 675(5)(B) shall be |
| 31 | held not less than once every one hundred eighty (180) days to evaluate progress made toward |
| 32 | meeting the goals set forth in the case plan and shall begin not less than once every one hundred |
| 33 | eighty (180) days after the signing of the voluntary extension of care agreement and may be |
| 3/1 | conducted either by court hearing or court review |

1 section.

| I | (1) Required findings and orders for permanency and periodic reviews. In addition to all |
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| 2 | existing requirements for permanency and periodic reviews for extension of care cases, the court |
| 3 | shall make the following additional findings and orders: |
| 4 | (1) Whether the young adult continues to meet the eligibility requirement described in |
| 5 | subsection (b)(2) of this section; |
| 6 | (2) The appropriateness of the case plan; |
| 7 | (3) Whether the young adult continues to work with the case planning team to meet the |
| 8 | goals established in the case plan developed in collaboration between the department and the |
| 9 | young adult; |
| 10 | (4) The young adult's progress toward achieving the case plan goals; |
| 11 | (5) Whether DCYF or its designee continues to provide appropriate services to the youth; |
| 12 | <u>and</u> |
| 13 | (6) If the court believes that the young adult requires additional services and support to |
| 14 | achieve the goals documented in the case plan or under the department's policies or state or |
| 15 | federal law, the court may order the department to take action to ensure that the young adult |
| 16 | receives the identified services and support. |
| 17 | (j) Notice of hearings and reviews. Notice of hearings and reviews shall be provided in |
| 18 | writing to all involved parties, including the young adult. Notice of hearings or reviews shall be |
| 19 | served no less than fourteen (14) calendar days before the scheduled hearing, or as otherwise |
| 20 | determined by the court. |
| 21 | (k) Court report to be submitted by the department or its designee. The department shall |
| 22 | prepare and present to the family court a report that has been developed in collaboration with the |
| 23 | young adult and includes: |
| 24 | (1) The progress made in achieving the goals of the permanency plan, including the |
| 25 | transition plan; |
| 26 | (2) Any barriers preventing the young adult from achieving the goals of the case plan and |
| 27 | the actions taken to reduce those barriers; |
| 28 | (3) Proposed revisions to the goals of the case plan and reasons for the revisions; |
| 29 | (4) Proposed revisions to the methods for achieving the goals of the case plan and the |
| 30 | reasons for the revisions; |
| 31 | (5) The court shall determine whether the department or its designee is providing the |
| 32 | appropriate services and supports as provided in the voluntary extension of care agreement to |
| 33 | carry out the case plan; |
| 3/1 | (6) If the court believes that the young adult requires additional services and support to |

| 1 | achieve the goals documented in the case plan or under the department's policies or state or |
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| 2 | federal law, the court may order the department to take action to ensure that the young adult |
| 3 | receives the identified services and supports; and |
| 4 | (7) The report shall be submitted to the court seven (7) days prior to a scheduled periodic |
| 5 | review hearing date and a copy shall be provided to the young adult. |
| 6 | (I) Court proceedings. |
| 7 | (1) The general public shall be excluded from these proceedings. Only parties found by |
| 8 | the court to have a direct interest in the case shall be admitted to the proceeding. |
| 9 | (2) The young adult may request to identify support persons, mentors, peers or caring |
| 10 | adults to be present at the proceeding. |
| 11 | (3) Except with respect to the department or the young adult, the court may limit a party's |
| 12 | right to participate in any proceeding if the court deems the limitation to be consistent with the |
| 13 | best interests of the young adult. |
| 14 | (4) All documents, reports, and records under this part shall be confidential and shall not |
| 15 | be released to any third party without the consent of the young adult or the consent of the court |
| 16 | for good cause shown. |
| 17 | (5) Copies of all documents, reports and records under this part shall be released to the |
| 18 | young adult upon written request to the court. |
| 19 | (m) Court-appointed attorneys. |
| 20 | (1) The young adult shall be informed at all proceedings where their case is reviewed, |
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| 21 | including a hearing on re-establishment of jurisdiction, that they are entitled to request and be |
| 21 22 | |
| | including a hearing on re-establishment of jurisdiction, that they are entitled to request and be |
| 22 | including a hearing on re-establishment of jurisdiction, that they are entitled to request and be appointed an attorney. |
| 22 23 | including a hearing on re-establishment of jurisdiction, that they are entitled to request and be appointed an attorney. (2) The court may appoint an attorney, sua sponte, or at the request of any party including |
| 22 23 24 | including a hearing on re-establishment of jurisdiction, that they are entitled to request and be appointed an attorney. (2) The court may appoint an attorney, sua sponte, or at the request of any party including the young adult. |
| 22 23 24 25 | including a hearing on re-establishment of jurisdiction, that they are entitled to request and be appointed an attorney. (2) The court may appoint an attorney, sua sponte, or at the request of any party including the young adult. (3) The court shall appoint an attorney to represent the young adult if the young adult is |
| 22 23 24 25 26 | including a hearing on re-establishment of jurisdiction, that they are entitled to request and be appointed an attorney. (2) The court may appoint an attorney, sua sponte, or at the request of any party including the young adult. (3) The court shall appoint an attorney to represent the young adult if the young adult is the party to make the request. |
| 22 23 24 25 26 27 | including a hearing on re-establishment of jurisdiction, that they are entitled to request and be appointed an attorney. (2) The court may appoint an attorney, sua sponte, or at the request of any party including the young adult. (3) The court shall appoint an attorney to represent the young adult if the young adult is the party to make the request. (4) An attorney appointed to represent a young adult in an extension of care proceeding |
| 222 223 224 225 226 227 228 | including a hearing on re-establishment of jurisdiction, that they are entitled to request and be appointed an attorney. (2) The court may appoint an attorney, sua sponte, or at the request of any party including the young adult. (3) The court shall appoint an attorney to represent the young adult if the young adult is the party to make the request. (4) An attorney appointed to represent a young adult in an extension of care proceeding shall provide the counsel for the young adult. |
| 222 223 224 225 226 227 228 229 | including a hearing on re-establishment of jurisdiction, that they are entitled to request and be appointed an attorney. (2) The court may appoint an attorney, sua sponte, or at the request of any party including the young adult. (3) The court shall appoint an attorney to represent the young adult if the young adult is the party to make the request. (4) An attorney appointed to represent a young adult in an extension of care proceeding shall provide the counsel for the young adult. (n) Termination of jurisdiction. Jurisdiction under this part shall terminate when: |
| 222 223 224 225 226 227 228 229 330 | including a hearing on re-establishment of jurisdiction, that they are entitled to request and be appointed an attorney. (2) The court may appoint an attorney, sua sponte, or at the request of any party including the young adult. (3) The court shall appoint an attorney to represent the young adult if the young adult is the party to make the request. (4) An attorney appointed to represent a young adult in an extension of care proceeding shall provide the counsel for the young adult. (n) Termination of jurisdiction. Jurisdiction under this part shall terminate when: (1) The young adult has reached the age of twenty-one (21) years; |
| 222 223 224 225 226 227 228 229 330 331 | including a hearing on re-establishment of jurisdiction, that they are entitled to request and be appointed an attorney. (2) The court may appoint an attorney, sua sponte, or at the request of any party including the young adult. (3) The court shall appoint an attorney to represent the young adult if the young adult is the party to make the request. (4) An attorney appointed to represent a young adult in an extension of care proceeding shall provide the counsel for the young adult. (n) Termination of jurisdiction. Jurisdiction under this part shall terminate when: (1) The young adult has reached the age of twenty-one (21) years; (2) The young adult chooses to terminate the voluntary care agreement and stop receiving |

| 1 | (ii) has been informed in writing of the effects of terminating voluntary extension care |
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| 2 | early; and |
| 3 | (iii) Has been informed in writing of the option and instructions on how to re-establish |
| 4 | jurisdiction: and |
| 5 | (iv) A transition plan has been approved by the court; or |
| 6 | (3) After a court finds that the young adult no longer meets the eligibility requirements or |
| 7 | the department or its designee has demonstrated that it has made ongoing reasonable efforts to |
| 8 | provide the young adult with services, the young adult is in material noncompliance with the case |
| 9 | plan; and |
| 10 | (i) Has been informed in writing of the option to re-establish jurisdiction before reaching |
| 11 | age twenty-one (21) and the procedures to do so; and |
| 12 | (ii) A transition exit plan has been approved by the court. |
| 13 | (o) Rights of the young adult. |
| 14 | (1) Young adults have a right to meaningful court reviews, including the right to: |
| 15 | (i) Receive written notice of any court hearings and reviews and any other case-related |
| 16 | proceedings and meetings at least fourteen (14) days prior to the proceeding; |
| 17 | (ii) Be meaningfully involved in the development of a personalized case plan; |
| 18 | (iii) Be present at all court hearings and reviews and be able to address the court during |
| 19 | those hearings; provided, however, that the young adult may waive their right to be present at the |
| 20 | court hearings and reviews or may request to participate in the court hearings and reviews by |
| 21 | phone; and |
| 22 | (iv) Request and receive the appointment of an attorney who acts as legal counsel. |
| 23 | (2) Nothing in this section shall be construed to abrogate any other rights that a person |
| 24 | who has attained eighteen years (18) of age may have as an adult under state law. |
| 25 | (p) Establishment of an implementation committee. |
| 26 | The young adult voluntary extension of care program will take effect on July 1, 2018. |
| 27 | The department of children, youth and families shall appoint an implementation committee upon |
| 28 | passage of the voluntary extension of care program consisting of members from the department of |
| 29 | children, youth and families, family court, the office of the child advocate, advocates, community |
| 30 | partners and youth members. The implementation committee will operate for eighteen (18) |
| 31 | months until January 1, 2019, and members shall provide input and feedback throughout |
| 32 | implementation of the young adult voluntary extension of care act. At its discretion the |
| 33 | department may continue the term of the implementation committee beyond eighteen (18) |
| 34 | months. |

(q) Data collection and dissemination.

The department shall collect demographic, implementation, and outcome data on the voluntary extension of care program. Data shall be reported quarterly to the legislature and posted on the department of children, youth and families website.

(b)(r) The court may shall retain jurisdiction of any child and/or young adult who is seriously emotionally disturbed or developmentally delayed pursuant to § 42-72-5(b)(24)(v) until that child turns the age of twenty-one (21) when the court shall have obtained jurisdiction over any child and/or young adult prior to the child's and/or young adult's eighteenth birthday by the filing of a miscellaneous petition or a petition alleging that the child is dependent, neglected and or abused pursuant to §§ 14-1-5, and 40-11-7, or 42-72-14.

(s) If a suitable transition plan is not submitted, the family court shall require that the department of children, youth and families shall immediately identify a liaison to work with the young adult in collaboration with the court to determine next steps for the young adult. The transition plan must be person centered, must involve the young adult and other individuals who know the young adult well, and must be facilitated by a neutral and unbiased individual, appointed by the court. The transition plan must describe the transition activities and hopes for the young adult's future.

(e)(t) The department of children, youth and families shall work collaboratively with the young adult, the department of behavioral healthcare, developmental disabilities and hospitals, and other agencies, in accordance with § 14-1-59, to provide the family court with a transition plan for those individuals who come under the court's jurisdiction pursuant to a petition alleging that the child is dependent, neglected, and/or abused and who are seriously emotionally disturbed or developmentally delayed pursuant to § 42-72-5(b)(24)(v). This plan shall be a joint plan presented to the court by the department of children, youth and families and the department of behavioral healthcare, developmental disabilities and hospitals. The plan shall include the behavioral healthcare, developmental disabilities and hospitals' community or residential service level, health insurance option, education plan, available mentors, continuing support services, workforce supports and employment services, and the plan shall be provided to the court at least twelve (12) months prior to discharge. At least three (3) months prior to discharge, the plan shall identify the specific placement for the child, if a residential placement is needed. The court shall monitor the transition plan. In the instance where the department of behavioral healthcare, developmental disabilities and hospitals has not made timely referrals to appropriate placements and services, the department of children, youth and families may initiate referrals.

(d)(u) The parent and/or guardian and/or guardian ad litem of a child who is seriously

emotionally disturbed or developmentally delayed pursuant to § 42-72-5(b)(24)(v), and who is before the court pursuant to §§ 14-1-5(1)(iii) through 14-1-5(1)(v), 40-11-7 or 42-72-14, shall be entitled to a transition hearing, as needed, when the child reaches the age of twenty (20) if no appropriate transition plan has been submitted to the court by the department of children, person youth and families and the department of behavioral healthcare, developmental disabilities and hospitals. The family court shall require that the department of behavioral healthcare, developmental disabilities, and hospitals shall immediately identify a liaison to work with the department of children, youth, and families until the child young adult reaches the age of twenty-one (21) and an immediate transition plan be submitted if the following facts are found:

- (1) No suitable transition plan has been presented to the court addressing the levels of service appropriate to meet the needs of the child as identified by the department of behavioral healthcare, developmental disabilities and hospitals; or
- (2) No suitable housing options, health insurance, educational plan, available mentors, continuing support services, workforce supports, and employment services have been identified for the child.
- (e)(v) Provided, further, that any youth who comes within the jurisdiction of the court by the filing of a wayward or delinquent petition based upon an offense that was committed prior to July 1, 2007, including youth who are adjudicated and committed to the Rhode Island training school and who are placed in a temporary community placement as authorized by the family court, may continue under the jurisdiction of the court until he or she turns twenty one (21) years of age.
- (f)(w) In any case where the court shall not have acquired jurisdiction over any person prior to the person's eighteenth (18th) birthday by the filing of a petition alleging that the person had committed an offense, but a petition alleging that the person had committed an offense that would be punishable as a felony if committed by an adult has been filed before that person attains the age of nineteen (19) years of age, that person shall, except as specifically provided in this chapter, be subject to the jurisdiction of the court until he or she becomes nineteen (19) years of age, unless discharged prior to turning nineteen (19).
- (g)(x) In any case where the court shall not have acquired jurisdiction over any person prior to the person attaining the age of nineteen (19) years by the filing of a petition alleging that the person had committed an offense prior to the person attaining the age of eighteen (18) years which would be punishable as a felony if committed by an adult, that person shall be referred to the court that had jurisdiction over the offense if it had been committed by an adult. The court shall have jurisdiction to try that person for the offense committed prior to the person attaining

- the age of eighteen (18) years and, upon conviction, may impose a sentence not exceeding the maximum penalty provided for the conviction of that offense.
- 3 (h)(y) In any case where the court has certified and adjudicated a child in accordance 4 with the provisions of §§ 14-1-7.2 and 14-1-7.3, the jurisdiction of the court shall encompass the
- 5 power and authority to sentence the child to a period in excess of the age of nineteen (19) years.
- However, in no case shall the sentence be in excess of the maximum penalty provided by statute for the conviction of the offense.
- 8 (i)(z) Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect the jurisdiction of other courts
 9 over offenses committed by any person after he or she reaches the age of eighteen (18) years.
- SECTION 2. Section 42-72-5 of the General Laws in Chapter 42-72 entitled "Department of Children, Youth and Families" is hereby amended to read as follows:

42-72-5. Powers and scope of activities.

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- (a) The department is the principal agency of the state to mobilize the human, physical, and financial resources available to plan, develop, and evaluate a comprehensive and integrated statewide program of services designed to ensure the opportunity for children to reach their full potential. The services include prevention, early intervention, outreach, placement, care and treatment, and after-care programs; provided, however, that the department notifies the state police and cooperates with local police departments when it receives and/or investigates a complaint of sexual assault on a minor and concludes that probable cause exists to support the allegations(s). The department also serves as an advocate for the needs of children.
- (b) To accomplish the purposes and duties, as set forth in this chapter, the director is authorized and empowered:
- (1) To establish those administrative and operational divisions of the department that the director determines is in the best interests of fulfilling the purposes and duties of this chapter;
- (2) To assign different tasks to staff members that the director determines best suit the purposes of this chapter;
- (3) To establish plans and facilities for emergency treatment, relocation, and physical custody of abused or neglected children that may include, but are not limited to, homemaker/educator child-case aides, specialized foster-family programs, day-care facilities, crisis teams, emergency parents, group homes for teenage parents, family centers within existing community agencies, and counseling services;
- 32 (4) To establish, monitor, and evaluate protective services for children including, but not 33 limited to, purchase of services from private agencies and establishment of a policy and 34 procedure manual to standardize protective services;

| 1 | (5) To pain and incare primary- and secondary-deciment programs for abused and |
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| 2 | neglected children; |
| 3 | (6) To evaluate the services of the department and to conduct periodic, comprehensive- |
| 4 | needs assessment; |
| 5 | (7) To license, approve, monitor, and evaluate all residential and non-residential child |
| 6 | care institutions, group homes, foster homes, and programs; |
| 7 | (8) To recruit and coordinate community resources, public and private; |
| 8 | (9) To promulgate rules and regulations concerning the confidentiality, disclosure, and |
| 9 | expungement of case records pertaining to matters under the jurisdiction of the department; |
| 10 | (10) To establish a minimum mandatory level of twenty (20) hours of training per year |
| 11 | and provide ongoing staff development for all staff; provided, however, all social workers hired |
| 12 | after June 15, 1991, within the department shall have a minimum of a bachelor's degree in social |
| 13 | work or a closely related field, and must be appointed from a valid, civil-service list; |
| 14 | (11) To establish procedures for reporting suspected child abuse and neglect pursuant to |
| 15 | chapter 11 of title 40; |
| 16 | (12) To promulgate all rules and regulations necessary for the execution of departmental |
| 17 | powers pursuant to the Administrative Procedures Act, chapter 35 of title 42; |
| 18 | (13) To provide and act as a clearinghouse for information, data, and other materials |
| 19 | relative to children; |
| 20 | (14) To initiate and carry out studies and analysis that will aid in solving local, regional, |
| 21 | and statewide problems concerning children; |
| 22 | (15) To represent and act on behalf of the state in connection with federal-grant programs |
| 23 | applicable to programs for children in the functional areas described in this chapter; |
| 24 | (16) To seek, accept, and otherwise take advantage of all federal aid available to the |
| 25 | department, and to assist other agencies of the state, local agencies, and community groups in |
| 26 | taking advantage of all federal grants and subventions available for children; |
| 27 | (17) To review and coordinate those activities of agencies of the state, and of any |
| 28 | political subdivision of the state, that affect the full and fair utilization of community resources |
| 29 | for programs for children, and initiate programs that will help ensure utilization; |
| 30 | (18) To administer the pilot, juvenile-restitution program, including the overseeing and |
| 31 | coordinating of all local, community-based restitution programs, and the establishment of |
| 32 | procedures for the processing of payments to children performing community service; and |
| 33 | (19) To adopt rules and regulations that: |
| 34 | (i) For the twelve-month (12) period beginning on October 1, 1983, and for each |

1 subsequent twelve-month (12) period, establish specific goals as to the maximum number of 2 children who will remain in foster care for a period in excess of two (2) years; and 3 (ii) Are reasonably necessary to implement the child-welfare services and foster-care 4 programs; (20) May establish and conduct seminars for the purpose of educating children regarding 5 6 sexual abuse; 7 (21) To establish fee schedules by regulations for the processing of requests from adoption placement agencies for adoption studies, adoption study updates, and supervision related 8 9 to interstate and international adoptions. The fee shall equal the actual cost of the service(s) 10 rendered, but in no event shall the fee exceed two thousand dollars (\$2,000); 11 (22) To be responsible for the education of all children who are placed, assigned, or 12 otherwise accommodated for residence by the department in a state-operated or -supported 13 community residence licensed by a Rhode Island state agency. In fulfilling this responsibility, the 14 department is authorized to enroll and pay for the education of students in the public schools or, 15 when necessary and appropriate, to itself provide education in accordance with the regulations of 16 the board of regents for elementary and secondary education either directly or through contract; 17 (23) To develop multidisciplinary service plans, in conjunction with the department of 18 health, at hospitals prior to the discharge of any drug-exposed babies. The plan requires the 19 development of a plan using all health-care professionals; 20 (24) To be responsible for the delivery of appropriate mental health services to seriously, 21 emotionally disturbed children and children with functional, developmental disabilities. Appropriate mental health services may include hospitalization, placement in a residential 22 23 treatment facility, or treatment in a community-based setting. The department is charged with the 24 responsibility for developing the public policy and programs related to the needs of seriously, 25 emotionally disturbed children and children with functional, developmental disabilities; 26 In fulfilling its responsibilities the department shall: 27 (i) Plan a diversified and comprehensive network of programs and services to meet the 28 needs of seriously, emotionally disturbed children and children with functional, developmental 29 disabilities; 30 (ii) Provide the overall management and supervision of the state program for seriously, 31 emotionally disturbed children and children with functional, developmental disabilities; 32 (iii) Promote the development of programs for preventing and controlling emotional or behavioral disorders in children;

(iv) Coordinate the efforts of several state departments and agencies to meet the needs of

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| 2 | and to work with private agencies serving those children; |
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| 3 | (v) Promote the development of new resources for program implementation in providing |
| 4 | services to seriously, emotionally disturbed children and children with functional, developmental |
| 5 | disabilities. |
| 6 | The department shall adopt rules and regulations that are reasonably necessary to |
| 7 | implement a program of mental health services for seriously, emotionally disturbed children. |
| 8 | Each community, as defined in chapter 7 of title 16, shall contribute to the department, at |
| 9 | least in accordance with rules and regulations to be adopted by the department, at least its average |
| 10 | per-pupil cost for special education for the year in which placement commences, as its share of |
| 11 | the cost of educational services furnished to a seriously, emotionally disturbed child pursuant to |
| 12 | this section in a residential treatment program which includes the delivery of educational services. |
| 13 | "Seriously, emotionally disturbed child" means any person under the age of eighteen (18) |
| 14 | years, or any person under the age of twenty-one (21) years, who began to receive services from |
| 15 | the department prior to attaining eighteen (18) years of age and has continuously received those |
| 16 | services thereafter; who has been diagnosed as having an emotional, behavioral, or mental |
| 17 | disorder under the current edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual and that disability has |
| 18 | been on-going for one year or more or has the potential of being ongoing for one year or more; |
| 19 | and the child is in need of multi-agency intervention; and the child is in an out-of-home |
| 20 | placement or is at risk of placement because of the disability. |
| 21 | A child with a "functional, developmental disability" means any person under the age of |
| 22 | eighteen (18) years or any person under the age of twenty-one (21) years who began to receive |
| 23 | services from the department prior to attaining eighteen (18) years of age and has continuously |
| 24 | received those services thereafter. |
| 25 | The term "functional, developmental disability" includes autism spectrum disorders and |
| 26 | means a severe, chronic disability of a person that: |
| 27 | (A) Is attributable to a mental or physical impairment or combination of mental physical |
| 28 | impairments; |
| 29 | (B) Is manifested before the person attains age eighteen (18); |
| 30 | (C) Is likely to continue indefinitely; |
| 31 | (D) Results in age-appropriate, substantial, functional limitations in three (3) or more of |
| 32 | the following areas of major life activity. |
| 33 | (I) Self-care; |
| 34 | (II) Receptive and expressive language: |

seriously, emotionally disturbed children and children with functional, developmental disabilities

| 1 | (III) Learning; |
|----|---|
| 2 | (IV) Mobility; |
| 3 | (V) Self direction; |
| 4 | (VI) Capacity for independent living; and |
| 5 | (VII) Economic self-sufficiency; and |
| 6 | (E) Reflects the person's need for a combination and sequence of special, |
| 7 | interdisciplinary, or generic care, treatment, or other services that are of life-long or extended |
| 8 | duration and are individually planned and coordinated. |
| 9 | Funding for these clients shall include funds that are transferred to the department of |
| 10 | human services as part of the managed health-care-program transfer. However, the expenditures |
| 11 | relating to these clients shall not be part of the department of human services' caseload estimated |
| 12 | for the semi-annual, caseload-estimating conference. The expenditures shall be accounted for |
| 13 | separately; |
| 14 | (25) To provide access to services to any person under the age of eighteen (18) years, or |
| 15 | any person under the age of twenty one (21) years who began to receive child welfare services |
| 16 | from the department prior to attaining eighteen (18) years of age, has continuously received those |
| 17 | services thereafter, and elects to continue to receive such services after attaining the age of |
| 18 | eighteen (18) years. The general assembly has included funding in the FY 2008 department of |
| 19 | children, youth and families budget in the amount of \$10.5 million from all sources of funds and |
| 20 | \$6.0 million from general revenues to provide a managed system to care for children serviced |
| 21 | between 18 to 21 years of age. The department shall manage this caseload to this level of funding; |
| 22 | (26) To initiate transition planning in cooperation with the department of behavioral |
| 23 | healthcare, developmental disabilities and hospitals and local school departments for any child |
| 24 | who receives services through the department of children, youth and families; is seriously, |
| 25 | emotionally disturbed or developmentally delayed pursuant to paragraph (b)(24)(v); and whose |
| 26 | care may or shall be administered by the department of behavioral healthcare, developmental |
| 27 | disabilities and hospitals after the age of twenty-one (21) years; the transition planning shall |
| 28 | commence at least twelve (12) months prior to the person's twenty-first birthday and shall result |
| 29 | in a collaborative plan submitted to the family court by both the department of behavioral |
| 30 | healthcare, developmental disabilities and hospitals and the department of children, youth and |
| 31 | families and shall require the approval of the court prior to the dismissal of the abuse, neglect, |
| 32 | dependency, or miscellaneous petition before the child's twenty-first birthday; |
| 33 | (27) To develop and maintain, in collaboration with other state and private agencies, a |

comprehensive continuum of care in this state for children in the care and custody of the

| department of at risk of being in state care. This continuum of care should be family cen | tered and |
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| community based with the focus of maintaining children safely within their families or | , when a |
| child cannot live at home, within as close proximity to home as possible based on the need | eds of the |
| child and resource availability. The continuum should include community-based pr | revention, |
| family support, and crisis-intervention services, as well as a full array of foster | care and |
| residential services, including residential services designed to meet the needs of children | who are |
| seriously, emotionally disturbed, children who have a functional, developmental disab | oility, and |
| youth who have juvenile justice issues. The director shall make reasonable efforts to | provide a |
| comprehensive continuum of care for children in the care and custody of the depart | tment of |
| children, youth and families, taking into account the availability of public and private i | esources |
| and financial appropriations and the director shall submit an annual report to the general | assembly |
| as to the status of his or her efforts in accordance with the provisions of § 42-72-4(b)(13) |); |
| | |

- (28) To administer funds under the John H. Chafee Foster Care Independence and Educational and Training Voucher (ETV) Programs of Title IV-E of the Social Security Act [42 U.S.C. § 677] and the department of children, youth and families higher education opportunity grant program as outlined in chapter 72.8 of title 42, in accordance with rules and regulations as promulgated by the director of the department; and
- (29) To process nationwide, criminal-record checks on prospective foster parents and any household member age 18 or older, prospective adoptive parents and any household member age 18 and older, operators of child-care facilities, persons seeking employment in a child-care facility or at the training school for youth or on behalf of any person seeking employment at the department of children, youth and families, who are required to submit to nationwide, criminal-background checks as a matter of law.
- (c) In order to assist in the discharge of his or her duties, the director may request from any agency of the state information pertinent to the affairs and problems of children.
- 26 (d) [Deleted by P.L. 2008, ch. 9, art. 16, § 2.]
- 27 (e) [Deleted by P.L. 2008, ch. 9, art. 16, § 2.]
- SECTION 3. This act shall take effect on July 1, 2018.

LC002025

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO DELINQUENT AND DEPENDENT CHILDREN -- THE YOUNG ADULT VOLUNTARY EXTENSION OF CARE ACT

This act would create the young adult voluntary extension of care program that would
extend the age of foster care from age eighteen (18) to age twenty-one (21) and would provide a
range of programs and services to carry out the purpose of the act.

This act would take effect on July 1, 2018.