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STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2017

AN ACT

RELATING TO CRIMINAL OFFENSES - COMPUTER CRIME

Introduced By: Senators Lombardi, McCaffrey, Archambault, Jabour, and Conley

Date Introduced: March 15, 2017

<u>Referred To:</u> Senate Judiciary

(Attorney General)

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 11-52-1 of the General Laws in Chapter 11-52 entitled "Computer
 Crime" is hereby amended to read as follows:

3 <u>11-52-1. Definitions.</u>

4 As used in this chapter:

5 (1) "Access" means to approach, instruct, communicate with, store data in, enter data in, 6 retrieve data from, or otherwise make use of any resources of, a computer, computer system, or 7 computer network.

8 (2) "Computer" means an electronic, magnetic, optical, hydraulic or organic device or 9 group of devices which, pursuant to a computer program, to human instruction, or to permanent 10 instructions contained in the device or group of devices, can automatically perform computer 11 operations with or on computer data and can communicate the results to another computer or to a 12 person. The term "computer" includes any connected or directly related device, equipment, or 13 facility which enables the computer to store, retrieve or communicate computer programs, 14 computer data or the results of computer operations to or from a person, another computer or 15 another device.

(3) "Computer data" means any representation of information, knowledge, facts,
concepts, or instructions which is being prepared or has been prepared and is intended to be
processed, is being processed, or has been processed in a computer or computer network.
"Computer data" may be in any form, whether readable only by a computer or only by a human

or by either, including, but not limited to, computer printouts, magnetic storage media, punched
 cards, or data stored internally in the memory of the computer.

3 (4) "Computer network" means a set of related, remotely connected devices and any
4 communications facilities including more than one computer with the capability to transmit data
5 among them through the communications facilities.

6 (5) "Computer operation" means arithmetic, logical, monitoring, storage or retrieval 7 functions and any combination of them, and includes, but is not limited to, communication with, 8 storage of data to, or retrieval of data from any device or human hand manipulation of electronic 9 or magnetic impulses. A "computer operation" for a particular computer may also be any function 10 for which that computer was generally designed.

(6) "Computer program" means a series of instructions or statements or related data that, in actual or modified form, is capable of causing a computer or a computer system to perform specified functions in a form acceptable to a computer, which permits the functioning of a computer system in a manner designed to provide appropriate products from the computer systems.

16 (7) "Computer services" includes computer time or services, data processing services,
17 Internet service providers' networks and facilities located in the state or information or data stored
18 in connection with them.

(8) "Computer software" means a set of computer programs, procedures, and associated
 documentation concerned with the operation of a computer, computer program or computer
 network.

(9) "Computer system" means a set of related, connected or unconnected, computer
 equipment, devices, and software.

24 (10) "Confidential information" means computer data of a business, nonprofit, or 25 government entity that is protected from disclosure on a computer, computer program, computer 26 system or computer network and that the computer, computer program, computer system or 27 computer network does not transmit or disclose unless initiated by, or with the permission of, the 28 owner of such computer, computer program, computer system or computer network.

29 (10)(11) "Data" means any representation of information, knowledge, facts, concepts, or 30 instructions which are being prepared or have been prepared and are intended to be entered, 31 processed, or stored, are being entered, processed, or stored or have been entered, processed, or 32 stored in a computer, computer system, or computer network.

33 (11)(12) "Electronic mail service provider" means any business or organization qualified
 34 to do business in the state of Rhode Island that provides registered users the ability to send or

receive electronic mail through equipment located in this state and that is an intermediary in
 sending or receiving electronic mail.

- 3 (12)(13) "Financial instrument" includes, but is not limited to, any check, draft, warrant,
 4 money order, note, certificate of deposit, letter of credit, bill of exchange, credit or debit card
 5 transaction authorization mechanism, marketable security, or any computerized representation of
 6 any of these.
- 7 (13)(14) "Owner" means an owner or lessee of a computer or a computer network or an
 8 owner, lessee, or licensee of computer data, computer programs, or computer software.
- 9 (14)(15) "Person" shall include any individual, partnership, association, corporation or
 10 joint venture.
- 11 (15)(16) "Property" includes, but is not limited to:
- 12 (i) Real property;
- 13 (ii) Computers and computer networks;
- (iii) Financial instruments, computer data, computer programs, computer software and all
 other personal property regardless of whether they are:
- 16 (A) Tangible or intangible;
- 17 (B) In a format readable by humans or by a computer;
- 18 (C) In transit between computers or within a computer network or between any devices
- 19 which comprise a computer; or
- 20 (D) Located on any paper or in any device on which it is stored by a computer or by a 21 human; and
- 22 (E) Computer services.
- 23 (iv) A person "uses" a computer or computer network when he or she:
- 24 (A) Attempts to cause or causes a computer or computer network to perform or to stop
 25 performing computer operations;
- 26 (B) Attempts to cause or causes the withholding or denial of the use of a computer,
- 27 computer network, computer program, computer data or computer software to another user; or
 - (C) Attempts to cause or causes another person to put false information into a computer.

(v) A person is "without authority" when: (A) he or she has no right or permission of the owner to use a computer, or, he or she uses a computer in a manner exceeding his or her right or permission or (B) he or she uses an Internet service e-mail system offered by a Rhode Island based Internet service provider in contravention of the authority granted by or in violation of the policies set by the Internet service provider.

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(vi) Transmission of electronic mail from an organization to its members shall not be

1 deemed to be unsolicited bulk electronic mail.

2 (16)(17) "Services" includes, but is not limited to, computer time, data processing, and
 3 storage functions.

- 4 (17)(18) "Source document" means an original document or record which forms the basis
 5 of every electronic entry put into a computer, computer system, or computer network.
- 6 (19) "White hat security research" means accessing a computer, computer system,
- 7 computer network, computer software, computer program or data contained in a computer,
- 8 computer system, computer program, or computer network, solely for purposes of good faith
- 9 testing, investigation, identification, and/or correction of a security flaw or vulnerability, where
- 10 such activity is carried out, and where the information derived from the activity is used, primarily
- 11 to promote security or safety.
- SECTION 2. Chapter 11-52 of the General Laws entitled "Computer Crime" is hereby
 amended by adding the following section thereto:
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<u>11-52-3.1. Unauthorized access to confidential information.</u>

15 (a) Whoever intentionally, without authority, directly or indirectly accesses a computer, 16 computer program, computer system, or computer network with the intent to either view, obtain, 17 copy, or download any confidential information contained in or stored on such computer, 18 computer program, computer system, or computer network, shall be guilty of a felony and shall 19 be subject to the penalties set forth in §11-52-5. 20 (b) Nothing in this section shall apply to any monitoring of, or interaction with, a user or 21 subscriber's Internet or other network connection or service, or a computer, computer program, 22 computer system, or computer network or computer data, by a telecommunications carrier, cable 23 operator, white hat security researcher, computer hardware or software provider, or provider of 24 information service or interactive computer service for purposes related to: network or computer 25 security, diagnostics, technical support, repair, advertising, authorized updates of software or 26 system firmware, authorized remote system management, providing, operating, or improving a 27 service used, requested, or authorized by an individual, or detection or prevention of the

28 <u>unauthorized use of or fraudulent or other illegal activities in connection with a network, service,</u>

29 <u>or computer software.</u>

30 SECTION 3. Nothing in this act may be construed to provide a basis for a private right 31 of action against an interactive computer service, as defined in 47 U.S.C. §230, or a 32 telecommunications carrier as used by another person to violate this act, for content provided by 33 such person or by another information content provider. LC001243

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO CRIMINAL OFFENSES - COMPUTER CRIME

1 This act would prohibit unauthorized access to confidential information from a computer,

2 computer program, computer system, or computer network with the intent to either view, obtain,

3 copy, or download any confidential information. Violations would be a felony.

4 This act would take effect upon passage.

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