

1 affected, including loss, disadvantage or injury to any other person or entity in whose welfare
2 they are interested.

3 (7) "Official proceeding" means a proceeding heard or which may be heard before any
4 legislative, judicial, administrative or other governmental agency or official authorized to take
5 evidence under oath, including any referee, hearing officer, commissioner, notary or other person
6 taking testimony or deposition in connection with any such proceeding.

7 (8) "Party official" means a person who holds an elective or appointive post in a political
8 party in the United States by virtue of which they direct or conduct, or participate in directing or
9 conducting party affairs at any level of responsibility.

10 (9) "Pecuniary benefit" means a benefit in the form of money, property, commercial
11 interests or anything else the primary significance of which is economic gain.

12 (10) "Public servant" means:

13 (i) Any full-time or part-time employee in the classified, nonclassified and unclassified
14 service of the state or of any city or town employee within the state, any individual serving in any
15 appointed state or municipal position, any employee of any public or quasi-public state or
16 municipal board, commission or corporation, and any contractual employee of the state or any
17 city or town within the state;

18 (ii) Any officer or member of a state or municipal agency as defined in §36-14-2(8) who
19 is appointed for a term of office specified by the constitution or a statute of this state or a charter
20 or ordinance of any city or town or who is appointed by or through the governing body or highest
21 official of state or municipal government;

22 (iii) Any person holding any elective public office pursuant to a general or special
23 election.

24 (11) "Services" means labor, professional service, transportation, telephone or other
25 public service, accommodation in hotels, restaurants or elsewhere, admission to exhibition, use of
26 vehicles or other movable property.

27 (12) "Special influence" means power to influence through kinship, friendship or other
28 relationship, apart from merits of the transaction.

29 **11-69-2. Bribery in official and political matters. --** (a) It is unlawful for a public
30 servant to offer, confer, agree to confer upon another, solicit, accept or agree to accept from
31 another:

32 (1) Any pecuniary benefit as consideration for the recipient's decision, opinion,
33 recommendation, vote or other exercise of discretion as a public servant or party official;

34 (2) Any benefit as consideration for the recipient's decision, vote, recommendation or

1 other exercise of official discretion in administrative or official proceeding; or

2 (3) Any benefit as consideration for a violation of a known legal duty as a public servant
3 or party official.

4 (b) Any person convicted of a violation of this section shall be guilty of a felony and
5 subject to imprisonment of up to ten (10) years, a fine of not more than ten thousand dollars
6 (\$10,000), or both.

7 (c) It is no defense to prosecution under this section that a person whom the actor sought
8 to influence was not qualified to act in the desired way whether because they had not yet assumed
9 the office, lacked jurisdiction, or for any other reason.

10 **11-69-3. Selling political endorsements – special influence. -- (a) It shall be unlawful**
11 **for a public servant to:**

12 (1) Solicit, receive, agree to receive, or agree that any political party or other person shall
13 receive, any pecuniary benefit as consideration for approval or disapproval of an appointment or
14 advancement in public service, or for approval or disapproval of any person or transaction for any
15 benefit conferred by a public servant or agency of government;

16 (2) Solicit, receive or agree to receive any pecuniary benefit as consideration for exerting
17 special influence upon a public servant or procuring another to do so; or

18 (3) Offer, confer or agree to confer any pecuniary benefit, receipt of which is in violation
19 of this section.

20 (b) Any person convicted of a violation of this section shall be guilty of a felony and
21 subject to imprisonment of up to ten (10) years, a fine of not more than ten thousand dollars
22 (\$10,000), or both.

23 **11-69-4. Acquiring pecuniary interest in, or speculating or wagering on official**
24 **action or information. -- (a) It is unlawful for a public servant, in contemplation of official**
25 **action by themselves or by a governmental unit with which they are associated, or in reliance on**
26 **information to which they have access in their official capacity and which has not been made**
27 **public:**

28 (1) To acquire a pecuniary interest in any property, transaction or enterprise which may
29 be affected by such information of official action;

30 (2) To speculate or wager on the basis of such information or official action; or

31 (3) To aid another to do any of the foregoing.

32 (b) Any person convicted of a violation of this section shall be guilty of a felony and
33 subject to imprisonment of up to ten (10) years, a fine of not more than ten thousand dollars
34 (\$10,000), or both.

1 **11-69-5. Theft of honest services.** -- (a) A public servant commits theft of honest
2 services if, having control over the disposition of services of others, to which they are not
3 entitled, they knowingly divert such services to their own benefit or to the benefit of another not
4 entitled thereto.

5 (b) Any person convicted of a violation of this section shall be guilty of a felony and
6 subject to imprisonment of up to ten (10) years, a fine of not more than one hundred fifty
7 thousand dollars (\$150,000), or both.

8 **11-69-6. Civil damages for restitution for value received from engaging in illegal**
9 **acts.** -- In addition to any criminal penalties, a public servant convicted of a misdemeanor or
10 felony or attempted felony or misdemeanor under the laws of the United States, the state of
11 Rhode Island or any other jurisdiction knowingly committed in their official capacity shall be
12 liable for the restitution of anything of value received by them in the course of such violation.
13 Action for recovery of amounts under this section shall be brought in the superior court of any
14 county in which any element of the crime occurred. The actions shall be brought in the name of
15 the state by the attorney general for the benefit and use of the state.

16 SECTION 2. Section 12-12-17 of the General Laws in Chapter 12-12 entitled
17 "Indictments, Informations and Complaints" is hereby amended to read as follows:

18 **12-12-17. Statute of limitations.** -- (a) There shall be no statute of limitations for the
19 following offenses: treason against the state, any homicide, arson, first-degree arson, second-
20 degree arson, third-degree arson, burglary, counterfeiting, forgery, robbery, rape, first-degree
21 sexual assault, first-degree child molestation sexual assault, second-degree child molestation
22 sexual assault, bigamy, manufacturing, selling, distribution, or possession with intent to
23 manufacture, sell, or distribute, a controlled substance under the Uniform Controlled Substance
24 Act, chapter 28 of title 21, or any other offense for which the maximum penalty provided is life
25 imprisonment.

26 (b) The statute of limitations for the following offenses shall be ten (10) years: larceny
27 under § 11-41-2 (receiving stolen goods), § 11-41-3 (embezzlement and fraudulent conversion), §
28 11-41-4 (obtaining property by false pretenses or personation), § 11-41-11 (embezzlement by
29 bank officer or employee), § 11-41-12 (fraudulent conversion by agent or factor), and § 11-41-13
30 (obtaining signature by false pretenses), or any larceny that is punishable as a felony; any
31 violation of chapter 7 of title 11 (bribery); any violation of § 11-18-1 (giving false document to
32 agent, employee, or public official); perjury; any violation of chapter 42 of title 11 (threats and
33 extortion); any violation of chapter 15 of title 7 (racketeer influenced and corrupt organizations);
34 any violation of chapter 57 of title 11 (racketeer violence); any violation of chapter 36 of title 6

1 (antitrust law); ~~or~~ any violation of § 11-68-2 (exploitation of an elder); any violation of §11-41-27
2 (wrongful conversion by officer or state or municipal employee); or any violation of chapter 69 of
3 title 11 (crimes against the public trust).

4 (c) The statute of limitations for any other criminal offense shall be three (3) years unless
5 a longer statute of limitations is otherwise provided for in the general laws.

6 (d) Any person who participates in any offense, either as a principal accessory or
7 conspirator, shall be subject to the same statute of limitations as if the person had committed the
8 substantive offense.

9 (e) The statute of limitations for any violation of chapter 18.9 of title 23 (refuse
10 disposal), chapter 19 of title 23 (solid waste management corporation), chapter 19.1 of title 23
11 (hazardous waste management), chapter 12 of title 46 (water pollution), and chapter 13 of title 46
12 (public drinking water supply) shall be seven (7) years from the time that the facts constituting
13 the offense or violation shall have become known to law enforcement authorities, unless a longer
14 statute of limitations is otherwise provided for in the general laws.

15 SECTION 3. Section 36-10.1-2 of the General Laws in Chapter 36-10.1 entitled "Rhode
16 Island Public Employee Pension Revocation and Reduction Act" is hereby amended to read as
17 follows:

18 **36-10.1-2. Definitions.** -- (a) "Crime related to public office or public employment" shall
19 mean any of the following criminal offenses:

20 (1) The committing, aiding, or abetting of an embezzlement of public funds;

21 (2) The committing, aiding, or abetting of any felonious theft by a public officer or
22 employee from his or her employer;

23 (3) Bribery in connection with employment of a public officer or employee; and

24 (4) The committing of any felony by a public officer or employee ~~who, willfully and~~
25 ~~with the intent to defraud, realizes or obtains, or attempts to realize or obtain, a profit, gain, or~~
26 ~~advantage for himself or herself or for some other person~~ through the use or attempted use of the
27 power, rights, privileges, duties, or position of his or her public office or employment position.

28 (b) "Public official" or "public employee" shall mean any current or former state or
29 municipal elected official as defined in § 36-14-2(10), state or municipal appointed official as
30 defined in § 36-14-2(4), and any employee of state or local government, of boards, commissions
31 or agencies as defined in § 36-14-2(8)(i), (ii), who is otherwise entitled to receive or who is
32 receiving retirement benefits under this title, under title 16, under title 45, under title 8, under
33 chapter 30 of title 28, under chapter 43 of title 31, or under chapter 28 of title 42, whether that
34 person is acting on a permanent or temporary basis and whether or not compensated on a full-

1 time or part-time basis. For the purposes of this chapter, all these persons are deemed to be
2 engaged in public employment.

3 (c) As used in this chapter, the phrase "pleads guilty or nolo contendere" shall not
4 include any plea of nolo contendere which does not constitute a conviction by virtue of § 12-10-
5 12 or 12-18-3.

6 (d) For purposes of this chapter, "domestic partner" shall be defined as a person who,
7 prior to the decedent's death, was in an exclusive, intimate and committed relationship with the
8 decedent, and who certifies by affidavit that their relationship met the following qualifications:

9 (1) Both partners were at least eighteen (18) years of age and were mentally competent
10 to contract;

11 (2) Neither partner was married to anyone else;

12 (3) Partners were not related by blood to a degree which would prohibit marriage in the
13 state of Rhode Island;

14 (4) Partners resided together and had resided together for at least one year at the time of
15 death; and

16 (5) Partners were financially interdependent as evidenced by at least two (2) of the
17 following:

18 (i) Domestic partnership agreement or relationship contract;

19 (ii) Joint mortgage or joint ownership of primary residence;

20 (iii) Two (2) of: (A) joint ownership of motor vehicle; (B) joint checking account; (C)
21 joint credit account; (D) joint lease; and/or

22 (iv) The domestic partner had been designated as a beneficiary for the decedent's will,
23 retirement contract or life insurance.

24 SECTION 4. This act shall take effect upon passage.

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EXPLANATION
BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL
OF
A N A C T
RELATING TO CRIMINAL OFFENSES-CRIMES AGAINST THE PUBLIC TRUST

1 This act would criminalize certain behaviors, including bribery, selling political
2 endorsements and theft of honest services, by public employees. The act would also provide for
3 the revocation or reduction of possible personal benefits for any felony related to public office or
4 employment.

5 This act would take effect upon passage.

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