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### STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

### IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

#### **JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2016**

### AN ACT

### RELATED TO INSURANCE - SURPRISE BILLS FOR MEDICAL SERVICES

Introduced By: Senators Archambault, Miller, Nesselbush, Sheehan, and Kettle

<u>Date Introduced:</u> February 11, 2016

Referred To: Senate Health & Human Services

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

SECTION 1. Title 27 of the General Laws entitled "INSURANCE" is hereby amended
by adding thereto the following chapter:

CHAPTER 81

SURPRISE BILLS FOR MEDICAL SERVICES

27-81-1. Dispute resolution process established. -- The health insurance commissioner ("commissioner") shall establish a dispute resolution process by which a dispute for a bill for emergency services or a surprise bill may be resolved. The commissioner shall have the power to grant and revoke certifications of independent dispute resolution entities to conduct the dispute resolution process. The commissioner shall promulgate rules and regulations establishing standards for the dispute resolution process, including a process for certifying and selecting independent dispute resolution entities. An independent dispute resolution entity shall use licensed physicians in active practice in the same or similar specialty as the physician providing the service that is subject to the dispute resolution process of this chapter. To the extent practicable, the physician shall be licensed in this state.

<u>27-81-2. Applicability. --</u> (a) This chapter shall not apply to health care services, including emergency services, where physician fees are subject to schedules or other monetary limitations under any other law, including the workers' compensation law, and shall not preempt any such law.

(b)(1) With regard to emergency services billed under American Medical Association

| 1  | current procedural terminology (CPT) codes 99281 through 99285, 99288, 99291 through 99292,          |
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| 2  | 99217 through 99220, 99224 through 99226, and 99234 through 99236, the dispute resolution            |
| 3  | process established in this chapter shall not apply when:  |
| 4  | (i) The amount billed for any such CPT code meets the requirements set forth in                      |
| 5  | subsection (b)(3) of this section, after any applicable co-insurance, co-payment and deductible;     |
| 6  | <u>and</u>   |
| 7  | (ii) The amount billed for any such CPT code does not exceed one hundred twenty                      |
| 8  | percent (120%) of the usual and customary cost for such CPT code.                                    |
| 9  | (2) The health care plan shall ensure that an insured shall not incur any greater out-of-            |
| 10 | pocket costs for emergency services billed under a CPT code as set forth in this subsection than     |
| 11 | the insured would have incurred if such emergency services were provided by a participating          |
| 12 | physician.   |
| 13 | (3) Beginning January 1, 2017 and each January 1 thereafter, the commissioner shall                  |
| 14 | publish on a website maintained by the department of business regulation, and provide in writing     |
| 15 | to each health care plan, a dollar amount for which bills for the procedure codes identified in this |
| 16 | subsection shall be exempt from the dispute resolution process established in this chapter. Such     |
| 17 | amount shall equal the amount from the prior year, beginning with six hundred dollars (\$600) in     |
| 18 | 2016, adjusted by the average of the annual average inflation rates for the medical care             |
| 19 | commodities and medical care services components of the consumer price index. In no event            |
| 20 | shall an amount exceeding one thousand two hundred dollars (\$1,200) for a specific CPT code         |
| 21 | billed be exempt from the dispute resolution process established in this chapter.                    |
| 22 | <u>27-81-3. Definitions For the purposes of this chapter:</u>  |
| 23 | (1) "Emergency condition" means a medical or behavioral condition that manifests itself              |
| 24 | by acute symptoms of sufficient severity, including severe pain, such that a prudent layperson,      |
| 25 | possessing an average knowledge of medicine and health, could reasonably expect the absence of       |
| 26 | immediate medical attention to result in:  |
| 27 | (i) Placing the health of the person afflicted with such condition in serious jeopardy, or in        |
| 28 | the case of a behavioral condition placing the health of such person or others in serious jeopardy;  |
| 29 | (ii) Serious impairment to such person's bodily functions;   |
| 30 | (iii) Serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part of such person;                                |
| 31 | (iv) Serious disfigurement of such person; or  |
| 32 | (v) A condition described in clause (i), (ii) or (iii) of §1867(e)(l)(A) of the Social Security      |
| 33 | Act 42 U.S.C. §1395dd;   |
| 34 | (2) "Emergency services" means, with respect to an emergency condition:                              |

| 1  | (i) A medical screening examination as required under §1867 of the Social Security Act,              |
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| 2  | 42 U.S.C. §1395dd, which is within the capability of the emergency department of a hospital,         |
| 3  | including ancillary services routinely available to the emergency department to evaluate such        |
| 4  | emergency medical condition; and   |
| 5  | (ii) Within the capabilities of the staff and facilities available at the hospital, such further     |
| 6  | medical examination and treatment as are required under §1867 of the Social Security Act, 42         |
| 7  | U.S.C. §1395dd, to stabilize the patient;  |
| 8  | (3) "Health care plan" means an insurer licensed to write accident and health insurance              |
| 9  | pursuant to chapter 18 of title 27; a nonprofit hospital service corporation licensed to write       |
| 10 | insurance pursuant to pursuant to chapter 19 of title 27; a nonprofit medical service corporation    |
| 11 | licensed to write insurance pursuant to pursuant to chapter 20 of title 27; a health maintenance     |
| 12 | organization licensed to write insurance pursuant to chapter 41 of title 27.                         |
| 13 | (4) "Insured" means a patient covered under a health care plan's policy or contract.                 |
| 14 | (5) "Non-participating" means not having a contract with a health care plan to provide               |
| 15 | health care services to an insured.  |
| 16 | (6) "Participating" means having a contract with a health care plan to provide health care           |
| 17 | services to an insured.  |
| 18 | (7) "Patient" means a person who receives health care services, including emergency                  |
| 19 | services, in this state.   |
| 20 | (8) "Surprise bill" means a bill for health care services, other than emergency services,            |
| 21 | received by:   |
| 22 | (i) An insured for services rendered by a non-participating physician at a participating             |
| 23 | hospital or ambulatory surgical center, where a participating physician is unavailable or a non-     |
| 24 | participating physician renders services without the insured's knowledge, or unforeseen medical      |
| 25 | services arise at the time the health care services are rendered; provided, however, that a surprise |
| 26 | bill shall not mean a bill received for health care services when a participating physician is       |
| 27 | available and the insured has elected to obtain services from a non-participating physician;         |
| 28 | (ii) An insured for services rendered by a non-participating provider, where the services            |
| 29 | were referred by a participating physician to a non-participating provider without explicit written  |
| 30 | consent of the insured acknowledging that the participating physician is referring the insured to a  |
| 31 | non-participating provider and that the referral may result in costs not covered by the health care  |
| 32 | plan; or   |
| 33 | (iii) A patient who is not an insured for services rendered by a physician at a hospital or          |
| 34 | ambulatory surgical center, where the patient has not timely received any required disclosures.      |

| 1  | (9) Osual and customary cost means the eightent percentile of an charges for the                     |
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| 2  | particular health care service performed by a provider in the same or similar specialty and          |
| 3  | provided in the same geographical area as reported in a benchmarking database maintained by the      |
| 4  | commissioner.  |
| 5  | 27-81-4. Criteria for determining a reasonable fee In determining the appropriate                    |
| 6  | amount to pay for a health care service, an independent dispute resolution entity shall consider all |
| 7  | relevant factors, including:   |
| 8  | (1) Whether there is a gross disparity between the fee charged by the physician for                  |
| 9  | services rendered as compared to:  |
| 10 | (i) Fees paid to the involved physician for the same services rendered by the physician to           |
| 11 | other patients in health care plans in which the physician is not participating; and                 |
| 12 | (ii) In the case of a dispute involving a health care plan, fees paid by the health care plan        |
| 13 | to reimburse similarly qualified physicians for the same services in the same region who are not     |
| 14 | participating with the health care plan;   |
| 15 | (2) The level of training, education and experience of the physician;                                |
| 16 | (3) The physician's usual charge for comparable services with regard to patients in health           |
| 17 | care plans in which the physician is not participating;  |
| 18 | (4) The circumstances and complexity of the particular case, including time and place of             |
| 19 | the service;   |
| 20 | (5) Individual patient characteristics; and  |
| 21 | (6) The usual and customary cost of the service.   |
| 22 | 27-81-5. Dispute resolution for emergency services (a) Emergency services for an                     |
| 23 | insured:   |
| 24 | (1) When a health care plan receives a bill for emergency services from a                            |
| 25 | nonparticipating physician, the health care plan shall pay an amount that it determines is           |
| 26 | reasonable for the emergency services rendered by the non-participating physician, except for the    |
| 27 | insured's co-payment, co-insurance or deductible, if any, and shall ensure that the insured shall    |
| 28 | incur no greater out-of-pocket costs for the emergency services than the insured would have          |
| 29 | incurred with a participating physician.   |
| 30 | (2) A non-participating physician or a health care plan may submit a dispute regarding a             |
| 31 | fee or payment for emergency services for review to an independent dispute resolution entity         |
| 32 | established by the commissioner.   |
| 33 | (3) The independent dispute resolution entity shall make a determination within thirty               |
| 34 | (30) days of receipt of the dispute for review.  |

| 1  | (4) In determining a reasonable for the services rendered, the independent dispute                 |
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| 2  | resolution entity shall select either the health care plan's payment or the non-participating      |
| 3  | physician's fee. The independent dispute resolution entity shall determine which amount to select  |
| 4  | based upon the conditions and factors set forth in §27-81-4. If the independent dispute resolution |
| 5  | entity determines, based on the health care plan's payment and the non-participating physician's   |
| 6  | fee, that a settlement between the health care plan and non-participating physician is reasonably  |
| 7  | likely, or that both the health care plan's payment and the non-participating physician's fee      |
| 8  | represent unreasonable extremes, then the independent dispute resolution entity may direct both    |
| 9  | parties to attempt a good faith negotiation for settlement. The health care plan and non-          |
| 10 | participating physician may be granted up to ten (10) business days for this negotiation, which    |
| 11 | shall run concurrently with the thirty (30) day period for dispute resolution.                     |
| 12 | (b) Emergency services for a patient that is not an insured:                                       |
| 13 | (1) A patient that is not an insured or the patient's physician may submit a dispute               |
| 14 | regarding a fee for emergency services for review to an independent dispute resolution entity      |
| 15 | upon approval of the commissioner.   |
| 16 | (2) The independent dispute resolution entity shall determine a reasonable fee for the             |
| 17 | services based upon the same conditions and factors set forth in §27-81-4.                         |
| 18 | (3) A patient that is not an insured shall not be required to pay the physician's fee in order     |
| 19 | to be eligible to submit the dispute for review to the independent dispute resolution entity.      |
| 20 | (c) The determination of the independent dispute resolution entity shall be binding on the         |
| 21 | health care plan, physician and patient, and shall be admissible in any court proceeding between   |
| 22 | the health care plan, physician or patient, or in any administrative proceeding between this state |
| 23 | and the physician.   |
| 24 | 27-81-6. Hold harmless and assignment of benefits for surprise bills for insureds                  |
| 25 | When an insured assigns benefits for a surprise bill in writing to a non-participating physician   |
| 26 | that knows the insured is insured under a health care plan, the non-participating physician shall  |
| 27 | not bill the insured except for any applicable co-payment, co-insurance or deductible that would   |
| 28 | be owed if the insured utilized a participating physician.   |
| 29 | 27-81-7. Dispute resolution for surprise bills (a) Surprise bill received by an insured            |
| 30 | who assigns benefits.  |
| 31 | (1) If an insured assigns benefits to a non-participating physician, the health care plan          |
| 32 | shall pay the non-participating physician in accordance with subsections (2) and (3) of this       |
| 33 | section.   |
| 34 | (2) The non-participating physician may bill the health care plan for the health care              |

| 1  | services rendered, and the health care plan shall pay the non-participating physician the billed       |
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| 2  | amount or attempt to negotiate reimbursement with the non-participating physician.                     |
| 3  | (3) If the health care plan's attempts to negotiate reimbursement for health care services             |
| 4  | provided by a non-participating physician does not result in a resolution of the payment dispute       |
| 5  | between the non-participating physician and the health care plan, the health care plan shall pay       |
| 6  | the non-participating physician an amount the health care plan determines is reasonable for the        |
| 7  | health care services rendered, except for the insured's co-payment, co-insurance or deductible.        |
| 8  | (4) Either the health care plan or the non-participating physician may submit the dispute              |
| 9  | regarding the surprise bill for review to an independent dispute resolution entity, provided           |
| 10 | however, the health care plan may not submit the dispute unless it has complied with the               |
| 11 | requirements of subsections (a)(1) through (a)(3) of this section.                                     |
| 12 | (5) The independent dispute resolution entity shall make a determination within thirty                 |
| 13 | (30) days of receipt of the dispute for review.  |
| 14 | (6) When determining a reasonable fee for the services rendered, the independent dispute               |
| 15 | resolution entity shall select either the health care plan's payment or the non-participating          |
| 16 | physician's fee. An independent dispute resolution entity shall determine which amount to select       |
| 17 | based upon the conditions and factors set forth in §27-81-4. If an independent dispute resolution      |
| 18 | entity determines, based on the health care plan's payment and the non-participating physician's       |
| 19 | fee, that a settlement between the health care plan and non-participating physician is reasonably      |
| 20 | likely, or that both the health care plan's payment and the non-participating physician's fee          |
| 21 | represent unreasonable extremes, then the independent dispute resolution entity may direct both        |
| 22 | parties to attempt a good faith negotiation for settlement. The health care plan and non-              |
| 23 | participating physician may be granted up to ten (10) business days for this negotiation, which        |
| 24 | shall run concurrently with the thirty (30) day period for dispute resolution.                         |
| 25 | (b) Surprise bill received by an insured who does not assign benefits or by a patient who              |
| 26 | is not an insured.   |
| 27 | (1) An insured who does not assign benefits in accordance with subsection (a) of this                  |
| 28 | section or a patient who is not an insured and who receives a surprise bill may submit a dispute       |
| 29 | regarding the surprise bill for review to an independent dispute resolution entity.                    |
| 30 | (2) The independent dispute resolution entity shall determine a reasonable fee for the                 |
| 31 | services rendered based upon the conditions and factors set forth in §27-81-4.                         |
| 32 | (3) A patient or insured who does not assign benefits in accordance with subsection (a) of             |
| 33 | this section shall not be required to pay the physician's fee to be eligible to submit the dispute for |
| 34 | review to the independent dispute entity   |

| 1  | (c) The determination of an independent dispute resolution entity shall be binding on the            |
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| 2  | patient, physician and health care plan, and shall be admissible in any court proceeding between     |
| 3  | the patient or insured, physician or health care plan, or in any administrative proceeding between   |
| 4  | this state and the physician.  |
| 5  | 27-81-8. Payment for independent dispute resolution entity (a) For disputes                          |
| 6  | involving an insured, when the independent dispute resolution entity determines the health care      |
| 7  | plan's payment is reasonable, payment for the dispute resolution process shall be the                |
| 8  | responsibility of the non-participating physician. When the independent dispute resolution entity    |
| 9  | determines the non-participating physician's fee is reasonable, payment for the dispute resolution   |
| 10 | process shall be the responsibility of the health care plan. When a good faith negotiation directed  |
| 11 | by the independent dispute resolution entity pursuant to §27-81-5(a)(4), or §27-81-7(a)(6) results   |
| 12 | in a settlement between the health care plan and non-participating physician, the health care plan   |
| 13 | and the non-participating physician shall evenly divide and share the prorated cost for dispute      |
| 14 | resolution.  |
| 15 | (b) For disputes involving a patient that is not an insured, when the independent dispute            |
| 16 | resolution entity determines the physician's fee is reasonable, payment for the dispute resolution   |
| 17 | process shall be the responsibility of the patient unless payment for the dispute resolution process |
| 18 | would pose a hardship to the patient. The commissioner shall promulgate rules and regulations to     |
| 19 | determine payment for the dispute resolution process in cases of hardship. When the independent      |
| 20 | dispute resolution entity determines the physician's fee is unreasonable, payment for the dispute    |
| 21 | resolution process shall be the responsibility of the physician.                                     |
| 22 | SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage.  |

LC004088

# EXPLANATION

# BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

# AN ACT

# RELATED TO INSURANCE - SURPRISE BILLS FOR MEDICAL SERVICES

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1 This act would provide for a dispute resolution process for emergency services and surprise bills for medical services performed by nonparticipating (out-of-network) health care 2 3 providers. This act would take effect upon passage. 4 LC004088