LC005241

## 2016 -- H 7815

# STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

### IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

#### JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2016

#### $A\ N\quad A\ C\ T$

#### RELATING TO PUBLIC UTILITIES - RENEWABLE ENERGY STANDARDS

<u>Introduced By:</u> Representatives Ruggiero, Carson, Abney, Handy, and Reilly <u>Date Introduced:</u> March 02, 2016 <u>Referred To:</u> House Environment and Natural Resources

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1	SECTION 1. Sections 39-26-1, 39-26-2, 39-26-3 and 39-26-7 of the General Laws in
2	Chapter 39-26 entitled "Renewable Energy Standard" are hereby amended to read as follows:
3	<b><u>39-26-1. Legislative findings</u></b> The General Assembly finds that:
4	(a) The people and energy users of Rhode Island have an interest in having electricity
5	supplied in the state come from a diversity of energy sources including renewable resources and
6	that electricity supplied to the state be displaced by renewable resources;
7	(b) Increased use of renewable energy may have the potential to lower and stabilize
8	future energy costs;
9	(c) Increased use of renewable energy can reduce air pollutants, including carbon dioxide
10	emissions, that adversely affect public health and contribute to global warming;
11	(d) Massachusetts, Connecticut, and other states have established renewable energy
12	standard programs that include renewable thermal technologies to encourage the development of
13	<u>a variety of</u> renewable energy sources;
14	(e) It is in the interest of the people, in order to protect public health and the environment
15	and to promote the general welfare economic development and job creation, to establish a
16	renewable energy standard program to increase levels of electric energy supplied in the state from
17	renewable resources and to displace the consumption of electricity and nonrenewable fuels
18	supplied in the state with renewable energy resources.
19	<u><b>39-26-2. Definitions</b></u> When used in this chapter:

1 (1) "Alternative compliance payment" means a payment to the Renewable Energy 2 Development Fund of fifty dollars (\$50.00) per megawatt-hour of renewable energy obligation, in 3 2003 dollars, adjusted annually up or down by the consumer price index, which may be made in 4 lieu of standard means of compliance with this statute;

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(2) "Commission" means the Rhode Island public utilities commission;

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(3) "Compliance year" means a calendar year beginning January 1 and ending December 31, for which an obligated entity must demonstrate that it has met the requirements of this statute; 8 (4) "Customer-sited generation facility" means a generation unit that is interconnected on 9 the end-use customer's side of the retail electricity meter in such a manner that it displaces all or 10 part of the metered consumption of the end-use customer;

11 (5) "Electrical energy product" means an electrical energy offering, including, but not 12 limited to, last resort and standard offer service, that can be distinguished by its generation 13 attributes or other characteristics, and that is offered for sale by an obligated entity to end-use 14 customers:

15 (6) "Eligible biomass fuel" means fuel sources including brush, stumps, lumber ends and 16 trimmings, wood pallets, bark, wood chips, shavings, slash and other clean wood that is not 17 mixed with other solid wastes; agricultural waste, food and vegetative material; energy crops; 18 landfill methane; biogas; or neat bio-diesel and other neat liquid fuels that are derived from such 19 fuel sources;

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(7) "Eligible renewable energy resource" means resources as defined in § 39-26-5;

21 (8) "End-use customer" means a person or entity in Rhode Island that purchases 22 electrical energy at retail from an obligated entity;

23 (9) "Existing renewable energy resources" means generation units using eligible 24 renewable energy resources and first going into commercial operation before December 31, 1997; 25 (10) "Generation attributes" means the nonprice characteristics of the electrical energy output of a generation unit including, but not limited to, the unit's fuel type, emissions, vintage 26 27 and policy eligibility;

28 (11) "Generation unit" means a facility that converts a fuel or an energy resource into 29 electrical energy;

30 (12) "NE-GIS" means the generation information system operated by NEPOOL, its 31 designee or successor entity, which includes a generation information database and certificate 32 system, and that accounts for the generation attributes of electrical energy consumed within 33 NEPOOL;

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(13) "NE-GIS certificate" means an electronic record produced by the NE-GIS that

- 1 identifies the relevant generation attributes of each megawatt-hour accounted for in the NE-GIS;
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(14) "NEPOOL" means the New England Power Pool or its successor;

(15) "New renewable energy resources" means generation units using eligible renewable energy resources and first going into commercial operation after December 31, 1997; or the incremental output of generation units using eligible renewable energy resources that have demonstrably increased generation in excess of ten percent (10%) using eligible renewable energy resources through capital investments made after December 31, 1997; but in no case involve any new impoundment or diversion of water with an average salinity of twenty (20) parts per thousand or less;

(16) "Obligated entity" means a person or entity that sells electrical energy to end-use
customers in Rhode Island, including, but not limited to: nonregulated power producers and
electric utility distribution companies, as defined in § 39-1-2, supplying standard offer service,
last resort service, or any successor service to end-use customers; including Narragansett Electric,
but not to include Block Island Power Company as described in § 39-26-7 or Pascoag Utility
District;

16 (17) "Off-grid generation facility" means a generation unit that is not connected to a
17 utility transmission or distribution system;

18 (18) "Reserved certificate" means a NE-GIS certificate sold independent of a transaction
19 involving electrical energy, pursuant to Rule 3.4 or a successor rule of the operating rules of the
20 NE-GIS;

(19) "Reserved certificate account" means a specially designated account established by
an obligated entity, pursuant to Rule 3.4 or a successor rule of the operating rules of the NE-GIS,
for transfer and retirement of reserved certificated from the NE-GIS;

(20) "Self-generator" means an end-use customer in Rhode Island that displaces all or part of its retail electricity consumption, as metered by the distribution utility to which it interconnects, through the use of a customer-sited generation facility, the ownership of any such facility shall not be considered an obligated entity as a result of any such ownership arrangement;

(21) "Small hydro facility" means a facility employing one or more hydroelectric turbine
generators and with an aggregate capacity not exceeding thirty (30) megawatts. For purposes of
this definition, "facility" shall be defined in a manner consistent with Title 18 of the Code of
Federal Regulations, section 92.201 et seq.; provided, however, that the size of the facility is
limited to thirty (30) megawatts, rather than eighty (80) megawatts.

33 (22) "Renewable energy resource" means any one or more of the renewable energy
 34 resources described in subsection 39-26-5(a) of this chapter.

(23) "Useful thermal energy" means energy in the form of direct heat, steam, hot water or
 other thermal form that is used in production and beneficial measures for heating, cooling,
 humidity control, process use or other valid thermal end use energy requirements and for which
 electricity or a nonrenewable fuel would otherwise be consumed.

5 <u>39-26-3. Purposes. --</u> The purposes of this chapter are to define renewable energy 6 resources and to facilitate the development of new renewable energy resources to supply 7 electricity to customers in Rhode Island, the development of alternative energy generating 8 <u>sources</u> with goals of stabilizing long-term energy prices, enhancing environmental quality, and 9 creating jobs in Rhode Island in the renewable energy sector.

10 <u>39-26-7. Renewable energy development fund. --</u> (a) There is hereby authorized and 11 created within the Rhode Island commerce corporation a renewable energy development fund for 12 the purpose of increasing the supply of NE-GIS certificates available for compliance in future 13 years by obligated entities with renewable energy standard requirements <u>and alternative energy</u> 14 <u>standard requirements</u>, as established in this chapter. The fund shall be located at the Rhode 15 Island commerce corporation. The Rhode Island commerce corporation shall:

Administer the fund and adopt plans and guidelines for the management and use of the
fund in coordination with the office of energy resources and the Rhode Island infrastructure bank,
and

(b) The Rhode Island commerce corporation shall enter into agreements with obligated entities to accept alternative compliance payments, consistent with rules of the commission and the purposes set forth in this section; and alternative compliance payments received pursuant to this section shall be trust funds to be held and applied solely for the purposes set forth in this section.

24 (c) The uses of the fund shall include but not be limited to:

(1) Stimulating investment in renewable energy development by entering into
 agreements, including multi-year agreements, for renewable energy certificates;

27 (2) Establishing and maintaining a residential renewable energy program using eligible
28 technologies in accordance with § 39-26-5;

(3) Providing technical and financial assistance to municipalities for interconnection and
 feasibility studies, and/or the installation of renewable energy projects;

31 (4) Implementing and supporting commercial and residential property assessed clean
 32 energy projects;

(5) Issuing assurances and/or guarantees to support the acquisition of renewable energy
 certificates and/or the development of new renewable energy sources for Rhode Island;

- 1
- 2 fund;

(6) Establishing escrows, reserves, and/or acquiring insurance for the obligations of the

3 (7) Paying administrative costs of the fund incurred by the Rhode Island commerce 4 corporation, the Rhode Island infrastructure bank and the office of energy resources, not to 5 exceed ten percent (10%) of the income of the fund, including, but not limited to, alternative 6 compliance payments. All funds transferred from the Rhode Island commerce corporation to 7 support the office of energy resources' administrative costs shall be deposited as restricted 8 receipts.

9 (d) All applications received for the use of the fund shall be reviewed by the Rhode 10 Island commerce corporation in consultation with the office of energy resources and the Rhode 11 Island infrastructure bank.

(e) NE-GIS certificates acquired through the fund may be conveyed to obligated entities or may be credited against the renewable energy standard for the year of the certificate provided that the commission assesses the cost of the certificates to the obligated entity, or entities, benefiting from the credit against the renewable energy standard, which assessment shall be reduced by previously made alternative compliance payments and shall be paid to the fund.

SECTION 2. Chapter 39-26 of the General Laws entitled "Renewable Energy Standard"
is hereby amended by adding thereto the following section:

19 39-26-5.1. Thermal energy standard. -- (a) The commission, in consultation with the 20 office of energy resources, shall establish a thermal energy standard for all obligated entities. 21 Every retail electric supplier providing service under contracts executed or extended on or after 22 January 1, 2017, shall provide a minimum percentage of kilowatt-hour sales, as determined by the 23 commission, to end-use customers in Rhode Island from thermal energy generating sources. The 24 commission, in consultation with the office of energy resources, shall annually thereafter 25 determine the minimum percentage of kilowatt-hour sales to end-use customers in Rhode Island 26 which shall be derived from thermal energy generating sources. (b) For the purposes of this section, "thermal energy generating source" shall mean a 27 28 source which generates energy using any of the following: 29 (1) Any facility that generates useful thermal energy using sunlight, one hundred percent 30 (100%) liquid biofuel, or naturally occurring temperature differences in ground, air or water, 31 whereby 1 megawatt-hour of alternative energy credit shall be earned for every three million four 32 hundred twelve thousand British thermal units (3,412,000 Btus) of net useful thermal energy

33 produced and verified through an on-site utility grade meter or other means satisfactory to the

34 <u>commission; or</u>

- 1 (2) Any other thermal energy technology approved by the commission, in consultation
- 2 with the office of energy resources, under an administrative proceeding.
- 3 (c) The department of environmental management shall set emission performance
  4 standards that are protective of public health and the environment, including standards for eligible
- 5 <u>liquid biofuel technologies that:</u>
- 6 (1) Limit eligibility only to best-in-class commercially-feasible technologies, inclusive of
- 7 <u>energy conversion and emissions controls, with regard to reducing emissions of particulate matter</u>
- 8 sized two and one-half (2.5) microns or less and carbon monoxide and other air pollutants;
- 9 (2) Establish requirements for thermal storage or other means to minimize any significant
   10 deterioration of efficiency or emissions due to boiler cycling, if feasible; and
- 11 (3) Include fuel conversion efficiency performance standards achievable by best-in-class
- 12 <u>commercially-feasible technologies.</u>
- 13 (d) The commission shall adopt regulations allowing for obligated entities to discharge
- 14 their obligations under this section by making an alternative compliance payment in an amount
- 15 established by the commission. Such regulations shall outline procedures by which each obligated
- 16 <u>entity shall annually submit for the commission's review a filing illustrating the obligated entity's</u>
- 17 <u>compliance with the requirements of this section.</u>
- 18 (e) Notwithstanding the determination that one alternative energy credit is to be earned
- 19 per three million four hundred twelve thousand British thermal units (3,412,000 Btus) in
- 20 subsection (b) of this section, the commission, in consultation with the office of energy resources
- 21 may provide that for certain nonemitting renewable thermal technologies, an alternative energy
- 22 credit shall be earned for less than three million four hundred twelve thousand British thermal
- 23 units (3,412,000 Btus) of net useful thermal energy so as to stimulate the development of new on-
- 24 <u>site renewable thermal energy generating sources.</u>
- 25 SECTION 3. This act shall take effect upon passage.

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#### EXPLANATION

## BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

### OF

## AN ACT

## RELATING TO PUBLIC UTILITIES - RENEWABLE ENERGY STANDARDS

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- 1 This act would authorize the establishment of a thermal energy standard which promotes
- 2 the development of thermal renewable energy technologies.
- 3 This act would take effect upon passage.

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