2016 -- H 7676



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STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2016

AN ACT

RELATING CRIMINALS-CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS - PAROLE

Introduced By: Representatives Blazejewski, Ajello, Barros, Tobon, and Almeida

<u>Date Introduced:</u> February 24, 2016

Referred To: House Judiciary

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

- SECTION 1. Section 13-8-13 of the General Laws in Chapter 13-8 entitled "Parole" is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 13-8-13. Life prisoners and prisoners with lengthy sentences. -- (a) In the case of a prisoner sentenced to imprisonment for life, a parole permit may be issued at any time after the prisoner has served not less than ten (10) years imprisonment; provided that:
 - (1) In the case of a prisoner serving a sentence or sentences of a length making him or her ineligible for a permit in less than ten (10) years, pursuant to §§ 13-8-9 and 13-8-10, the permit may be issued at any time after the prisoner has served not less than ten (10) years imprisonment.
 - (2) In the case of a prisoner sentenced to imprisonment for life for a first- or second-degree murder committed after July 10, 1989, the permit may be issued only after the prisoner has served not less than fifteen (15) years imprisonment.
- 13 (3) In the case of a prisoner sentenced to imprisonment for life for a first- or second-14 degree murder committed after June 30, 1995, the permit may be issued only after the prisoner 15 has served not less than twenty (20) years imprisonment; and
- 16 (4) In the case of a prisoner sentenced to imprisonment for life for a first- or second-17 degree murder committed after July 1, 2015, the permit may be issued only after the prisoner has 18 served not less than twenty-five (25) years imprisonment.
- 19 (5) In the case of a prisoner sentenced to imprisonment for life for a crime, other than

first- or second-degree murder, committed after July 1, 2015, the permit may be issued only after the prisoner has served not less than twenty (20) years imprisonment.

- (b) The permit shall be issued only by a unanimous vote of all the attending members of the board; provided that not less than four (4) members are present, and whenever, after the issue of the permit, the prisoner shall be pardoned, then the control of the board over the prisoner shall cease and terminate.
- (c) (1) In the case of a prisoner sentenced to imprisonment for life who is convicted of escape or attempted escape from the lawful custody of the warden of the adult correctional institutions, the permit may be issued only after the prisoner has served not less than twenty-five (25) years imprisonment; provided, however, that as to a prisoner who has been sentenced to imprisonment for life for a conviction of first- or second-degree murder, committed after July 1, 2015, and who is convicted thereafter of escape or attempted escape from the lawful custody of the warden of the adult correctional institutions, the permit may be issued only after the prisoner has served not less than thirty-five (35) years imprisonment; and
- (2) For each subsequent conviction of escape or attempted escape, an additional five (5) years shall be added to the time required to be served.
- (d) In the case of a prisoner sentenced consecutively to more than one life term for crimes occurring after May 7, 1981, the permit may be issued only after the prisoner has served not less than ten (10) years consecutively on each life sentence; provided, in the case of a prisoner sentenced consecutively to more than one life term for crimes occurring after June 30, 1995, the permit may be issued only after the prisoner has served not less than fifteen (15) years consecutively on each life sentence. In the case of a prisoner sentenced consecutively to more than one life term for crimes occurring after July 1, 2015, the permit may be issued only after the prisoner has served not less than twenty (20) years consecutively on each life sentence. In the case of a prisoner sentenced consecutively to more than one life term for crimes, including first-or second-degree murder, occurring after July 1, 2015, the permit may be issued only after the prisoner has served not less than twenty-five (25) years consecutively on each life sentence.
- (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of the general or public laws to the contrary, and unless a prisoner is entitled to earlier eligibility for parole pursuant to any other provision of law, a prisoner sentenced as an adult for any offense committed prior to the prisoner's eighteenth (18) birthday, is eligible for a parole permit after the prisoner has served fifteen (15) years of his or her sentence.

1	SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage
	LC004438
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EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING CRIMINALS-CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS - PAROLE

1 This act would make prisoners sentenced as adults to life or to lengthy sentences for 2 offenses committed prior to age eighteen, eligible for parole after completing fifteen years of their 3 sentence. This act would not lengthen their parole eligibility should the prisoner be eligible for 4 parole earlier than fifteen years. This act would take effect upon passage. 5 LC004438