2014 -- S 3053 SUBSTITUTE A AS AMENDED

LC005819/SUB A

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STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2014

AN ACT

RELATING TO LABOR AND LABOR RELATIONS - WORKERS' COMPENSATION - GENERAL PROVISIONS

<u>Introduced By:</u> Senators P Fogarty, Goodwin, Ruggerio, Ciccone, and Doyle

<u>Date Introduced:</u> May 29, 2014

Referred To: Senate Labor

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1	SECTION 1. Section 28-29-30 of the General Laws in Chapter 28-29 entitled "Workers'
2	Compensation - General Provisions" is hereby amended to read as follows:
3	28-29-30. Advisory council (a) There is created a workers' compensation advisory
4	council consisting of fifteen (15) sixteen (16) members as follows:
5	(1) The chief judge of the workers' compensation court and one additional judge of the
6	workers' compensation court and one member of the Bar who primarily represents injured
7	workers before the workers' compensation court, both the to be selected by the chief judge;
8	(2) The director of business regulation;
9	(3) The director of administration;
10	(4) Three (3) representatives from labor appointed by the governor, one of whom shall
11	be an injured worker;
12	(5) Three (3) representatives from business appointed by the governor, one of whom
13	shall be a self-insured employer, and one of whom shall represent cities and towns;
14	(6) One representative from the general public appointed by the governor;
15	(7) The chairperson of the senate labor committee or his or her designee; and
16	(8) The chairperson of the house labor committee or his or her designee;
17	(9) The director of labor and training; and
18	(10) The chief executive officer of the workers' compensation insurance fund or his or

her designee.

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(b) It shall be the duty of the council to advise the governor and the general assembly, on
 an annual basis, on the administration of the workers' compensation system.

SECTION 2. Sections 28-33-8, 28-33-17 and 28-33-18.3 of the General Laws in Chapter 28-33 entitled "Workers' Compensation - Benefits" are hereby amended to read as follows:

28-33-8. Employee's choice of physician, dentist, or hospital -- Payment of charges --Physician reporting schedule. -- (a) (1) An injured employee shall have freedom of choice to obtain health care, diagnosis, and treatment from any qualified health care provider initially. The initial health care provider of record may, without prior approval, refer the injured employee to any qualified specialist for independent consultation or assessment, or specified treatment. If the insurer or self-insured employer has a preferred_provider network approved and kept on record by the medical advisory board, any change by the employee from the initial health care provider of record shall only be to a health care provider listed in the approved preferred-provider network; provided, however, that any contract proffered or maintained which that restricts or limits the health care provider's ability to make referrals pursuant to the provisions of this section, restricts the injured employee's first choice of health care provider; substitutes or overrules the treatment protocols maintained by the medical advisory board, or attempts to evade or limit the jurisdiction of the workers' compensation court shall be void as against public policy. If the employee seeks to change to a health care provider not in the approved preferred_provider network, the employee must obtain the approval of the insurer or self-insured employer. Nothing contained in this section shall prevent the treatment, care, or rehabilitation of an employee by more than one physician, dentist, or hospital. The employee's first visit to any facility providing emergency care or to a physician or medical facility under contract with or agreement with the employer or insurer to provide priority care, shall not constitute the employee's initial choice to obtain health care, diagnosis, or treatment.

(2) In addition to the treatment of qualified health care providers, the employee shall have the freedom to obtain a rehabilitation evaluation by a rehabilitation counselor certified by the director pursuant to § 28-33-41 in cases where the employee has received compensation for a period of more than three (3) months, and the employer shall pay the reasonable fees incurred by the rehabilitation counselor for the initial assessment.

(b) Within three (3) days of an initial visit following an injury, the health care provider shall provide to the insurer or self-insured employer, and the employee and his or her attorney, a notification of compensable injury form to be approved by the administrator of the medical advisory board. Within three (3) days of the injured employee's release or discharge, return to

work, and/or recovery from an injury covered by chapters 29 - 38 of this title, the health care provider shall provide a notice of release to the insurer or self-insured employer, and the employee and his or her attorney, on a form approved by the division. A twenty dollar (\$20.00) fee may be charged by the health care provider to the insurer or self-insured employer for the notification of compensable injury forms or notice of release forms or for affidavits filed pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, but only if filed in a timely manner. No claim for care or treatment by a physician, dentist, or hospital chosen by an employee shall be valid and enforceable as against his or her employer, the employer's insurer, or the employee, unless the physician, dentist, or hospital gives written notice of the employee's choice to the employer/insurance carrier within fifteen (15) days after the beginning of the services or treatment. The health care provider shall, in writing, submit present to the employer or insurance carrier an itemized bill and report for the services or treatment and a final itemized bill for all unpaid services or treatment within three (3) months after the conclusion of the treatment. The employee shall not be personally liable to pay any physician, dentist, or hospital bills in cases where the physician, dentist, or hospital has forfeited the right to be paid by the employer or insurance carrier because of noncompliance with this section.

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- (c) (1) At six (6) weeks from the date of injury, then every twelve (12) weeks thereafter until maximum medical improvement, any qualified physician or other health care professional providing medical care or treatment to any person for an injury covered by chapters 29 38 of this title shall file an itemized bill and an affidavit with the insurer, the employee and his or her attorney, and the medical advisory board. A ten percent (10%) discount may be taken on the itemized bill affidavits not filed in a timely manner and received by the insurer one week or more late. The affidavit shall be on a form designed and provided by the administrator of the medical advisory board and shall state:
- 25 (i) The type of medical treatment provided to date, including type and frequency of treatment(s);
- 27 (ii) Anticipated further treatment, including type, frequency, and duration of treatment(s), 28 whether or not maximum medical improvement has been reached, and the anticipated date of 29 discharge;
- 30 (iii) Whether the employee can return to the former position of employment, or is capable 31 of other work, specifying work restrictions and work capabilities of the employee;
- 32 (2) The affidavit shall be admissible as an exhibit of the workers' compensation court 33 with or without the appearance of the affiant.
- 34 (d) "Itemized bill", as referred to in this section, means a completed statement of

- 1 charges, on a form CMS HCFA 1500, UB 92/94 or other form suitable to the insurer, which that
- 2 includes, but is not limited to, an enumeration of specific types of care provided $\frac{1}{5}$ facilities or
- 3 equipment used, services rendered, and appliances or medicines prescribed, for purposes of
- 4 identifying the treatment given the employee with respect to his or her injury.

- (e) (1) The treating physician shall furnish to the employee, or to his or her legal representative, a copy of his or her medical report within ten (10) days of the examination date.
- 7 (2) The treating physician shall notify the employer, and the employee and his or her 8 attorney, immediately when an employee is able to return to full or modified work.
 - (3) There shall be no charge for a health record when that health record is necessary to support any appeal or claim under the Workers' Compensation Act § 23-17-19.1(16). The treating physician shall furnish to the employee, or to his or her legal representative, a medical report, within ten (10) days of the request, stating the diagnosis, disability, loss of use, end result and/or causal relationship of the employee's condition associated with the work related injury. The physician shall be entitled to charge for these services only as enunciated in the State of Rhode Island workers compensation medical fee schedule.
 - (f) (1) Compensation for medical expenses and other services under § 28-33-5, 28-33-7 or 28-33-8 is due and payable within twenty-one (21) days from the date a request is payment is not made within twenty-one (21) days from the date a request is made for payment, the provider of medical services may add, and the insurer or self-insurer shall pay, interest at the per annum rate as provided in § 9-21-10 on the amount due. The employee or the medical provider may file a petition with the administrator of the workers' compensation court which petition shall follow the procedure as authorized in chapter 35 of this title.
 - (2) The twenty-one (21) day (21) period in subdivision (1) of this subsection and in § 28-35-12 shall begin on the date the insurer receives a request with appropriate documentation required to determine whether the claim is compensable and the payment requested is due.
 - **Dependents' allowances.** -- (a) (1) While the incapacity -- Permanent total disability -- Dependents' allowances. -- (a) (1) While the incapacity for work resulting from the injury is total, the employer shall pay the injured employee a weekly compensation equal to seventy-five percent (75%) of his or her average weekly spendable base wages, earnings, or salary, as computed pursuant to the provisions of § 28-33-20. The amount may not exceed more than sixty percent (60%) of the state average weekly wage of individuals in covered employment under the provisions of the Rhode Island Eemployment Security Aact as computed and established by the Rhode Island department of labor and training, annually, on or before May 31 of each year, under the provisions of § 28-44-6(a). Effective September 1, 1974, the maximum rate for weekly

- compensation for total disability shall not exceed sixty-six and two-thirds percent (662/3%) of the state average weekly wage, as computed and established under the provisions of § 28-44-6(a). Effective September 1, 1975, the maximum rate for weekly compensation for total disability shall not exceed one hundred percent (100%) of the state average weekly wage, as computed and established under the provisions of § 28-44-6(a). Effective September 1, 2007, the maximum rate for weekly compensation for total disability shall not exceed one hundred fifteen percent (115%) of the state average weekly wage, as computed and established under the provisions of § 28-44-6(a). Effective October 1, 2016, the maximum rate for weekly compensation for total disability shall not exceed one hundred twenty percent (120%) of the state average weekly wage as computed and established under the provisions of § 28-44-6(a), and effective October 1, 2017, the maximum rate for weekly compensation for total disability shall not exceed one hundred twenty -five percent (125%) of the state average weekly wage, as computed and established under the provisions of § 28-44-6(a). If the maximum weekly benefit rate is not an exact multiple of one dollar (\$1.00), then the rate shall be raised to the next higher multiple of one dollar (\$1.00).
 - (2) The average weekly wage computed and established under § 28-44-6(a) is applicable to injured employees whose injury occurred on or after September 1, 2000, and shall be applicable for the full period during which compensation is payable.

- (3) (i) "Spendable earnings" means the employee's gross, average weekly wages, earnings, or salary, including any gratuities reported as income, reduced by an amount determined to reflect amounts which that would be withheld from the wages, earnings, or salary under federal and state income tax laws, and under the Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA), 26 U.S.C. 3101 et seq., relating to sSocial sSecurity and Medicare taxes. In all cases, it is to be assumed that the amount withheld would be determined on the basis of expected liability of the employee for tax for the taxable year in which the payments are made without regard to any itemized deductions but taking into account the maximum number of personal exemptions allowable.
- (ii) Each year, the director shall publish tables of the average weekly wage and seventy-five percent (75%) of spendable earnings that are to be in effect on May 10. These tables shall be conclusive for the purposes of converting an average weekly wage into seventy-five percent (75%) of spendable earnings. In calculating spendable earnings, the director shall have discretion to exempt funds assigned to third parties by order of the family court pursuant to § 8-10-3 and funds designated for payment of liens pursuant to § 28-33-27 upon submission of supporting evidence.
 - (b) (1) In the following cases, it shall, for the purpose of this section, be that the injury

- 1 resulted in permanent total disability:
- 2 (i) The total and irrecoverable loss of sight in both eyes or the reduction to one-tenth
- 3 (1/10th) or less of normal vision with glasses;
- 4 (ii) The loss of both feet at or above the ankle;
- 5 (iii) The loss of both hands at or above the wrist;
- 6 (iv) The loss of one hand and one foot;

- 7 (v) An injury to the spine resulting in permanent and complete paralysis of the legs or 8 arms; and
 - (vi) An injury to the skull resulting in incurable imbecility or insanity.
 - (2) In all other cases, total disability shall be determined only if, as a result of the injury, the employee is physically unable to earn any wages in any employment; provided, that in cases where manifest injustice would otherwise result, total disability shall be determined when an employee proves, taking into account the employee's age, education, background, abilities, and training, that he or she is unable, on account of his or her compensable injury, to perform his or her regular job and is unable to perform any alternative employment. The court may deny total disability under this subsection without requiring the employer to identify particular alternative employment.
 - (c) (1) Where the employee has persons conclusively presumed to be dependent upon him or her, or in fact so dependent, the sum of fifteen dollars (\$15.00) shall be added to the weekly compensation payable for total incapacity for each person wholly dependent on the employee, except that the sum of forty dollars (\$40.00) shall be added for those receiving benefits under § 28-33-12, but in no case shall the aggregate of those amounts exceed eighty percent (80%) of the average weekly wage of the employee, except that there shall be no limit for those receiving benefits under § 28-33-12.
 - (2) The dependency allowance shall be in addition to the compensation benefits for total disability otherwise payable under the provisions of this section. The dependency allowance shall be increased if the number of persons dependent upon the employee increases during the time that weekly compensation benefits are being received.
 - (3) For the purposes of this section, the following persons shall be conclusively presumed to be wholly dependent for support upon an employee:
- 31 (i) A wife upon a husband with whom she is living at the time of his injury, but only
 32 while she is not working for wages during her spouse's total disability.
 - (ii) A husband upon a wife with whom he is living at the time of her injury, but only while he is not working for wages during his spouse's total disability.

1	(iii) Children under the age of eighteen (18) years, or over that age but physically or
2	mentally incapacitated from earning, if living with the employee, or, if the employee is bound or
3	ordered by law, decree, or order of court, or by any other lawful requirement, to support the
4	children, although living apart from them. Provided, that the payment of dependency benefits to a
5	dependent child over the age of eighteen (18) years shall continue as long as that child is
6	satisfactorily enrolled as a full-time student in an educational institution or an educational facility
7	duly accredited or approved by the appropriate state educational authorities at the time of
8	enrollment. Those payments shall not be continued beyond the age of twenty-three (23) years.
9	"Children," within the meaning of this paragraph, also includes any children of the injured
10	employee conceived but not born at the time of the employee's injury, and the compensation
11	provided for in this section shall be payable on account of any such children from the date of their
12	birth.
13	(d) "Dependents," as provided in this section, does not include the spouse of the injured

(d) "Dependents," as provided in this section, does not include the spouse of the injured employee except as provided in paragraphs (c)(3)(i) and (ii) of this section. In all other cases questions of dependency shall be determined in accordance with the facts as the facts may be at the time of the injury.

- (e) The court, or any of its judges, may, in its or his or her discretion, order the insurer or self-insurer to make payment of the nine dollars (\$9.00) or fifteen dollars (\$15.00) for those receiving benefits under § 28-33-12 directly to the dependent.
- (f) (1) Where any employee's incapacity is total and has extended beyond fifty-two (52) weeks, regardless of the date of injury, payments made to all totally incapacitated employees shall be increased as of May 10, 1991, and annually on the tenth of May after that as long as the employee remains totally incapacitated. The increase shall be by an amount equal to the total percentage increase in annual eConsumer pPrice iIndex, United States eCity aAverage for uUrban wwwage eEarners and eClerical wwworkers, as formulated and computed by the bBureau of ILabor sStatistics of the United States Department of Labor for the period of March 1 to February 28 each year.
- (2) If the employee is subsequently found to be only partially incapacitated, the weekly compensation benefit paid to the employee shall be equal to the payment in effect prior to his or her most recent cost of living adjustment.
- (3) "Index" as used in this section refers to the consumer price index, United States eCity

 <u>aA</u>verage for <u>wUrban wWage eEarners and eClerical wWorkers, as that index is formulated and computed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor.</u>
 - (4) The May 10, 1991, increase shall be based upon the total percentage increase, if any,

- in the annual consumer price index for the period of March 1, 1990 to February 28, 1991.
- 2 Thereafter, increases shall be made on May 10 annually, based upon the percentage increase, if
- any, in the index for the period March 1 to February 28.
- 4 (5) The computations in this section shall be made by the director of labor and training
- 5 and promulgated to insurers and employers making payments required by this section. Increases
- 6 shall be paid by insurers and employers without further order of the court. If payment payable
- 7 under this section is not paid within fourteen (14) days after the employer or insurer has been
- 8 notified or it becomes due, whichever is later, there shall be added to the unpaid payment an
- 9 amount equal to twenty percent (20%) of that amount, which shall be paid at the same time as,
- but in addition to, the payment.
- 11 (6) This section applies only to payment of weekly indemnity benefits to employees as
- described in subdivision (1) of this subsection, and does not apply to specific compensation
- 13 payments for loss of use or disfigurement or payment of dependency benefits or any other
- benefits payable under the <u>Ww</u>orkers' <u>Cc</u>ompensation <u>Aact</u>.
- 15 (7) Notwithstanding any other provision of the general law or public laws to the contrary,
- any employee of the state of Rhode Island who is receiving workers' compensation benefits for
- total incapacity, as a result of brain injury due to a violent assault, on or before July 19, 2005,
 - shall be entitled to receive the health insurance benefit he or she was entitled to at the time of the
- injury for the duration of the total incapacity or until said employee and his or her spouse are both
- 20 eligible for Medicare.

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- 21 **28-33-18.3. Continuation of benefits -- Partial incapacity. --** (a) (1) For all injuries
- occurring on or after September 1, 1990, in those cases where the employee has received a notice
- of intention to terminate partial incapacity benefits pursuant to § 28-33-18, the employee, or his
- or her duly authorized representative, may file with the workers' compensation court a petition for
- 25 continuation of benefits on forms prescribed by the workers' compensation court. In any

proceeding before the workers' compensation court on a petition for continuation of partial

incapacity benefits, where the employee demonstrates by a fair preponderance of the evidence

- 28 that his or her partial incapacity poses a material hindrance to obtaining employment suitable to
- 29 his or her limitation, partial incapacity benefits shall continue. For injuries on and after July 1,
- 30 2016 2018, "material hindrance" is defined to include only compensable injuries causing a greater
- 31 than sixty-five percent (65%) degree of functional impairment and/or disability. Any period of
- 32 time for which the employee has received benefits for total incapacity shall not be included in the
- 33 calculation of the three hundred and twelve_ (312) week (312) period.
 - (2) The provisions of this subsection apply to all injuries from Sept. 1, 1990, to July 1,

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(b) (1) Where any employee's incapacity is partial and has extended for more than three
hundred and twelve (312) weeks and the employee has proved an entitlement to continued
benefits under subsection (a) of this section, payments made to these incapacitated employees
shall be increased annually on the tenth (10th) day of May thereafter so long as the employee
remains incapacitated. The increase shall be by an amount equal to the total percentage increase
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eEarners and eClerical ₩Workers, as formulated and computed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics
of the United States Department of Labor for the period of March 1 to February 28 each year.

- (2) "Index" as used in this section refers to the eConsumer pPrice iIndex, United States eCity aAverage for uUrban wWage eEarners and eClerical wWorkers, as that index was formulated and computed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor.
- (3) The annual increase shall be based upon the percentage increase, if any, in the eConsumer pPrice iIndex for the month of a given year, over the index for February, the previous year. Thereafter, increases shall be made on May 10 annually, based upon the percentage increase, if any, in the eConsumer pPrice iIndex for the period of March 1 to February 28.
- (4) The computations in this section shall be made by the director of labor and training and promulgated to insurers and employers making payments required by this section. Increases shall be paid by insurers and employers without further order of the court. If payment payable under this section is not mailed within fourteen (14) days after the employer or insurer has been notified by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the state it becomes due, there shall be added to the unpaid payment an amount equal to twenty percent (20%) of it, to be paid at the same time as, but in addition to, the payment.
- (5) This section applies only to payment of weekly indemnity benefits to employees as described in subdivision (1) of this subsection, and does not apply to specific compensation payments for loss of use or disfigurement or payment of dependency benefits or any other benefits payable under the \w_workers' \end{c}compensation \Aact.
- 29 (c) No petitions for commutation shall be allowed or entertained in those cases where an 30 employee is receiving benefits pursuant to this section.
- 31 SECTION 3. Section 28-35-12 of the General Laws in Chapter 28-35 entitled "Workers'
 32 Compensation Procedure" is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - <u>28-35-12. Petition for determination of controversy -- Contents and filing. --</u> (a) In all disputes between an employer and employee in regard to compensation or any other obligation

established under chapters 29 - 38 of this title, and when death has resulted from the injury and the dependents of the deceased employee entitled to compensation are, or its apportionment among them is, in dispute, any person in interest, or his or her duly authorized representative, may file with the administrator of the workers' compensation court a petition, prescribed by the court, setting forth the names and residences of the parties; the facts relating to employment at the time of injury; the cause, extent, and character of the injury; the amount of wages, earnings, or salary received at the time of the injury; and the knowledge of the employer of notice of the occurrence of the injury; and any other facts that may be necessary and proper for the information of the court; and shall state the matter in dispute and the claims of the petitioner with reference to it; provided, that no petition shall be filed within twenty-one (21) days of the date of the injury and no petition regarding any other obligation established under chapters 29 - 38 of this title shall be filed until twenty-one (21) days after written demand for payment upon the employer or insurer or written notice to the employer or insurer of failure to fulfill the obligation, except that any petition alleging the non-payment or late payment of weekly compensation benefits, attorneys' fees, and costs, may be filed after fourteen (14) days from the date the payment is due as set forth in §§ 28-35-42, 28-35-43, and 28-35-20(c). All demands seeking payment of bills for medical services rendered shall include reference to a claim number or a legible copy of the agreement, order, and/or decree, if appropriate, establishing liability. Medical bills for services ordered paid by decree or pretrial order shall be paid within fourteen (14) days of the entry of the decree or order. In the event that the bills are not paid within the fourteen- (14) day (14) period, a petition may be filed to enforce said order or decree without any additional written notice to the employer or insurer. (b) (1) If one or more claims are filed for an injury and there are two (2) or more insurers,

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any one of which may be held to be liable to pay compensation, and the judge determines that the injured employee would be entitled to receive compensation but for the existence of a controversy as to which one of the insurers is liable to pay compensation, one of the insurers shall be selected by a judge of the workers' compensation court, to pay to the injured employee the compensation, pending a final decision of the workers' compensation court as to the matter in controversy, and that decision shall require that the amount of compensation paid shall be deducted from the award if made against another insurer and shall be paid by that other insurer to the insurer selected by the judge.

- (2) The workers' compensation court shall award compensation, costs, and attorneys' fees in its discretion if one of the insurers is held to be liable following the hearing.
 - (c) If any determination of the workers' compensation court entitles an employee to

1	retroactive payment of weekly benefits, the court shall award to the employee interest at the rate
2	per annum provided in § 9-21-10 on that retroactive weekly payment from six (6) months
3	subsequent to the date that the employee first filed a petition for benefits to the time when that
4	retroactive payment is actually made. If the proceedings are unduly delayed by or at the request
5	of the employee or his or her attorney, the judge may reduce or eliminate interest on retroactive
6	payment; provided, that the provisions of this section as they relate to interest shall apply only to
7	petitions filed on or after July 1, 1984.
8	(d) Any fine, penalty, or interest expense incurred by an insurer under this section may
9	not be used as an expense for the purpose of seeking a rate increase before the department of
10	business regulation.
11	SECTION 4. Sections 28-53-2 and 28-53-7 of the General Laws in Chapter 28-53
12	entitled "Rhode Island Uninsured Employers Fund" are hereby amended to read as follows:
13	28-53-2. Establishment Sources Administration (a) There shall be established
14	within the department of labor and training a special restricted receipt account to be known as the
15	Rhode Island uninsured employers fund. The fund shall be capitalized from excise taxes assessed
16	against uninsured employers pursuant to the provisions of § 28-53-9 of this chapter and from
17	general revenues appropriated by the legislature. Beginning in state fiscal year ending June 30,
18	2015 2016, the legislature may appropriate up to two million dollars (\$2,000,000) in general
19	revenue funds annually for deposit into the Rhode Island uninsured employers fund.
20	(b) All moneys in the fund shall be mingled and undivided. The fund shall be
21	administered by the director of the department of labor and training or his or her designee, but in
22	no case shall the director incur any liability beyond the amounts paid into and earned by the
23	fund.
24	(c) All amounts owed to the uninsured employers fund from illegally uninsured
25	employers are intended to be excise taxes and as such, all ambiguities and uncertainties are to be
26	resolved in favor of a determination that such assessments are excise taxes.
27	28-53-7. Payments to employees of uninsured employers (a) Where it is determined
28	that the employee was injured in the course of employment while working for an employer who
29	fails to maintain a policy of workers' compensation insurance as required by Rhode Island general
30	laws § 28-36-1, et seq., the uninsured employers fund shall pay the benefits to which the injured

(b) The workers' compensation court shall hear all petitions for payment from the fund pursuant to Rhode Island general laws § 28-30-1, et seq., provided, however, that the uninsured

employee would be entitled pursuant to chapters 29 to 38 of this title subject to the limitations set

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forth herein.

employers fund and the employer shall be named as parties to any petition seeking payment of benefits from the fund.

- (c) Where an employee is deemed to be entitled to benefits from the uninsured employers fund, the fund shall pay benefits for disability and medical expenses as provided pursuant to chapters 29 to 38 of this title except that the employee shall not be entitled to receive benefits for loss of function and disfigurement pursuant to the provisions of Rhode Island general laws § 28-33-19.
- (d) The fund shall pay cost, counsel and witness fees as provided in Rhode Island general laws § 28-35-32 to any employee who successfully prosecutes any petitions for compensation, petitions for medical expenses, petitions to amend a pretrial order or memorandum of agreement and all other employee petitions and to employees who successfully defend, in whole or in part, proceedings seeking to reduce or terminate any and all workers' compensation benefits; provided, however, that the attorney's fees awarded to counsel who represent the employee in petitions for lump sum commutation filed pursuant to Rhode Island general laws § 28-33-25 or in the settlement of disputed cases pursuant to Rhode Island general laws § 28-33-25.1 shall be limited to the maximum amount paid to counsel who serve as court appointed attorneys in workers' compensation proceedings as established by rule or order of the Rhode Island supreme court.
- (e) In the event that the uninsured employer makes payment of any monies to the employee to compensate the employee for lost wages or medical expenses, the fund shall be entitled to a credit for all such monies received by or on behalf of the employee against any future benefits payable directly to the employee.
 - (f) This section shall apply to injuries that occur on or after January 1, 2015 2016.
- SECTION 5. Section 36-10-31 of the General Laws in Chapter 36-10 entitled "Retirement System-Contributions and Benefits" is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - <u>damages. --</u> Any amount paid or payable under the provisions of any workers' compensation law exclusive of Medicare set-aside allocations, specific compensation benefits or any benefits authorized by the terms of a collective bargaining agreement or as the result of any action for damages for personal injuries against the state of Rhode Island on account of the death or disability of a member shall be offset against and payable in lieu of any benefits payable out of funds provided by the state under the provisions of this chapter on account of the death or disability of the member. If the value of the total commuted benefits under any workers' compensation law or action is less than the present value on an actuarial basis of the benefits

- 1 otherwise payable under this chapter, the value of the commuted payments shall be deducted
- 2 from the present value of the benefits and the balance thereof shall be payable under the
- 3 provisions of this chapter.
- 4 SECTION 6. This act shall take effect upon passage.

LC005819/SUB A

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EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO LABOR AND LABOR RELATIONS - WORKERS' COMPENSATION - GENERAL PROVISIONS

This act would make various changes to the procedure, and administration of the Rhode

Island workers' compensation court.

This act would take effect upon passage.

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LC005819/SUB A