LC005106

# 2014 -- S 2876

# STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

### IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

#### JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2014

# AN ACT

#### RELATING TO HUMAN SERVICES - MEDICAL ASSISTANCE

Introduced By: Senator Maryellen Goodwin

Date Introduced: April 09, 2014

Referred To: Senate Health & Human Services

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Chapter 40-8 of the General Laws entitled "Medical Assistance" is hereby
- 2 amended by adding thereto the following section:
- 3 <u>40-8-16.1. Managed care arrangements for long-term care. (a) Definitions. For</u>
- 4 purposes of this section, the following terms shall have the following :
- 5 (1) "Beneficiary" means an individual who is eligible for medical assistance under the
- 6 Rhode Island Medicaid state plan established in accordance with 42 U.S.C. 1396, and includes
- 7 individuals who are additionally eligible for benefits under the Medicare program (42 U.S.C. Sec.
- 8 <u>1395, et seq.</u>) or other health plan.
- 9 (2) "Duals demonstration project" means a demonstration project established pursuant to
  10 the financial alignment demonstration established under § 2602 of the Patient Protection and
- 11 Affordable Care Act (Pub. L. 111-148), involving a three way contract between Rhode Island, the
- 12 federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services ("CMS") and qualified health plans, and
- 13 covering health care services provided to beneficiaries.
- 14 (3) "EOHHS" means the Rhode Island executive office of health and human services.
- 15 (4) "EOHHS level of care tool" means to a set of criteria established by EOHHS and used
- 16 in January 2014 to determine the long-term care needs of a beneficiary as well as the appropriate
- 17 <u>setting for delivery of that care.</u>
- 18 (5) "Long-term care services and supports" means a spectrum of services covered by the
- 19 Rhode Island Medicaid program and/or the Medicare program, that are required by individuals

1 with post acute care needs, functional impairments and/or chronic illness, and includes skilled or

- 2 <u>custodial nursing facility care, as well as various home and community based services.</u>
- 3 (6) "Managed long-term care arrangement" means any arrangement under which a 4 managed care organization is granted some or all of the responsibility for providing and/or paying 5 for long-term care services and supports that would otherwise be provided or paid under the Rhode Island Medicaid program. The term includes, but is not limited to, a duals demonstration 6 7 project, and/or phase I and phase II of the integrated care initiative established by the executive 8 office of health and human services. 9 (7) "Managed care organization" means any health plan, health maintenance 10 organization, managed care plan, or other person or entity that enters into a contract with the state 11 under which it is granted the authority to arrange for the provision of, and/or payment for, long-12 term care supports and services to eligible beneficiaries under a managed long-term care 13 arrangement. 14 (8) "Plan of care" means a care plan established by a nursing facility in accordance with 15 state and federal regulations, and which identifies specific problems, goals, interventions and time 16 frames for care and services provided to a beneficiary. 17 (b) Beneficiary choice. Any managed long-term care arrangement shall offer 18 beneficiaries the option to decline participation and remain in traditional Medicaid and, if a duals 19 demonstration project, traditional Medicare. Beneficiaries must be provided with sufficient 20 information to make an informed choice regarding enrollment, including: 21 (1) Any changes in the beneficiary's payment or other financial obligations with respect 22 to long-term care services and supports as a result of enrollment; (2) Any changes in the nature of the long-term care services and supports available to the 23 24 beneficiary as a result of enrollment, including specific descriptions of new services that will be available or existing services that will be curtailed or terminated; 25 26 (3) A contact person who can assist the beneficiary in making decisions about 27 enrollment;
- 28 (4) Individualized information regarding whether the managed care organization's
- 29 <u>network includes the health care providers with whom beneficiaries have established provider</u>
- 30 relationships. Directing beneficiaries to a website identifying the plan's provider network shall not
- 31 <u>be sufficient to satisfy this requirement; and</u>
- 32 (5) The deadline by which the beneficiary must make a choice regarding enrollment, and
- 33 the length of time a beneficiary must remain enrolled in a managed care organization before
- 34 <u>being permitted to change plans or opt out of the arrangement.</u>

1 (c) Ombudsman process. EOHHS shall designate an ombudsperson to advocate for 2 beneficiaries enrolled in a managed long-term care arrangement. The ombudsperson shall 3 advocate for beneficiaries through complaint and appeal processes and ensure that necessary 4 health care services are provided. At the time of enrollment, a managed care organization must 5 inform enrollees of the availability of the ombudsperson, including contact information. (d) Provider/plan liaison. EOHHS shall designate an individual, not employed by or 6 7 otherwise under contract with a participating managed care organization, who shall act as liaison 8 between health care providers and managed care organizations, for the purpose of facilitating 9 communications and assuring that issues and concerns are promptly addressed. 10 (e) Financial savings under managed care. To the extent that financial savings are a goal 11 under any managed long-term care arrangement, it is the intent of the legislature to achieve such 12 savings through administrative efficiencies, care coordination, and improvements in care 13 outcomes, rather than through reduced reimbursement rates to providers or limiting access to 14 medically necessary care and services. Therefore: 15 (1) Any managed long-term care arrangement shall include a requirement that 16 participating managed care organizations reimburse providers for services in accordance with the 17 following: 18 (i) The annual adjustment to rates by the change in a recognized national nursing home 19 inflation index as described in § 40-8-19(a)(2)(vi) or successor statute shall be applied to rates of 20 payment to nursing facilities for Medicaid-covered services. 21 (ii) For a duals demonstration project, the managed care organization: 22 (A) Shall not combine the rates of payment for post-acute skilled and rehabilitation care 23 provided by a nursing facility and long-term and chronic care provided by a nursing facility in 24 order to establish a single payment rate for dual eligible beneficiaries requiring skilled nursing 25 services; 26 (B) Shall pay nursing facilities providing post-acute skilled and rehabilitation care or 27 long-term and chronic care rates that reflect the different level of services and intensity required 28 to provide these services; and 29 (C) For purposes of determining the appropriate rate for the type of care identified in 30 subsection (e)(l)(ii)(B), the managed care organization shall pay no less than the rates which 31 would be paid for that care under Medicare and Rhode Island Medicaid for these service types. 32 (iii) For a managed long-term care arrangement that is not a duals demonstration project, 33 the managed care organization shall reimburse providers in an amount no less than the rate that 34 would be paid for the same care by EOHHS under the Medicaid program.

1 (2) Any managed long-term care arrangement shall include a requirement that 2 participating managed care organizations use only the EOHHS level of care tool in determining 3 coverage of long-term care supports and services for beneficiaries. EOHHS may amend the level 4 of care tool provided that any changes are established upon public notice and comment; in 5 consultation with beneficiaries and providers of Medicaid-covered long-term care supports and services; and are based upon reasonable medical evidence or consensus, in consideration of the 6 7 specific needs of Rhode Island beneficiaries. Notwithstanding anything else herein, however, in 8 the case of a duals demonstration project a managed care organization may use a different level of 9 care tool for determining coverage of services that would otherwise be covered by Medicare, 10 since the criteria established by EOHHS are directed towards Medicaid-covered services; 11 provided that such level of care tool is established upon public notice and comment; in 12 consultation with beneficiaries and providers of Medicaid-covered long-term care supports and 13 services; and is based upon reasonable medical evidence or consensus, in consideration of the 14 specific needs of Rhode Island beneficiaries. 15 (3) Any managed long-term care arrangement shall include a requirement that 16 participating managed care organizations establish a mechanism under which providers furnish 17 input into the managed care organization's long-term care policies and procedures, including case 18 management; nursing care; quality management and reporting; and claims processing and 19 payment, as well as a mechanism under which beneficiaries furnish input into the managed care 20 organization's policies and procedures regarding the delivery of long-term care services and 21 supports. 22 (e) Payment incentives. In order to encourage quality improvement and promote 23 appropriate utilization incentives for providers in a managed long-term care arrangement a 24 managed care organization may use incentive or bonus payment programs that are in addition to 25 the rates identified in subsection (e)(1). 26 (f) Any willing provider. A managed care organization must contract with and cover 27 services furnished by any nursing facility licensed under chapter 23-17, and certified by CMS that 28 provides Medicaid-covered nursing facility services pursuant to a provider agreement with the 29 state, provided that the nursing facility is not disqualified under the managed care organization's 30 quality standards that are applicable to all nursing facilities; and the nursing facility is willing to 31 accept the reimbursement rates described in subsection (e) of this section. 32 (g) Case management/plan of care. No managed care organization acting under a 33 managed long-term care arrangement may require a provider to change a plan of care if the 34 provider reasonably believes that such an action would conflict with the provider's responsibility

1 to develop an appropriate care plan under state and federal regulations.

2 (i) Care transitions. In the event that a beneficiary: (1) Has been determined to meet level 3 of care requirements for nursing facility coverage as of the date of his or her enrollment in a 4 managed care organization; or (2) Been determined to meet level of care requirements for nursing 5 facility coverage by a managed care organization after enrollment; and there is a change in 6 condition whereby the managed care organization determines that the beneficiary no longer meets 7 such level of care requirements, the nursing facility shall promptly arrange for an appropriate and 8 safe discharge (with the assistance of the managed care organization if the facility requests it), 9 and the managed care organization shall continue to pay for the beneficiary's nursing facility care 10 at the same rate until the beneficiary is discharged. 11 (j) Reporting requirements. EOHHS shall report to the general assembly and shall make 12 available to interested persons a separate accounting of state expenditures for long-term care 13 supports and services under any managed long-term care arrangement, specifically and separately 14 identifying expenditures for home and community based services, assisted living services, 15 hospice services within nursing facilities, hospice services outside of nursing facilities, and 16 nursing facility services. Such reports shall be made twice annually, six (6) months apart, 17 beginning six (6) months following the implementation of any managed long-term care arrangement, and shall include a detailed report of utilization of each such service. In order to 18 19 facilitate such reporting, any managed long-term care arrangement shall include a requirement 20 that a participating managed care organization make timely reports of the data necessary to 21 compile such reports.

22 SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage.

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## **EXPLANATION**

#### BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

## OF

# AN ACT

## RELATING TO HUMAN SERVICES - MEDICAL ASSISTANCE

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1 This act would provide a choice for beneficiaries to decline participation in any managed 2 long-term care arrangement, and to remain in traditional Medicaid and/or traditional Medicare, 3 designate an ombudsperson to advocate on their behalf, provide an individual to act as a liaison 4 between health care providers and managed care organizations, and realize financial savings 5 whenever possible without any detrimental effect on the quality of care afforded beneficiaries 6 with reports required by the executive office of health and human services every six (6) months. 7 This act would take effect upon passage.

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