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STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2014

AN ACT

RELATING TO FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Introduced By: Senators Bates, and Picard

Date Introduced: March 25, 2014

Referred To: Senate Commerce

(Business Regulation)

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

- SECTION 1. Section 19-1-1 of the General Laws in Chapter 19-1 entitled "Definitions and Establishment of Financial Institutions" is hereby amended to read as follows:
- and Establishment of I maneral histitutions is hereby amended to read as follows.
- 3 <u>19-1-1. Definitions. --</u> Unless otherwise specified, the following terms shall have the 4 following meanings throughout this title:
 - (1) "Agreement to form" means the agreement to form a financial institution or the agreement to form a credit union, as applicable, pursuant to this title, and includes, for financial institutions organized before December 31, 1995, the articles of incorporation or the agreement of association of the financial institution, where applicable.
 - (2) "Branch" means any office or place of business, other than the main office or customer-bank-communication-terminal outlets as provided for in this title, at which deposits are received, or checks paid or money lent, or at which any trust powers are exercised. Any financial institution which had, on or before June 30, 2003, established an office or place of business, other than its main office, at which trust powers are exercised, shall not be required to obtain the approval of the director or the director's designee pursuant to section 19-2-11 of the general laws in chapter 2 of title 19 for any such offices established as of that date.
- 16 (3) "Credit union" means a credit union duly organized under the laws of this state.
- 17 (4) "Director" means the director of the department of business regulation, or his or her designee.
- 19 (5) "Division of banking" means the division within the department of business

1	regulation responsible for the supervision and examination of regulated institutions and/or
2	licensees under chapter 14 of this title.
3	(6) "Federal credit union" means a credit union duly organized under the laws of the
4	United States.
5	(7) "Financial institution" means any entity, other than a credit union, duly organized
6	under the laws of this state which has the statutory authority to accept money on deposit pursuant
7	to title 19, including an entity which is prohibited from accepting deposits by its own by-laws or
8	agreement to form; the term includes, but is not limited to banks, trust companies, savings banks,
9	loan and investment banks and savings and loan associations.
10	(8) "Main office" means, in the case of financial institutions or credit unions, the location
11	stated in the agreement to form, as amended, and, otherwise, the location recognized by the
12	institution's primary banking regulator as its main office.
13	(9) "Person" means individuals, partnerships, corporations, limited liability companies or
14	any other entity however organized.
15	(10) "Regulated institution" means any financial institution, credit union or other
16	insured-deposit-taking institution which is authorized to do business in this state including one
17	authorized by operation of an interstate banking statute which allowed its original entry.
18	(11) "Retail installment contract" means any security agreement negotiated or executed
19	in this state or under the laws of this state including, but not limited to, any agreement in the
20	nature of a mortgage, conditional sale contract, or any other agreement whether or not evidenced
21	by any written instrument to pay the retail purchase price of goods, or any part thereof, in
22	installments over any period of time and pursuant to which any security interest is retained or
23	taken by the retail seller for the payment of the purchase price, or any part thereof, of the retail
24	installment contract.
25	(12) "Retail seller" means any person who sells or contracts to sell any goods under a
26	retail installment contract to a retail buyer.
27	(13) "Superintendent" means the associate deputy director designated by the director and
28	as superintendent of banking in the department of business regulation.
29	(14) "Unimpaired capital" means the sum of all capital and allowance accounts minus
30	estimated losses on assets, calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting
31	principles.
32	(15) "Writing" means hard copy writing or electronic writing that meets the requirements
33	of Rhode Island general laws § 42-127.1-1 et seq.
34	SECTION 2. Section 19-3-13 of the General Laws in Chapter 19-3 entitled "Powers and

Operations" is hereby amended to read as follows:

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credit union, may make available for use by its customers one or more electronic devices or machines (customer-bank communications terminals/automated teller machines). These devices or machines shall not be deemed to be the establishment of a branch of the particular financial institution or credit union. All surcharges chargeable for use of these devices shall be disclosed

19-3-13. Use of electronic devices and machines. -- (a) Any financial institution, or

- prior to completion of any transaction. Disclosure of the surcharge shall be displayed electronically by the electronic device or machine and shall not be disclosed by means of any
- 9 stickers or placards placed on the exterior of the electronic device or machine.
 - (b) The establishment and use of these devices are subject to approval by the director or the director's designee which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld. Any request to establish a customer bank communications terminal/automated teller machine must be sent to the director or the director's designee by any means acceptable to the director or the director's designee. Any request which is received by the director or the director's designee shall be deemed approved, if within five (5) business days of receipt by the director or the director's designee of the request, the director or the director's designee has not issued a notice of intent to deny the request. The director or the director's designee may promulgate rules and regulations not inconsistent with this section.
 - (e)(b) To the extent consistent with the antitrust laws, each financial institution or credit union, chartered by this or any other state, is permitted but not required to share these devices with one or more other financial institutions or credit unions, chartered by the state or federal government.
 - (d)(c) Each financial institution or credit union shall adopt and maintain safeguards on each electronic device or machine consistent with the minimum requirements specified under the federal Bank Protection Act, 12 U.S.C. section 1881 et seq.
- SECTION 3. Sections 19-14-1, 19-14-2, 19-14-6, 19-14-7, 19-14-8, 19-14-9, 19-14-10, 19-14-12, 19-14-14 and 19-14-23 of the General Laws in Chapter 19-14 entitled "Licensed Activities" are hereby amended to read as follows:
- 19-14-1. Definitions. -- Unless otherwise specified, the following terms shall have the following meanings throughout chapters 14, 14.1, 14.2, 14.3, 14.4, 14.6, 14.8 and 14.9, 14.10, 14.11 and 14.12 of this title:
- 32 (1) "Check" means any check, draft, money order, personal money order, or other 33 instrument for the transmission or payment of money. For the purposes of check cashing, 34 travelers checks or foreign denomination instruments shall not be considered checks. "Check

1	cashing means providing currency for checks,
2	(2) "Deliver" means to deliver a check to the first person who in payment for the check
3	makes or purports to make a remittance of or against the face amount of the check, whether or not
4	the deliverer also charges a fee in addition to the face amount, and whether or not the deliverer
5	signs the check;
6	(3) "Electronic money transfer" means receiving money for transmission within the
7	United States or to locations abroad by any means including, but not limited to, wire, facsimile or
8	other electronic transfer system;
9	(4) (i) "Lender" means any person who makes or funds a loan within this state with the
.0	person's own funds, regardless of whether the person is the nominal mortgagee or creditor on the
1	instrument evidencing the loan;
2	(ii) A loan is made or funded within this state if any of the following conditions exist:
.3	(A) The loan is secured by real property located in this state;
4	(B) An application for a loan is taken by an employee, agent, or representative of the
.5	lender within this state;
6	(C) The loan closes within this state;
.7	(D) The loan solicitation is done by an individual with a physical presence in this states
.8	or
9	(E) The lender maintains an office in this state.
20	(iii) The term "lender" shall also include any person engaged in a transaction whereby
21	the person makes or funds a loan within this state using the proceeds of an advance under a line
22	of credit over which proceeds the person has dominion and control and for the repayment of
23	which the person is unconditionally liable. This transaction is not a table funding transaction. A
24	person is deemed to have dominion and control over the proceeds of an advance under a line of
25	credit used to fund a loan regardless of whether:
26	(A) The person may, contemporaneously with or shortly following the funding of the
27	loan, assign or deliver to the line of credit lender one or more loans funded by the proceeds of an
28	advance to the person under the line of credit;
29	(B) The proceeds of an advance are delivered directly to the settlement agent by the line
80	of credit lender, unless the settlement agent is the agent of the line of credit lender;
81	(C) One or more loans funded by the proceeds of an advance under the line of credit is
32	purchased by the line of credit lender; or
3	(D) Under the circumstances as set forth in regulations adopted by the director or the
34	director's designee pursuant to this chapter;

1	(5) "Licensee" means any person licensed under this chapter;
2	(6) "Loan" means any advance of money or credit including, but not limited to:
3	(i) Loans secured by mortgages;
4	(ii) Insurance premium finance agreements;
5	(iii) The purchase or acquisition of retail installment contracts or advances to the holder
6	of those contracts;
7	(iv) Educational loans;
8	(v) Any other advance of money; or
9	(vi) Any transaction such as those commonly known as "pay day loans," "pay day
10	advances," or "deferred presentment loans," in which a cash advance is made to a customer in
11	exchange for the customer's personal check, or in exchange for the customer's authorization to
12	debit the customer's deposit account, and where the parties agree either that the check will not be
13	cashed or deposited, or that customer's deposit account will not be debited, until a designated
14	future date.
15	(7) "Loan broker" means any person who, for compensation or gain, or in the expectation
16	of compensation or gain, either directly or indirectly, solicits, processes, negotiates, places or sell
17	a loan within this state for others in the primary market, or offers to do so. A loan broker shall
18	also mean any person who is the nominal mortgagee or creditor in a table funding transaction. A
19	loan is brokered within this state if any of the following conditions exist:
20	(i) The loan is secured by real property located in this state;
21	(ii) An application for a loan is taken or received by an employee, agent or representative
22	of the loan broker within this state;
23	(iii) The loan closes within this state;
24	(iv) The loan solicitation is done by an individual with a physical presence in this state
25	or
26	(v) The loan broker maintains an office in this state.
27	(8) "Personal money order" means any instrument for the transmission or payment o
28	money in relation to which the purchaser or remitter appoints or purports to appoint the seller a
29	his or her agent for the receipt, transmission, or handling of money, whether the instrument i
30	signed by the seller or by the purchaser or remitter or some other person;
31	(9) "Primary market" means the market in which loans are made to borrowers by lenders
32	whether or not through a loan broker or other conduit;
33	(10) "Principal owner" means any person who owns, controls, votes or has a beneficia
34	interest in, directly or indirectly, ten percent (10%) or more of the outstanding capital stock

2	(11) "Sell" means to sell, to issue, or to deliver a check;
3	(12) "Small loan" means a loan of less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000), not secured
4	by real estate, made pursuant to the provisions of chapter 14.2 of this title;
5	(13) "Small loan lender" means a lender engaged in the business of making small loans
6	within this state;
7	(14) "Table funding transaction" means a transaction in which there is a
8	contemporaneous advance of funds by a lender and an assignment by the mortgagee or creditor of
9	the loan to the lender;
10	(15) "Check casher" means a person or entity that, for compensation, engages, in whole
11	or in part, in the business of cashing checks;
12	(16) "Deferred deposit transaction" means any transaction such as those commonly
13	known as "pay-day loans," "pay-day advances," or "deferred presentment loans" in which a cash
14	advance is made to a customer in exchange for the customer's personal check or in exchange for
15	the customer's authorization to debit the customer's deposit account and where the parties agree
16	either that the check will not be cashed or deposited, or that the customer's deposit account will
17	not be debited until a designated future date;
18	(17) "Insurance premium finance agreement" means an agreement by which an insured,
19	or prospective insured, promises to pay to an insurance premium finance company the amount
20	advanced or to be advanced, under the agreement to an insurer or to an insurance producer, in
21	payment of a premium or premiums on an insurance contract or contracts, together with interest
22	and a service charge, as authorized and limited by this title;
23	(18) "Insurance premium finance company" means a person engaged in the business of
24	making insurance premium finance agreements or acquiring insurance premium finance
25	agreements from other insurance premium finance companies;
26	(19) "Simple interest" means interest computed on the principal balance outstanding
27	immediately prior to a payment for the actual number of days between payments made on a loan
28	over the life of a loan;
29	(20) "Nonprofit organization" means a corporation qualifying as a 26 U.S.C. section
30	501(c)(3) nonprofit organization, in the operation of which no member, director, officer, partner,
31	employee, agent, or other affiliated person profits financially other than receiving reasonable
32	salaries if applicable;
33	(21) "Mortgage loan originator" has the same meaning set forth in subdivision 19-14.10-
34	3(6);

and/or equity interest of a licensee;

	(22) "Mortgage loan"	means a loan	secured in	whole or in	part by real	property	located
in this st	ate:						

- (23) "Loan solicitation" shall mean an effectuation, procurement, delivery and offer, and advertisement of a loan. Loan solicitation also includes providing or accepting loan applications and assisting persons in completing loan applications and/or advising, conferring, or informing anyone regarding the benefits, terms and/or conditions of a loan product or service. Loan solicitation does not include loan processing or loan underwriting as defined in this section. Loan solicitation does not include telemarketing which is defined for purposes of this section to mean contacting a person by telephone with the intention of collecting such person's name, address and telephone number for the sole purpose of allowing a mortgage loan originator to fulfill a loan inquiry;
- (24) "Processes" shall mean, with respect to a loan, any of a series of acts or functions including the preparation of a loan application and supporting documents performed by a person which leads to or results in the acceptance, approval, denial, and/or withdrawal of a loan application, including, without limitation, the rendering of services including loan underwriting, obtaining verifications, credit reports or appraisals, communicating with the applicant and/or the lender or loan broker, and/or other loan processing and origination services for consideration by a lender or loan broker. Loan processing does not include the following:
 - (i) Providing loan closing services;
 - (ii) Rendering of credit reports by an authorized credit reporting agency; and
- (iii) Rendering of appraisal services.

- (25) "Loan underwriting" shall mean a loan process that involves the analysis of risk with respect to the decision whether to make a loan to a loan applicant based on credit, employment, assets, and other factors including evaluating a loan applicant against a lender's various lending criteria for creditworthiness, making a determination for the lender as to whether the applicant meets the lender's pre-established credit standards and/or making a recommendation regarding loan approval;
- (26) "Negotiates" shall mean, with respect to a loan, to confer directly with or offer advice directly to a loan applicant or prospective loan applicant for a loan product or service concerning any of the substantive benefits, terms, or conditions of the loan product or service;
- (27) "Natural person employee" shall mean any natural person performing services as a bona-fide employee for a person licensed under the provisions of Rhode Island general laws section 19-14-1, et. seq., in return for a salary, wage, or other consideration, where such salary, wage, or consideration is reported by the licensee on a federal form W-2 payroll record. The term

- 1 does not include any natural person or business entity performing services for a person licensed 2 under the provisions of Rhode Island general laws in return for a salary, wage, or other 3 consideration, where such salary, wage, or consideration is reported by the licensee on a federal 4 form 1099; 5 (28) "Bona-fide employee" shall mean an employee of a licensee who works under the oversight and supervision of the licensee; 6 7 (29) "Oversight and supervision of the licensee" shall mean that the licensee provides 8 training to the employee, sets the employee's hours of work, and provides the employee with the 9 equipment and physical premises required to perform the employee's duties; 10 (30) "Operating subsidiary" shall mean a majority-owned subsidiary of a financial 11 institution or banking institution that engages only in activities permitted by the parent financial 12 institution or banking institution; 13 (31) "Provisional employee" means a natural person who, pursuant to a written 14 agreement between the natural person and a wholly owned subsidiary of a financial holding 15 company, as defined in The Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended, a bank holding 16 company, savings bank holding company, or thrift holding company, is an exclusive agent for the 17 subsidiary with respect to mortgage loan originations, and the subsidiary: (a) holds a valid loan 18 broker's license and (b) enters into a written agreement with the director or the director's designee 19 to include: 20 (i) An "undertaking of accountability" in a form prescribed by the director or the 21 director's designee, for all of the subsidiary's exclusive agents to include full and direct financial 22 and regulatory responsibility for the mortgage loan originator activities of each exclusive agent as 23 if said exclusive agent was an employee of the subsidiary; 24 (ii) A business plan to be approved by the director or the director's designee, for the 25 education of the exclusive agents, the handling of consumer complaints related to the exclusive 26 agents, and the supervision of the mortgage loan origination activities of the exclusive agents; 27 (iii) A restriction of the exclusive agents' mortgage loan originators' activities to loans to 28 be made only by the subsidiary's affiliated bank; and 29 (32) "Multi-state licensing system" means a system involving one or more states, the 30 District of Columbia, or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico established to facilitate the sharing of 31 regulatory information and the licensing, application, reporting and payment processes, by 32 electronic or other means, for mortgage lenders and loan brokers, and other licensees required to
 - (33) "Negative equity" means the difference between the value of an asset and the

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be licensed under this chapter.

outstanding portion of the loan taken out to pay for the asset, when the latter exceeds the former amount.

(34) "Loan closing services" means providing title services, including title searches, title examinations, abstract preparation, insurability determinations, and the issuance of title commitments and title insurance policies, conducting loan closings, and preparation of loan closing documents when performed by or under the supervision of a licensed attorney, licensed title agency, or licensed title insurance company.

(35) "Servicing" means receiving a scheduled periodic payment from a borrower pursuant to the terms of a loan, including amounts for escrow accounts, and making the payments to the owner of the loan or other third party of principal and interest and other payments with respect to the amounts received from the borrower as may be required pursuant to the terms of the servicing loan documents or servicing contract. In the case of a home equity conversion mortgage or a reverse mortgage, servicing includes making payment to the borrower.

(36) "Third party loan servicer" means a person who engages in the business of servicing a loan, directly or indirectly, owed or due or asserted to be owed or due another.

(37) "Writing" means hard copy writing or electronic writing that meets the requirements of Rhode Island general laws § 42-127.1-1 et seq.

19-14-2. Licenses required. -- (a) No person shall engage within this state in the business of: (1) making or funding loans or acting as a lender or small loan lender; (2) brokering loans or acting as a loan broker; (3) selling checks for a fee or other consideration; (4) cashing checks for a fee or other consideration which includes any premium charged for the sale of goods in excess of the cash price of the goods; (5) providing electronic money transfers for a fee or other consideration; (6) providing debt-management services; or (7) performing the functions of a debt collector; (8) performing the duties of a mortgage loan originator (9) servicing a loan directly or indirectly, owed or due or asserted to be owed or due another; or (10) making deferred deposit loans without first obtaining a license or registration from the director or the director's designee. The licensing requirement for any person providing debt management plans shall apply to all persons, without regard for state of incorporation or a physical presence in this state, who initiate or service debt management plans for residents of this state. Special exemptions from licensing for each activity are contained in other chapters in this title.

(b) No lender or loan broker licensee shall permit an employee to act as a mortgage loan originator without first verifying that such originator is licensed under this chapter. No individual may act as a mortgage loan originator without being licensed, or act as a mortgage loan originator for more than one person. The license of a mortgage loan originator is not effective during any

2	(c) Each loan negotiated, solicited, placed, found or made without a license as required
3	in subsection (a) of this section shall constitute a separate violation for purposes of this chapter.
4	(d) No person engaged in the business of making or brokering loans in this state, whether
5	licensed in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, or exempt from licensing, shall accept
6	applications or referral of applicants from, or pay a fee to, any lender, loan broker or mortgage
7	loan originator who is required to be licensed or registered under said sections but is not licensed
8	to act as such by the director or the director's designee.
9	19-14-6. Bond of applicant (a) An applicant for any license shall file with the director
0	or the director's designee a bond to be approved by him or her in which the applicant shall be the
1	obligor.
2	(b) The amount of the bond shall be as follows:
3	(1) Small loan lenders, the sum of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000);
4	(2) Loan brokers, the sum of twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000);
.5	(3) Lenders, the sum of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000);
6	(4) Sale of checks and electronic money transfer licensees, the sum of fifty thousand
.7	dollars (\$50,000) subject to a maximum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000)
8	when aggregated with agent locations;
9	(5) Check cashing licensees who accept checks for collection with deferred payment, the
20	sum of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) subject to a maximum of one hundred and fifty thousand
21	dollars (\$150,000) when aggregated with agent locations;
22	(6) Deferred deposit licensees the sum of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) subject to a
23	maximum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000) when aggregated with agent
24	<u>locations.</u>
2.5	(6)(7) Foreign exchange licensees, the sum of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000);
26	(7) Each (8) The amounts listed above apply to licensees with zero to three (3) branch or
27	agent location of a licensee, locations. Licensees with four (4) to seven (7) branches shall post a
28	bond as indicated above, and an additional bond in the sum of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) ter
29	thousand dollars (\$10,000). Licensees with eight (8) or more branches shall post a bond as
0	indicated above, and an additional bond in the sum of twenty five thousand dollars (\$25,000); or
1	(8)(9) Each debt-management services registrant, the amount provided in section 19-
32	14.8-13.
3	(10) Each third party loan servicer, the sum of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000).
34	(c) The bond shall run to the state for the use of the state and of any person who may

period when such mortgage loan originator is not associated with a lender or loan broker licensee.

have cause of action against the obligor of the bond under the provisions of this title and shall be perpetual. The bond shall be conditioned upon the obligor faithfully conforming to and abiding by the provisions of this title and of all rules and regulations lawfully made, and the obligor will pay to the state and to any person any and all money that may become due or owing to the state or

to the person from the obligor under and by virtue of the provisions of this title.

- (d) The provisions of subsection (b)(6) of this section shall not apply to any foreign exchange business holding a valid electronic money transfer license issued pursuant to section 19-14-1 et seq., that has filed with the division of banking the bond required by subsections (b)(4) and (b)(7) of this section.
- (e) The bond shall remain in force and effect until the surety is released from liability by the director or the director's designee or until the bond is cancelled by the surety. The surety may cancel the bond and be released from further liability under the bond upon receipt by the director or the director's designee of written notice of the cancellation of the bond at least thirty (30) days in advance of the cancellation of the bond. The cancellation shall not affect any liability incurred or accrued under the bond before the termination of the thirty (30) day period. Upon receipt of any notice of cancellation, the director shall provide written notice to the licensee.
- (f) Upon receipt of any notice of cancellation, the director may provide written notice to the licensee requiring reinstatement or replacement of the bond. Unless the bond is reinstated by the surety, or a satisfactory replacement bond is filed with the director prior to the cancellation of the original bond, the licensee shall be suspended. The licensee will be provided notice of the suspension, and may request a hearing within thirty (30) days. If the licensee does not request a hearing, the director or director's designee shall issue an order revoking the license for failure to comply with this section.
- <u>19-14-7. Issuance or denial of license. --</u> (a) Upon the filing of a completed application, the payment of fees and the approval of the bond, the director or the director's designee shall commence an investigation of the applicant.
- (b) After the investigation determines that a completed application has been filed, the director or the director's designee shall approve the license applied for in accordance with the provisions of this chapter if he or she shall find:
- (1) That the financial responsibility, experience, character, and general fitness of the applicant, and of the applicant's members and of the applicant's officers, including the designated manager of record of a licensed location, if the applicant is a partnership, limited liability company or association, or of the officers including the designated manager of record of a licensed location, and directors and the principal owner or owners of the issued and outstanding

capital stock, if the applicant is a corporation, are such as to command the confidence of the community and to warrant belief that the business will be operated honestly, fairly, and efficiently within the purposes of this title; and

- (2) That allowing the applicant to engage in business will promote the convenience and advantage of the community in which the business of the applicant is to be conducted.
- (c) A license provided pursuant to this title shall remain in full force and effect until it is surrendered by the licensee or revoked or suspended as provided by law. The licensee is, however, subject to suspension or revocation for failure to comply with any applicable provision of this title, or regulation promulgated thereunder.
- (d) If the director or the director's designee rejects an application for a license, he or she shall notify the applicant, in writing, and advise the applicant of the reason for the denial of the application for license. When an application for a license is denied by the director or the director's designee or withdrawn by the applicant, the director or the director's designee shall return to the applicant the bond, but shall retain the investigation fee to cover the costs of investigating the application. The applicant may make written demand for hearing upon the director or director's designee within thirty (30) days of the notice to determine the reasonableness of the action to deny the license.
- (e) Any applicant or licensee aggrieved by the action of the director or the director's designee in denying a completed application for a license shall have the right to appeal the action, order, or decision pursuant to chapter 35 of title 42.
- 19-14-8. Denial of license due to incomplete application. -- If, within sixty (60) days of the initial filing of the application, the applicant has failed to provide the information requested by the department to complete the application, the director or the director's designee shall notify the applicant, in writing, that the application shall be considered denied withdrawn if all information requested is not received within thirty (30) days of the notice unless the application is withdrawn. The notice shall specify what information is necessary for completion. The applicant may make a written demand within thirty (30) days for a hearing to determine the reasonableness of the director's or the director's designee's action. The hearing shall be conducted pursuant to the Administrative Procedures Act, chapter 35 of title 42. If the applicant fails to provide the information or request a hearing within thirty (30) days from the notice, the application shall be denied withdrawn on the basis that it is incomplete.
- <u>19-14-9. Contents of license Posting.</u> Contents of license. -- The license or branch certificate shall contain any information that the director or the director's designee shall require, including the type of activity authorized. With the exception of licensed mortgage loan

1	originators, the license or branch certificate shall be kept conspicuously posted in the place of
2	business of the licensee. In his or her discretion, the director or designee may substitute an
3	electronic record as the confirmation of a license status in substitution for a license or branch
4	certificate. When dealing with an applicant or potential applicant for a mortgage loan or when
5	dealing with any person providing settlement services (as defined in the Real Estate Settlement
6	Procedures Act, as amended, or the regulations promulgated thereunder from time to time), a
7	mortgage loan originator shall disclose the mortgage loan originator's nationwide mortgage
8	licensing system unique identification number upon request to the applicant or potential applicant
9	and the fact that the mortgage loan originator is licensed by this state. Any licensee who shall
10	lose, misplace or mutilate the license or branch certificate shall pay a replacement fee of one
11	hundred dollars (\$100) to the director for the use of the state.
12	19-14-10. Attorney for service of process (a) Every licensee shall appoint and
13	thereafter maintain in this state a resident attorney with authority to accept process for the
14	licensee in this state, including the process of garnishment.
15	(1) A document evidencing the power of attorney The appointment shall be filed with
16	the director or the director's designee in whatever format he or she directs. The power of attorney
17	shall state provide all contract information, including the business address, including street and
18	number, if any, of the resident attorney. Thereafter, if the resident attorney changes his or her
19	business address or other contact information, he or she shall, within ten (10) days after any
20	change, file in the office of the director or the director's designee notice of the change setting
21	forth the attorney's current business address or other contact information.
22	(2) If the resident attorney dies, resigns, or leaves the state, the licensee shall make a new
23	appointment and file the power of attorney in the office of the director or the director's designee.
24	The power of attorney shall not be revoked until this power of attorney shall have been given to
25	some other competent person resident in this state and filed with the director or the director's
26	designee.
27	(3) Service of process upon the resident attorney shall be deemed sufficient service upon
28	the licensee.
29	(4) Any licensee who fails to appoint a resident attorney and file the power of attorney in
30	the office of the director or the director's designee as above provided for, or fails to replace a
31	resident attorney for a period of thirty (30) days from vacancy, shall be liable for a penalty not
32	exceeding five hundred dollars (\$500), and shall be subject to suspension or revocation of the
33	license.

(5) Upon the filing of any power of attorney required by this section a fee of twenty-five

dollars (\$25.00) shall be paid to the director for the use of the state.

(6) Any licensee that is a corporation and complies with the provisions of chapter 1.2 of title 7 is exempt from the power of attorney filing requirements of this section. Any licensee that is a limited partnership or limited liability company and complies with the provisions of chapters 13 and 16 of title 7 is exempt from the power of attorney requirements of this section.

(b) Any process, including the process of garnishment, may be served upon the director or the director's designee as agent of the licensee in the event that no resident attorney can be found upon whom service can be made, or in the event that the licensee has failed to designate a resident attorney as required, and process may be served by leaving a copy of the process with a fee of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) which shall be included in the taxable costs of the suit, action, or proceeding, in the hands of the director or the director's designee. This manner of service upon the licensee shall be sufficient, provided that notice of service and a copy of the process shall be immediately sent by certified mail by the plaintiff or the plaintiff's attorney of record to the licensee at the latest address filed with the director or the director's designee. If the licensee has not filed his or her address pursuant to this chapter, notice of service shall be given in any manner that the court in which the action is pending may order as affording the licensee reasonable opportunity to defend the action or to learn of the garnishment. Nothing contained in this section shall limit or affect the right to serve process upon a licensee in any other manner now or hereafter permitted by law.

19-14-12. Place of business -- Branch offices -- Name changes. -- (a) Additional places of business may be maintained under the same license upon written application to the director or the director's designee for the establishment of an additional branch office. A separate application must be filed for each additional branch office being requested. At the time of the application, the licensee shall pay to and for the use of the state an investigation fee as provided for in section 19-14-3. Upon the filing of the application, the director or the director's designee shall investigate the facts, and if he or she shall find that allowing the licensee to engage in business in the additional branch location will promote the convenience and advantage of the community in which the licensee desires to conduct his or her business, finds that the requirements for licensure have been met, the director or the director's designee shall issue and deliver a branch certificate, signed by the director or the director's designee which shall be grant authority for the operation of the business under the license at the branch location. If the director or the director's designee shall not so find, he or she shall deny the licensee permission to establish the branch location in a manner consistent with the licensing application process. Upon approval of a branch location in the manner

consistent with the licensing application process. Any person licensed under chapters 25, 25.1, 25.2, 25.3 or 25.4 of this title as in effect on June 30, 1995, that has maintained more than one office licensed under any of those chapters as of June 30, 1995 will automatically be issued branch certificates for the comparable licenses under this chapter for all of the locations other than the main office as part of the 1996 license renewal process. The original licenses for locations deemed to be branches must be surrendered at that time.

- (b) Whenever a licensee wishes to change his or her place of business or branch location to a street address other than that designated in the license, the licensee shall make written application to notify the director or the director's designee in the manner directed by the director or the directors' designee prior to conducting business at that location, who shall investigate the facts. If Unless the director or the director's designee finds that allowing the licensee to engage in business in the new location will promote the convenience and advantage of the community in which the licensee desires to conduct business, the director or the director's designee shall reissue the license or branch certificate reflecting the change and the date, which shall be authority for the operation of the business under the license at the new location. If the director or the director's designee shall not so find, he or she shall deny the licensee permission to change the location of the place of business, in the manner consistent with the application process for a license is not in the best interests of the public, the director or the director's designee will reflect the change in the records of the department. At the time of application notification, the licensee shall pay to the state the sum of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) fifty dollars (\$50.00) as an investigation and a processing fee.
- (c) No licensee shall transact the business provided for by this chapter under any other name than that named in the license or branch certificate. Whenever a licensee shall wish to change the name, the licensee shall make written application to the director or the director's designee, who shall investigate the facts. If the director or the director's designee shall find that the change of name is appropriate and all requirements for the name change have been met by the licensee, the director or the director's designee shall approve the change and issue a replacement license and branch certificate(s), if applicable, reflecting reflect the new name, upon surrender by the licensee of the original license and branch certificate(s), if applicable in the records department. At the time of application for change of name, the licensee shall pay to and for the use of the state the sum of one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) and an additional fifty dollars (\$50.00) for each branch location as an investigation and fifty dollars (\$50.00) as a processing fee.
- <u>19-14-14. Revocation by default. --</u> (a) The director or the director's designee may revoke any license without a hearing by default if the licensee fails to respond to notifications

informing the licensee of a failure to pay the annual license fee, maintain in effect the required bond or bonds or maintain net worth requirements as required by this title.

- (b) For the purposes of revocation by default, the director or the director's designee shall send, in writing, to the licensee and to the licensee's registered attorney for service of process at their current respective addresses stated in the application for the license according to the records of the department, notice of the deficiency and potential revocation of the license. Should the licensee or the licensee's registered attorney fail to respond within fifteen (15) days of the notification, the director or the director's designee may revoke the licensee by default and without hearing. The director or the director's designees shall notify the licensee of such revocation in writing.
- (c) Any action taken under this section may be appealed pursuant to the Administrative Procedures Act, chapter 35, of title 42.
- 19-14-23. Examinations and investigations. (a) For the purpose of discovering violations of this title or securing information lawfully required, the director or the director's designee(s) may at any time investigate the loans and business and examine the books, accounts, records and files used therein, of every licensee and person who shall be engaged in any activity that requires a license under this title, whether the person shall act or claim to act as principal or agent, or under or without the authority of this title. For that purpose the director or the director's designee(s) shall have free access to the offices and places of business, books, accounts, paper, records, files, and safes, of all such persons. The director or the director's designee(s) shall have authority to require the attendance of and to examine under oath any person whose testimony may be required relative to the loans or the business or to the subject matter of any examination, investigation, or hearing.
- (b) The director or the director's designee shall make an examination of the affairs, business, office, and records of each licensee and branch location at least once every eighteen (18) months as often as is necessary, based upon all relevant factors including the volume of activity within the state. The director or the director's designee may accept in lieu of an examination of the business of a licensed mortgage loan originator, the examination by the director or the director's designee of the licensed lender(s) or licensed loan broker who employ the licensed mortgage loan originator and/or who employed the licensed mortgage loan originator during the period under examination. The total cost of an examination made pursuant to this section shall be paid by the licensee or person being examined, and shall include the following expenses:
 - (1) One hundred fifty percent (150%) of the total salaries and benefits plus one hundred

- percent (100%) for the travel and transportation expenses for the examining personnel engaged in the examinations. The cost of an examination of a mortgage loan originator licensee shall be limited to twenty-five percent (25%) of the total salary and benefits for the personnel engaged in an examination specific to a mortgage loan originator. The fees shall be paid to the director to and for the use of the state. The examination fees shall be in addition to any taxes and fees otherwise payable to the state;
 - (2) All reasonable technology costs related to the examination process. Technology costs shall include the actual cost of software and hardware utilized in the examination process and the cost of training examination personnel in the proper use of the software or hardware; and

- (3) All necessary and reasonable education and training costs incurred by the state to maintain the proficiency and competence of the examination personnel. All such costs shall be incurred in accordance with appropriate state of Rhode Island regulations, guidelines and procedures.
- (c) All expenses incurred pursuant to subsections (b)(2) and (b)(3) of this section shall be allocated equally to each licensee, other than licensed mortgage loan originators, no more frequently than annually and shall not exceed an annual average assessment of fifty dollars (\$50.00) per company for any given three (3) calendar year period. All revenues collected pursuant to this section shall be deposited as general revenues. That assessment shall be in addition to any taxes and fees otherwise payable to the state.
- (d) The provisions of section 19-4-3 shall apply to records of examinations or investigations of licensees; provided, however, the director or the director's designee is authorized to make public the number of valid consumer complaints as determined by the director or the director's designee filed against the licensee for a twelve (12) month period immediately preceding the request for the information; and provided, further, that promptly following the completion of any examination under subsection 19-14-23(b), the director or the director's designee shall provide to the person examined a copy of the written report of the examination, together with a notice requiring the person examined to file a written response or rebuttal to the comments and recommendations contained in the examination report within thirty (30) days of receipt thereof or such longer period as the director or the director's designee may specify.
- (e) If the director or his or her designee has reason to believe that any person required to be licensed under this chapter is conducting a business without having first obtained a license under this chapter, or who after the denial, suspension, or revocation of a license is conducting that business, the director or his or her designee may issue an order to that person commanding him or her to cease and desist from conducting that business. The order shall provide an

1	opportunity to request a hearing to be held not sooner than three (3) days after issuance of that
2	order to show cause why the order should not become final. Any order issued pursuant to this
3	section shall become final if no request for a hearing is received by the director or his or her
4	designee within thirty (30) days of the issuance of the order. The order may be served on any
5	person by mailing a copy of the order, certified mail, return receipt requested, and first class mail
6	to that person at any address at which that person has done business or at which that person lives.
7	Any hearing held pursuant to this section shall be governed in accordance with chapter 35 of title
8	42. If that person fails to comply with an order of the director or his or her designee after being
9	afforded an opportunity for a hearing, the superior court for Providence County has jurisdiction
10	upon complaint of the department to restrain and enjoin that person from violating this chapter.
11	(f) The director may impose an administrative assessment, as well as the penalties
12	provided for under section 19-14-26, against any person named in an order issued under
13	subsection (e) or, in accordance with the rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to section
14	19-14-30, against any person who violates or participates in the violation of any of the applicable
15	provisions of this title, or any regulation promulgated pursuant to any provisions of this title. The
16	amount of the administrative assessment may not exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each
17	violation of this chapter or each act or omission that constitutes a basis for issuing the order. Any
18	person aggrieved by an administrative assessment shall have the opportunity to request a hearing
19	to be held in accordance with chapter 35 of title 42 within thirty (30) days of the imposition of
20	such administrative assessment.
21	SECTION 4. Sections 19-14.8-5 and 19-14.8-11 of the General Laws in Chapter 19-14.8
22	entitled "Uniform Debt-Management Services Act" are hereby amended to read as follows:
23	19-14.8-5. Application for registration Form, fee and accompanying documents
24	(a) An application for registration as a provider must be in a form prescribed by the director.
25	(b) Subject to adjustment of dollar amounts pursuant to subsection 19-14.8-32(f), an
26	application for registration as a provider must be accompanied by:
27	(1) The fee established by chapter 19-14;
28	(2) The bond required by section 19-14.8-13;
29	(3) Identification of all trust accounts required by section 19-14.8-22 and an irrevocable
30	consent authorizing the director to review and examine the trust accounts;
31	(4) Evidence of insurance in the amount of two hundred fifty thousand dollars

applicant or a director, employee, or agent of the applicant;

(A) Against the risks of dishonesty, fraud, theft, and other misconduct on the part of the

(\$250,000):

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1	(B) Issued by an insurance company authorized to do business in this state and rated at
2	least "A" by a nationally recognized rating organization;
3	(C) With no a deductible of not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000);
4	(D) Payable to the applicant, the individuals who have agreements with the applicant,
5	and this state, as their interests may appear; and
6	(E) Not subject to cancellation by the applicant without the approval of the director;
7	(5) If the applicant is a foreign corporation, proof that the applicant holds a certificate of
8	authority to conduct affairs in this state, as required by chapter 7-6; and
9	(6) If the applicant is organized as a not-for-profit entity or is exempt from taxation,
10	evidence of not-for-profit and tax-exempt status applicable to the applicant under the Internal
11	Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. section 501, as amended.
12	19-14.8-11. Renewal of registration (a) A provider must obtain a renewal of its
13	registration annually.
14	(b) An application for renewal of registration as a provider must be in a form prescribed
15	by the director, signed under oath or certified under the penalties of perjury, and:
16	(1) Be filed in accordance with section 19-14-22;
17	(2) Be accompanied by the fee established by chapter 19-14 and the bond required by
18	this chapter;
19	(3) Contain the matter required for initial registration as a provider by this chapter and a
20	financial statement, audited by an accountant licensed to conduct audits, for the applicant's fiscal
21	year immediately preceding the application;
22	(4) Disclose any changes in the information contained in the applicant's application for
23	registration or its immediately previous application for renewal, as applicable;
24	(5) Supply evidence of insurance in an amount equal to the larger of two hundred fifty
25	thousand dollars (\$250,000) or the highest daily balance in the trust account required by this
26	chapter during the six (6) month period immediately preceding the application:
27	(A) Against risks of dishonesty, fraud, theft, and other misconduct on the part of the
28	applicant or a director, employee, or agent of the applicant;
29	(B) Issued by an insurance company authorized to do business in this state and rated at
30	least "A" by a nationally recognized rating organization;
31	(C) With no a deductible of not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000);
32	(D) Payable to the applicant, the individuals who have agreements with the applicant,
33	and this state, as their interests may appear; and
34	(E) Not subject to cancellation by the applicant without the approval of the director:

1	(6) Disclose the total amount of money received by the applicant pursuant to plans
2	during the preceding twelve (12) months from or on behalf of individuals who reside in this state
3	and the total amount of money distributed to creditors of those individuals during that period;
4	(7) Disclose, to the best of the applicant's knowledge, the gross amount of money
5	accumulated during the preceding twelve (12) months pursuant to plans by or on behalf or
6	individuals who reside in this state and with whom the applicant has agreements; and
7	(8) Provide any other information that the director reasonably requires to perform the
8	director's duties under this section.
9	(c) Except for the information required by subsections 19-14.8-6(7), (14), and (17) and
10	the addresses required by subsection 19-14.8-6(4), the director shall make the information in ar
11	application for renewal of registration as a provider available to the public.
12	(d) If a registered provider files a timely and complete application for renewal or
13	registration, the registration remains effective until the director, in a record, notifies the applican
14	of a denial and states the reasons for the denial.
15	(e) If the director denies an application for renewal of registration as a provider, the
16	applicant, within ten (10) days after receiving notice of the denial, may appeal and request a
17	hearing pursuant to chapter 42-35. Subject to section 19-14.8-34, while the appeal is pending the
18	applicant shall continue to provide debt-management services to individuals with whom it has
19	agreements. If the denial is affirmed, subject to the director's order and section 19-14.8-34, the
20	applicant shall continue to provide debt-management services to individuals with whom it has
21	agreements until, with the approval of the director, it transfers the agreements to another
22	registered provider or returns to the individuals all unexpended money that is under the
23	applicant's control.
24	SECTION 5. Section 19-14.9-12 of the General Laws in Chapter 19-14.9 entitled "Rhode
25	Island Fair Debt Collection Practices Act" is hereby amended to read as follows:
26	19-14.9-12. Registration required (1) After July 1, 2008, no person shall engage
27	within this state in the business of a debt collector, or engage in soliciting the right to collect or
28	receive payment for another of an account, bill or other indebtedness, or advertise for or solicit in
29	print the right to collect or receive payment for another of an account, bill or other indebtedness
30	without first registering with the director or the director's designee.
31	(2) The application for registration shall be in writing, shall contain information as the
32	director may determine and shall be accompanied by a registration fee of two hundred dollars
33	(\$200) one hundred dollars (\$100).

(3) The registration shall be for a period of three (3) years one year. Each registration

shall plainly state the name of the registrant and the city or town with the name of the street	and
number, if any, of the place where the business is to be carried on; provided that the business	ness
shall at all times be conducted in the name of the registrant as it appears on the registration.	

- (4) No person registered to act within this state as a debt collector shall do so under any other name or at any other place of business than that named in the registration. The registration shall be for a single location but may, with notification to the director, be moved to a different location. A registration shall not be transferable or assignable.
- 8 (5) This section shall not apply:

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- 9 (a) To the servicor of a debt by a mortgage; or
- 10 (b) To any debt collector located out of this state; provided that the debt collector:
- 11 (1) Is collecting debts on behalf of an out-of-state creditor for a debt that was incurred out-of-state; and
- 13 (2) Only collects debts in this state using interstate communication methods, including 14 telephone, facsimile, or mail.
 - (c) To any regulated institution as defined under section 19-1-1, national banking association, federal savings bank, federal savings and loan association, federal credit union, or any bank, trust company, savings bank, savings and loan association or credit union organized under the laws of this state, or any other state of the United States, or any subsidiary of the above; but except as provided herein, this section shall apply to a subsidiary or affiliate, as defined by the director, of an exempted entity and of a bank holding company established in accordance with state or federal law.
 - SECTION 6. Section 4 of this act shall take effect on January 1, 2015. Sections 1, 2, 3, and 5 of this act shall take effect upon passage.

LC004225

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EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

1	This act would amend various state banking laws (including, but not limited to, those
2	relating to licensing, bonding and fee structuring) to remove antiquated provisions, and to
3	alleviate unnecessary regulatory burdens.
4	Section 4 of this act would take effect on January 1, 2015. Sections 1, 2, 3, and 5 of this
5	act would take effect upon passage.
	LC004225