LC004501

2014 -- S 2660

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2014

AN ACT

RELATING TO FOOD AND DRUGS - UNIFORM CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT

Introduced By: Senator Michael J.McCaffrey

Date Introduced: March 04, 2014

Referred To: Senate Judiciary

(Attorney General)

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

- SECTION 1. Section 21-28-4.01 of the General Laws in Chapter 21-28 entitled "Uniform
 Controlled Substances Act" is hereby amended to read as follows:
- <u>21-28-4.01. Prohibited acts A -- Penalties. --</u> (a) (1) Except as authorized by this
 chapter, it shall be unlawful for any person to manufacture, deliver, or possess with intent to
 manufacture or deliver a controlled substance.
- 6 (2) Any person who is not a drug addicted person, as defined in section 21-28-1.02(18), 7 who violates this subsection with respect to a controlled substance classified in schedule I or II, 8 except the substance classified as marijuana, is guilty of a crime and upon conviction may be 9 imprisoned to a term up to life, or fined not more than five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) 10 nor less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or both.
- (3) Where the deliverance as prohibited in this subsection shall be the proximate cause of
 death to the person to whom the controlled substance is delivered, it shall not be a defense that
 the person delivering the substance was at the time of delivery, a drug addicted person as defined
 in section 21-28-1.02(18).
- (4) Any person, except as provided for in subdivision (2) of this subsection, who violates
 this subsection with respect to:

(i) A controlled substance classified in schedule I or II, is guilty of a crime and upon
conviction may be imprisoned for not more than thirty (30) years, or fined not more than one
hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) nor less than three thousand dollars (\$3,000), or both;

(ii) A controlled substance classified in schedule III or IV, is guilty of a crime and upon
 conviction may be imprisoned for not more than twenty (20) years, or fined not more than forty
 thousand dollars (\$40,000), or both; provided, with respect to a controlled substance classified in
 schedule III(d), upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than five (5) years, or fined not
 more than twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000), or both.

C

6 (iii) A controlled substance classified in schedule V, is guilty of a crime and upon
7 conviction may be imprisoned for not more than one year, or fined not more than ten thousand
8 dollars (\$10,000), or both.

9 (b) (1) Except as authorized by this chapter, it is unlawful for any person to create,
10 deliver, or possess with intent to deliver, a counterfeit substance.

11

(2) Any person who violates this subsection with respect to:

(i) A counterfeit substance classified in schedule I or II, is guilty of a crime and upon
conviction may be imprisoned for not more than thirty (30) years, or fined not more than one
hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), or both;

(ii) A counterfeit substance classified in schedule III or IV, is guilty of a crime and upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than twenty (20) years, or fined not more than forty thousand dollars (\$40,000), or both; provided, with respect to a controlled substance classified in schedule III(d), upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than five (5) years, or fined not more than twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) or both.

(iii) A counterfeit substance classified in schedule V, is guilty of a crime and upon
conviction may be imprisoned for not more than one year, or fined not more than ten thousand
dollars (\$10,000), or both.

(c) (1) It shall be unlawful for any person knowingly or intentionally to possess a
 controlled substance, unless the substance was obtained directly from or pursuant to a valid
 prescription or order of a practitioner while acting in the course of his or her professional
 practice, or except as otherwise authorized by this chapter.

27

(2) Any person who violates this subsection with respect to:

(i) A controlled substance classified in schedules I, II and III, IV, and V, except the
substance classified as marijuana, is guilty of a crime and upon conviction may be imprisoned for
not more than three (3) years or fined not less than five hundred dollars (\$500) nor more than five
thousand dollars (\$5,000), or both;

(ii) More than one ounce (1 oz.) of a controlled substance classified in schedule I as
marijuana is guilty of a misdemeanor except for those persons subject to subdivision 21-284.01(a)(1) and upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than one year or fined not less

1 than two hundred dollars (\$200) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500), or both.

2 (iii) Notwithstanding any public, special or general law to the contrary, the possession of one ounce (1 oz.) or less of marijuana by a person who is eighteen (18) years of age or older and 3 4 who is not exempted from penalties pursuant to chapter 21-28.6 shall constitute a civil offense, 5 rendering the offender liable to a civil penalty in the amount of one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) and forfeiture of the marijuana, but not to any other form of criminal or civil punishment or 6 7 disqualification. Notwithstanding any public, special or general law to the contrary, this civil 8 penalty of one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) and forfeiture of the marijuana shall apply if the 9 offense is the first (1st) or second (2nd) violation within the previous eighteen (18) months.

10 (iv) Notwithstanding any public, special or general law to the contrary, possession of one 11 ounce (1 oz.) or less of marijuana by a person who is under the age of eighteen (18) years and 12 who is not exempted from penalties pursuant to chapter 21-28.6 shall constitute a civil offense, 13 rendering the offender liable to a civil penalty in the amount of one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) 14 and forfeiture of the marijuana; provided the minor offender completes an approved drug 15 awareness program and community service as determined by the court. In addition, the court shall 16 order a substance abuse assessment and, if recommended, substance abuse treatment. If the 17 person under the age of eighteen (18) years fails to complete an approved drug awareness 18 program and community service within one year of the offense, the penalty shall be a three 19 hundred dollar (\$300) civil fine and forfeiture of the marijuana, except that if no drug awareness 20 program or community service is available, the penalty shall be a fine of one hundred fifty dollars 21 (\$150) and forfeiture of the marijuana. The parents or legal guardian of any offender under the 22 age of eighteen (18) shall be notified of the offense and the availability of a drug awareness, and community service program, the mandatory substance abuse assessment. The drug awareness 23 24 program must be approved by the court, but shall, at a minimum, provide four (4) hours of 25 instruction or group discussion, and ten (10) hours of community service. Notwithstanding any 26 other public, special or general law to the contrary, this civil penalty shall apply if the offense is 27 the first (1st) or second (2nd) violation within the previous eighteen (18) months.

(v) Notwithstanding any public, special, or general law to the contrary, a person not exempted from penalties pursuant to chapter 21-28.6 found in possession of one ounce (1 oz.) or less of marijuana is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than thirty (30) days or fined not less than two hundred dollars (\$200) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500), or both, if that person has been previously adjudicated on a violation for possession of less than one ounce (1 oz.) of marijuana under subparagraphs 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iii) or 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iv) two (2) times in the eighteen (18) months prior to the third (3rd) offense.

1 (vi) Any unpaid civil fine issued under subparagraphs 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iii) or 21-28-2 4.01(c)(2)(iv) shall double to three hundred dollars (\$300) if not paid within thirty (30) days of 3 the offense. The civil fine shall double again to six hundred dollars (\$600) if it has not been paid 4 within ninety (90) days.

5 (vii) No person may be arrested for a violation of subparagraphs 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iii) or 6 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iv) except as provided in this subparagraph. Any person in possession of an 7 identification card, license, or other form of identification issued by the state or any state, city or 8 town, or any college or university, who fails to produce the same upon request of a police officer 9 who informs the person that he or she has been found in possession of what appears to the officer 10 to be one ounce (1 oz.) or less of marijuana, or any person without any such forms of 11 identification that fails or refuses to truthfully provide his or her name, address, and date of birth 12 to a police officer who has informed such person that the officer intends to provide such 13 individual with a citation for possession of one ounce (1 oz.) or less of marijuana, may be 14 arrested.

(viii) No violation of subparagraphs § 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iii) or 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iv) shall 15 16 be considered a violation of parole or probation.

17 (ix) Any records collected by any state agency, or tribunal, or the family court that 18 include personally identifiable information about violations of subparagraphs 21-28-19 4.01(c)(2)(iii) or 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iv) shall be sealed eighteen (18) months after the payment of 20 said civil fine.

21 (3) Jurisdiction. – (i) Any and all violations of subparagraphs § 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iii) and 22 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iv) shall be the exclusive jurisdiction of the Rhode Island traffic tribunal. All 23 money associated with the civil fine issued under subparagraphs § 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iii) or 21-28-24 4.01(c)(2)(iv) shall be payable to the Rhode Island traffic tribunal. Fifty percent (50%) of all fines 25 collected by the Rhode Island traffic tribunal from civil penalties issued pursuant to 26 subparagraphs § 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iii) or 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iv) shall be expended on drug 27 awareness and treatment programs for youth shall be deposited with and administered by the 28 department of behavioral healthcare, developmental disabilities and hospitals (BHDDH) to fund 29 prevention and treatment services for youth. 30 (ii) Any and all violations of § 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iv) shall be the exclusive jurisdiction of 31 the Rhode Island family court. All money associated with the civil fine issued under § 21-28-

32 4.01(c)(2)(iv) shall be payable to the Rhode Island family court. Fifty percent (50%) of all fines

33 collected by the Rhode Island family court from civil penalties issued pursuant to § 21-28-

4.01(c)(2)(iv) shall be deposited with and administered by the department of behavioral 34

1 healthcare, developmental disabilities and hospitals (BHDDH) to fund prevention and treatment

2 <u>services for youth.</u>

3 (4) Additionally every person convicted or who pleads nolo contendere under paragraph
4 (2)(i) of this subsection or convicted or who pleads nolo contendere a second or subsequent time
5 under paragraph (2)(ii) of this subsection, who is not sentenced to a term of imprisonment to
6 serve for the offense, shall be required to:

7

(i) Perform, up to one hundred (100) hours of community service;

8 (ii) Attend and complete a drug counseling and education program as prescribed by the 9 director of the department of mental health, retardation and hospitals department of behavioral 10 healthcare, developmental disabilities and hospitals and pay the sum of four hundred dollars 11 (\$400) to help defray the costs of this program which shall be deposited as general revenues with 12 and administered by the department of behavioral healthcare, developmental disabilities and 13 hospitals (BHDDH) to fund prevention and treatment services. Failure to attend may result after 14 hearing by the court in jail sentence up to one year;

(iii) The court shall not suspend any part or all of the imposition of the fee required bythis subsection, unless the court finds an inability to pay;

(iv) If the offense involves the use of any automobile to transport the substance or the substance is found within an automobile, then a person convicted or who pleads nolo contendere under paragraphs (2)(i) and (ii) of this subsection shall be subject to a loss of license for a period of six (6) months for a first offense and one year for each offense after this.

(5) All fees assessed and collected pursuant to paragraph (3)(ii) of this subsection shall
be deposited as general revenues with and administered by the department of behavioral
healthcare, developmental disabilities and hospitals (BHDDH) to fund prevention and treatment
services and shall be collected from the person convicted or who pleads nolo contendere before
any other fines authorized by this chapter.

26 (d) It shall be unlawful for any person to manufacture, distribute, or possess with intent 27 to manufacture or distribute, an imitation controlled substance. Any person who violates this 28 subsection is guilty of a crime, and upon conviction shall be subject to the same term of 29 imprisonment and/or fine as provided by this chapter for the manufacture or distribution of the 30 controlled substance which the particular imitation controlled substance forming the basis of the 31 prosecution was designed to resemble and/or represented to be; but in no case shall the 32 imprisonment be for more than five (5) years nor the fine for more than twenty thousand dollars 33 (\$20,000).

34

(e) It shall be unlawful for a practitioner to prescribe, order, distribute, supply, or sell an

- anabolic steroid or human growth hormone for: (1) enhancing performance in an exercise, sport, or game, or (2) hormonal manipulation intended to increase muscle mass, strength, or weight without a medical necessity. Any person who violates this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than six (6) months or a fine of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or both.
- 6

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect on September 1, 2014.

LC004501

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO FOOD AND DRUGS - UNIFORM CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT

1 This act would transfer the jurisdiction of possession of one ounce (1 oz.) or less of 2 marijuana by a person who is under the age of eighteen (18) years from the Rhode Island traffic 3 tribunal to the Rhode Island family court. The act would also require the family court to order a 4 substance abuse assessment and, if recommended, substance abuse treatment, for such violations. 5 This act would take effect on September 1, 2014.

LC004501