LC004928

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2014

AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION -- PERSONAL INCOME TAX

Introduced By: Senators Satchell, Pichardo, Cool Rumsey, and Raptakis

Date Introduced: February 27, 2014

Referred To: Senate Finance

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

- SECTION 1. Section 45-13-1 of the General Laws in Chapter 45-13 entitled "State Aid"

 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 3 <u>45-13-1. Apportionment of annual appropriation for state aid. --</u> (a) As used in this chapter, the following words and terms have the following meanings:
 - (1) "Income" means the most recent estimate of per-capita income for a city, town or county as reported by the United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.
 - (2) "Population" means the most recent estimates of population for each city and town as reported by the United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.
 - (3) "Reference year" means the second fiscal year preceding the beginning of the fiscal year in which the distribution of state aid to cities and towns is made provided however that the reference year for distributions made in fiscal year 2007-2008 shall be the third fiscal year preceding the beginning of the fiscal year 2007-2008 and provided further that the reference year for distributions made in fiscal year 2008-2009 shall be the fourth fiscal year preceding the beginning of the fiscal year 2008-2009.
 - (4) "Tax effort" means the total taxes imposed by a city or town for public purposes or the totals of those taxes for the cities or towns within a county (except employee and employer assessments and contributions to finance retirement and social insurance systems and other special assessments for capital outlay) determined by the United States Secretary of Commerce for general statistical purposes and adjusted to exclude amounts properly allocated to education

ex.	nen	ises.	

(b) Aid to cities and towns shall be apportioned as follows: For each county, city or
town, let R be the tax effort divided by the square of per capita income, i.e., R = (tax
effort)/(income x income).

The amount to be allocated to the counties shall be apportioned in the ratio of the value of R for each county divided by the sum of the values of R for all five (5) counties.

The amount to be allocated for all cities and for all towns within a county shall be the allocation for that county apportioned proportionally to the total tax effort of the towns and cities in that county.

The amount to be allocated to any city or town is the amount allocated to all cities or all towns within the county apportioned in the ratio of the value of R for that city (or town) divided by the sum of the values of R for all cities (or all towns) in that county; provided, further, that no city or town shall receive an entitlement in excess of one hundred forty-five percent (145%) of that city or town's population multiplied by the average per capita statewide amount of the annual appropriation for state aid to cities and towns. Any excess entitlement shall be allocated to the remainder of the cities and towns in the respective county in accordance with the provisions of this section.

For fiscal year 2004, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a), aid calculations shall be based on a blended rate of ninety percent (90%) of the data from the 1990 census and ten percent (10%) of the data from the 2000 census. In each of the succeeding nine (9) fiscal years, the calculations shall be based on a blended rate that increases the percentage of data utilized from the 2000 census by ten percent (10%) from the previous year and decreases the percentage of the data utilized from the 1990 census by ten percent (10%) from the previous year.

- (c) The total amount of aid to be apportioned pursuant to subsection (b) above shall be specified in the annual appropriation act of the state and shall be equal to the following:
- (1) For fiscal years ending June 30, 1994 through June 30, 1998, the total amount of aid shall be based upon one percent (1%) of total state tax revenues in the reference year.
- (2) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1999, the total amount of aid shall be based upon one and three-tenths percent (1.3%) of total state tax revenues in the reference year.
- (3) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2000, the total amount of aid shall be based upon one and seven-tenths percent (1.7%) of total state tax revenues in the reference year.
- (4) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2001, the total amount of aid shall be based upon two percent (2.0%) of total state tax revenues in the reference year.
- (5) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2002, the total amount of aid shall be based upon

2 (6) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2003, the total amount of aid shall be based upon 3 two and four-tenths percent (2.4%) of total state tax revenues in the reference year. 4 (7) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2004, the total amount of aid shall be based upon 5 two and seven-tenths percent (2.7%) of total state tax revenues in the reference year. (8) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2005, the total amount of aid shall be fifty-two 6 7 million four hundred thirty-eight thousand five hundred thirty-two dollars (\$52,438,532). 8 (9) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2006, the total amount of aid shall be based upon 9 three percent (3%) of total state tax revenues in the reference year. 10 (10) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2007 the total amount of aid shall be sixty-four 11 million six hundred ninety-nine thousand three dollars (\$64,699,003). 12 (11) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008, the total amount of aid shall be sixty-four 13 million six hundred ninety-nine thousand three dollars (\$64,699,003). 14 (12) [Deleted by P.L. 2009, ch. 68, art. 6, section 3.] 15 (13) [Deleted by P.L. 2007, ch. 73, art. 25, section 1.] 16 (14) [Deleted by P.L. 2007, ch. 73, art. 25, section 1.] 17 (d) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008 the apportionments of state aid as derived 18 through the calculations as required by subsections (a) through (c) of this section shall be adjusted 19 downward statewide by ten million dollars (\$10,000,000). 20 (e) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009, the total amount of aid shall be twenty-five 21 million dollars (\$25,000,000) with such distribution allocated proportionately on the same basis 22 as the original enactment of general revenue sharing of FY 2009. 23 (f) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009 and thereafter, funding shall be determined 24 by appropriation. 25 (g) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 and thereafter, the total amount of aid shall 26 be based upon three percent (3%) of total state tax revenues in the reference year. 27 SECTION 2. Section 44-30-2.6 of the General Laws in Chapter 44-30 entitled "Personal 28 Income Tax" is hereby amended to read as follows: 29 44-30-2.6. Rhode Island taxable income -- Rate of tax. -- (a) "Rhode Island taxable 30 income" means federal taxable income as determined under the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 31 section 1 et seq., not including the increase in the basic standard deduction amount for married 32 couples filing joint returns as provided in the Jobs and Growth Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 33 2003 and the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001 (EGTRRA), and as 34 modified by the modifications in section 44-30-12.

two and four-tenths percent (2.4%) of total state tax revenues in the reference year.

1

- 1 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 44-30-1 and 44-30-2, for tax years 2 beginning on or after January 1, 2001, a Rhode Island personal income tax is imposed upon the 3 Rhode Island taxable income of residents and nonresidents, including estates and trusts, at the rate 4 of twenty-five and one-half percent (25.5%) for tax year 2001, and twenty-five percent (25%) for tax year 2002 and thereafter of the federal income tax rates, including capital gains rates and any 5 other special rates for other types of income and an additional two percent (2%) for all income 6 over two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) in addition to rates imposed in this section, 7 8 except as provided in section 44-30-2.7, which were in effect immediately prior to enactment of 9 the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001 (EGTRRA); provided, rate 10 schedules shall be adjusted for inflation by the tax administrator beginning in taxable year 2002 11 and thereafter in the manner prescribed for adjustment by the commissioner of Internal Revenue 12 in 26 U.S.C. section 1(f). However, for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2006, a 13 taxpayer may elect to use the alternative flat tax rate provided in section 44-30-2.10 to calculate 14 his or her personal income tax liability. 15 (c) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, if a taxpayer has an alternative 16 minimum tax for federal tax purposes, the taxpayer shall determine if he or she has a Rhode
 - (c) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, if a taxpayer has an alternative minimum tax for federal tax purposes, the taxpayer shall determine if he or she has a Rhode Island alternative minimum tax. The Rhode Island alternative minimum tax shall be computed by multiplying the federal tentative minimum tax without allowing for the increased exemptions under the Jobs and Growth Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2003 (as redetermined on federal form 6251 Alternative Minimum Tax-Individuals) by twenty-five and one-half percent (25.5%) for tax year 2001, and twenty-five percent (25%) for tax year 2002 and thereafter, and comparing the product to the Rhode Island tax as computed otherwise under this section. The excess shall be the taxpayer's Rhode Island alternative minimum tax.
 - (1) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2005 and thereafter the exemption amount for alternative minimum tax, for Rhode Island purposes, shall be adjusted for inflation by the tax administrator in the manner prescribed for adjustment by the commissioner of Internal Revenue in 26 U.S.C. section 1(f).
 - (2) For the period January 1, 2007 through December 31, 2007, and thereafter, Rhode Island taxable income shall be determined by deducting from federal adjusted gross income as defined in 26 U.S.C. section 62 as modified by the modifications in section 44-30-12 the Rhode Island itemized deduction amount and the Rhode Island exemption amount as determined in this section.
- 33 (A) Tax imposed.

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

34

(1) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of married individuals filing joint

1	returns and surviving spouses a tax determined in accordance with the following table:		
2	If taxable income is:	The tax is:	
3	Not over \$53,150	3.75% of taxable income	
4	Over \$53,150 but not over \$128,500	\$1,993.13 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$53,150	
5	Over \$128,500 but not over \$195,850	\$7,267.63 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$128,500	
6	Over \$195,850 but not over \$349,700	\$12,487.25 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$195,850	
7	Over \$349,700	\$26,333.75 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700	
8	(2) There is hereby imposed on t	he taxable income of every head of household a tax	
9	determined in accordance with the following	ng table:	
10	If taxable income is:	The tax is:	
11	Not over \$42,650	3.75% of taxable income	
12	Over \$42,650 but not over \$110,100	\$1,599.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$42,650	
13	Over \$110,100 but not over \$178,350	\$6,320.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$110,100	
14	Over \$178,350 but not over \$349,700	\$11,610.25 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$178,350	
15	Over \$349,700	\$27,031.75 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700	
16	(3) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of unmarried individuals (other th		
17	surviving spouses and heads of households) a tax determined in accordance with the following		
18	table:		
18 19	table: If taxable income is:	The tax is:	
		The tax is: 3.75% of taxable income	
19	If taxable income is:		
19 20	If taxable income is: Not over \$31,850	3.75% of taxable income	
19 20 21	If taxable income is: Not over \$31,850 Over \$31,850 but not over \$77,100	3.75% of taxable income \$1,194.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$31,850	
19 20 21 22	If taxable income is: Not over \$31,850 Over \$31,850 but not over \$77,100 Over \$77,100 but not over \$160,850	3.75% of taxable income \$1,194.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$31,850 \$4,361.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$77,100	
19 20 21 22 23	If taxable income is: Not over \$31,850 Over \$31,850 but not over \$77,100 Over \$77,100 but not over \$160,850 Over \$160,850 but not over \$349,700 Over \$349,700	3.75% of taxable income \$1,194.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$31,850 \$4,361.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$77,100 \$10,852.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$160,850	
19 20 21 22 23 24	If taxable income is: Not over \$31,850 Over \$31,850 but not over \$77,100 Over \$77,100 but not over \$160,850 Over \$160,850 but not over \$349,700 Over \$349,700 (4) There is hereby imposed on the	3.75% of taxable income \$1,194.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$31,850 \$4,361.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$77,100 \$10,852.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$160,850 \$27,849.00 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700	
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	If taxable income is: Not over \$31,850 Over \$31,850 but not over \$77,100 Over \$77,100 but not over \$160,850 Over \$160,850 but not over \$349,700 Over \$349,700 (4) There is hereby imposed on the	3.75% of taxable income \$1,194.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$31,850 \$4,361.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$77,100 \$10,852.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$160,850 \$27,849.00 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700 extended taxable income of married individuals filing separate	
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	If taxable income is: Not over \$31,850 Over \$31,850 but not over \$77,100 Over \$77,100 but not over \$160,850 Over \$160,850 but not over \$349,700 Over \$349,700 (4) There is hereby imposed on the returns and bankruptcy estates a tax determination.	3.75% of taxable income \$1,194.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$31,850 \$4,361.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$77,100 \$10,852.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$160,850 \$27,849.00 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700 e taxable income of married individuals filing separate ined in accordance with the following table:	
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	If taxable income is: Not over \$31,850 Over \$31,850 but not over \$77,100 Over \$77,100 but not over \$160,850 Over \$160,850 but not over \$349,700 Over \$349,700 (4) There is hereby imposed on the returns and bankruptcy estates a tax determing the same and bankruptcy estates a tax determined to the same	3.75% of taxable income \$1,194.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$31,850 \$4,361.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$77,100 \$10,852.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$160,850 \$27,849.00 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700 e taxable income of married individuals filing separate ined in accordance with the following table: The tax is:	
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	If taxable income is: Not over \$31,850 Over \$31,850 but not over \$77,100 Over \$77,100 but not over \$160,850 Over \$160,850 but not over \$349,700 Over \$349,700 (4) There is hereby imposed on the returns and bankruptcy estates a tax determ If taxable income is: Not over \$26,575	3.75% of taxable income \$1,194.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$31,850 \$4,361.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$77,100 \$10,852.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$160,850 \$27,849.00 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700 e taxable income of married individuals filing separate ined in accordance with the following table: The tax is: 3.75% of taxable income	
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	If taxable income is: Not over \$31,850 Over \$31,850 but not over \$77,100 Over \$77,100 but not over \$160,850 Over \$160,850 but not over \$349,700 Over \$349,700 (4) There is hereby imposed on the returns and bankruptcy estates a tax determ If taxable income is: Not over \$26,575 Over \$26,575 but not over \$64,250	3.75% of taxable income \$1,194.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$31,850 \$4,361.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$77,100 \$10,852.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$160,850 \$27,849.00 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700 e taxable income of married individuals filing separate ined in accordance with the following table: The tax is: 3.75% of taxable income \$996.56 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$26,575	
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	If taxable income is: Not over \$31,850 Over \$31,850 but not over \$77,100 Over \$77,100 but not over \$160,850 Over \$160,850 but not over \$349,700 Over \$349,700 (4) There is hereby imposed on the returns and bankruptcy estates a tax determ If taxable income is: Not over \$26,575 Over \$26,575 but not over \$64,250 Over \$64,250 but not over \$97,925	3.75% of taxable income \$1,194.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$31,850 \$4,361.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$77,100 \$10,852.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$160,850 \$27,849.00 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700 e taxable income of married individuals filing separate ined in accordance with the following table: The tax is: 3.75% of taxable income \$996.56 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$26,575 \$3,633.81 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$64,250	
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	If taxable income is: Not over \$31,850 Over \$31,850 but not over \$77,100 Over \$77,100 but not over \$160,850 Over \$160,850 but not over \$349,700 Over \$349,700 (4) There is hereby imposed on the returns and bankruptcy estates a tax determ If taxable income is: Not over \$26,575 Over \$26,575 but not over \$64,250 Over \$64,250 but not over \$97,925 Over \$97,925 but not over \$174,850 Over \$174,850	3.75% of taxable income \$1,194.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$31,850 \$4,361.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$77,100 \$10,852.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$160,850 \$27,849.00 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700 e taxable income of married individuals filing separate ined in accordance with the following table: The tax is: 3.75% of taxable income \$996.56 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$26,575 \$3,633.81 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$64,250 \$6,243.63 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$97,925	

1	If taxable income is:	The tax is:	
2	Not over \$2,150	3.75% of taxable income	
3	Over \$2,150 but not over \$5,000	\$80.63 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$2,150	
4	Over \$5,000 but not over \$7,650	\$280.13 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$5,000	
5	Over \$7,650 but not over \$10,450	\$485.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$7,650	
6	Over \$10,450	\$737.50 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$10,450	
7	(6) Adjustments for inflation.		
8	The dollars amount contained in par	ragraph (A) shall be increased by an amount equal to:	
9	(a) Such dollar amount contained in	paragraph (A) in the year 1993, multiplied by;	
10	(b) The cost-of-living adjustment de	etermined under section (J) with a base year of 1993;	
11	(c) The cost-of-living adjustment re	eferred to in subparagraph (a) and (b) used in making	
12	adjustments to the nine percent (9%) and nin	ne and nine tenths percent (9.9%) dollar amounts shall	
13	be determined under section (J) by substitut	ing "1994" for "1993."	
14	(B) Maximum capital gains rates		
15	(1) In general		
16	If a taxpayer has a net capital gain	for tax years ending prior to January 1, 2010, the tax	
17	imposed by this section for such taxable year shall not exceed the sum of:		
18	(a) 2.5 % of the net capital gain as reported for federal income tax purposes under section		
19	26 U.S.C. 1(h)(1)(a) and 26 U.S.C. 1(h)(1)(b).		
20	(b) 5% of the net capital gain as reported for federal income tax purposes under 26 U.S.C.		
21	1(h)(1)(c).		
22	(c) 6.25% of the net capital gain a	as reported for federal income tax purposes under 26	
23	U.S.C. 1(h)(1)(d).		
24	(d) 7% of the net capital gain as rep	orted for federal income tax purposes under 26 U.S.C.	
25	1(h)(1)(e).		
26	(2) For tax years beginning on or	after January 1, 2010 the tax imposed on net capital	
27	gain shall be determined under subdivision	44-30-2.6(c)(2)(A).	
28	(C) Itemized deductions.		
29	(1) In general		
30	For the purposes of section (2) '	'itemized deductions" means the amount of federal	
31	itemized deductions as modified by the mod	diffications in section 44-30-12.	
32	(2) Individuals who do not itemize to	their deductions	
33	In the case of an individual who do	oes not elect to itemize his deductions for the taxable	
34	year, they may elect to take a standard deduction.		

1	(3) Basic standard deduction.			
2	The Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in accordance with the following			
3	table:			
4	Filing status: Amount:			
5	Single			
6	Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)			
7	Married filing separately\$4,450			
8	Head of Household\$7,850			
9	(4) Additional standard deduction for the aged and blind.			
10	An additional standard deduction shall be allowed for individuals age sixty-five (65) or			
11	older or blind in the amount of \$1,300 for individuals who are not married and \$1,050 for			
12	individuals who are married.			
13	(5) Limitation on basic standard deduction in the case of certain dependents. In the case			
14	of an individual to whom a deduction under section (E) is allowable to another taxpayer, the basic			
15	standard deduction applicable to such individual shall not exceed the greater of:			
16	(a) \$850;			
17	(b) The sum of \$300 and such individual's earned income;			
18	(6) Certain individuals not eligible for standard deduction.			
19	In the case of:			
20	(a) A married individual filing a separate return where either spouse itemizes deductions;			
21	(b) Nonresident alien individual;			
22	(c) An estate or trust;			
23	The standard deduction shall be zero.			
24	(7) Adjustments for inflation.			
25	Each dollars amount contained in paragraphs (3), (4) and (5) shall be increased by an			
26	amount equal to:			
27	(a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraphs (3), (4) and (5) in the year 1988,			
28	multiplied by			
29	(b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1988.			
30	(D) Overall limitation on itemized deductions			
31	(1) General rule.			
32	In the case of an individual whose adjusted gross income as modified by section 44-30-12			
33	exceeds the applicable amount, the amount of the itemized deductions otherwise allowable for the			
34	taxable year shall be reduced by the lesser of:			

1	(a) Three percent (3%) of the excess of adjusted gross income as modified by section 44-
2	30-12 over the applicable amount; or
3	(b) Eighty percent (80%) of the amount of the itemized deductions otherwise allowable
4	for such taxable year.
5	(2) Applicable amount.
6	(a)In general.
7	For purposes of this section, the term "applicable amount" means \$156,400 (\$78,200 in
8	the case of a separate return by a married individual).
9	(b) Adjustments for inflation. Each dollar amount contained in paragraph (a) shall be
10	increased by an amount equal to:
11	(i) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (a) in the year 1991, multiplied by
12	(ii) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1991.
13	(3) Phase-out of Limitation.
14	(a) In general.
15	In the case of taxable year beginning after December 31, 2005, and before January 1,
16	2010, the reduction under section (1) shall be equal to the applicable fraction of the amount which
17	would be the amount of such reduction.
18	(b) Applicable fraction.
19	For purposes of paragraph (a), the applicable fraction shall be determined in accordance
20	with the following table:
21	For taxable years beginning in calendar year: The applicable fraction is:
22	2006 and 2007
23	2008 and 2009
24	(E) Exemption amount
25	(1) In general.
26	Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the term "exemption amount" mean
27	\$3,400.
28	(2) Exemption amount disallowed in case of certain dependents.
29	In the case of an individual with respect to whom a deduction under this section is
30	allowable to another taxpayer for the same taxable year, the exemption amount applicable to such
31	individual for such individual's taxable year shall be zero.
32	(3) Adjustments for inflation.
33	The dollar amount contained in paragraph (1) shall be increased by an amount equal to:
34	(a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (1) in the year 1989, multiplied by

1	(b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1989.			
2	(4) Limitation.			
3	(a) In general.			
4	In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross income as modified for the taxable year			
5	exceeds the threshold amount shall be reduced by the applicable percentage.			
6	(b) Applicable percentage. In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross income for			
7	the taxable year exceeds the threshold amount, the exemption amount shall be reduced by two (2)			
8	percentage points for each \$2,500 (or fraction thereof) by which the taxpayer's adjusted gross			
9	income for the taxable year exceeds the threshold amount. In the case of a married individual			
10	filing a separate return, the preceding sentence shall be applied by substituting "\$1,250" for			
11	"\$2,500." In no event shall the applicable percentage exceed one hundred percent (100%).			
12	(c) Threshold Amount.			
13	For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "threshold amount" shall be determined with			
14	the following table:			
15	Filing status: Amount:			
16	Single			
17	Married filing jointly of qualifying widow(er)			
18	Married filing separately\$117,300			
19	Head of Household\$195,500			
20	(d) Adjustments for inflation.			
21	Each dollars amount contain in paragraph (b) shall be increased by an amount equal to:			
22	Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (b) in the year 1991, multiplied by			
23	(ii) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1991.			
24	(5) Phase-out of Limitation.			
25	(a) In general.			
26	In the case of taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, and before January 1,			
27	2010, the reduction under section 4 shall be equal to the applicable fraction of the amount which			
28	would be the amount of such reduction.			
29	(b) Applicable fraction. For the purposes of paragraph (a), the applicable fraction shall			
30	be determined in accordance with the following table:			
31	For taxable years beginning in calendar year: The applicable fraction is:			
32	2006 and 2007			
33	2008 and 2009			
34	(F) Alternative minimum tax			

1	(1) General rule There is hereby imposed (in addition to any other tax imposed by this		
2	subtitle) a tax equal to the excess (if any) of:		
3	(a) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year, over		
4	(b) The regular tax for the taxable year.		
5	(2) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year is the sum of:		
6	(a) 6.5 percent of so much of the taxable excess as does not exceed \$175,000, plus		
7	(b) 7.0 percent of so much of the taxable excess above \$175,000.		
8	(3) The amount determined under the preceding sentence shall be reduced by the		
9	alternative minimum tax foreign tax credit for the taxable year.		
10	(4) Taxable excess For the purposes of this subsection the term "taxable excess" means		
11	so much of the federal alternative minimum taxable income as modified by the modifications in		
12	section 44-30-12 as exceeds the exemption amount.		
13	(5) In the case of a married individual filing a separate return, subparagraph (2) shall be		
14	applied by substituting "\$87,500" for \$175,000 each place it appears.		
15	(6) Exemption amount.		
16	For purposes of this section "exemption amount" means:		
17	Filing status: Amount:		
18	Single		
19	Married filing jointly of qualifying widow(er)\$53,700		
20	Married filing separately\$26,850		
21	Head of Household\$39,150		
22	Estate or trust		
23	(7) Treatment of unearned income of minor children		
24	(a) In general.		
25	In the case of a minor child, the exemption amount for purposes of section (6) shall not		
26	exceed the sum of:		
27	(i) Such child's earned income, plus		
28	(ii) \$6,000.		
29	(8) Adjustments for inflation.		
30	The dollar amount contained in paragraphs (6) and (7) shall be increased by an amount		
	equal to:		
31	equal to:		
31 32	equal to: (a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraphs (6) and (7) in the year 2004, multiplied		

1	(9) Phase-out.			
2	(a) In general.			
3	The exemption amount of any taxpayer shall be reduced (but not below zero) by an			
4	amount equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the amount by which alternative minimum taxable			
5	income of the taxpayer exceeds the threshold amount.			
6	(b) Threshold amount. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "threshold amount" shall			
7	be determined with the following table:			
8	Filing status Amount			
9	Single			
10	Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)			
11	Married filing separately\$82,175			
12	Head of Household\$123,250			
13	Estate or Trust			
14	(c) Adjustments for inflation			
15	Each dollar amount contained in paragraph (9) shall be increased by an amount equal to:			
16	(i) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (9) in the year 2004, multiplied by			
17	(ii) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 2004.			
18	(G) Other Rhode Island taxes			
19	(1) General rule There is hereby imposed (in addition to any other tax imposed by this			
20	subtitle) a tax equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of:			
21	(a) The Federal income tax on lump-sum distributions.			
22	(b) The Federal income tax on parents' election to report child's interest and dividends.			
23	(c) The recapture of Federal tax credits that were previously claimed on Rhode Island			
24	return.			
25	(H) Tax for children under 18 with investment income			
26	(1) General rule There is hereby imposed a tax equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of:			
27	(a) The Federal tax for children under the age of 18 with investment income.			
28	(I) Averaging of farm income			
29	(1) General rule At the election of an individual engaged in a farming business or			
30	fishing business, the tax imposed in section 2 shall be equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of:			
31	(a) The Federal averaging of farm income as determined in IRC section 1301.			
32	(J) Cost-of-living adjustment			
33	(1) In general.			
34	The cost-of-living adjustment for any calendar year is the percentage (if any) by which:			

1	(a) The CITTOI the preceding entendar year exceeds (b) The CITTOI the base year.
2	(2) CPI for any calendar year. For purposes of paragraph (1), the CPI for any calendar
3	year is the average of the Consumer Price Index as of the close of the twelve (12) month period
4	ending on August 31 of such calendar year.
5	(3) Consumer Price Index
6	For purposes of paragraph (2), the term "consumer price index" means the last consumer
7	price index for all urban consumers published by the department of labor. For purposes of the
8	preceding sentence, the revision of the consumer price index which is most consistent with the
9	consumer price index for calendar year 1986 shall be used.
10	(4) Rounding.
11	(a) In general.
12	If any increase determined under paragraph (1) is not a multiple of \$50, such increase
13	shall be rounded to the next lowest multiple of \$50.
14	(b) In the case of a married individual filing a separate return, subparagraph (a) shall be
15	applied by substituting "\$25" for \$50 each place it appears.
16	(K) Credits against tax For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, a taxpayer
17	entitled to any of the following federal credits enacted prior to January 1, 1996 shall be entitled to
18	a credit against the Rhode Island tax imposed under this section:
19	(1) [Deleted by P.L. 2007, ch. 73, art. 7, section 5]
20	(2) Child and dependent care credit;
21	(3) General business credits;
22	(4) Credit for elderly or the disabled;
23	(5) Credit for prior year minimum tax;
24	(6) Mortgage interest credit;
25	(7) Empowerment zone employment credit;
26	(8) Qualified electric vehicle credit.
27	(L) Credit against tax for adoption For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2006,
28	a taxpayer entitled to the federal adoption credit shall be entitled to a credit against the Rhode
29	Island tax imposed under this section if the adopted child was under the care, custody, or
30	supervision of the Rhode Island department of children, youth and families prior to the adoption.
31	(M) The credit shall be twenty-five percent (25%) of the aforementioned federal credits
32	provided there shall be no deduction based on any federal credits enacted after January 1, 1996,
33	including the rate reduction credit provided by the federal Economic Growth and Tax
34	Reconciliation Act of 2001 (EGTRRA). In no event shall the tax imposed under this section be

- 1 reduced to less than zero. A taxpayer required to recapture any of the above credits for federal tax
- 2 purposes shall determine the Rhode Island amount to be recaptured in the same manner as
- 3 prescribed in this subsection.
- 4 (N) Rhode Island earned income credit
- 5 (1) In general.
- A taxpayer entitled to a federal earned income credit shall be allowed a Rhode Island
- 7 earned income credit equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the federal earned income credit.
- 8 Such credit shall not exceed the amount of the Rhode Island income tax.
- 9 (2) Refundable portion.
- In the event the Rhode Island earned income credit allowed under section (J) exceeds the amount of Rhode Island income tax, a refundable earned income credit shall be allowed.
- (a) For purposes of paragraph (2) refundable earned income credit means fifteen percent
 (15%) of the amount by which the Rhode Island earned income credit exceeds the Rhode Island
 income tax.
- 15 (O) The tax administrator shall recalculate and submit necessary revisions to paragraphs
 16 (A) through (J) to the general assembly no later than February 1, 2010 and every three (3) years
 17 thereafter for inclusion in the statute.
- 18 (3) For the period January 1, 2011 January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2011

 19 December 31, 2015, and thereafter, "Rhode Island taxable income" means federal adjusted gross

 20 income as determined under the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 1 et seq., and as modified for

 21 Rhode Island purposes pursuant to section 44-30-12 less the amount of Rhode Island Basic

 22 Standard Deduction allowed pursuant to subparagraph 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(B), and less the amount of

 23 personal exemption allowed pursuant of subparagraph 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(C).
- 24 (A) Tax imposed.

26

27

28

(I) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of married individuals filing joint returns, qualifying widow(er), every head of household, unmarried individuals, married individuals filing separate returns and bankruptcy estates, a tax determined in accordance with the following table:

29	RI Taxable Income		RI Income	RI Income Tax		
30	Over	But not over	Pay + % on Excess	On the amount over		
31	\$ 0 -	\$ 55,000	\$ 0 + 3.75%	\$ 0		
32	55,000 -	125,000	2,063 + 4.75%	55,000		
33	125,000 -	<u>250,000</u>	5,388 + 5.99%	125,000		
34	<u>250,000 -</u>		12,875 + 7.99%	250,000		

(II) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of an estate or trust a tax determined 1 2 in accordance with the following table:

3	RI Taxab	ole Income	RI Income	Tax
4	Over	But not over	Pay + % on Excess	On the amount over
5	\$ 0 -	\$ 2,230	\$ 0 + 3.75%	\$ 0
6	2,230 -	7,022	84 + 4.75%	2,230
7	7,022 -		312 + 5.99%	7,022
8	(B) I	Deductions:		

8 (B) Deductions:

9

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

(I) Rhode Island Basic Standard Deduction. Only the Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in accordance with the following table: 10

11	Filing status	Amount
12	Single	\$7,500
13	Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)	\$15,000
14	Married filing separately	\$7,500
15	Head of Household	\$11,250

- (II) Nonresident alien individuals, estates and trusts are not eligible for standard deductions.
- (III) In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross income, as modified for Rhode Island purposes pursuant to section 44-30-12, for the taxable year exceeds one hundred seventyfive thousand dollars (\$175,000), the standard deduction amount shall be reduced by the applicable percentage. The term "applicable percentage" means twenty (20) percentage points for each five thousand dollars (\$5,000) (or fraction thereof) by which the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the taxable year exceeds one hundred seventy-five thousand dollars (\$175,000).
 - (C) Exemption Amount:
- (I) The term "exemption amount" means three thousand five hundred dollars (\$3,500) multiplied by the number of exemptions allowed for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes.
- (II) Exemption amount disallowed in case of certain dependents. In the case of an individual with respect to whom a deduction under this section is allowable to another taxpayer for the same taxable year, the exemption amount applicable to such individual for such individual's taxable year shall be zero.
- (D) In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross income, as modified for Rhode Island purposes pursuant to section 33-30-12, for the taxable year exceeds one hundred seventyfive thousand dollars (\$175,000), the exemption amount shall be reduced by the applicable

- percentage. The term "applicable percentage" means twenty (20) percentage points for each five thousand dollars (\$5,000) (or fraction thereof) by which the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the taxable year exceeds one hundred seventy-five thousand dollars (\$175,000).

 (E) Adjustment for inflation. The dollar amount contained in subparagraphs 44-30-5 (2.6(c)(3)(A), 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(B) and 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(C) shall be increased annually by an amount equal to:
- 7 (I) Such dollar amount contained in subparagraphs 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(A), 44-30-8 2.6(c)(3)(B) and 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(C) adjusted for inflation using a base tax year of 2000, multiplied by;
 - (II) The cost-of-living adjustment with a base year of 2000.

- (III) For the purposes of this section the cost-of-living adjustment for any calendar year is the percentage (if any) by which the consumer price index for the preceding calendar year exceeds the consumer price index for the base year. The consumer price index for any calendar year is the average of the consumer price index as of the close of the twelve (12) month period ending on August 31, of such calendar year.
- (IV) For the purpose of this section the term "consumer price index" means the last consumer price index for all urban consumers published by the department of labor. For the purpose of this section the revision of the consumer price index which is most consistent with the consumer price index for calendar year 1986 shall be used.
- (V) If any increase determined under this section is not a multiple of fifty dollars (\$50.00), such increase shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of fifty dollars (\$50.00). In the case of a married individual filing separate return, if any increase determined under this section is not a multiple of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00), such increase shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00).
 - (E) Credits against tax.
- (I) Notwithstanding any other provisions of Rhode Island Law, for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, the only credits allowed against a tax imposed under this chapter shall be as follows:
- 29 (a) Rhode Island Earned Income Credit: Credit shall be allowed for earned income credit 30 pursuant to subparagraph 44-30-2.6(c)(2)(N).
- 31 (b) Property Tax Relief Credit: Credit shall be allowed for property tax relief as provided 32 in section 44-33-1 et seq.
 - (c) Lead Paint Credit: Credit shall be allowed for residential lead abatement income tax credit as provided in section 44-30.3-1 et seq.

	(d) Credit for income taxes of other states Credit shall be allowed for income tax paid
t	o other states pursuant to section 44-30-74.

- (e) Historic Structures Tax Credit: Credit shall be allowed for historic structures tax credit as provided in section 44-33.2-1 et seq.
- (f) Motion Picture Productions Tax Credit: Credit shall be allowed for motion picture production tax credit as provided in section 44-31.2-1 et seq.
- (g) Child and Dependent Care: Credit shall be allowed for twenty-five percent (25%) of the federal child and dependent care credit allowable for the taxable year for federal purposes; provided, however, such credit shall not exceed the Rhode Island tax liability.
 - (h) Tax credits for contributions to Scholarship Organizations: Credit shall be allowed for contributions to scholarship organizations as provided in section 44-62 et seq.
 - (i) Credit for tax withheld. Wages upon which tax is required to be withheld shall be taxable as if no withholding were required, but any amount of Rhode Island personal income tax actually deducted and withheld in any calendar year shall be deemed to have been paid to the tax administrator on behalf of the person from whom withheld, and the person shall be credited with having paid that amount of tax for the taxable year beginning in that calendar year. For a taxable year of less than twelve (12) months, the credit shall be made under regulations of the tax administrator.
- (2) Except as provided in section 1 above, no other state and federal tax credit shall be available to the taxpayers in computing tax liability under this chapter.
- 21 SECTION 3. This act shall take effect upon passage.

LC004928

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION -- PERSONAL INCOME TAX

This act would restore general revenue sharing with cities and towns commencing with fiscal 2015. It would further impose a two percent (2%) tax increase for all personal income over two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) for residents and non-residents, including estates and trusts and other types of income beginning January 1, 2015.

This act would take effect upon passage.

=======
LC004928