2014 -- S 2298 SUBSTITUTE A

LC003954/SUB A/2

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2014

AN ACT

RELATING TO TOWNS AND CITIES - STATE AID

Introduced By: Senators Picard, DaPonte, and Cote

Date Introduced: February 06, 2014

Referred To: Senate Finance

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

- SECTION 1. Section 44-3-3 of the General Laws in Chapter 44-3 entitled "Property
 Subject to Taxation" is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 3 <u>44-3-3. Property exempt. (a)</u> The following property is exempt from taxation.
 - (1) Property belonging to the state except as provided in § 44-4-4.1;

5 (2) Lands ceded or belonging to the United States;

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6 (3) Bonds and other securities issued and exempted from taxation by the government of
7 the United States, or of this state;

8 (4) Real estate, used exclusively for military purposes, owned by chartered or 9 incorporated organizations approved by the adjutant general, and composed of members of the 10 national guard, the naval militia, or the independent chartered military organizations;

(5) Buildings for free public schools, buildings for religious worship, and the land upon
which they stand and immediately surrounding them, to an extent not exceeding five (5) acres so
far as the buildings and land are occupied and used exclusively for religious or educational
purposes;

(6) Dwellings houses and the land on which they stand, not exceeding one acre in size, or the minimum lot size for zone in which the dwelling house is located, whichever is the greater, owned by or held in trust for any religious organization and actually used by its officiating clergy; provided, further that in the town of Charlestown, where the property previously described in this paragraph is exempt in total, along with dwelling houses and the land on which they stand in 1 Charlestown, not exceeding one acre in size, or the minimum lot size for zone in which the 2 dwelling house is located, whichever is the greater, owned by or held in trust for any religious 3 organization and actually used by its officiating clergy, or used as a convent, nunnery, or retreat 4 center by its religious order.

5 (7) Intangible personal property owned by, or held in trust for, any religious or charitable 6 organization, if the principal or income is used or appropriated for religious or charitable 7 purposes;

8 (8) Buildings and personal estate owned by any corporation used for a school, academy, 9 or seminary of learning, and of any incorporated public charitable institution, and the land upon 10 which the buildings stand and immediately surrounding them to an extent not exceeding one acre, 11 so far as they are used exclusively for educational purposes, but no property or estate whatever is 12 hereafter exempt from taxation in any case where any part of its income or profits or of the 13 business carried on there is divided among its owners or stockholders; provided, however, that 14 unless any private nonprofit corporation organized as a college or university located in the town 15 of Smithfield reaches a memorandum of agreement with the town of Smithfield, the town of 16 Smithfield shall bill the actual costs for police, fire, and rescue services supplied, unless 17 otherwise reimbursed, to said corporation commencing March 1, 2014;

(9) Estates, persons, and families of the president and professors for the time being of
Brown University for not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each officer, the officer's
estate, person, and family included, but only to the extent that any person had claimed and
utilized the exemption prior to, and for a period ending either on or after December 31, 1996;

(10) Property especially exempt by charter unless the exemption has been waived inwhole or in part.

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(11) Lots of land exclusively for burial grounds;

(12) Property, real and personal, held for or by an incorporated library, society, or any free public library, or any free public library society, so far as the property is held exclusively for library purposes, or for the aid or support of the aged poor, or poor friendless children, or the poor generally, or for a <u>nonprofit</u> hospital for the sick or disabled.

(13) Real or personal estate belonging to or held in trust for the benefit of incorporated organizations of veterans of any war in which the United States has been engaged, the parent body of which has been incorporated by act of congress, to the extent of four hundred thousand dollars (\$400,000) if actually used and occupied by the association; provided, that the city council of the city of Cranston may by ordinance exempt the real or personal estate as previously described in this subdivision located within the city of Cranston to the extent of five hundred

1 thousand dollars (\$500,000);

2 (14) Property, real and personal, held for or by the fraternal corporation, association, or 3 body created to build and maintain a building or buildings for its meetings or the meetings of the 4 general assembly of its members, or subordinate bodies of the fraternity, and for the 5 accommodation of other fraternal bodies or associations, the entire net income of which real and personal property is exclusively applied or to be used to build, furnish, and maintain an asylum or 6 7 asylums, a home or homes, a school or schools, for the free education or relief of the members of 8 the fraternity, or the relief, support, and care of worthy and indigent members of the fraternity, 9 their wives, widows, or orphans, and any fund given or held for the purpose of public education, 10 almshouses, and the land and buildings used in connection therewith;

(15) Real estate and personal property of any incorporated volunteer fire engine company
 or incorporated volunteer ambulance or rescue corps in active service;

13 (16) The estate of any person who in the judgment of the assessors is unable from 14 infirmity or poverty to pay the tax; providing, that in the town of Burrillville the tax shall 15 constitute a lien for five (5) years on the property where the owner is entitled to the exemption. At 16 the expiration of five (5) years, the lien shall be abated in full. Provided, if the property is sold or 17 conveyed or if debt secured by the property is refinanced during the five (5) year period, the lien 18 immediately becomes due and payable; any person claiming the exemption aggrieved by an 19 adverse decision of an assessor shall appeal the decision to the local board of tax review, and 20 thereafter according to the provisions of § 44-5-26;

(17) Household furniture and family stores of a housekeeper in the whole, including
clothing, bedding, and other white goods, books, and all other tangible personal property items
which are common to the normal household;

(18) Improvements made to any real property to provide a shelter and fallout protection from nuclear radiation, to the amount of one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500); provided, that the improvements meet applicable standards for shelter construction established from time to time by the Rhode Island emergency management agency. The improvements are deemed to comply with the provisions of any building code or ordinance with respect to the materials or the methods of construction used and any shelter or its establishment is deemed to comply with the provisions of any zoning code or ordinance;

31 (19) Aircraft for which the fee required by § 1-4-6 has been paid to the tax administrator;

32 (20) Manufacturer's inventory

33 (i) For the purposes of §§ 44-4-10, 44-5-3, 44-5-20, and 44-5-38, a person is deemed to
34 be a manufacturer within a city or town within this state if that person uses any premises, room,

1 or place in it primarily for the purpose of transforming raw materials into a finished product for 2 trade through any or all of the following operations: adapting, altering, finishing, making, and 3 ornamenting; provided, that public utilities, non-regulated power producers commencing 4 commercial operation by selling electricity at retail or taking title to generating facilities on or 5 after July 1, 1997, building and construction contractors, warehousing operations including distribution bases or outlets of out-of-state manufacturers, and fabricating processes incidental to 6 7 warehousing or distribution of raw materials such as alteration of stock for the convenience of a 8 customer, are excluded from this definition.

9 (ii) For the purposes of §§ 44-3-3, 44-4-10, and 44-5-38, the term "manufacturer's inventory" or any similar term means and includes the manufacturer's raw materials, the 10 11 manufacturer's work in process, and finished products manufactured by the manufacturer in this 12 state, and not sold, leased, or traded by the manufacturer or its title or right to possession 13 divested; provided, that the term does not include any finished products held by the manufacturer 14 in any retail store or other similar selling place operated by the manufacturer whether or not the 15 retail establishment is located in the same building in which the manufacturer operates the 16 manufacturing plant.

17 (iii) For the purpose of § 44-11-2, a "manufacturer" is a person whose principal business 18 in this state consists of transforming raw materials into a finished product for trade through any or 19 all of the operations described in paragraph (i) of this subdivision. A person will be deemed to be 20 principally engaged if the gross receipts which that person derived from the manufacturing 21 operations in this state during the calendar year or fiscal year mentioned in § 44-11-1 amounted to 22 more than fifty percent (50%) of the total gross receipts which that person derived from all the 23 business activities in which that person engaged in this state during the taxable year. For the 24 purpose of computing the percentage, gross receipts derived by a manufacturer from the sale, 25 lease, or rental of finished products manufactured by the manufacturer in this state, even though 26 the manufacturer's store or other selling place may be at a different location from the location of 27 the manufacturer's manufacturing plant in this state, are deemed to have been derived from 28 manufacturing.

(iv) Within the meaning of the preceding paragraphs of this subdivision, the term "manufacturer" also includes persons who are principally engaged in any of the general activities coded and listed as establishments engaged in manufacturing in the standard industrial classification manual prepared by the technical committee on industrial classification, office of statistical standards, executive office of the president, United States bureau of the budget, as revised from time to time, but eliminating as manufacturers those persons, who, because of their

1 limited type of manufacturing activities, are classified in the manual as falling within the trade 2 rather than an industrial classification of manufacturers. Among those thus eliminated, and 3 accordingly also excluded as manufacturers within the meaning of this paragraph, are persons 4 primarily engaged in selling, to the general public, products produced on the premises from which 5 they are sold, such as neighborhood bakeries, candy stores, ice cream parlors, shade shops, and custom tailors, except, that a person who manufactures bakery products for sale primarily for 6 7 home delivery, or through one or more non-baking retail outlets, and whether or not retail outlets 8 are operated by person, is a manufacturer within the meaning of this paragraph.

9 (v) The term "Person" means and includes, as appropriate, a person, partnership, or 10 corporation.

(vi) The department of revenue shall provide to the local assessors any assistance that is
necessary in determining the proper application of the definitions in this subdivision.

13 (21) Real and tangible personal property acquired to provide a treatment facility used 14 primarily to control the pollution or contamination of the waters or the air of the state, as defined 15 in chapter 12 of title 46 and chapter 25 of title 23, respectively, the facility having been 16 constructed, reconstructed, erected, installed, or acquired in furtherance of federal or state 17 requirements or standards for the control of water or air pollution or contamination, and certified 18 as approved in an order entered by the director of environmental management. The property is 19 exempt as long as it is operated properly in compliance with the order of approval of the director 20 of environmental management; provided, that any grant of the exemption by the director of 21 environmental management in excess of ten (10) years is approved by the city or town in which 22 the property is situated. This provision applies only to water and air pollution control properties 23 and facilities installed for the treatment of waste waters and air contaminants resulting from 24 industrial processing; furthermore, it applies only to water or air pollution control properties and 25 facilities placed in operation for the first time after April 13, 1970;

26 (22) New manufacturing machinery and equipment acquired or used by a manufacturer
27 and purchased after December 31, 1974. Manufacturing machinery and equipment is defined as:

(i) Machinery and equipment used exclusively in the actual manufacture or conversion of
raw materials or goods in the process of manufacture by a manufacturer as defined in subdivision
(20) of this section, and machinery, fixtures, and equipment used exclusively by a manufacturer
for research and development or for quality assurance of its manufactured products;

(ii) Machinery and equipment which is partially used in the actual manufacture or
 conversion of raw materials or goods in process of manufacture by a manufacturer as defined in
 subdivision (20) of this section, and machinery, fixtures, and equipment used by a manufacturer

1 for research and development or for quality assurance of its manufactured products, to the extent 2 to which the machinery and equipment is used for the manufacturing processes, research and 3 development or quality assurance. In the instances where machinery and equipment is used in 4 both manufacturing and/or research, and development, and/or quality assurance activities and 5 non-manufacturing activities, the assessment on machinery and equipment is prorated by applying the percentage of usage of the equipment for the manufacturing, research, and 6 7 development and quality assurance activity to the value of the machinery and equipment for 8 purposes of taxation, and the portion of the value used for manufacturing, research, and 9 development, and quality assurance is exempt from taxation. The burden of demonstrating this 10 percentage usage of machinery and equipment for manufacturing and for research, and 11 development and/or quality assurance of its manufactured products rests with the manufacturer; 12 and

13 (iii) Machinery and equipment described in § 44-18-30(7) and (22) that was purchased 14 after July 1, 1997; provided that the city or town council of the city or town in which the 15 machinery and equipment is located adopts an ordinance exempting the machinery and equipment 16 from taxation. For purposes of this subsection, city councils and town councils of any 17 municipality may by ordinance wholly or partially exempt from taxation the machinery and 18 equipment discussed in this subsection for the period of time established in the ordinance and 19 may by ordinance establish the procedures for taxpayers to avail themselves of the benefit of any 20 exemption permitted under this section; provided, that the ordinance does not apply to any 21 machinery or equipment of a business, subsidiary or any affiliated business which locates or 22 relocates from a city or town in this state to another city or town in the state.

(23) Precious metal bullion, meaning any elementary metal which has been put through a
process of melting or refining, and which is in a state or condition that its value depends upon its
content and not its form. The term does not include fabricated precious metal which has been
processed or manufactured for some one or more specific and customary industrial, professional,
or artistic uses;

(24) Hydroelectric power generation equipment, which includes, but is not limited to, turbines, generators, switchgear, controls, monitoring equipment, circuit breakers, transformers, protective relaying, bus bars, cables, connections, trash racks, headgates, and conduits. The hydroelectric power generation equipment must have been purchased after July 1, 1979, and acquired or used by a person or corporation who owns or leases a dam and utilizes the equipment to generate hydroelectric power;

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(25) Subject to authorization by formal action of the council of any city or town, any real

or personal property owned by, held in trust for, or leased to an organization incorporated under chapter 6 of title 7, as amended, or an organization meeting the definition of "charitable trust" set out in § 18-9-4, as amended, or an organization incorporated under the not for profits statutes of another state or the District of Columbia, the purpose of which is the conserving of open space, as that term is defined in chapter 36 of title 45, as amended, provided the property is used exclusively for the purposes of the organization;

7 (26) Tangible personal property, the primary function of which is the recycling, reuse, or 8 recovery of materials (other than precious metals, as defined in § 44-18-30(24)(ii) and (iii)), from 9 or the treatment of "hazardous wastes", as defined in § 23-19.1-4, where the "hazardous wastes" 10 are generated primarily by the same taxpayer and where the personal property is located at, in, or 11 adjacent to a generating facility of the taxpayer. The taxpayer may, but need not, procure an order 12 from the director of the department of environmental management certifying that the tangible 13 personal property has this function, which order effects a conclusive presumption that the tangible 14 personal property qualifies for the exemption under this subdivision. If any information relating 15 to secret processes or methods of manufacture, production, or treatment is disclosed to the 16 department of environmental management only to procure an order, and is a "trade secret" as 17 defined in § 28-21-10(b), it shall not be open to public inspection or publicly disclosed unless 18 disclosure is otherwise required under chapter 21 of title 28 or chapter 24.4 of title 23;

19 (27) Motorboats as defined in § 46-22-2 for which the annual fee required in § 46-22-4
20 has been paid;

(28) Real and personal property of the Providence performing arts center, a non-business
corporation as of December 31, 1986;

(29) Tangible personal property owned by, and used exclusively for the purposes of, any
 religious organization located in the city of Cranston;

(30) Real and personal property of the Travelers Aid Society of Rhode Island, a nonprofit
corporation, the Union Mall Real Estate Corporation, and any limited partnership or limited
liability company which is formed in connection with, or to facilitate the acquisition of, the
Providence YMCA Building; and

(31) Real and personal property of Meeting Street Center or MSC Realty, Inc., both notfor-profit Rhode Island corporations, and any other corporation, limited partnership, or limited
liability company which is formed in connection with, or to facilitate the acquisition of, the
properties designated as the Meeting Street National Center of Excellence on Eddy Street in
Providence, Rhode Island.

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(32) The buildings, personal property and land upon which the buildings stand, located

on Pomham Island, East Providence, currently identified as Assessor's Map 211, Block 01, Parcel 001.00, which consists of approximately twenty-one thousand three hundred (21,300) square feet and is located approximately eight hundred sixty feet (860'), more or less, from the shore, and limited exclusively to these said buildings personal estate and land, provided that said property is owned by a qualified 501(c)(3) organization, such as the American Lighthouse Foundation, and is used exclusively for a lighthouse.

7 (33) The Stadium Theatre Performing Arts Centre building located in Monument Square,
8 Woonsocket, Rhode Island, so long as said Stadium Theatre Performing Arts Center is owned by
9 the Stadium Theatre Foundation, a Rhode Island nonprofit corporation.

10 (34) Real and tangible personal property of St. Mary Academy – Bay View, located in
11 East Providence, Rhode Island.

(35) Real and personal property of East Bay Community Action Program and its
 predecessor, Self Help, Inc; provided, that the organization is qualified as a tax exempt
 corporation under section 501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code.

(36) Real and personal property, located within the city of East Providence of the
Columbus Club of East Providence, a Rhode Island charitable nonprofit corporation.

17 (37) Real and personal property, located within the city of East Providence of the18 Columbus Club of Barrington, a Rhode Island charitable nonprofit corporation.

(38) Real and personal property, located within the city of East Providence of Lodge
2337 BPO Elks, a Rhode Island nonprofit corporation.

21 (39) Real and personal property, located within the city of East Providence of the St.
22 Andrews Lodge No. 39, a Rhode Island charitable nonprofit corporation.

(40) Real and personal property, located within the city of East Providence of the
Trustees of Methodist Health and Welfare service a/k/a United Methodist Elder Care, a Rhode
Island nonprofit corporation.

26 (41) Real and personal property, located on the first floor of 90 Leonard Avenue, within
27 the city of East Providence of the Zion Gospel Temple, Inc., a religious nonprofit corporation.

(42) Real and personal property, located within the city of East Providence of the Cape
Verdean Museum Exhibit, a Rhode Island nonprofit corporation.

30 (43) The real and personal property owned by a qualified 501(c)(3) organization that is
31 affiliated and in good standing with a national congressionally chartered organization and thereby
32 adheres to that organization's standards and provides activities designed for recreational,
33 educational and character building purposes for children from ages six (6) years to seventeen (17)
34 years.

(44) Real and personal property of the Rhode Island Philharmonic Orchestra and Music
 School; provided, that the organization is qualified as a tax exempt corporation under section
 501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code.

4 (b) Except as provided below, when a city or town taxes a for-profit hospital facility, the 5 value of its real property shall be the value determined by the most recent full revaluation or statistical property update performed by the city or town; provided, however, in the year a 6 7 nonprofit hospital facility converts to or otherwise becomes a for-profit hospital facility, or a for-8 profit hospital facility is initially established, the value of the real property and personal property 9 of the for-profit hospital facility shall be determined by a valuation performed by the assessor for 10 the purpose of determining an initial assessed value of real and personal property, not previously 11 taxed by the city or town, as of the most recent date of assessment pursuant to § 44-5-1, subject to 12 a right of appeal by the for-profit hospital facility which shall be made to the city or town tax 13 assessor with a direct appeal from an adverse decision to the Rhode Island superior court, 14 business calendar. 15 A "for-profit hospital facility" includes all real and personal property affiliated with any 16 hospital as identified in an application filed pursuant to chapters 23-17 and/or 23-17.14. 17 Notwithstanding the above, a city or town may enter into a stabilization agreement with a for-18 profit hospital facility under § 44-3-9 or other laws specific to the particular city or town relating 19 to stabilization agreements. In a year in which a nonprofit hospital facility converts to or 20 otherwise becomes a for-profit hospital facility, or a for-profit hospital facility is otherwise 21 established, in that year only the amount levied by the city or town and/or the amount payable

22 under the stabilization agreement for that year related to the for-profit hospital facility shall not be

23 counted towards determining the maximum tax levy permitted under § 44-5-2.

24 SECTION 2. Section 45-13-5.1 of the General Laws in Chapter 45-13 entitled "State 25 Aid" is hereby amended to read as follows:

26 45-13-5.1. General assembly appropriations in lieu of property tax from certain 27 exempt private and state properties. -- (a) In lieu of the amount of local real property tax on 28 real property owned by any private nonprofit institution of higher education, or any nonprofit 29 hospital facility, or any state owned and operated hospital, veterans' residential facility, or 30 correctional facility occupied by more than one hundred (100) residents, which may have been or 31 will be exempted from taxation by applicable state law, exclusive of any facility operated by the 32 federal government, the state of Rhode Island, or any of its subdivisions, the general assembly 33 shall annually appropriate for payment to the several cities and towns in which the property lies a 34 sum equal to twenty-seven percent (27%) of all tax that would have been collected had the real

1 property been taxable; provided, however, said percentage shall be subject to adjustment pursuant

2 <u>to subsection (e) of this section</u>.

3 (b) In no event shall any city or town record in a fiscal year both: (1) Taxes and/or
4 payments under a stabilization agreement with a for-profit hospital facility; and (2) Distributions
5 of appropriations under this section attributable to the prior nonprofit status of said for-profit
6 hospital facility.

7 (b)(c) As used in this section, "private nonprofit institution of higher education" means 8 any institution engaged primarily in education beyond the high school level, the property of 9 which is exempt from property tax under any of the subdivisions, and "nonprofit hospital facility" 10 means any nonprofit hospital licensed by the state and which is used for the purpose of general 11 medical, surgical, or psychiatric care and treatment.

12 (e)(d) The grant payable to any municipality under the provision of this section shall be 13 equal to twenty-seven percent (27%) of the property taxes which, except for any exemption to 14 any institution of higher education or general hospital facility, would have been paid with respect 15 to that exempt real property on the assessment list in the municipality for the assessment date of 16 December 31, 1986 and with respect to such exempt real property appearing on an assessment list 17 in the municipality on succeeding assessment dates. Provided however that the grant paid for the 18 fiscal year ending June 30, 2008 shall be based upon the assessment list in the municipality as of 19 December 31, 2004.

20 (d)(e) The state budget offices shall include the amount of the annual grant appropriation 21 in the state budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1, 1988 and each fiscal year thereafter. 22 The amount of the annual grant distribution of appropriation payable to each eligible municipality 23 in any year in accordance with this section shall be reduced proportionately in the event that the 24 total of the annual grants in any year exceeds the amount appropriated that year for the purposes 25 of this section appropriation in the state budget is insufficient to pay the eligible municipalities 26 the amounts otherwise payable to said communities pursuant to subsection (a) of this section.

(e)(f) Distribution of appropriations shall be made by the state on or before July 31 of
1988 and each July 31 thereafter, and the payments may be counted as a receivable by any city or
town for a fiscal year ending the preceding June 30.

30 (f)(g) Any act or omission by the state with respect to this chapter shall in no way
 31 diminish the duty of any town or municipality to provide public safety or other ordinary services
 32 to the properties or facilities of the type listed in subsection (a).

33 (g)(h) Provided, that payments authorized pursuant to this section shall be reduced pro
 34 rata, for that period of time that the municipality suspends or reduces essential services to eligible

- 1 facilities. For the purposes of this section "essential services" include, but are not to be limited to,
- 2 police, fire and rescue.
- 3 SECTION 3. This act shall take effect upon passage and shall apply retroactively to
- 4 December 31, 2013.

======= LC003954/SUB A/2 =======

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO TOWNS AND CITIES - STATE AID

This act would grant cities and towns the right to and the method by which they may: (1)
 Tax the real and personal property of a for-profit hospital facility; and/or (2) Enter into a
 stabilization agreement with a for-profit hospital facility.
 This act would take effect upon passage and would apply retroactively to December 31,

5 2013.

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