LC003900

2014 -- H 7217

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2014

AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION - SALES AND USE TAXES - LIABILITY AND COMPUTATION

Introduced By: Representatives McLaughlin, Chippendale, Hull, Bennett, and Dickinson Date Introduced: January 29, 2014

Referred To: House Finance

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Chapter 44-18 of the General Laws entitled "Sales and Use Taxes -
- 2 Liability and Computation" is hereby amended by adding thereto the following section:
- 3 44-18-18.2. Annual Sales Tax Holiday. -- (a) A sales tax holiday on purchases made by
- 4 individuals for personal use shall not be subject to Rhode Island sales or use taxes. The sales tax
- 5 holiday shall occur on Presidents' day in the month of February and on the Saturday of Labor day
- 6 weekend of each calendar year.
- 7 (b) The exemption only applies to sales of tangible personal property bought for personal
- 8 <u>use.</u>
- 9 (1) Purchases by corporations or other businesses and purchases by individuals for
 10 business use remain taxable. Purchases exempt from the sales tax are also exempt from use tax.
 11 Eligible items of tangible personal property purchased on the Rhode Island sales tax holiday
 12 weekend from out-of-state retailers for use in Rhode Island are exempt from the Rhode Island use
- 13 <u>tax.</u>
- (c) The following exemptions are applicable to Rhode Island sales tax holiday exemption:
 (1) All sales of motor vehicles, motorboats, meals, telecommunications services, gas
 steam, electricity, tobacco products and any single item whose price is in excess of two thousand
 five hundred dollars (\$2,500), do not qualify for the sales tax holiday exemption and remain
- 18 <u>subject to tax.</u>

(2) When the sale price of any single item is greater than two thousand five hundred
 dollars (\$2,500), sales and/or use tax is due on the entire price charged for the item. The sale price
 is not reduced by the threshold amount.
 (3) Where a customer is purchasing multiple items on the sales tax holiday, separate

- 5 invoices are not required. As long as each individual item is two thousand five hundred dollars
- 6 (\$2,500) or less. There is no upper limit on the tax-free amount each customer may purchase.
- 7 (4)(i) When several items are offered for a sale at a single price, the entire package is
- 8 exempt if the sale price of the package is two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) or less. (For
- 9 example, a computer package including a CPU, keyboard, monitor, mouse and a printer with a
- 10 single sales price of three thousand five hundred dollars (\$3,500) would not qualify for the sales
- 11 tax holiday exemption because the single sale price of the package, three thousand five hundred
- 12 dollars (\$3,500), is more than the sales tax holiday threshold amount of two thousand five
- 13 <u>hundred dollars (\$2,500)).</u>
- (ii) Items that are priced separately and are to be sold as separate articles will qualify for
 the sales tax holiday exemption if the price of each article is two thousand five hundred dollars
 (\$2,500) or less. (For example, a customer purchases a personal computer for three thousand
- 17 dollars (\$3,000) and a computer printer for two-hundred dollars (\$200), each of which is priced
- 18 separately. The purchase of the personal computer will not qualify for the exemption because the
- 19 sale price, three thousand dollars (\$3,000), is in excess of the sales tax holiday threshold amount
- 20 of two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500). However, since the sale price of the computer
- 21 printer, two-hundred dollars (\$200) is less than two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500), the
- 22 printer would be exempt from tax.)
- (5) If a store coupon or discount provided by a retailer or manufacturer reduces the sale price of the property, the discounted sale price determines whether the sale price is within the sale tax holiday price threshold of two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) or less. If a store coupon or discount applies to the total amount paid by a purchaser rather than to the sale price of a particular item and the purchaser has purchased both eligible property and taxable property, the
- 28 seller should allocate the discount on a pro rata basis to each article sold.
- 29 (6) If a customer purchases an item of eligible property during the sales tax holiday, but
- 30 later exchanges the item for an identical or similar eligible item for the same price ("an even
- 31 <u>exchange</u>"), no tax is due even if the exchange is made after the sales tax holiday.
- 32 (7) Layaway sales do not qualify for the sales tax holiday.
- 33 (8) Special order items such as furniture are eligible for the sales tax holiday so long as
- 34 they are ordered and paid for in full on the sales tax holiday and the cost of each item is two

1 thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) or less, even if the delivery is made at a later date.

(9) When a customer receives a raincheck because an item on sale was not available,
property bought with the use of the raincheck will qualify for the exemption regardless of when
the raincheck was issued if the raincheck is used on the sales tax holiday. Issuance of a raincheck
during the sales tax holiday weekend will not qualify otherwise eligible property for the sales tax
holiday exemption if the property is actually purchased after the sales tax holiday.

- 7 (10) Rentals of tangible personal property, except motor vehicles and motorboats, are
- 8 eligible for the sales tax holiday, even if the rental period covers days before or after the holiday,
- 9 provided payment in full is made during the sales tax holiday.

10 (11) A sale price discounted by a rebate determines whether the sale price is within the 11 sale tax holiday price threshold of two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) or less. If a vendor 12 offers a customer a cash discount upon the purchase of tangible personal property and the 13 customer also receives a rebate from the manufacturer of the property after the sale, only the cash 14 discount given by the retailer is excluded from the sale price for purposes of the sale tax holiday 15 exemption. The amount of the manufacturer's rebate is not deducted from the sale price.

- 16 (12) Internet sales are exempt if ordered and paid for on the sales tax holiday.
- 17 (13) Items normally sold as a single unit must continue to be sold in that manner. Such
- 18 articles cannot be priced separately and sold as individual items in order to obtain the sales tax
- 19 <u>holiday exemption.</u>
- 20 (14) Sales tax may only be refunded to a retail customer on returns within ninety (90)
 21 days of the sale.
- (15) Customers who are erroneously charged sales tax by a vendor for an exempt
 purchase should take his/her tax paid receipt to the vendor to obtain the refund. If the vendor has
- 24 remitted the erroneously collected tax to the division of taxation, the vendor may file an
- 25 application for abatement of the erroneously collected tax within three (3) years upon satisfactory
- 26 evidence that the vendor has credited or refunded the tax to the purchaser.
- 27 (d) All Rhode Island businesses normally making taxable sales of tangible personal
 28 property that are open during the sales tax holiday must participate in the sales tax holiday.
- 20 property that are open during the sales tax honday must participate in the sales tax honday.
- (e) Out-of-state retailers registered to collect Rhode Island sales and use taxes must
 participate in the sales tax holiday.
- 31 (f) Retailers that back-date sales occurring after the sales tax holiday or that forward-date
- 32 sales that occurred before the sales tax holiday in order to make them appear to qualify for the
- 33 sales tax holiday or otherwise fail to follow the rules in this chapter in order to improperly avoid
- 34 <u>collecting and remitting sales or use tax may be subject to the tax evasion penalties as prescribed</u>

- 1 by Rhode Island general laws, including a felony conviction, a fine of not more than one hundred
- 2 thousand dollars (\$100,000) or five hundred thousand (\$500,000) in the case of a corporation, or
- 3 by imprisonment for not more than five (5) years, or both, and may be required to pay the costs of
- 4 prosecution.
- 5 SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage.

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EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION - SALES AND USE TAXES - LIABILITY AND COMPUTATION

1 This act would provide a sales and use tax holiday on Presidents' day in the month of

2 February and on the Saturday of Labor day weekend in each calendar year.

3 This act would take effect upon passage.

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