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STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2014

AN ACT

RELATING TO THE UNIFORMED CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE ACT

<u>Introduced By:</u> Representatives McNamara, Bennett, Azzinaro, Malik, and Serpa

Date Introduced: January 21, 2014

Referred To: House Health, Education & Welfare

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

manufacture or deliver a controlled substance.

SECTION 1. Section 21-28-4.1 of the General Laws in Chapter 21-28 entitled "Uniform Controlled Substances Act" is hereby amended to read as follows:

<u>21-28-4.01. Prohibited acts A -- Penalties. --</u> (a) (1) Except as authorized by this chapter, it shall be unlawful for any person to manufacture, deliver, or possess with intent to

- (2) Any person who is not a drug addicted person, as defined in section 21-28-1.02(18), who violates this subsection with respect to a controlled substance classified in schedule I or II, except the substance classified as marijuana, is guilty of a crime and upon conviction may be imprisoned to a term up to life, or fined not more than five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) nor less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or both.
- (3) Where the deliverance as prohibited in this subsection shall be the proximate cause of death to the person to whom the controlled substance is delivered, it shall not be a defense that the person delivering the substance was at the time of delivery, a drug addicted person as defined in section 21-28-1.02(18).
- 15 (4) Any person, except as provided for in subdivision (2) of this subsection, who violates 16 this subsection with respect to:
- (i) A controlled substance classified in schedule I or II, is guilty of a crime and upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than thirty (30) years, or fined not more than one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) nor less than three thousand dollars (\$3,000), or both;

1 (ii) A controlled substance classified in schedule III or IV, is guilty of a crime and upon 2 conviction may be imprisoned for not more than twenty (20) years, or fined not more than forty 3 thousand dollars (\$40,000), or both; provided, with respect to a controlled substance classified in 4 schedule III(d), upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than five (5) years, or fined not 5 more than twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000), or both. (iii) A controlled substance classified in schedule V, is guilty of a crime and upon 6 7 conviction may be imprisoned for not more than one year, or fined not more than ten thousand 8 dollars (\$10,000), or both. 9 (b) (1) Except as authorized by this chapter, it is unlawful for any person to create, 10 deliver, or possess with intent to deliver, a counterfeit substance. 11 (2) Any person who violates this subsection with respect to: 12 (i) A counterfeit substance classified in schedule I or II, is guilty of a crime and upon 13 conviction may be imprisoned for not more than thirty (30) years, or fined not more than one 14 hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), or both; 15 (ii) A counterfeit substance classified in schedule III or IV, is guilty of a crime and upon 16 conviction may be imprisoned for not more than twenty (20) years, or fined not more than forty 17 thousand dollars (\$40,000), or both; provided, with respect to a controlled substance classified in 18 schedule III(d), upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than five (5) years, or fined not 19 more than twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) or both. 20 (iii) A counterfeit substance classified in schedule V, is guilty of a crime and upon 21 conviction may be imprisoned for not more than one year, or fined not more than ten thousand 22 dollars (\$10,000), or both. 23 (c) (1) It shall be unlawful for any person knowingly or intentionally to possess a 24 controlled substance, unless the substance was obtained directly from or pursuant to a valid 25 prescription or order of a practitioner while acting in the course of his or her professional 26 practice, or except as otherwise authorized by this chapter. 27 (2) Any person who violates this subsection with respect to: 28 (i) A controlled substance classified in schedules I, II and III, IV, and V, except the 29 substance classified as marijuana, is guilty of a crime and upon conviction may be imprisoned for 30 not more than three (3) years or fined not less than five hundred dollars (\$500) nor more than five 31 thousand dollars (\$5,000), or both; 32 (ii) More than one ounce (1 oz.) of a controlled substance classified in schedule I as 33 marijuana is guilty of a misdemeanor except for those persons subject to subdivision 21-28-

4.01(a)(1) and upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than one year or fined not less

than two hundred dollars (\$200) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500), or both.

(iii) Notwithstanding any public, special or general law to the contrary, the possession of one ounce (1 oz.) or less of marijuana by a person who is eighteen (18) years of age or older and who is not exempted from penalties pursuant to chapter 21-28.6 shall constitute a civil offense, rendering the offender liable to a civil penalty in the amount of one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) and forfeiture of the marijuana, but not to any other form of criminal or civil punishment or disqualification. Notwithstanding any public, special or general law to the contrary, this civil penalty of one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) and forfeiture of the marijuana shall apply if the offense is the first (1st) or second (2nd) violation within the previous eighteen (18) months.

(iv) Notwithstanding any public, special or general law to the contrary, possession of one ounce (1 oz.) or less of marijuana by a person who is under the age of eighteen (18) years and who is not exempted from penalties pursuant to chapter 21-28.6 shall constitute a civil offense, rendering the offender liable to a civil penalty in the amount of one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) and forfeiture of the marijuana; provided the minor offender completes an approved drug awareness program and community service as determined by the court. If the person under the age of eighteen (18) years fails to complete an approved drug awareness program and community service within one year of the offense, the penalty shall be a three hundred dollar (\$300) civil fine and forfeiture of the marijuana, except that if no drug awareness program or community service is available, the penalty shall be a fine of one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) and forfeiture of the marijuana. The parents or legal guardian of any offender under the age of eighteen (18) shall be notified of the offense and the availability of a drug awareness and community service program. The drug awareness program must be approved by the court, but shall, at a minimum, provide four (4) hours of instruction or group discussion, and ten (10) hours of community service. Notwithstanding any other public, special or general law to the contrary, this civil penalty shall apply if the offense is the first (1st) or second (2nd) violation within the previous eighteen (18) months.

(v) Notwithstanding any public, special, or general law to the contrary, a person not exempted from penalties pursuant to chapter 21-28.6 found in possession of one ounce (1 oz.) or less of marijuana is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than thirty (30) days or fined not less than two hundred dollars (\$200) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500), or both, if that person has been previously adjudicated on a violation for possession of less than one ounce (1 oz.) of marijuana under subparagraphs 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iii) or 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iv) two (2) times in the eighteen (18) months prior to the third (3rd) offense.

(vi) Any unpaid civil fine issued under subparagraphs 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iii) or 21-28-

4.01(c)(2)(iv) shall double to three hundred dollars (\$300) if not paid within thirty (30) days of the offense. The civil fine shall double again to six hundred dollars (\$600) if it has not been paid within ninety (90) days.

- (vii) No person may be arrested for a violation of subparagraphs 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iii) or 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iv) except as provided in this subparagraph. Any person in possession of an identification card, license, or other form of identification issued by the state or any state, city or town, or any college or university, who fails to produce the same upon request of a police officer who informs the person that he or she has been found in possession of what appears to the officer to be one ounce (1 oz.) or less of marijuana, or any person without any such forms of identification that fails or refuses to truthfully provide his or her name, address, and date of birth to a police officer who has informed such person that the officer intends to provide such individual with a citation for possession of one ounce (1 oz.) or less of marijuana, may be arrested.
- (viii) No violation of subparagraphs 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iii) or 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iv) shall be considered a violation of parole or probation.
 - (ix) Any records collected by any state agency or tribunal that include personally identifiable information about violations of subparagraphs 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iii) or 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iv) shall be sealed eighteen (18) months after the payment of said civil fine.
- (3) Jurisdiction. Any and all violations of subparagraphs 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iii) and 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iv) shall be the exclusive jurisdiction of the Rhode Island traffic tribunal. All money associated with the civil fine issued under subparagraphs 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iii) or 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iv) shall be payable to the Rhode Island traffic tribunal. Fifty percent (50%) of all fines collected by the Rhode Island traffic tribunal from civil penalties issued pursuant to subparagraphs 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iii) or 21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iv) shall be expended on drug awareness and treatment deposited with and administered by the department of behavioral healthcare, developmental disabilities and hospitals (BHDDH) to fund BHDDH authorized student assistance programs for youth.
- (4) Additionally every person convicted or who pleads nolo contendere under paragraph (2)(i) of this subsection or convicted or who pleads nolo contendere a second or subsequent time under paragraph (2)(ii) of this subsection, who is not sentenced to a term of imprisonment to serve for the offense, shall be required to:
- 32 (i) Perform, up to one hundred (100) hours of community service;
 - (ii) Attend and complete a drug counseling and education program as prescribed by the director of the department of mental health, retardation behavioral healthcare, developmental

1	disabilities and hospitals and pay the sum of four hundred dollars (\$400) to help defray the costs
2	of this program which shall be deposited as general revenues <u>into the Rhode Island Substance</u>
3	Abuse Prevention Act Fund as set forth in chapter 16-21. Failure to attend may result after
4	hearing by the court in jail sentence up to one year;
5	(iii) The court shall not suspend any part or all of the imposition of the fee required by
6	this subsection, unless the court finds an inability to pay;
7	(iv) If the offense involves the use of any automobile to transport the substance or the
8	substance is found within an automobile, then a person convicted or who pleads nolo contendere
9	under paragraphs (2)(i) and (ii) of this subsection shall be subject to a loss of license for a period
10	of six (6) months for a first offense and one year for each offense after this.
11	(5) All fees assessed and collected pursuant to paragraph (3)(ii) of this subsection shall
12	be deposited as general revenues into the Rhode Island Substance Abuse Prevention Act Fund as
13	set as set forth in chapter 16-21 and shall be collected from the person convicted or who pleads
14	nolo contendere before any other fines authorized by this chapter.
15	(d) It shall be unlawful for any person to manufacture, distribute, or possess with intent
16	to manufacture or distribute, an imitation controlled substance. Any person who violates this
17	subsection is guilty of a crime, and upon conviction shall be subject to the same term of
18	imprisonment and/or fine as provided by this chapter for the manufacture or distribution of the
19	controlled substance which the particular imitation controlled substance forming the basis of the
20	prosecution was designed to resemble and/or represented to be; but in no case shall the
21	imprisonment be for more than five (5) years nor the fine for more than twenty thousand dollars
22	(\$20,000).
23	(e) It shall be unlawful for a practitioner to prescribe, order, distribute, supply, or sell an
24	anabolic steroid or human growth hormone for: (1) enhancing performance in an exercise, sport,
25	or game, or (2) hormonal manipulation intended to increase muscle mass, strength, or weight
26	without a medical necessity. Any person who violates this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor
27	and upon conviction may be imprisoned for not more than six (6) months or a fine of not more
28	than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or both.
29	SECTION 2. Sections 16-21.2-4 and 16-21.2-5 of the General Laws in Chapter 16-21.2
30	entitled "The Rhode Island Substance Abuse Prevention Act" are hereby amended to read as
31	follows:
32	<u>16-21.2-4. Substance abuse prevention program</u> (a) The department of behavioral
33	healthcare, developmental disabilities and hospitals shall be charged with the administration of

this chapter and shall provide grants to assist in the planning, establishment, and operation of

1	substance abuse prevention student assistance programs. Grants under this section shall be made
2	to municipal governments or their designated agents the BHDDH recognized student assistance
3	program provider designated to serve each community according to the following guidelines:
4	(1) The maximum grant shall be one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars (\$125,000);
5	provided, however, in the event that available funding exceeds \$1.6 million in a fiscal year, those
6	surplus funds are to be divided proportionately among the cities and towns on a per capita basis
7	but in no event shall the city of Providence exceed a maximum grant cap of \$175,000.00.
8	(2) In order to obtain a grant, the municipality or its designated agent student assistance
9	program provider must in the first year:
10	(i) Demonstrate the municipality's need for a comprehensive substance abuse student
11	assistance program in the areas of prevention and education.
12	(ii) Demonstrate that the municipality to be served has established by appropriate
13	legislative or executive action, a substance abuse prevention council which shall assist in
14	assessing the needs and resources of the community, developing a three (3) year plan of action
15	addressing the identified needs, the operation and implementation of the overall substance abuse
16	prevention program; coordinating existing services such as law enforcement, prevention,
17	treatment, and education; consisting of representatives of the municipal government,
18	representatives of the school system, parents, and human service providers.
19	(iii) Demonstrate the municipality's ability to develop a plan of implementation of a
20	comprehensive three (3) year substance abuse prevention program based on the specific needs of
21	the community to include high risk populations of adolescents, children of substance abusers, and
22	primary education school aged children.
23	(iv) Agree to conduct a survey/questionnaire of the student population designed to
24	establish the extent of the use and abuse of drugs and alcohol in students throughout the local
25	community's school population.
26	(v) Demonstrate that at least twenty percent (20%) of the cost of the proposed program
27	will be contributed either in cash or in-kind by public or private resources within the
28	municipality.
29	(vi) Demonstrate that the funding issued is expended on counseling and education
30	provided through BHDDH authorized student assistance programs approved by the department.
31	(b) The department of behavioral healthcare, developmental disabilities and hospitals
32	shall adopt rules and regulations necessary and appropriate to carry out the purposes of this
33	section.
34	<u>16-21.2-5. Funding of substance abuse prevention program.</u> – (a)(1) Money to fund

1	the Rhode Island Substance Abuse Prevention Act shall be appropriated from state general
2	revenues and shall be raised by assessing an additional penalty of thirty dollars (\$30.00) for all
3	speeding violations as set forth in section 31-43-5.1.
4	(2) State general revenues collected by the Rhode Island traffic tribunal for any and all
5	violations of paragraphs and all offenses as set forth in subparagraphs §21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iii) or
6	21-28-4.01(c)(2)(iv).
7	(b) The money shall be deposited as general revenues. The department of behavioral
8	healthcare, developmental disabilities and hospitals may utilize up to ten percent (10%) of the
9	sums appropriated for the purpose of administering the substance abuse prevention program.
10	(b)(c) Grants made under this chapter shall not exceed money available in the substance
11	abuse prevention program.
12	SECTION 3. This act shall take effect upon passage.

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EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO THE UNIFORMED CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE ACT

1 This act would redirect substance abuse prevention funds to "Student Assistance 2 Programs". 3 This act would take effect upon passage. LC003552