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LC02291/SUB A/2  
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STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2013

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A N A C T

RELATING TO PUBLIC UTILITIES AND CARRIERS - MUNICIPAL STREETLIGHT  
INVESTMENT ACT

Introduced By: Senators Sheehan, Sosnowski, Cote, Lombardo, and Ciccone

Date Introduced: April 04, 2013

Referred To: Senate Housing & Municipal Government

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Title 39 of the General Laws entitled "PUBLIC UTILITIES AND  
2 CARRIERS" is hereby amended by adding thereto the following chapter:

3 CHAPTER 29

4 MUNICIPAL STREETLIGHT INVESTMENT ACT

5 **39-29-1. Findings and purposes** – (a) The Rhode Island general assembly finds and  
6 declares that:

7 (1) Taxpayers are mandated to pay the electric distribution company large sums every  
8 year to light municipal and many state-owned streets;

9 (2) Municipalities are limited in how they can manage this public safety resource because  
10 they do not own or control the light fixtures within their borders;

11 (3) There is no incentive in the applicable electric rate tariff for installing energy efficient  
12 lighting technologies that may reduce both power and maintenance expenses;

13 (4) There is no provision in the applicable electric rate tariff for municipalities to work  
14 collectively to manage the maintenance of the street lighting system; and

15 (5) Municipalities around the country have saved considerable resources by purchasing  
16 their streetlight systems from electric distribution companies and contracting for the maintenance  
17 independently.

18 (b) Now, therefore, the purpose of this chapter is to reduce municipal street lighting costs

1 and improve service to citizens by:

2 (1) Improving public safety with street lights that provide better illumination;

3 (2) Reducing maintenance costs by allowing municipalities to own the street and area  
4 lighting within their borders and to enter into regional maintenance service contracts;

5 (3) Reducing whole-system cost through municipal ownership and regional management  
6 and by eliminating the current "facilities charge;"

7 (4) Providing innovative and proven technologies for more efficient lighting; and

8 (5) Providing more responsive service for lighting repairs.

9 **39-29-2. Definitions. --** When used in this chapter, the following terms shall have the  
10 following meanings:

11 (1) "Office" means the Office of Energy Resources.

12 (2) "Electric distribution company" means a company defined in subdivision 39-1-2(12),  
13 supplying standard offer service, last resort service, or any successor service to end-use customers  
14 in the municipality, the operation and maintenance of which is currently charged to the  
15 municipality.

16 (3) "Lighting equipment" means all equipment used to light streets in the municipality,  
17 the operation and maintenance of which is currently charged to the municipality, including  
18 lighting ballasts, fixtures, and other equipment necessary for the conversion of electric energy  
19 into street lighting service, but excluding the utility poles upon which the lighting equipment is  
20 fixed. Lighting equipment shall include, but not be limited to, decorative street and area lighting  
21 equipment and solid-state (LED) lighting technologies.

22 **39-29-3. Streetlight investment. --** (a) Any city or town receiving street lighting service  
23 from an electric distribution company pursuant to an electric rate tariff providing for the use by  
24 such municipality of lighting equipment owned by the electric distribution company, at its option,  
25 upon sixty (60) days notice to the electric company and to the department, and subject to the  
26 provisions of subsections (b) through (e), may:

27 (1) Convert its street lighting service from the subject tariff rate to an alternative tariff  
28 rate providing for delivery service by the electric distribution company of electric energy,  
29 whether or not supplied by the electric distribution company, over distribution facilities and wires  
30 owned by the electric distribution company to lighting equipment owned or leased by the  
31 municipality, and further providing for the use by such municipality of the space on any pole,  
32 lamp post, or other mounting surface previously used by the electric distribution company for the  
33 mounting of the lighting equipment. The alternative tariff rate shall provide for monthly bills for  
34 street and area lighting that shall include a schedule of energy charges based on a determination

1 annual kilowatt-hour usage per lumen rating or nominal wattage of all types of lighting  
2 equipment, but shall not include facility, support, maintenance, or accessory charges. The new  
3 tariff shall use existing usage calculation methods and existing rates for any currently existing  
4 lighting equipment, only setting reasonable new rates for newly adopted lighting equipment. The  
5 new tariff shall be structured so as to allow options for various street lighting controls, including  
6 both conventional dusk/dawn operation using photocell or scheduling controls, as well as  
7 schedule-based dimming or on/off controls that dim or turn off street lights during periods of low  
8 activity. The electric distribution company, in consultation with the office, shall file the new tariff  
9 with the public utilities commission within sixty (60) days of the effective date of this chapter and  
10 the commission shall then issue a decision within sixty (60) days after the filing to effectuate the  
11 purposes and provisions of this chapter.

12 (2) Purchase electric energy for use in such municipal lighting equipment from the  
13 electric distribution company or any other person allowed by law to provide electric energy; and

14 (3) Acquire all of the public street and area lighting equipment of the electric distribution  
15 company in the municipality, compensating the electric distribution company as necessary, in  
16 accordance with subsection (b).

17 (b) Any municipality exercising the option to convert its lighting equipment pursuant to  
18 subsection (a) must compensate the electric distribution company for the original cost, less  
19 depreciation and less amortization, of any active or inactive existing public lighting equipment  
20 owned by the electric distribution company and installed in the municipality as of the date the  
21 municipality exercises its right of acquisition pursuant to subsection (a), net of any salvage value.  
22 Upon such payment, the municipality shall have the right to use, alter, remove, or replace such  
23 acquired lighting equipment in any way the municipality deems appropriate. The municipality  
24 may also request that the electric company remove any part of such lighting equipment that it  
25 does not acquire from the electric distribution company in which case the municipality shall  
26 reimburse the electric distribution company the cost of removal by the electric distribution  
27 company, along with the original cost, less depreciation, of the removed part, net of any salvage  
28 value.

29 (c) When a municipality exercises its option pursuant to this subsection, the municipality  
30 will notify the electric distribution company of any alterations to street and area lighting  
31 inventory within sixty (60) days of the alteration. The electric distribution company will then  
32 adjust its monthly billing determinations to reflect the alteration within sixty (60) days.

33 (d) When a municipality exercises its option pursuant to subsection (a), anyone other than  
34 the electric distribution company controlling the right to use space on any pole, lamp post, or

1 other mounting surface previously used by the electric distribution company in such municipality  
2 shall allow the municipality to assume the rights and obligations of the electric distribution  
3 company with respect to such space for the unexpired term of any lease, easement, or other  
4 agreement under which the electric distribution company used such space; provided, however,  
5 that:

6 (i) The municipality is subject to the same terms and conditions that pole owners make to  
7 others that attach to the poles; and

8 (ii) In the assumption of the rights and obligations of the electric distribution company by  
9 such a municipality, such municipality shall in no way or form restrict, impede, or prohibit  
10 universal access for the provision of electric and other services.

11 (e) Any dispute regarding the terms of the alternative tariff, the compensation to be paid  
12 the electric distribution company, or any other matter arising in connection with the exercise of  
13 the option provided in subsection (a), including, but not limited to, the terms on which space is to  
14 be provided to the municipality in accordance with subsection (c), shall be resolved by the  
15 division of public utilities and carriers within ninety (90) days of any request for such resolution  
16 by the municipality or any person involved in such dispute.

17 (f) Notwithstanding any general or special law, rule, or regulation to the contrary, any  
18 affiliate of any electric distribution company whose street lighting service is converted by any  
19 municipality in accordance with the provisions of this section may solicit and compete for the  
20 business of any such municipality for the provision of lighting equipment or any other service  
21 such as equipment maintenance in connection therewith.

22 **39-29-4. Liberal construction. --** The provisions of this chapter shall be liberally  
23 construed to give effect to the purposes thereof.

24 **39-29-5. Severability. --** If any provision of this chapter or the application thereof to any  
25 person or circumstances is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or  
26 applications of the chapter, which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application,  
27 and to this end the provisions of this chapter are declared to be severable.

28 SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage.

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EXPLANATION  
BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL  
OF

A N A C T

RELATING TO PUBLIC UTILITIES AND CARRIERS - MUNICIPAL STREETLIGHT  
INVESTMENT ACT

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- 1           This act would establish a procedure to allow municipalities to purchase, rather than rent,
- 2 their street lights for the purpose of reducing municipal street lighting costs.
- 3           This act would take effect upon passage.

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