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STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2013

AN ACT

RELATING TO COURTS AND CIVIL PROCEDURE -- COURTS--FAMILY COURT

Introduced By: Senators McCaffrey, Paiva Weed, Jabour, and Lynch

Date Introduced: March 07, 2013

Referred To: Senate Judiciary

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 8-10-3 of the General Laws in Chapter 8-10 entitled "Family Court" is hereby amended to read as follows:

8-10-3. Establishment of court -- Jurisdiction -- Seal -- Oaths. -- (a) There is hereby established a family court, consisting of a chief judge and eleven (11) twelve (12) associate justices, to hear and determine all petitions for divorce from the bond of marriage and from bed and board; all motions for allowance, alimony, support and custody of children, allowance of counsel and witness fees, and other matters arising out of petitions and motions relative to real and personal property in aid thereof, including, but not limited to, partitions, accountings, receiverships, sequestration of assets, resulting and constructive trust, impressions of trust, and such other equitable matters arising out of the family relationship, wherein jurisdiction is acquired by the court by the filing of petitions for divorce, bed and board and separate maintenance; all motions for allowance for support and educational costs of children attending high school at the time of their eighteenth (18th) birthday and up to ninety (90) days after high school graduation, but in no case beyond their nineteenth (19th) birthday; enforcement of any order or decree granting alimony and/or child support, and/or custody and/or visitation of any court of competent jurisdiction of another state; modification of any order or decree granting alimony and/or custody and/or visitation of any court of competent jurisdiction of another state on the ground that there has been a change of circumstances; modification of any order or decree granting child support of any court of competent jurisdiction of another state provided: (1) the order has been registered in

Rhode Island for the purposes of modification pursuant to section 15-23.1-611, or (2) Rhode Island issued the order and has continuing exclusive jurisdiction over the parties; antenuptial agreements, property settlement agreements and all other contracts between persons, who at the time of execution of the contracts, were husband and wife or planned to enter into that relationship; complaints for support of parents and children; those matters relating to delinquent, wayward, dependent, neglected, or children with disabilities who by reason of any disability requires special education or treatment and other related services; to hear and determine all petitions for guardianship of any child who has been placed in the care, custody, and control of the department for children, youth, and families pursuant to the provisions of chapter 1 of title 14 and chapter 11 of title 40; adoption of children under eighteen (18) years of age; change of names of children under the age of eighteen (18) years; paternity of children born out of wedlock and provision for the support and disposition of such children or their mothers; child marriages; those matters referred to the court in accordance with the provisions of section 14-1-28; those matters relating to adults who shall be involved with paternity of children born out of wedlock; responsibility for or contributing to the delinquency, waywardness, or neglect of children under sixteen (16) years of age; desertion, abandonment, or failure to provide subsistence for any children dependent upon such adults for support; neglect to send any child to school as required by law; bastardy proceedings and custody to children in proceedings, whether or not supported by petitions for divorce or separate maintenance or for relief without commencement of divorce proceedings; and appeals of administrative decisions concerning setoff of income tax refunds for past due child support in accordance with sections 44-30.1-5 and 40-6-21. The holding of real estate as tenants by the entirety shall not in and of itself preclude the family court from partitioning real estate so held for a period of six (6) months after the entry of final decree of divorce.

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- (b) The family court shall be a court of record and shall have a seal which shall contain such words and devices as the court shall adopt.
- (c) The judges and clerk of the family court shall have power to administer oaths and affirmations.
- (d) The family court shall have exclusive initial jurisdiction of all appeals from any administrative agency or board affecting or concerning children under the age of eighteen (18) years and appeals of administrative decisions concerning setoff of income tax refunds, lottery set offs, insurance intercept, and lien enforcement provisions for past due child support, in accordance with sections 44-30.1-5 and 40-6-21, and appeals of administrative agency orders of the department of human services to withhold income under chapter 16 of title 15.

1	(e) The family court shall have jurisdiction over those civil matters relating to the
2	enforcement of laws regulating child care providers and child placing agencies.
3	(f) The family court shall have exclusive jurisdiction of matters relating to the revocation
4	or nonrenewal of a license of an obligor due to noncompliance with a court order of support, in
5	accordance with chapter 11.1 of title 15.
6	[See section 12-1-15 of the General Laws.]
7	(g) Notwithstanding any general or public law to the contrary, the family court shall have
8	jurisdiction over all protective orders provided pursuant to the Rhode Island general laws, when
9	either party is a juvenile.
10	SECTION 2. Section 8-10-3.2 of the General Laws in Chapter 8-10 entitled "Family
11	Court" is hereby repealed.
12	8-10-3.2. General magistrate of the family court (a) There is hereby created within
13	the family court the position of general magistrate of the family court who shall be appointed by
14	the chief judge of the family court with the advice and consent of the senate for a term of ten (10)
15	years and until a successor is appointed and qualified. Nothing herein shall be construed to
16	prohibit the assignment of the general magistrate to more than one such term, subject to the
17	advice and consent of the senate.
18	(b) The general magistrate shall be an attorney at law and a member in good standing of
19	the Rhode Island bar.
20	(c) The primary function of the general magistrate shall be the enforcement of child
21	support decrees, orders, and law relative to child support. The general magistrate shall have all
22	the authority and powers vested in magistrates by virtue of sections 8-10-3, 8-10-3.1, 9-15-19, 9-
23	15 21, 9 14 26, 9 18 8, 9 18 9, and 36 2 3, and any other authority conferred upon magistrates
24	by any general or public law or by any rule of procedure or practice of any court within the state.
25	(d) The chief justice of the supreme court with the agreement of the chief judge of the
26	family court may specially assign the general magistrate to any court of the unified judicial
27	system; provided, however, that the general magistrate may be assigned to the superior court
28	subject to the prior approval of the presiding justice of the superior court. When the general
29	magistrate is so assigned he or she shall be vested, authorized, and empowered with all the
30	powers belonging to the magistrates of the court to which he or she is specially assigned.
31	(e) The general magistrate shall:
32	(1) Receive all credits and retirement allowances as afforded justices under chapter 3 of
33	this title and any other applicable law;
34	(2) Be governed by the commission on judicial tenure and discipline, chapter 16 of this

1	title, in the same manner as justices and workers' compensation judges;
2	(3) Be entitled to a special license plate under section 31-3-47;
3	(4) Receive a salary equivalent to that of a district court judge;
4	(5) Be subject to all the provisions of the canons of judicial ethics; and
5	(6) Be subject to all criminal laws relative to judges by virtue of sections 11-7-1 and 11-
6	7-2.
7	(f) The general magistrate of the family court who shall at the time of passage of this
8	section hold the position of general magistrate, shall upon retirement, at his or her own request
9	and at the direction of the chief justice of the supreme court, subject to the retiree's physical and
10	mental competence, be assigned to perform such services as general magistrate of the family
11	court, as the chief judge of the family court shall prescribe. When so assigned and performing
12	such service, the general magistrate shall have all the powers and authority of general magistrate
13	of the family court, but otherwise shall have no powers nor be authorized to perform any judicial
14	duties. For any such service or assignments performed after retirement, the general magistrate
15	shall receive no compensation whatsoever, either monetary or in kind. Such a retired general
16	magistrate shall not be counted in the number of judicial officers provided by law for the family
17	court.
18	(g) The provisions of this section shall be afforded liberal construction.
19	SECTION 3. This act shall take effect upon passage.

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EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO COURTS AND CIVIL PROCEDURE -- COURTS--FAMILY COURT

This act would eliminate the position of general magistrate of the family court and would increase the number of associate justices from eleven (11) to twelve (12).

This act would take effect upon passage.

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