LC01636

## 2013 -- S 0614

# STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

## IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

## JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2013

## AN ACT

## RELATING TO BUSINESSES AND PROFESSIONS -- NURSES

Introduced By: Senators Miller, Doyle, Goldin, Pichardo, and Walaska

Date Introduced: March 06, 2013

Referred To: Senate Health & Human Services

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

- SECTION 1. Sections 5-34-3, 5-34-4, 5-34-7 and 5-34-40 of the General Laws in
   Chapter 5-34 entitled "Nurses" are hereby amended to read as follows:
- 3 <u>5-34-3. Definitions. --</u> As used in this chapter:
- 4 (1) "Advanced practice <u>registered</u> nurse" means the status of qualified individuals who
- 5 hold an active license as a registered nurse and an active license as a nurse in an advanced role as

6 defined under the provisions of this chapter or chapter 5-34.2.

7 (APRN) is the title given to an individual licensed to practice advanced practice 8 registered nursing within one of the following roles: certified nurse practitioner (CNP), certified 9 registered nurse anesthetist (CRNA) as defined in chapter 5-34.2, or certified clinical nurse 10 specialist (CNS), and who functions in a population focus. An APRN may serve as a primary or 11 acute care provider of record. 12 (2) "Advanced practice registered nursing" means an independent and expanded scope of 13 nursing in a role and population focus approved by the Board of Nurse Registration and Nursing 14 Education that includes the registered nurse scope of practice and may include, but is not limited to, performing acts of advanced assessment, diagnosing, prescribing and ordering. Each APRN is 15 accountable to patients, the nursing profession and the Board of Nursing for complying with the 16 17 requirements of this chapter and the quality of advanced nursing care rendered; recognizing limits 18 of knowledge and experience; planning for the management of situations beyond the APRN's 19 expertise; and for consulting with or referring patients to other health care providers as

1 <u>appropriate.</u>

2 (2)(3) "Approval" means the process where the board of nursing evaluates and grants
3 official recognition to basic nursing education programs meeting established criteria and
4 standards.

5 (3)(4) "Certified registered nurse practitioner" is an advanced practice nurse utilizing independent knowledge of physical assessment, diagnosis, and management of health care and 6 7 illnesses. The practice includes prescriptive privileges. The practice includes collaboration with 8 other licensed health care professionals including, but not limited to, physicians, pharmacists, 9 podiatrists, dentists and nurses. Certified nurse practitioners are members of the health care 10 delivery system practicing in areas including, but not limited to: family practice, pediatrics, adult 11 health care, geriatrics and women's health care in primary, acute, long-term and critical care 12 settings in health care facilities and the community. Certified nurse practitioners may be 13 recognized as the primary care provider or acute care provider of record. 14 (5) "Certified Clinical Nurse Specialist" is an advanced practice registered nurse that

15 independently provides care to clients, facilitates attainment of health goals, and provides

16 innovation in nursing practice, based on clinical expertise, evidence-based decision-making, and

17 leadership skills. The clinical nurse specialist practices with individual clients and populations;

18 <u>nurses and other multidisciplinary team members; and organizations to effect system-wide</u>

19 <u>changes to improve programs of care. The practice may include prescriptive privileges.</u>

- 20 (6) Certified registered nurse anesthetist is as defined in chapter 5-34.2 ("Nurse
- 21 <u>Anesthetist").</u>

22 (4)(7) "Department" means the department of health.

23 (5)(8) "Health" means optimum well-being.

24 (6)(9) "Healthcare" means those services provided to promote the optimum well-being of
 25 individuals.

26 (7)(10) "Licensed" means the status of qualified individuals who have completed a
27 designated process by which the board of nursing grants permission to individuals accountable
28 and/or responsible for the practice of nursing and to engage in that practice, prohibiting all others
29 from legally doing so.

30 (8)(11) "Nursing" means the provision of services that are essential to the promotion, 31 maintenance, and restoration of health throughout the continuum of life. It provides care and 32 support of individuals and families during periods of wellness, illness, and injury, and 33 incorporates the appropriate medical health care plan of care prescribed by a licensed advanced 34 practice registered nurse, certified nurse midwife, licensed physician, dentist, or podiatrist. It is a distinct component of health services. Nursing practice is based on specialized knowledge,
 judgment, and nursing skills acquired through educational preparation in nursing and in the
 biological, physical, social, and behavioral sciences.

4 (9)(12) "Practical nursing" is practiced by licensed practical nurses (L.P.N.s). It is an 5 integral part of nursing based on a knowledge and skill level commensurate with education. It includes promotion, maintenance, and restoration of health and utilizes standardized procedures 6 7 leading to predictable outcomes, which are in accord with the professional nurse regimen under 8 the direction of a registered nurse. In situations where registered nurses are not employed, the 9 licensed practical nurse functions under the direction of a licensed physician, dentist, podiatrist or 10 other licensed health care providers authorized by law to prescribe. Each L.P.N. is responsible for 11 the nursing care rendered.

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(13) "Population foci" means focus of the patient population. Population focus shall

- 13 <u>include:</u>
- 14 (i) Family/Individual across the lifespan ;
- 15 <u>(ii) Adult-gerontology;</u>
- 16 <u>(iii) Neonatal;</u>
- 17 <u>(iv) Pediatrics;</u>
- 18 (v) Women's health/gender-related; and
- 19 <u>(vi) Psychiatric/mental health.</u>

20 (10)(14) "Professional nursing" is practiced by registered nurses (R.N.s). The practice of 21 professional nursing is a dynamic process of assessment of an individual's health status, 22 identification of health care needs, determination of health care goals with the individual and/or 23 family participation and the development of a plan of nursing care to achieve these goals. Nursing 24 actions, including teaching and counseling, are directed toward the promotion, maintenance, and 25 restoration of health and evaluation of the individual's response to nursing actions and the 26 medical regimen of care. The professional nurse provides care and support of individuals and 27 families during periods of wellness and injury, and incorporates where appropriate, the medical 28 plan of care as prescribed by a licensed physician, dentist or podiatrist or other licensed health 29 care providers authorized by law to prescribe. Each R.N. is directly accountable and responsible 30 to the consumer for the nursing care rendered.

(11)(15) "Psychiatric and mental health nurse clinical specialist" is <u>a certified clinical</u>
 nurse specialist working in the population foci of psychiatric/mental health as an advanced
 practice nurse utilizing independent knowledge <u>in psychiatric mental health assessment</u>,
 diagnosis, health promotion, psychotherapeutic modalities and management of mental health and

illnesses. The practice may include prescription privileges <u>within their scope of practice of certain</u> legend medications, controlled substances from Schedule II classified as stimulants, and controlled substances from Schedule IV within the scope of their practice. The practice may <u>also</u> include <u>consultation</u>, education, and collaboration with other licensed health care professionals, including, but not limited to, psychiatrists, psychologists, physicians, <u>social workers</u>, pharmacists, and nurses. The psychiatric and mental health clinical specialist holds the qualifications defined in section 5 34 40.1.

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# <u>5-34-4. Board of nursing -- Establishment -- Composition -- Appointment, terms,</u> and removal of members -- Director of nurse registration and nursing education. -- (a)

Within the division of professional regulation, pursuant to chapter 26 of this title, there is a board of nurse registration and nursing education, sometimes referred to herein as "BON". The board shall be composed of fifteen (15) members. The term of office shall be for three (3) years. No member shall serve more than two (2) consecutive terms. The member shall serve until a qualified successor is appointed to serve. In making those appointments, the director of the department of health shall consider persons suggested by professional nurse organizations and the practical nurse's association.

17 (b) Present members of the board holding office under the provisions of this chapter 18 shall serve as members of the board until the expiration of their terms or until qualified successors 19 are appointed. The fifteen (15) member board shall include: eleven (11) professional nurses, two 20 (2) practical nurses appointed by the director of health and approved by the governor and two (2) 21 members of the general public appointed by the governor. Three (3) professional nurses shall be 22 from different basic education programs preparing students to become nurses; one professional 23 nurse shall be from a nursing service administration; four (4) professional non-administrative, 24 clinical nurses not licensed as advanced practice nurses, and three (3) professional advanced 25 practice nurses, one who holds a license as a certified registered nurse anesthetist, one who holds 26 a license as a certified registered nurse practitioner, and one who holds a license as a psychiatric 27 and mental health certified nurse clinical specialist. No educational program or cooperating 28 agency shall have more than one representative on the board.

(c) The director of health may remove any member from the board for cause including, but not limited to, neglect of any duty required by law, or incompetence, or unprofessional conduct, or willful misconduct. A member subject to disciplinary proceedings shall be disqualified from board business until the charge is adjudicated. There shall also be a director of nurse registration and nursing education appointed by the director of health in accordance with the provisions of chapter 4 of title 36.

1	5-34-7. Board of nursing General powers The board of nurse registration and
2	nursing education is authorized, subject to the approval of the director of the department of
3	health, to:
4	(1) Adopt, review, or revise rules, and regulations consistent with the law that may be
5	necessary to effect provisions of the chapter;
6	(2) Approve nursing education programs according to the rules established by the board;
7	(3) Require standards for nursing practice within organized nursing services and the
8	individual practice of licensees;
9	(4) Approve the examinations for licensure;
10	(5) Establish requirements to validate competence for reinstatement to the active list;
11	(6) Conduct hearings upon charges calling for discipline of a licensee or revocation of a
12	license;
13	(7) Issue subpoenas to, compel the attendance of witnesses at, and administer oaths to
14	persons giving testimony at hearings;
15	(8) Cause the prosecution or enjoinder of all persons violating this chapter;
16	(9) Maintain a record of all its proceedings;
17	(10) Submit an annual report to the director of the department of health;
18	(11) Utilize other persons that may be necessary to carry on the work of the board;
19	(12) Conduct public hearings, investigations, and studies of nursing practice, nursing
20	education, and related matters and prepare and issue publications that, in the judgment of the
21	board, allow the nursing profession to provide safe, effective nursing services to the public;
22	(13) Determine qualifications necessary for prescriptive privileges for certified registered
23	nurse practitioners advanced practice registered nurses;
24	(14) Grant certified registered nurse practitioners prescriptive privileges to advanced
25	practice registered nurses; and
26	(15) Determine qualification necessary for the prescriptive privileges for psychiatric and
27	mental health clinical nurse specialists; and
28	(16) Grant certified psychiatric and mental health clinical nurse specialists prescriptive
29	privileges.
30	(17) Adopt criteria for recognizing national certifying bodies for APRN roles and
31	population foci.
32	5-34-40. Advanced practice nurse advisory committee (a) The nine (9) seven (7)
33	member committee consists of two (2) certified registered nurse practitioners, two (2) certified
34	registered nurse anesthetists, two (2) psychiatric and mental health clinical nurse specialists, one

1 physician and two (2) consumers and one consumer. The director of health shall appoint the 2 committee. In making appointments to the committee, the director shall consider persons 3 recommended by professional nurse organizations and professional medical associations. The 4 professional members of the committee shall be currently engaged in practice. The consumer 5 members shall be: (1) knowledgeable in consumer health concerns; (2) a resident of the state; (3) not licensed as a health care practitioner; (4) not a parent, spouse, sibling, or child of a person 6 7 licensed as a health care practitioner, and not a student in a professional program; (5) not having a 8 direct financial interest in health care services; (6) not a member or an employee of any board of 9 control of any public or private health care service.

10 (b) Each member appointment shall be for three (3) years, with no member serving more 11 than two (2) consecutive three (3) year terms except that in making the initial appointments the 12 director designates: four (4) members for a term of two (2) years; three (3) members for a term of 13 three (3) years; and the consumer members for three (3) year terms.

14 (c) This committee must meet not fewer than two (2) times per year. The committee has15 the following functions:

16 (1) To assess advanced nursing practice for the purpose of improving patient care.

(2) (i) To review all complaints regarding advanced practice nurses, and recommend any
and all disciplinary or corrective action that they deem appropriate, including revocation and
suspension of license, upon proof that an advanced practice nurse has:

20 (A) Aided or abetted an uncertified person to practice as an advanced practice nurse;

21 (B) Become addicted to the use of liquor or controlled substances;

(C) Negligently, willfully, or intentionally acted in a manner inconsistent with the health
 and safety of persons entrusted to his or her care;

(D) Had his or her authorization to practice as an advanced practice nurse denied,
revoked or suspended in another state;

26 (E) Engaged in the performance of medical functions beyond the scope of practice
27 authorized by the provisions of this chapter;

28 (F) Willfully failed to file or record medical records and reports;

29 (G) Mental incompetence; or

30 (H) Willfully failed to maintain standards established by the nursing profession.

31 (ii) The recommendation shall be submitted to the board of nursing for implementation.

32 (3) To advise periodically to the board of nurse registration and nursing education
 33 regarding advanced nurse practice.

34 SECTION 2. Chapter 5-34 of the General Laws entitled "Nurses" is hereby amended by

1 adding thereto the following sections:

2	5-34-44. Advanced practical registered nurses as independent practitioners
3	APRNs are licensed independent practitioners within standards established or recognized by the
4	BON. Each APRN is accountable to patients, the nursing profession and the BON for:
5	(1) Complying with the requirements of this chapter and the quality of advanced nursing
6	care rendered ;
7	(2) Recognizing limits of knowledge and experience;
8	(3) Planning for the management of situations beyond the APRN's expertise;
9	(4) Consulting with or referring patients to other licensed health care providers as
10	appropriate.
11	5-34-45. Licensure of APRNs (a) An applicant for initial licensure to practice as an
12	APRN shall:
13	(1) Submit a completed written application and appropriate fees as established by the
14	BON:
15	(2) Hold a current RN license or privilege to practice and shall not hold an encumbered
16	license or privilege to practice as an RN in any state or territory ;
17	(3) Have completed an accredited graduate or post-graduate level APRN program in one
18	of the three roles (RNP, CRNA, or CNS) and at least one population focus;
19	(4) Be currently certified by a national certifying body recognized by the BON in the
20	APRN role and population foci appropriate to educational preparation;
21	(5) Report any criminal conviction, nolo contendere plea, Alford plea or other plea
22	arrangement in lieu of conviction;
23	(6) Have committed no acts or omissions that are grounds for disciplinary action as set
24	forth in this chapter; and
25	(7) Provide other evidence as required by regulation.
26	(b) The BON may issue an initial APRN license to clinical nurse specialists without a
27	certification exam when:
28	(1) A national certification exam does not exist for the current population foci; and
29	(2) The applicant has submitted a portfolio to the BON that includes proof of graduation,
30	course descriptions, official transcript that includes courses in pharmacology, pathophysiology
31	and physical assessment, letters of recommendation from his/her employer attesting to the CNS's
32	practice at the advanced practice level.
33	(c) After January 1, 2015, all clinical nurse specialists seeking initial licensure as a APRN
34	must meet all the criteria as stated in this chapter including national certification in a role and

1 population foci recognized by the BON.

2	(d) The BON may issue a license by endorsement to an APRN licensed under the laws of
3	another state if, in the opinion of the BON, the applicant meets the qualifications for licensure in
4	this jurisdiction. An applicant for APRN licensure by endorsement shall:
5	(1) Submit a completed written application and appropriate fees as established by the
6	BON;
7	(2) Hold a current license or privilege to practice as an RN and APRN in a state or
8	territory;
9	(3) Not have an encumbered license or privilege to practice in any state or territory;
10	(4) Have completed an accredited graduate or post-graduate level APRN program in one
11	of the three roles (CNP, CRNA or CNS) and at least one population focus or meets the standards
12	for grandfathering as described in this chapter;
13	(5) Be currently certified by a national certifying body recognized by the BON in the
14	APRN role and at least one population focus appropriate to educational preparation;
15	(6) Meet continued competency requirements as set forth in BON regulations ;
16	(7) Report any conviction, nolo contendere plea, Alford plea or other plea arrangement in
17	lieu of conviction ;
18	(8) Have committed no acts or omissions, which are grounds for disciplinary action in
19	another jurisdiction; and
20	(9) Provide other evidence as required by the BON in its regulations.
21	(e) APRN licenses issued under this chapter shall be renewed every two (2) years
22	according to a schedule established by the BON. An applicant for APRN license renewal shall:
23	(1) Submit a renewal application as directed by the BON and remit the required fee as set
24	forth in regulation;
25	(2) Maintain national certification in the appropriate APRN role and at least one
26	population focus, authorized by licensure, through an ongoing recertification maintenance
27	program of a nationally recognized certifying body recognized by the BON; and
28	(3) Meet other requirements set forth in regulations.
29	(f) The BON may reactivate or reinstate an APRN license as set forth in BON regulation.
30	5-34-46. Status of current licensees (a) Any person holding a license to practice
31	nursing as a certified nurse practitioner ,psychiatric clinical nurse specialists, certified registered
32	nurse anesthetist, as defined in this chapter and chapter 5-34.2, in this state that is valid upon
33	passage of this chapter shall be deemed to be licensed as an APRN, with his or her current
34	privileges and shall be eligible for renewal of such license as defined under the provisions of this

1 <u>chapter and chapter 5-34-2</u>

2	(b) Any person holding a valid license to practice nursing having graduated from an
3	accredited course of study, actively practicing in an advanced role, and holding a national
4	certification related to his or her current practice setting as of (effective date of this act), as
5	defined in chapters 5-35 or 5-34.2, shall be deemed to be eligible for to license as an APRN.
6	(c) After August 1, 2013, all new applicants for APRN licensure must meet the stipulated
7	licensure requirements as stated in this chapter.
8	5-34-47. Titles and abbreviations (a) Only those persons who hold a license or
9	privilege to practice as advanced practice registered nurses in this state shall have the right to use
10	the title "advanced practice registered nurse" and the roles of "certified registered nurse
11	anesthetist," "clinical nurse specialist" and "certified nurse practitioner;" and the abbreviations
12	"APRN," "CRNA," "CNS" and "CNP" respectively.
13	(b) The abbreviation for the APRN designation of a certified registered nurse anesthetist,
14	a clinical nurse specialist and for a certified nurse practitioner will be APRN, plus the role title,
15	i.e., CRNA, CNS, and CNP.
16	5-34-48. APRN education programs (a) The standards for the establishment and
17	outcomes of APRN education programs, including clinical learning experiences, and shall be set
18	by APRN national accrediting agencies recognized by the US Department of Education and the
19	Council for Higher Education Accreditation.
20	(b) Compliance with the standards for the APRN program will be evidenced by official
21	certification of accreditation by the appropriate national accrediting agency, a copy of such shall
22	be submitted to the Board of Nursing. The Board of Nursing will act as the sole custodian of
23	record for any and all documentation used to demonstrate such certification by the appropriate
24	national accrediting agency.
25	5-34-49. Prescriptive authority (a) The BON shall grant prescribing, ordering,
26	dispensing and furnishing authority.
27	(b) An APRN licensed by the BON may prescribe, order, procure, administer, dispense
28	and furnish over the counter, legend and controlled substances pursuant to applicable state and
29	federal laws, when the APRN has completed an educational program as described in this chapter
30	that includes courses in pathophysiology, pharmacology and physical assessment and is within
31	the APRN's role and population focus.
32	(c) Prescribing, ordering, dispensing and furnishing shall include the authority to:
33	(1) Diagnose, prescribe and institute therapy or referrals of patients to health care
34	agencies, health care providers and community resources;

1	(2) Prescribe, procure, administer, dispense and furnish pharmacological agents,
2	including over the counter, legend and controlled substances; and
3	(3) Plan and initiate a therapeutic regimen that includes ordering and prescribing non-
4	pharmacological interventions, including, but not limited to, durable medical equipment, medical
5	devices, nutrition, blood and blood products, and diagnostic and supportive services including,
6	but not limited to, home health care, hospice, and physical and occupational therapy.
7	(d) Prescriptive privileges for the certified nurse practitioner shall include all the
8	authority under the APRN license including:
9	(1) Prescription of legend medications and prescription of controlled substances from
10	schedules II, III, IV and V that are established in regulation; and
11	(2) May be certified to prescribe controlled substances from Schedule I.
12	(e) Prescriptive privileges for APRNs with the population focus of psychiatric/mental
13	health:
14	(1) Shall include prescription of certain psychotropic and certain legend medications,
15	controlled substances from Schedule II classified as stimulants, and controlled substances from
16	Schedule III and IV that are prescribed in regulations;
17	(2) Shall not include controlled substances from Schedules I, II, and V and those certain
18	legend medications not included in subdivision (1) of this subsection.
19	(f) CRNAs may be granted prescriptive privileges in accordance with the provisions of
20	<u>chapter 5-34.2</u>
21	(g) Prescriptive privileges for certified clinical nurse specialist shall include:
22	(1) Diagnosing, prescribing and instituting therapy or referrals of patients to health care
23	agencies, health care providers and community resources; and
24	(2) Planning and initiating a therapeutic regimen that includes ordering and prescribing
25	non-pharmacological interventions, including, but not limited to, durable medical equipment,
26	medical devices, nutrition, blood and blood products, and diagnostic and supportive services
27	including, but not limited to, home health care, hospice, and physical and occupational therapy;
28	and
29	(3) Prescription of over the counter medications within their population foci.
30	SECTION 3. Sections 5-34-35, 5-34-36, 5-34-39, 5-34-40.1, 5-34-40.2, 5-34-40.3, 5-34-
31	40.4 and 5-34-41 of the General Laws in Chapter 5-34 entitled "Nurses" are hereby repealed.
32	<u>5-34-35. Qualifications of a certified registered nurse practitioner applicant (a)</u>
33	An applicant for licensure to practice as a certified registered nurse practitioner shall submit to
24	the board of sume registration and suming advection switten evidence on forms formiched by the

34 the board of nurse registration and nursing education written evidence on forms furnished by the

1 division of professional regulation, verified by oath, that:

2 (1) The applicant is a registered nurse who has completed an accredited educational program resulting in a master's degree in nursing and/or an approved nurse practitioner course of 3 4 study. This curriculum must include both a didactic component and supervised clinical experience. Effective January 1, 2004, all applicants for initial licensure must complete an 5 accredited educational program resulting in a master's degree with a major in nursing. 6 7 (2) The applicant passed a national qualifying examination recognized by the board of 8 nurse registration and nursing education. 9 (b) A license to practice as a certified registered nurse practitioner may be issued to an 10 applicant who is licensed by examination or endorsement as a certified registered nurse 11 practitioner under the laws of another state or territory if, in the opinion of the board, the 12 applicant meets the qualifications required of certified registered nurse practitioners in this state. 13 5-34-36. Licensing of certified registered nurse practitioners. -- A license to practice 14 as a certified nurse practitioner shall be issued if the applicant meets the qualifications for the 15 certified registered nurse practitioner (R.N.P.). Persons who meet the qualifications of a certified 16 registered nurse practitioner, as stated in section 5-34-35, and are currently licensed as certified 17 registered nurse practitioners by examination or endorsement under the laws of another state of 18 the United States and/or the District of Columbia shall be allowed to practice as certified 19 registered nurse practitioners in this state for a period not to exceed ninety (90) days from the date 20 of clearance by the board of nurse registration and nursing education of the department of health, 21 provided that they are licensed in this state within ninety (90) days. The original privilege to work 22 ninety (90) days from the date of clearance shall not be extended or renewed. 23 5-34-39. Process for prescriptive privileges of certified registered nurse practitioner. -- (a) Prescriptive privileges for the certified registered nurse practitioner: 24 25 (1) Shall be granted under the governance and supervision of the department, board of 26 nurse registration and nurse education; and 27 (2) Shall include prescription of legend medications and prescription of controlled 28 substances from schedules II, III, IV and V that are established in regulation; and 29 -(3) Must not include controlled substances from Schedule I. 30 (b) To qualify for prescriptive privileges an applicant must submit on forms provided by 31 the board of nurse registration and nursing education, verified by oath, that the applicant has 32 evidence of completion of thirty (30) hours of education in pharmacology within the three (3) 33 year period immediately prior to date of application. To maintain prescriptive privileges the 34 certified registered nurse practitioner (R.N.P.) must submit upon request of the board of nurse

- 1 registration and nursing education evidence of thirty (30) hours continuing education in
- 2 pharmacology every six (6) years.
- 5-34-40.1. Qualifications of a psychiatric and mental health clinical nurse specialist 3
- 4 applicant. -- (a) An applicant for licensure as a psychiatric and mental health clinical nurse
- 5 specialist shall submit to the board written evidence on forms furnished by the department of
- health, verified by oath, that the applicant: 6
  - (1) Is a registered nurse who has completed an accredited educational program resulting
- 8 in a master's degree in psychiatric and mental health nursing; and/or
- 9 (2) Passed a national qualifying examination recognized by the board.
- 10 (b) All persons who are engaged in the practice of a psychiatric and mental health 11 clinical nurse specialist on July 1, 2003, who meet the definition in section 5-34-3(i) may be 12 considered to have met the qualifications for licensure providing they have three (3) years 13 experience acceptable to the board between January 1, 1997, and January 1, 2003. After January 14 1, 2004, all applicants for initial licensure must complete an accredited educational program 15 resulting in a master's degree in nursing and must pass a national qualifying examination 16 recognized by the board.
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# 5-34-40.2. Licensing of psychiatric and mental health clinical nurse specialists. -- A

- 18 license to practice as a psychiatric clinical nurse specialist shall be issued if the applicant meets 19 the qualifications for the psychiatric and mental health clinical nurse specialist. Persons who meet 20 the qualifications of a psychiatric and mental health clinical nurse specialist, as stated in section 21 5-34-40.1, and are currently licensed as psychiatric and mental health clinical nurse specialists by 22 examination or endorsement under the laws of another state or territory of the United States 23 and/or the District of Columbia shall be allowed to practice as psychiatric and mental health 24 clinical nurse specialists in this state for a period not to exceed ninety (90) days from the date of 25 elearance by the board of nurse registration and nursing education of the Rhode Island department 26 of health, provided that they are licensed in this state within ninety (90) days. The original
- 27 privilege to work ninety (90) days from the date of clearance shall not be extended or renewed.

#### 5-34-40.3. Application fee for psychiatric and mental health clinical nurse 28

- 29 specialists. -- The initial application fee for licensure as a psychiatric and mental health clinical
- 30 nurse specialist, the renewal fee for a psychiatric and mental health clinical nurse specialist, and
- 31 the application fee for prescriptive privileges shall be as set forth in section 23-1-54.

#### 32 5-34-40.4. Right to use psychiatric and mental health clinical nurse specialist title. ---

- 33 Any person who holds a license to practice as a psychiatric and mental health clinical nurse
- 34 specialist in this state has the right to use the title psychiatric and mental health clinical nurse

- 1 specialist and use the abbreviation "P.C.N.S." No other person may assume that title or use that 2 abbreviation or any other words or letters, signs, figures, or devices to indicate that the person 3 using it is a psychiatric and mental health clinical nurse specialist. 5-34-41. Process for prescriptive privileges of psychiatric and mental health clinical 4 nurse specialist. -- (a) Prescriptive privileges for the psychiatric and mental health clinical nurse 5 specialist: 6 (1) Shall be granted under the governance and supervision of the division of professional 7 8 regulations, board of nurse registration and nurse education; and 9 (2) Shall include prescription of certain psychotropic and certain legend medications, controlled substances from Schedule II classified as stimulants, and controlled substances from 10 11 Schedule IV, that are prescribed in regulations; (3) Shall not include controlled substances from Schedules I, II, III and V and those 12 13 certain legend medications not included in subdivision (2) of this subsection; and 14 (4) Shall be granted for psychiatric and mental health clinical nurse specialists who have 15 a master's degree in nursing. 16 (b) A psychiatric and mental health clinical nurse specialist as stated in section 5-34-3 shall be permitted to prescribe in accordance with annually updated guidelines, written in 17 18 collaboration with the medical director or physician consultant of their individual establishments. 19 (c) A psychiatric and mental health clinical nurse specialist in independent practice does 20 not have prescriptive privileges. 21 (d) To qualify for prescriptive privileges a psychiatric and mental health clinical nurse 22 specialist, as stated in section 5 34-3, shall submit on forms provided by the board of nurse 23 registration and nursing education, verified by oath, that the applicant has evidence of completion of thirty (30) hours of education in pharmacology of psychotropic drugs and certain legend 24 25 medications within the three (3) year period immediately prior to date of application. To maintain 26 prescriptive privileges the psychiatric and mental health clinical nurse specialist must submit 27 upon request of the board of nurse registration and nursing education evidence of thirty (30) 28 hours continuing education in pharmacology of psychotropic drugs every six (6) years. 29 SECTION 4. Sections 5-34.2-2 and 5-34.2-3 of the General Laws in Chapter 5-34.2 30 entitled "Nurse Anesthetists" are hereby amended to read as follows: 31 5-34.2-2. Definitions. -- (a) "Board" means the board of nurse registration and nurse 32 education established in section 5-34-4. (b) "Certified registered nurse anesthetist" (CRNA) means a registered nurse who has 33
- 34 successfully met the requirements stated in this chapter.

1 (c) "Practice of certified registered nurse anesthesia" means providing certain health care 2 services under the supervision of in collaboration with anesthesiologists, licensed physicians, or 3 licensed dentists in accordance with section 5-31.1-1(16) which requires substantial specialized 4 knowledge, judgment and skill related to the administration of anesthesia, including preoperative 5 and postoperative assessment of patients; administering anesthetics; monitoring patients during anesthesia; management of fluid in intravenous therapy and management of respiratory care. It 6 7 also includes, in connection with the immediate perioperative care of a patient, the ability to issue 8 a medication order for drugs or medications to be administered by a licensed, certified, or 9 registered health care provider; to order and evaluate laboratory and diagnostic test results and 10 perform point of care testing that the CRNA is qualified to perform; and order and evaluate 11 radiographic imaging studies that the CRNA is qualified to order and interpret. For the purposes 12 of this section, the immediate perioperative care of a patient shall be defined as the period 13 commencing on the day prior to surgery and ending upon discharge of the patient from post-14 anesthesia care. 15 5-34.2-3. Requirements for licensure of the nurse anesthetist. -- Requirements for 16 licensure as a nurse anesthetist shall consist of the following: 17 (1) Current licensure as a professional registered nurse in the state; and 18 (2) Graduation from an educational program accredited by the American Association of 19 Nurse Anesthetists council on accreditation of nurse anesthesia educational programs or its 20 predecessors or successors, and which has as its objective preparation of nurses to practice nurse 21 anesthesia; and 22 (3) Initial certification by the American Association of Nurse Anesthetists council on certification of nurse anesthetists and recertification, as applicable by the American Association 23 24 of Nurse Anesthetists council on recertification of nurse anesthetists or their predecessors or 25 successors. 26 (4) The requirements stated in subdivision (3) of this section do not apply to a graduate 27 nurse anesthetist awaiting initial certification results, providing that initial certification is 28 accomplished within ninety (90) days upon completion of an accredited nurse anesthesia 29 educational program. 30 (5) The requirements stated in subdivisions (2) and (3) of this section do not apply to a 31 professional registered nurse who practices nursing in accordance with the provisions of the 32 Nurse Practice Act, chapter 34 of this title, and who is enrolled as a bona fide student in an

33 accredited nurse anesthesia program providing nurse anesthesia under the supervision of a

34 certified registered nurse anesthetist and anesthesiologist.

- 1 (6) Beginning July 21, 1992, all nurse anesthetists shall be afforded the same period of 2 time to become licensed. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, no person practicing as a 3 nurse anesthetist in Rhode Island on July 1, 1991, shall be required to obtain proper certification 4 under this chapter. However, as required by subdivision (3) of this section, persons who become 5 certified under this section shall become recertified as applicable.
- 6 SECTION 5. This act shall take effect upon passage.

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## EXPLANATION

## BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

## OF

## AN ACT

## RELATING TO BUSINESSES AND PROFESSIONS -- NURSES

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- 1 This act would amend and greatly expand the role and duties of certain types of nurses in
- 2 the health care profession, especially the role and authority of advance practice registered nurses.
  - This act would take effect upon passage.

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