2013 -- S 0531

LC01242

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2013

AN ACT

RELATING TO HUMAN SERVICES - THE RHODE ISLAND WORKS PROGRAM

Introduced By: Senators Pichardo, Jabour, Goldin, and Crowley

<u>Date Introduced:</u> February 28, 2013

Referred To: Senate Finance

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Sections 40-5.2-10 and 40-5.2-12 of the General Laws in Chapter 40-5.2
- 2 entitled "The Rhode Island Works Program" are hereby amended to read as follows:
- 40-5.2-10. Necessary requirements and conditions. -- The following requirements and
 conditions shall be necessary to establish eligibility for the program.
- 5 (a) Citizenship, alienage and residency requirements.
- 6 (1) A person shall be a resident of the State of Rhode Island.
- 7 (2) Effective October 1, 2008 a person shall be a United States citizen, or shall meet the
- 8 alienage requirements established in section 402(b) of the Personal Responsibility and Work
- 9 Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, PRWORA, Public Laws No. 104-193 and as that section
- may hereafter be amended; a person who is not a United States citizen and does not meet the
- 11 alienage requirements established in PRWORA, as amended, is not eligible for cash assistance in
- 12 accordance with this chapter.
- 13 (b) The family/assistance unit must meet any other requirements established by the
- 14 department of human services by rules and regulations adopted pursuant to the Administrative
- 15 Procedures Act, as necessary to promote the purpose and goals of this chapter.
- 16 (c) Receipt of cash assistance is conditional upon compliance with all program requirements.
- 18 (d) All individuals domiciled in this state shall be exempt from the application of
- 19 subdivision 115(d)(1)(A) of Public Law 104-193, the Personal Responsibility and Work

- Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, PRWORA, which makes any individual ineligible for certain state and federal assistance if that individual has been convicted under federal or state law of any offense which is classified as a felony by the law of the jurisdiction and which has as an element the possession, use, or distribution of a controlled substance as defined in section 102(6)
 - (e) Individual employment plan as a condition of eligibility.

of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802(6)).

- (1) Following receipt of an application, the department of human services shall assess the financial conditions of the family, including the non-parent caretaker relative who is applying for cash assistance for himself or herself as well as for the minor child(ren),in the context of an eligibility determination. If a parent or non parent caretaker relative is unemployed or underemployed, the department shall conduct an initial assessment, taking into account: (A) the physical capacity, skills, education, work experience, health, safety, family responsibilities and place of residence of the individual; and (B) the child care and supportive services required by the applicant to avail himself or herself of employment opportunities and/or work readiness programs.
- (2) On the basis of such assessment, the department of human services and the department of labor and training, as appropriate, in consultation with the applicant, shall develop an individual employment plan for the family which requires the individual to participate in the intensive employment services. Intensive employment services shall be defined as the work requirement activities in subsections 40-5.2-12(g) and (i).
- (3) The director, or his/her designee, may assign a case manager to an applicant/participant, as appropriate.
 - (4) The department of labor and training and the department of human services in conjunction with the participant shall develop a revised individual employment plan which shall identify employment objectives, taking into consideration factors above, and shall include a strategy for immediate employment and for preparing for, finding, and retaining employment consistent, to the extent practicable, with the individual's career objectives.
- (5) The individual employment plan must include the provision for the participant to engage in work requirements as outlined in section 40-5.2-12 of this chapter.
- (6) (A) The participant shall attend and participate immediately in intensive assessment and employment services as the first step in the individual employment plan, unless temporarily exempt from this requirement in accordance with this chapter. Intensive assessment and employment services shall be defined as the work requirement activities in subsections 40-5.2-12(g) and (i).

- 1 (B) Parents under age twenty (20) without a high school diploma or General Equivalency 2 Diploma (GED) shall be referred to special teen parent programs which will provide intensive 3 services designed to assist teen parent to complete high school education or GED, and to continue 4 approved work plan activities in accord with Works program requirements. 5 (7) The applicant shall become a participant in accordance with this chapter at the time the individual employment plan is signed and entered into. 6 7 (8) Applicants and participants of the Rhode Island Work Program shall agree to comply 8 with the terms of the individual employment plan, and shall cooperate fully with the steps 9 established in the individual employment plan, including the work requirements. 10 (9) The department of human services has the authority under the chapter to require 11 attendance by the applicant/participant, either at the department of human services or at the 12 department of labor and training, at appointments deemed necessary for the purpose of having the 13 applicant enter into and become eligible for assistance through the Rhode Island Work Program.
 - Said appointments include, but are not limited to, the initial interview, orientation and assessment; job readiness and job search. Attendance is required as a condition of eligibility for cash assistance in accordance with rules and regulations established by the department.

 (10) As a condition of eligibility for assistance pursuant to this chapter, the applicant/participant shall be obligated to keep appointments, attend orientation meetings at the department of human services and/or the Rhode Island department of labor and training,
- 21 employment plan in accordance with department of human service rules and regulations.
 - (11) A participant, including a parent or non-parent caretaker relative included in the cash assistance payment, shall not voluntarily quit a job or refuse a job unless there is good cause as defined in this chapter or the department's rules and regulations.

participate in any initial assessments or appraisals and comply with all the terms of the individual

- (12) A participant who voluntarily quits or refuses a job without good cause, as defined in subsection 40-5.2-12(l), while receiving cash assistance in accordance with this chapter, shall be sanctioned in accordance with rules and regulations promulgated by the department.
 - (f) Resources.

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

- (1) The Family or assistance unit's countable resources shall be less than the allowable resource limit established by the department in accordance with this chapter.
- (2) No family or assistance unit shall be eligible for assistance payments if the combined value of its available resources (reduced by any obligations or debts with respect to such resources) exceeds one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- 34 (3) For purposes of this subsection, the following shall not be counted as resources of the

1 family/assistance unit in the determination of eligibility for the works program: 2 (A) The home owned and occupied by a child, parent, relative or other individual; 3 (B) Real property owned by a husband and wife as tenants by the entirety, if the property 4 is not the home of the family and if the spouse of the applicant refuses to sell his or her interest in 5 the property; (C) Real property which the family is making a good faith effort to dispose of, however, 6 7 any cash assistance payable to the family for any such period shall be conditioned upon such 8 disposal of the real property within six (6) months of the date of application and any payments of 9 assistance for that period shall (at the time of disposal) be considered overpayments to the extent 10 that they would not have occurred at the beginning of the period for which the payments were 11 made. All overpayments are debts subject to recovery in accordance with the provisions of the 12 chapter; 13 (D) Income producing property other than real estate including, but not limited to, 14 equipment such as farm tools, carpenter's tools and vehicles used in the production of goods or 15 Services which the department determines are necessary for the family to earn a living; 16 (E) One vehicle for each adult household member, but not to exceed two (2) vehicles per 17 household, and in addition, a vehicle used primarily for income producing purposes such as, but 18 not limited to, a taxi, truck or fishing boat; a vehicle used as a family's home; a vehicle which 19 annually produces income consistent with its fair market value, even if only used on a seasonal 20 basis; a vehicle necessary to transport a family member with a disability where the vehicle is 21 specially equipped to meet the specific needs of the person with a disability or if the vehicle is a 22 special type of vehicle that makes it possible to transport the person with a disability; 23 (F) Household furnishings and appliances, clothing, personal effects and keepsakes of 24 limited value: 25 (G) Burial plots (one for each child, relative, and other individual in the assistance unit), 26 and funeral arrangements; 27 (H) For the month of receipt and the following month, any refund of federal income 28 taxes made to the family by reason of section 32 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, 26 U.S.C. 29 section 32 (relating to earned income tax credit), and any payment made to the family by an 30 employer under section 3507 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, 26 U.S.C. section 3507 31 (relating to advance payment of such earned income credit); 32 (I) The resources of any family member receiving supplementary security income

assistance under the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. section 301 et seq.

33

34

(g) Income.

1	(1) Except as otherwise provided for herein, in determining eligibility for and the amount
2	of cash assistance to which a family is entitled under this chapter, the income of a family includes
3	all of the money, goods, and services received or actually available to any member of the family.
4	(2) In determining the eligibility for and the amount of cash assistance to which a
5	family/assistance unit is entitled under this chapter, income in any month shall not include the
6	first one hundred seventy dollars (\$170) of gross earnings plus fifty percent (50%) of the gross
7	earnings of the family in excess of one hundred seventy dollars (\$170) earned during the month.
8	(3) The income of a family shall not include:
9	(A) The first fifty dollars (\$50.00) in child support received in any month from each non-
10	custodial parent of a child plus any arrearages in child support (to the extent of the first fifty
11	dollars (\$50.00) per month multiplied by the number of months in which the support has been in
12	arrears) which are paid in any month by a non-custodial parent of a child;
13	(B) Earned income of any child;
14	(C) Income received by a family member who is receiving supplemental security income
15	(SSI) assistance under Title XVI of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. section 1381 et seq.;
16	(D) The value of assistance provided by state or federal government or private agencies
17	to meet nutritional needs, including: value of USDA donated foods; value of supplemental food
18	assistance received under the Child Nutrition Act of 1966, as amended and the special food
19	service program for children under Title VII, nutrition program for the elderly, of the Older
20	Americans Act of 1965 as amended, and the value of food stamps;
21	(E) Value of certain assistance provided to undergraduate students, including any grant
22	or loan for an undergraduate student for educational purposes made or insured under any loan
23	program administered by the U.S. Commissioner of Education (or the Rhode Island board of
24	governors for higher education or the Rhode Island higher educational assistance authority);
25	(F) Foster Care Payments;
26	(G) Home energy assistance funded by state or federal government or by a nonprofit
27	organization;
28	(H) Payments for supportive services or reimbursement of out-of-pocket expenses made
29	to foster grandparents, senior health aides or senior companions and to persons serving in SCORE
30	and ACE and any other program under Title II and Title III of the Domestic Volunteer Service
31	Act of 1973, 42 U.S.C. section 5000 et seq.;
32	(I) Payments to volunteers under AmeriCorps VISTA as defined in the department's
33	rules and regulations;
34	(J) Certain payments to native Americans; payments distributed per capita to, or held in

- 1 trust for, members of any Indian Tribe under P.L. 92-254, 25 U.S.C. section 1261 et seq., P.L. 93-
- 2 134, 25 U.S.C. section 1401 et seq., or P.L. 94-540; receipts distributed to members of certain
- 3 Indian tribes which are referred to in section 5 of P.L. 94-114, 25 U.S.C. section 459d, that
- 4 became effective October 17, 1975;

- (K) Refund from the federal and state earned income tax credit;
- 6 (L) The value of any state, local, or federal government rent or housing subsidy,
 7 provided that this exclusion shall not limit the reduction in benefits provided for in the payment
 8 standard section of this chapter.
 - (4) The receipt of a lump sum of income shall affect participants for cash assistance in accordance with rules and regulations promulgated by the department.
 - (h) Time limit on the receipt of cash assistance.
 - (1) Except as provided in subdivision (3) below with respect to certain minor children, No no cash assistance shall be provided, pursuant to this chapter, to a family or assistance unit which includes an adult member who has received cash assistance, either for him/herself or on behalf of his/her children, for a total of twenty four (24) forty-eight (48) months, (whether or not consecutive) within any sixty (60) continuous months after July 1, 2008 to include any time receiving any type of cash assistance in any other state or territory of the United States of America as defined herein. Provided further, in no circumstances other than provided for in section (3) below with respect to certain minor children, shall cash assistance be provided pursuant to this chapter to a family or assistance unit which includes an adult member who has received cash assistance for a total of a lifetime limit of forty eight (48) months.
 - (2) Cash benefits received by a minor dependent child shall not be counted toward their lifetime time limit for receiving benefits under this chapter should that minor child apply for cash benefits as an adult.
 - (3) Certain minor children not subject to time limit. This section regarding the lifetime time limit for the receipt of cash assistance, shall not apply only in the instances of a minor child(ren) living with a parent who receives SSI benefits and a minor child(ren) living with a responsible adult non-parent caretaker relative who is not in the case assistance payment.
 - (4) Receipt of family cash assistance in any other state or territory of the United States of America shall be determined by the department of human services and shall include family cash assistance funded in whole or in part by Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) funds [Title IV-A of the Federal Social Security Act 42 U.S.C. section 601 et seq.]and/or family cash assistance provided under a program similar to the Rhode Island Families Work and Opportunity Program or the federal TANF program.

(5) (A) The department of human service shall mail a notice to each assistance unit when the assistance unit has six (6) months of cash assistance remaining and each month thereafter until the time limit has expired. The notice must be developed by the department of human services and must contain information about the lifetime time limit, the number of months the participant has remaining, the hardship extension policy, the availability of a post-employment-and-closure bonus, and any other information pertinent to a family or an assistance unit nearing either the twenty four (24) month or forty-eight (48) month lifetime time limit.

- (B) For applicants who have less than six (6) months remaining in either the twenty four (24) month or forty-eight (48) month lifetime time limit because the family or assistance unit previously received cash assistance in Rhode Island or in another state, the department shall notify the applicant of the number of months remaining when the application is approved and begin the process required in paragraph (A) above.
- (6) If a cash assistance recipient family closed pursuant to Rhode Island's Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Program, (federal TANF described in Title IV A of the Federal Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. 601 et seq.) formerly entitled the Rhode Island Family Independence Program, more specifically under subdivision 40-5.1-9(2)(c), due to sanction because of failure to comply with the cash assistance program requirements; and that recipients family received forty-eight (48) months of cash benefits in accordance with the Family Independence Program, than that recipient family is not able to receive further cash assistance for his/her family, under this chapter, except under hardship exceptions.
- (7) The months of state or federally funded cash assistance received by a recipient family since May 1, 1997 under Rhode Island's Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Program, (federal TANF described in Title IV A of the Federal Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. section 601 et seq.) formerly entitled the Rhode Island Family Independence Program, shall be countable toward the time limited cash assistance described in this chapter.
 - (i) Time limit on the receipt of cash assistance.
- (1) (A) No cash assistance shall be provided, pursuant to this chapter, to a family assistance unit in which an adult member has received cash assistance for a total of sixty (60) months (whether or not consecutive) to include any time receiving any type of cash assistance in any other state or territory of the United States as defined herein effective August 1, 2008. Provided further, that no cash assistance shall be provided to a family in which an adult member has received assistance for twenty four (24) consecutive months unless the adult member has a rehabilitation employment plan as provided in subsection 40-5.2-12(g)(5).
 - (B) Effective August 1, 2008 no cash assistance shall be provided pursuant to this

- chapter to a family in which a child has received cash assistance for a total of sixty (60) months (whether or not consecutive) if the parent is ineligible for assistance under this chapter pursuant to subdivision 40-5.2(a) (2) to include any time received any type of cash assistance in any other state or territory of the United States as defined herein.
 - (j) Hardship Exceptions.

- (1) The department may extend an assistance unit's or family's cash assistance beyond the time limit, by reason of hardship; provided, however, that the number of such families to be exempted by the department with respect to their time limit under this subsection shall not exceed twenty percent (20%) of the average monthly number of families to which assistance is provided for under this chapter in a fiscal year; provided, however, that to the extent now or hereafter permitted by federal law, any waiver granted under section 40-5.2-35, for domestic violence, shall not be counted in determining the twenty percent (20%) maximum under this section.
- (2) Parents who receive extensions to the time limit due to hardship must have and comply with employment plans designed to remove or ameliorate the conditions that warranted the extension.
 - (k) Parents under eighteen (18) years of age.
- (1) A family consisting of a parent who is under the age of eighteen (18), and who has never been married, and who has a child; or a family which consists of a woman under the age of eighteen (18) who is at least six (6) months pregnant, shall be eligible for cash assistance only if such family resides in the home of an adult parent, legal guardian or other adult relative. Such assistance shall be provided to the adult parent, legal guardian, or other adult relative on behalf of the individual and child unless otherwise authorized by the department.
- (2) This subsection shall not apply if the minor parent or pregnant minor has no parent, legal guardian or other adult relative who is living and/or whose whereabouts are unknown; or the department determines that the physical or emotional health or safety of the minor parent, or his or her child, or the pregnant minor, would be jeopardized if he or she was required to live in the same residence as his or her parent, legal guardian or other adult relative (refusal of a parent, legal guardian or other adult relative to allow the minor parent or his or her child, or a pregnant minor, to live in his or her home shall constitute a presumption that the health or safety would be so jeopardized); or the minor parent or pregnant minor has lived apart from his or her own parent or legal guardian for a period of at least one year before either the birth of any child to a minor parent or the onset of the pregnant minor's pregnancy; or there is good cause, under departmental regulations, for waiving the subsection; and the individual resides in supervised supportive living arrangement to the extent available.

(3) For purposes of this section "supervised supportive living arrangement" means an arrangement which requires minor parents to enroll and make satisfactory progress in a program leading to a high school diploma or a general education development certificate, and requires minor parents to participate in the adolescent parenting program designated by the department, to the extent the program is available; and provides rules and regulations which ensure regular adult supervision.

- 7 (l) Assignment and Cooperation. As a condition of eligibility for cash and medical 8 assistance under this chapter, each adult member, parent or caretaker relative of the 9 family/assistance unit must:
 - (1) Assign to the state any rights to support for children within the family from any person which the family member has at the time the assignment is executed or may have while receiving assistance under this chapter;
 - (2) Consent to and cooperate with the state in establishing the paternity and in establishing and/or enforcing child support and medical support orders for all children in the family or assistance unit in accordance with Title 15 of the general laws, as amended, unless the parent or caretaker relative is found to have good cause for refusing to comply with the requirements of this subsection.
 - (3) Absent good cause, as defined by the department of human services through the rule making process, for refusing to comply with the requirements of (1) and (2) above, cash assistance to the family shall be reduced by twenty-five percent (25%) until the adult member of the family who has refused to comply with the requirements of this subsection consents to and cooperates with the state in accordance with the requirements of this subsection.
 - (4) As a condition of eligibility for cash and medical assistance under this chapter, each adult member, parent or caretaker relative of the family/assistance unit must consent to and cooperate with the state in identifying and providing information to assist the state in pursuing any third-party who may be liable to pay for care and services under Title XIX of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. section 1396 et seq.
 - 40-5.2-12. Work requirements for receipt of cash assistance. -- (a) The department of human services and the department of labor and training shall assess the applicant/parent or non-parent caretaker relative's work experience, educational and vocational abilities, and the department together with the parent shall develop and enter into a mandatory individual employment plan in accordance with subsection 40-5.2-10(e) of this chapter.
 - (b) In the case of a family including two (2) parents, at least one of the parents shall be required to participate in an employment plan leading to full-time employment. The department

1 may also require the second parent in a two (2) parent household to develop an employment plan 2 if and when the youngest child reaches six (6) years of age or older. 3 (c) The written individual employment plan shall specify, at minimum, the immediate 4 steps necessary to support a goal of long-term economic independence. 5 (d) All applicants and participants in the Rhode Island Works employment program must attend and participate in required appointments, employment plan development, and employment-6 7 related activities, unless temporarily exempt for reasons specified in this chapter. 8 (e) A recipient/participant temporarily exempted from the work requirements may 9 participate in an individual employment plan on a voluntary basis, however, remains subject to 10 the same program compliance requirements as a participant without a temporary exemption. 11 (f) The individual employment plan shall specify the participant's work activity(ies) and 12 the supportive services which will be provided by the department to enable the participant to 13 engage in the work activity(ies). 14 (g) Work Requirements for single parent families. - In single parent households, the 15 participant parent or non-parent caretaker relative in the cash assistance payment, shall participate 16 as a condition of eligibility, for a minimum of twenty (20) hours per week if the youngest child in 17 the home is under the age of six (6), and for a minimum of thirty (30) hours per week if the 18 youngest child in the home is six (6) years of age or older, in one or more of their required work 19 activities, as appropriate, in order to help the parent obtain stable full-time paid employment, as 20 determined by the department of human services and the department of labor and training; 21 provided, however, that he or she shall begin with intensive employment services as the first step 22 in the individual employment plan. Required work activities are as follows: 23 (1) At least twenty (20) hours per week must come from participation in one or more of the following ten (10) work activities: 24 25 (A) Unsubsidized employment; 26 (B) Subsidized private sector employment; 27 (C) Subsidized public sector employment; 28 (D) Work experience; 29 (E) On the Job Training; 30 (F) Job search and job readiness; 31 (G) Community service programs; 32 (H) Vocational educational training not to exceed twelve (12) months; 33 (I) Providing child care services to another participant parent who is participating in an

34

approved community service program;

1	(J) Adult education in an intensive work readiness program not to exceed six (6) months.
2	(2) Above twenty (20) hours per week, the parent may participate in one or more of the
3	following three (3) activities in order to satisfy a thirty (30) hour requirement:
4	(A) Job skills training directly related to employment;
5	(B) Education directly related to employment; and,
6	(C) Satisfactory attendance at a secondary school or in a course of study leading to a
7	certificate of general equivalence if it is a teen parent under the age twenty (20) who is without a
8	high school diploma or General Equivalence Diploma (GED);
9	(3) In the case of a parent under the age of twenty (20), attendance at a secondary school
10	or the equivalent during the month or twenty (20) hours per week on average for the month in
11	education directly related to employment will be counted as engaged in work.
12	(4) A parent who participates in a work experience or community service program for
13	the maximum number of hours per week allowable by the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) is
14	deemed to have participated in his/her required minimum hours per week in core activities if
15	actual participation falls short of his/her required minimum hours per week.
16	(5) A parent who has been determined to have a physical or mental impairment affecting
17	employment but who has not been found eligible for Social Security Disability Benefits or
18	Supplemental Security Income must participate in his or her rehabilitation employment plan as
19	developed with the Office of Rehabilitative Services which leads to employment and/or to receipt
20	of disability benefits through the Social Security Administration.
21	(6) A required work activity may be any other work activity permissible under federal
22	TANF provisions or state defined Rhode Island Works Program activity, including up to ten (10)
23	hours of activities required by a parent's department of children, youth and families service plan.
24	(h) Exemptions from Work Requirements for the single parent family Work
25	Requirements outlined in subsection 40-5.2-12(g) above shall not apply to a single parent if (and
26	for so long as) the department finds that he or she is:
27	(1) Caring for a child below the age of one, provided, however that a parent may opt for
28	the deferral from an individual employment plan for a maximum of twelve (12) months during
29	the twenty four (24) forty-eight (48) months of eligibility for cash assistance, and provided
30	further that a minor parent without a high school diploma or the equivalent, and who is not
31	married, shall not be exempt for more than twelve weeks from the birth of the child;
32	(2) Caring for a disabled family member, who resides in the home and requires full time
33	care;
34	(3) A recipient of Social Security Disability benefits or Supplemental Security Income or

1	other disability benefits which have the same standard of disability as defined by the Social
2	Security Administration;
3	(4) An individual receiving assistance who is a victim of domestic violence as
4	determined by the department in accordance with rules and regulations;
5	(5) An applicant for assistance in her third trimester or a pregnant woman in her third
6	trimester who is a recipient of assistance and has medical documentation that she cannot work;
7	(6) An individual otherwise exempt by the department as defined in rules and regulations
8	promulgated by the department.
9	(i) Work Requirement for two parent families.
10	(1) In families consisting of two parents, one parent is required and shall be engaged in
11	work activities as defined below, for at least thirty-five (35) hours per week during the month, not
12	fewer than thirty (30) hours per week of which are attributable to one or more of the following
13	listed work activities, provided, however, that he or she shall begin with intensive employment
14	services as the first step in the Individual Employment Plan. Two parent work requirements shall
15	be defined as the following:
16	(A) Unsubsidized employment;
17	(B) Subsidized private sector employment;
18	(C) Subsidized public-sector employment;
19	(D) Work experience;
20	(E) On-the-job training;
21	(F) Job search and job readiness;
22	(G) Community service program;
23	(H) Vocational educational training not to exceed twelve (12) months;
24	(I) The provision of child care services to a participant individual who is participating in
25	a community service program;
26	(J) Adult education in an intensive work readiness program not to exceed six (6) months.
27	(2) Above thirty (30) hours per week, the following three (3) activities may also count
28	for participation:
29	(A) Job skills training directly related to employment;
30	(B) Education directly related to employment; and
31	(C) Satisfactory attendance at secondary school or in a course of study leading to a
32	certificate of general equivalence.
33	(3) A family with two parents in which one or both parents participate in a work
34	experience or community service program shall be deemed to have participated in core work

activities for the maximum number of hours per week allowable by the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) if actual participation falls short of his/her required minimum hours per week.

- (4) If the family receives child care assistance and an adult in the family is not disabled or caring for a severely disabled child, then the work-eligible individuals must be participating in work activities for an average of at least fifty-five (55) hours per week to count as a two-parent family engaged in work for the month.
- 7 (5) At least fifty (50) of the fifty-five (55) hours per week must come from participation 8 in the activities listed in subdivision 40-5.1-12(i)(1).
 - Above fifty (50) hours per week, the three (3) activities listed in subdivision 40-5.1-(i)(2) may also count as participation.
 - (6) A family with two parents receiving child care in which one or both parents participate in a work experience or community service program for the maximum number of hours per week allowable by the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) will be considered to have met their required core hours if actual participation falls short of the required minimum hours per week. For families that need additional hours beyond the core activity requirement, these hours must be satisfied in some other TANF work activity.
 - (j) Exemptions from work requirements for two parent families. Work requirements outlined in subsection 40-5.2-12(i) above shall not apply to two parent families if (and for so long as) the department finds that:
 - (1) Both parents receive Supplemental Security Income (SSI);
 - (2) One parent receives SSI, and the other parent is caring for a disabled family member who resides in the home, and who requires full time care; or
- 23 (3) The parents are otherwise exempt by the department as defined in rules and regulations.
 - (k) Failure to comply with work requirements. Sanctions and Terminations.
 - (1) The cash assistance to which an otherwise eligible family/assistance unit is entitled under this chapter, shall be reduced for three (3) months, whether or not consecutive, in accordance with rules and regulations promulgated by the department, whenever any participant, without good cause, as defined by the department in its rules and regulations, has failed to enter into an individual employment plan; has failed to attend a required appointment; has refused or quit employment; or has failed to comply with any other requirements for the receipt of cash assistance under this chapter. If the family's benefit has been reduced, benefits shall be restored to the full amount beginning with the initial payment made on the first of the month following the month in which the parent: (1) enters into an individual employment plan or rehabilitation plan

and demonstrates compliance with the terms thereof; or (2) demonstrates compliance with the terms of his or her existing individual employment plan or rehabilitation plan, as such plan may be amended by agreement of the parent and the department.

- (2) In the case where appropriate child care has been made available in accordance with this chapter, a participant's failure, without good cause, to accept a bona fide offer of work, including full-time, part-time and/or temporary employment, or unpaid work experience or community service, shall be deemed a failure to comply with the work requirements of this section and shall result in reduction or termination of cash assistance, as defined by the department in rules and regulations duly promulgated.
- (3) If the family/assistance unit's benefit has been reduced for a total of three (3) months, whether or not consecutive in accordance with this section due to the failure by one or more parents to enter into an individual employment plan or failure to comply with the terms of his of her individual employment plan, or the failure to comply with the requirements of this chapter, cash assistance to the entire family shall end. The family/assistance unit may reapply for benefits, and the benefits shall be restored to the family/assistance unit in the full amount the family/assistance unit is otherwise eligible for under this chapter beginning on the first of the month following the month in which all parents in the family/assistance unit who are subject to the employment or rehabilitation plan requirements under this chapter: (A) enter into an individual employment or rehabilitation plan as applicable, and demonstrate compliance with the terms thereof, or (B) demonstrate compliance with the terms of the parent's individual employment or rehabilitation employment plan in effect at the time of termination of benefits, as such plan may be amended by agreement of the parent and the department.
- (4) Up to ten (10) days following a notice of adverse action to reduce or terminate benefits under this subsection, the client may request the opportunity to meet with a social worker to identify the reasons for non-compliance, establish good cause and seek to resolve any issues that have prevented the parent from complying with the employment plan requirements.
- (5) Participants whose cases had closed in sanction status pursuant to Rhode Island's prior Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Program, (federal TANF described in Title IVA of the federal Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. section 601 et seq.), the Family Independence Program, more specifically, subdivision 40-5.1-9(2)(c), due to failure to comply with the cash assistance program requirements, but who had received less than forty-eight (48) months of cash assistance at the time of closure, and who reapply for cash assistance under the Rhode Island Works Program, must demonstrate full compliance, as defined by the department in its rules and regulations, before they shall be eligible for cash assistance pursuant to this chapter.

- 1 (l) Good Cause. Good Cause for failing to meet any program requirements including
- 2 leaving employment, and failure to fulfill documentation requirements, shall be outlined in rules
- 3 and regulations promulgated by the department of human services.
- 4 SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage.

LC01242

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO HUMAN SERVICES - THE RHODE ISLAND WORKS PROGRAM

This act would increase work participation by streamlining the process for receiving temporary cash assistance and improving work-readiness services for parents with limited literacy.

This act would take effect upon passage.