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STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2013

AN ACT

RELATING TO FOOD AND DRUGS - UNIFORM CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT

Introduced By: Representatives McNamara, Corvese, Cimini, Bennett, and SilvaDate Introduced: February 07, 2013Referred To: House Judiciary

(Attorney General)

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

SECTION 1. Sections 21-28-1.0.2 and 21-28-2.0.8 of the General Laws in Chapter 21-28 entitled "Uniform Controlled Substances Act" are hereby amended to read as follows:

21-28-1.02. **Definitions.** -- Unless the context otherwise requires, the words and phrases as defined in this section are used in this chapter in the sense given them in the following definitions:

- (1) "Administer" refers to the direct application of controlled substances to the body of a patient or research subject by:
- 8 (i) A practitioner, or, in his or her presence by his or her authorized agent; or
 - (ii) The patient or research subject at the direction and in the presence of the practitioner whether the application is by injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other means.
 - (2) "Agent" means an authorized person who acts on behalf of or at the direction of a manufacturer, wholesaler, distributor, or dispenser; except that these terms do not include a common or contract carrier or warehouse operator, when acting in the usual and lawful course of the carrier's or warehouse operator's business.
 - (3) "Apothecary" means a registered pharmacist as defined by the laws of this state and, where the context requires, the owner of a licensed pharmacy or other place of business where controlled substances are compounded or dispensed by a registered pharmacist; and includes registered assistant pharmacists as defined by existing law, but nothing in this chapter shall be construed as conferring on a person who is not registered as a pharmacist any authority, right, or

- 1 privilege that is not granted to him or her by the pharmacy laws of the state. 2 (4) "Automated data processing system" means a system utilizing computer software and 3 hardware for the purposes of record keeping. 4 (5) "Computer" means programmable electronic device capable of multi-functions, 5 including, but not limited to, storage, retrieval, and processing of information. (6) "Control" means to add a drug or other substance or immediate precursor to a 6 7 schedule under this chapter, whether by transfer from another schedule or otherwise. 8 (7) "Controlled substance" means a drug, substance, or immediate precursor in schedules 9 I -- V of this chapter. The term shall not include distilled spirits, wine, or malt beverages, as those 10 terms are defined or used in chapter 1 of title 3, nor tobacco. 11 (8) "Counterfeit substance" means a controlled substance which, or the container or 12 labeling of which, without authorization bears the trademark, trade name, or other identifying 13 mark, imprint, number, or device, or any likeness of them, of a manufacturer, distributor, or 14 dispenser, other than the person or persons who in fact manufactured, distributed, or dispensed 15 the substance and which thereby falsely purports or is represented to be the product of, or to have 16 been distributed by, the other manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser, or which substance is 17 falsely purported to be or represented to be one of the controlled substances by a manufacturer, 18 distributor, or dispenser. 19 (9) "CRT" means cathode ray tube used to impose visual information on a screen. 20 (10) "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive, or attempted transfer of a 21 controlled substance or imitation controlled substance, whether or not there exists an agency 22 relationship. 23 (11) "Department" means the department of health of this state.
- 24 (12) "Depressant or stimulant drug" means:
- 25 (i) A drug which contains any quantity of:

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- 26 (A) Barbituric acid or derivatives, compounds, mixtures, or preparations of barbituric 27 acid; and
 - (B) "Barbiturate" or "barbiturates" includes all hypnotic and/or somnifacient drugs, whether or not derivatives of barbituric acid, except that this definition shall not include bromides and narcotics.
- 31 (ii) A drug which contains any quantity of:
- 32 (A) Amphetamine or any of its optical isomers;
- 33 (B) Any salt of amphetamine and/or desoxyephedrine or any salt of an optical isomer of 34 amphetamine and/or desoxyephedrine, or any compound, mixture, or preparation of them.

1 (iii) A drug which contains any quantity of coca leaves. "Coca leaves" includes cocaine, 2 or any compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of coca leaves, except 3 derivatives of coca leaves, which do not contain cocaine, ecgonine, or substance from which 4 cocaine or ecgonine may be synthesized or made. 5 (iv) Any other drug or substance which contains any quantity of a substance which the attorney general of the United States, or the director of health, after investigation, has found to 6 7 have, or by regulation designates as having, a potential for abuse because of its depressant or 8 stimulant effect on the central nervous system. 9 (13) "Director" means the director of health. 10 (14) "Dispense" means to deliver, distribute, leave with, give away, or dispose of a 11 controlled substance to the ultimate user or human research subject by or pursuant to the lawful 12 order of a practitioner, including the packaging, labeling, or compounding necessary to prepare 13 the substance for that delivery. 14 (15) "Dispenser" is a practitioner who delivers a controlled substance to the ultimate user 15 or human research subject. 16 (16) "Distribute" means to deliver (other than by administering or dispensing) a 17 controlled substance or an imitation controlled substance and includes actual constructive, or 18 attempted transfer. "Distributor" means a person who so delivers a controlled substance or an 19 imitation controlled substance. 20 (17) "Downtime" means that period of time when a computer is not operable. 21 (18) "Drug addicted person" means a person who exhibits a maladaptive pattern of 22 behavior resulting from drug use, including one or more of the following: impaired control over 23 drug use; compulsive use; and/or continued use despite harm, and craving. 24 (19) "Drug Enforcement Administration" means the Drug Enforcement Administration United States Department of Justice or its successor. 25 26 (20) "Federal law" means the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 27 1970, (84 stat. 1236)(see generally 21 U.S.C. section 801 et seq.), and all regulations pertaining to 28 that federal act. 29 (21) "Hardware" means the fixed component parts of a computer. 30 (22) "Hospital" means an institution as defined in chapter 17 of title 23. 31 (23) "Imitation controlled substance" means a substance that is not a controlled 32 substance, which by dosage unit, appearance (including color, shape, size, and markings), or by

representations made, would lead a reasonable person to believe that the substance is a controlled

substance and, which imitation controlled substances contain substances which if ingested, could

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- be injurious to the health of a person. In those cases when the appearance of the dosage unit is not reasonably sufficient to establish that the substance is an "imitation controlled substance" (for example in the case of powder or liquid), the court or authority concerned should consider, in addition to all other logically relevant factors, the following factors as related to "representations made" in determining whether the substance is an "imitation controlled substance":
 - (i) Statement made by an owner, possessor, transferor, recipient, or by anyone else in control of the substance concerning the nature of the substance, or its use or effect.
- 8 (ii) Statements made by the owner, possessor, or transferor, to the recipient that the 9 substance may be resold for substantial profit.
 - (iii) Whether the substance is packaged in a manner reasonably similar to packaging of illicit controlled substances.
 - (iv) Whether the distribution or attempted distribution included an exchange of or demand for money or other property as consideration, and whether the amount of the consideration was substantially greater than the reasonable value of the non-controlled substance.
 - (24) "Immediate precursor" means a substance:

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- (i) Which the director of health has found to be and by regulation designated as being the principal compound used, or produced primarily for use, in the manufacture of a controlled substance:
- (ii) Which is an immediate chemical intermediary used or likely to be used in the manufacture of those controlled substances; and
- (iii) The control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail, or limit the manufacture of that controlled substance.
- (25) "Laboratory" means a laboratory approved by the department of health as proper to be entrusted with controlled substances and the use of controlled substances for scientific and medical purposes and for the purposes of instruction.
- (26) "Marijuana" means all parts of the plant cannabis sativa L., whether growing or not; the seeds of the plant; the resin extracted from any part of the plant; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant, its seeds or resin, but shall not include the mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced from the stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of mature stalks, (except the resin extracted from it), fiber, oil or cake, or the sterilized seed from the plant which is incapable of germination.
- (27) "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, cultivation, compounding, or processing of a drug or other substance, including an imitation controlled

1 substance, either directly or indirectly or by extraction from substances of natural origin, or 2 independently by means of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical 3 synthesis and includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of 4 its container in conformity with the general laws of this state except by a practitioner as an 5 incident to his or her administration or dispensing of the drug or substance in the course of his or her professional practice. 6 7 (28) "Manufacturer" means a person who manufactures but does not include an 8 apothecary who compounds controlled substances to be sold or dispensed on prescriptions. 9 (29) "Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical 10 11 synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis: 12 (i) Opium and opiates. 13 (ii) A compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, or preparation of opium or opiates. 14 (iii) A substance (and any compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, or preparation of it) 15 which is chemically identical with any of the substances referred to in paragraphs (i) and (ii) of 16 this subdivision. 17 (iv) Any other substance which the attorney general of the United States, or his or her 18 successor, or the director of health, after investigation, has found to have, and by regulation 19 designates as having, a potential for abuse similar to opium and opiates. 20 (30) "Official written order" means an order written on a form provided for that purpose 21 by the Drug Enforcement Administration under any laws of the United States making provision 22 for an official form, if order forms are authorized and required by federal law, and if no order 23 form is provided then on an official form provided for that purpose by the director of health. 24 (31) "Opiate" means any substance having an addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining 25 liability similar to morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug having addiction-forming 26 or addiction-sustaining liability. 27 (32) "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species papaver somniferum L., except the 28 seeds of the plant. 29 (33) "Ounce" means an avoirdupois ounce as applied to solids and semi-solids, and a 30 fluid ounce as applied to liquids. 31 (34) "Person" means any corporation, association, partnership, or one or more 32 individuals. 33 (35) "Physical dependence" means a state of adaptation that is manifested by a drug class

specific withdrawal syndrome that can be produced by abrupt cessation, rapid dose reduction,

2	(36) "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the opium poppy, after mowing.
3	(37) "Practitioner" means:
4	(i) A physician, osteopath, dentist, chiropodist, veterinarian, scientific investigator, or
5	other person licensed, registered or permitted to distribute, dispense, conduct research with
6	respect to or to administer a controlled substance in the course of professional practice or research
7	in this state.
8	(ii) A pharmacy, hospital, or other institution licensed, registered or permitted to
9	distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to, or to administer a controlled substance in
10	the course of professional practice or research in this state.
11	(38) "Printout" means a hard copy produced by computer that is readable without the aid
12	of any special device.
13	(39) "Production" includes the manufacture, planting, cultivation, growing, or harvesting
14	of a controlled substance.
15	(40) "Researcher" means a person authorized by the director of health to conduct a
16	laboratory as defined in this chapter.
17	(41) "Sell" includes sale, barter, gift, transfer, or delivery in any manner to another, or to
18	offer or agree to do the same.
19	(42) "Software" means programs, procedures and storage of required information data.
20	(43) "Synthetic drugs" means any synthetic cannabinoids or piperazines or any synthetic
21	cathinones as provided for in schedule I;
22	(44)(43) "Ultimate user" means a person who lawfully possesses a controlled substance
23	for his or her own use or for the use of a member of his or her household, or for administering to
24	an animal owned by him or her or by a member of his or her household.
25	(45)(44) "Wholesaler" means a person who sells, vends, or distributes at wholesale, or as
26	a jobber, broker agent, or distributor, or for resale in any manner in this state any controlled
27	substance.
28	21-28-2.08. Contents of schedules Schedule I
29	(a) Schedule I shall consist of the drugs and other substances, by whatever official name,
30	common or usual name, chemical name, or brand name designated, listed in this section.
31	(b) Opiates Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any of
32	the following opiates, including its isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and
33	ethers whenever the existence of the isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the
34	specific chemical designation:

decreasing blood level of the drug, and/or administration of an antagonist.

1	(1) Acetylmethadol
2	(2) Allylprodine
3	(3) Alphacetylmethadol
4	(4) Alphameprodine
5	(5) Alphamethadol
6	(6) Benzethidine
7	(7) Betacetylmethadol
8	(8) Betameprodine
9	(9) Betamethadol
10	(10) Betaprodine
11	(11) Clonitazene
12	(12) Dextromoramide
13	(13) Difenoxin
14	(14) Diampromide
15	(15) Diethylthiambutene
16	(16) Dimenoxadol
17	(17) Dimepheptanol
18	(18) Dimethylthiambutene
19	(19) Dioxaphetyl butyrate
20	(20) Dipipanone
21	(21) Ethylmethylthiambutene
22	(22) Etonitazene
23	(23) Extoxerdine
24	(24) Furethidine
25	(25) Hydroxypethidine
26	(26) Ketobemidone
27	(27) Levomoramide
28	(28) Levophenacylmorphan
29	(29) Morpheridine
30	(30) Noracymethadol
31	(31) Norlevorphanol
32	(32) Normethadone
33	(33) Norpipanone
34	(34) Phenadoxone

1	(35) Phenampromide
2	(36) Phenomorphan
3	(37) Phenoperidine
4	(38) Piritramide
5	(39) Proheptazine
6	(40) Properidine
7	(41) Propiram
8	(42) Racemoramide
9	(43) Trimeperidone
10	(44) Tilidine
11	(45) Alpha-methylfentanyl
12	(46) Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl other names:
13	N-[1-(2hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-3-methyl-4piperidingyl] Nphenylpropanamide
14	(c) Opium Derivatives Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in anothe
15	schedule, any of the following opium derivatives, its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers wheneve
16	the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical
17	designation:
18	(1) Acetorphine
19	(2) Acetyldihydrocodeine
20	(3) Benzylmorphine
21	(4) Codeine methylbromide
22	(5) Codeine-N-Oxide
23	(6) Cyprenorphine
24	(7) Desomorphine
25	(8) Dihydromorphine
26	(9) Etorphine (Except hydrochloride salt)
27	(10) Heroin
28	(11) Hydromorphinol
29	(12) Methyldesorphine
30	(13) Methylihydromorphine
31	(14) Morphine methylbromide
32	(15) Morphine methylsulfonate
33	(16) Morphine-N-Oxide
34	(17) Myrophine

1	(18) Nococodeine
2	(19) Nicomorphine
3	(20) Normorphine
4	(21) Pholcodine
5	(22) Thebacon
6	(23) Drotebanol
7	(d) Hallucinogenic Substances Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in anothe
8	schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation, which contains any quantity of the
9	following hallucinogenic substances, or which contains any of its salts, isomers, and salts o
10	isomers whenever the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the
11	specific chemical designation (for purposes of this subsection only, the term "isomer" include
12	the optical, position, and geometric isomers):
13	(1) 3, 4-methylenedioxy amphetamine
14	(2) 5-methoxy-3, 4-methylenedioxy amphetamine
15	(3) 3, 4, 5-trimethoxy amphetamine
16	(4) Bufotenine
17	(5) Diethyltryptamine
18	(6) Dimethyltryptamine
19	(7) 4-methyl 2, 5-dimethoxyamphetamine
20	(8) Ibogaine
21	(9) Lysergic acid diethylamide
22	(10) Marihuana
23	(11) Mescaline
24	(12) Peyote. Meaning all parts of the plant presently classified botanically as
25	Lophophora Williamsii Lemair whether growing or not; the seeds of the plant; any extract from
26	any part of the plant; and any compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation o
27	the plant, its seeds or extracts.
28	(13) N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate
29	(14) N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate
30	(15) Psilocybin
31	(16) Psilocyn
32	(17) Tetrahydrocannabinols. Synthetic equivalents of the substances contained in the
33	plant, or in the resinous extractives of Cannabis, sp. and/or synthetic substances, derivatives, and
34	their isomers with similar chemical structure and pharmacological activity such as the following

1 delta 1 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers. Delta 6 cis or trans 2 tetrahydrocannabinol and their optical isomers. Delta 3, 4 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol and 3 its optical isomer. (Since nomenclature of these substances is not internationally standardized, 4 compounds of these structures, regardless of numerical designation of atomic positions covered). 5 (18) Thiophene analog of phencyclidine. 1-(1-(2 thienyl) cyclo-hexyl) pipiridine: 2-Thienyl analog of phencyclidine: TPCP 6 7 (19) 2,5 dimethoxyamphetamine 8 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine, 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-alpha-9 methylphenethyamine: 4-bromo-2,5-DMA 10 4-methoxyamphetamine-4-methoxy-alpha-methylphenethylaimine: (21)11 paramethoxyamphetamine: PMA 12 (22) Ethylamine analog of phencyclidine. N-ethyl-1- phenylcyclohexylamine, (1-13 phenylcyclohexyl) ethylamine, N-(1-phenylcyclophexyl) ethylamine, cyclohexamine, PCE 14 (23) Pyrrolidine analog of phencyclidine. 1-(1-phencyclohexyl)- pyrrolidine PCPy, PHP (24) Parahexyl; some trade or other names: 3-Hexyl-1-hydroxy-7,8,9,10-tetrahydro-15 16 6,6,9-trimethyl-6H-dibenz o (b,d) pyran: Synhexyl. 17 (e) Depressants. - Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any 18 material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following 19 substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, 20 and salts of isomers whenever the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible 21 within the specific chemical designation: 22 (1) Mecloqualone. 23 (2) Methaqualone. 24 (3) 3-methyl fentanyl (n-(ethyl-1(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidyl)-N-phenylpropanamide. 25 (4) 3,4-methyl-enedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA), its optical, positional and 26 geometric isomers, salts, and salts of isomers. 27 (5) 1-methyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxypiperidine (MPPP), its optical isomers, salts and 28 salts of isomers. 29 (6) 1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-phenyl-4-acetyloxypiperidine (PEPAP), its optical isomers, salts 30 and salts of isomers. 31 N-(1-(1-methyl-2-phenyl)ethyl-4-piperidyl)-N-phenyl-acetamide (acetyl-alpha-32 methylfentanyl), its optical isomers, salts and salts of isomers.

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(8) N-(1-(1-methyl-2(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidyl)-N-phenylpropanami

methylthiofentanyl), its optical isomers, salts and salts of isomers.

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1	(9) N-(1-benzyl-piperidyl)-N-phenylpropanamide (benzyl-fentanyl), its optical isomers,
2	salts and salts of isomers.
3	(10) N-(1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenyl)ethyl-4-piperidyl)-N-phenyl-propanamid e (beta-
4	hydroxyfentanyl), its optical isomers, salts and salts of isomers.
5	(11) N-(3-methyl-1(2-hydroxy-2-phenyl)ethyl-4-piperidyl)-N-phenylpro panamide (beta-
6	hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl), its optical and geometric isomers, salts and salts of isomers.
7	(12) N-(3-methyl)-1-(2-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidyl)-N-phenylpro- panamide (3-
8	methylthiofentanyl), its optical and geometric isomers, salts and salts of isomers.
9	(13) N-(1-2-thienyl)methyl-4-piperidyl)-N-phenylpropanamide (thenylfentanyl), its
10	optical isomers, salts and salts of isomers.
11	(14) N-(1-(2(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidyl-N-phenylpropanamide (thiofentanyl), its optical
12	isomers, salts and salts of isomers.
13	(15) N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidyl]N-(4-fluorophenyl)-propanamid e (para-
14	fluorofentanyl), its optical isomers, salts and salts of isomers.
15	(16) Gamma hydroxybutyrate, HOOC-CH2-CH2-CH2OH, its optical, position, or
16	geometric isomers, salts and salts of isomers.
17	(f) Stimulants Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any
18	material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following
19	substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers,
20	and salts of isomers:
21	(1) Fenethylline
22	(2) N-ethylamphetamine
23	(3) 4-methyl-N-methylcathinone (Other name: mephedrone)
24	(4) 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-methlycathinone (Other name: methylone)
25	(5) 3,4-methylenedioxypyrovalerone (Other name: MDPV)
26	(g) Any material, compound, mixture or preparation which contains any quantity of the
27	following substances:
28	(1) 5-(1,1-Dimethylheptyl)-2-[(1R,3S)-3-hydroxycyclohexyl]phenol (CP-47,497)
29	(2) 5-(1,1-Dimethyloctyl)-2-[(1R,3S)-3-hydroxycyclohexyl]phenol
30	(cannabicyclohexanol and CP-47,497 c8 homologue)
31	(3) 1-Butyl-3-(1 naphthoyl)indole, (JWH-073)
32	(4) 1-[2-(4-Morpholinyl)ethyl]3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-200)
33	(5) 1-Pentyl-3-(1-napthoyl)indole, (JWH-018 and AM678)
34	(h) Synthetic cannabinoids or piperazines. Unless specifically excepted, any chemical

1	compound which is not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration or, if
2	approved, which is not dispensed or possessed in accordance with state and federal law, that
3	contains Benzylpiperazine (BZP); Trifluoromethylphenylpiperazine (TFMPP); 1,1-
4	Dimethylheptyl-11-hydroxytetrahydrocannabinol (HU-210); 1-Butyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole; 1-
5	Pentyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole; dexanabinol (HU-211); or any compound in the following
6	structural classes:
7	(1) Naphthoylindoles: Any compound containing a 3-(1-naphthoyl)indole structure with
8	substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl,
9	cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl
10	group, whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not
11	substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class include, but are not
12	limited, to JWH-015, JWH-018, JWH-019, JWH-073, JWH-081, JWH-122, JWH-200, and AM-
13	<u>2201;</u>
14	(2) Phenylacetylindoles: Any compound containing a 3-phenylacetylindole structure with
15	substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl,
16	cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl
17	group whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not
18	substituted in the phenyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class include, but are not
19	limited to, JWH-167, JWH-250, JWH-251, and RCS-8;
20	(3) Benzoylindoles: Any compound containing a 3-(benzoyl)indole structure with
21	substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl,
22	cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl
23	group whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not
24	substituted in the phenyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class include, but are not
25	limited, to AM-630, AM-2233, AM-694, Pravadoline (WIN 48,098), and RCS-4;
26	(4) Cyclohexylphenols: Any compound containing a 2-(3-hydroxycyclohexyl)phenol
27	structure with substitution at the 5-position of the phenolic ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl,
28	cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl
29	group whether or not substituted in the cyclohexyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural
30	class include, but are not limited to, CP 47,497 and its C8 homologue (cannabicyclohexanol);
31	(5) Naphthylmethylindoles: Any compound containing a 1H-indol-3-yl-(1-
32	naphthyl)methane structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl,
33	haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-
34	morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and

1	whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class
2	include, but are not limited to, JWH-175, JWH-184, and JWH-185;
3	(6) Naphthoylpyrroles: Any compound containing a 3-(1-naphthoyl)pyrrole structure
4	with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the pyrrole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl,
5	cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl
6	group whether or not further substituted in the pyrrole ring to any extent and whether or not
7	substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class include, but are not
8	limited, to JWH-030, JWH-145, JWH-146, JWH-307, and JWH-368;
9	(7) Naphthylmethylindenes: Any compound containing a 1-(1-naphthylmethyl)indene
10	structure with substitution at the 3-position of the indene ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl,
11	cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl
12	group whether or not further substituted in the indene ring to any extent and whether or not
13	substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class include, but are not
14	limited to, JWH-176; or
15	(8) Any other synthetic cannabinoid or piperazine which is not approved by the United
16	States Food and Drug Administration or, if approved, which is not dispensed or possessed in
17	accordance with state and federal law;
18	(i) Synthetic cathinones. Unless specifically excepted, any chemical compound which is
19	not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration or, if approved, which is not
20	dispensed or possessed in accordance with state and federal law, not including bupropion,
21	structurally derived from 2-aminopropan-1-one by substitution at the 1-position with either
22	phenyl, naphthyl, or thiophene ring systems, whether or not the compound is further modified in
23	one or more of the following ways:
24	(1) By substitution in the ring system to any extent with alkyl, alkylenedioxy, alkoxy,
25	haloalkyl, hydroxyl, or halide substituents, whether or not further substituted in the ring system
26	by one or more other univalent substituents. Examples of this class include, but are not limited to,
27	3,4-Methylenedioxycathinone (bk-MDA);
28	(2) By substitution at the 3-position with an acyclic alkyl substituent. Examples of this
29	class include, but are not limited to, 2-methylamino-1-phenylbutan-1-one (buphedrone);
30	(3) By substitution at the 2-amino nitrogen atom with alkyl, dialkyl, benzyl, or
31	methoxybenzyl groups, or by inclusion of the 2-amino nitrogen atom in a cyclic structure.
32	Examples of this class include, but are not limited to, Dimethylcathinone, Ethcathinone, and -
33	Pyrrolidinopropiophenone (-PPP); or
34	(4) Any other synthetic cathinone which is not approved by the United States Food and

1	Drug Administration or, if approved, is not dispensed or possessed in accordance with state or
2	federal law;
3	Schedule II
4	(a) Schedule II shall consist of the drugs and other substances, by whatever official
5	name, common or usual name, chemical name, or brand name designated, listed in this section.
6	(b) Substances, vegetable origin or chemical synthesis Unless specifically excepted or
7	unless listed in another schedule, any of the following substances whether produced directly or
8	indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by means of
9	chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:
10	(1) Opium and opiate, and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of opium or
11	opiate excluding naloxone and its salts, and excluding naltrexone and its salts, but including the
12	following:
13	(i) Raw opium
14	(ii) Opium extracts
15	(iii) Opium fluid extracts
16	(iv) Powdered opium
17	(v) Granulated opium
18	(vi) Tincture of opium
19	(vii) Etorphine hydrochloride
20	(viii) Codeine
21	(ix) Ethylmorphine
22	(x) Hydrocodone
23	(xi) Hydromorphone
24	(xii) Metopon
25	(xiii) Morphine
26	(xiv) Oxycodone
27	(xv) Oxymorphone
28	(xvi) Thebaine
29	(2) Any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation which is chemically equivalent or
30	identical with any of the substances referred to in subdivision (1) of this subsection, except that
31	these substances shall not include the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium.
32	(3) Opium poppy and poppy straw.
33	(4) Coca leaves and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of coca leaves, and
34	any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation which is chemically equivalent or identical with

any of these substances, except that the substances shall not include decocainized coca leaves or 2 extraction of coca leaves, which extractions do not contain cocaine or ecgonine. 3 (5) Concentrate of poppy straw (the crude extract of poppy straw in liquid, solid, or 4 powder form which contains the phenanthrine alkaloids of the opium poppy). 5 (c) Opiates. - Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule any of the 6 following opiates, including its isomers, esters, ethers, salts; and salts of isomers, esters and, 7 ethers whenever the existence of the isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the 8 specific chemical designation: 9 (1) Alphaprodine 10 (2) Anileridine 11 (3) Bezitramide 12 (4) Dihydrocodeine 13 (5) Diphenoxylate 14 (6) Fentanyl 15 (7) Isomethadone 16 (8) Levomethorphan 17 (9) Levorphanol 18 (10) Metazocine 19 (11) Methadone 20 (12) Methadone-Intermediate, 4-cyano-2-dimethylamino-4, 4-diphenyl butane 21 (13) Moramide-Intermediate, 2-methyl-3-morpholino-1, 1-diphenylpropane-carboxylic 22 acid 23 (14) Pethidine 24 (15) Pethidine-Intermediate-A, 4-cyano-1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine 25 (16) Pethidine-Intermediate-B, ethyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylate 26 (17) Pethidine-Intermediate-C, 1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylic acid 27 (18) Phenaxocine 28 (19) Piminodine 29 (20) Racemethorphan 30 (21) Racemorphan 31 (22) Bulk Dextropropoxyphene (non-dosage forms) 32 (23) Suffentanil 33 (24) Alfentanil 34 (25) Levoalphacetylmethadol

1	(d) Stimulants Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any
2	material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following
3	substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system:
4	(1) Amphetamine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of its optical isomers.
5	(2) Methamphetamine, its salts and salts of its isomers.
6	(3) Phenmetrazine and its salts.
7	(4) Methylphenidate.
8	(e) Depressants Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any
9	material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following
10	substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers,
11	and salts of isomers whenever the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible
12	within the specific chemical designation:
13	(1) Amobarbital
14	(2) Glutethimide
15	(3) Methyprylon
16	(4) Pentobarbital
17	(5) Phencyclidine
18	(6) Secobarbital
19	(7) Phencyclidine immediate precursors:
20	(i) 1-phencyclohexylamine
21	(ii) 1-piperidinocyclohexane-carbonitrile (PCC)
22	(8) Immediate precursor to amphetamine and methamphetamine: Phenylacetone. Some
23	other names: phenyl-2-propanone; P2P; benzyl methyl ketone; methyl benzone ketone.
24	Schedule III
25	(a) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material,
26	compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances
27	having a depressant effect on the central nervous system:
28	(1) Any substance which contains any quantity of a derivative of barbituric acid, or any
29	salt of a derivative of barbituric acid.
30	(2) Chlorhexadol
31	(3) Lysergic acid
32	(4) Lysergic acid amide
33	(5) Sulfondiethylmethane
34	(6) Sulfonethylmethane

(7)) S	/lfonmethane
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- 2 (8) Any compound, mixture, or preparation containing amobarbital, secobarbital, 3 pentobarbital, or any salt of them and one or more other active medicinal ingredients which are not listed in any schedule.
 - (9) Any suppository dosage form containing amobarbital, secobarbital, pentobarbital or any salt of any of these drugs and approved by the Food and Drug Administration for marketing only as a suppository.
- 8 (10) Ketamine, its salts, isomers and salts of isomers. (Some other names for ketamine: 9 (+)-2-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-(methylamino)-cyclohexanone).
 - (b) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing limited quantities of any of the following narcotic drugs, or any salts of them:
 - (1) Not more than one and eight tenths grams (1.8 gms.) of codeine per one hundred milliliters (100 mls.) or not more than ninety milligrams (90 mgs.) per dosage unit, with an equal or greater quantity of an isoquinoline alkaloid of opium.
 - (2) Not more than one and eight tenths grams (1.8 gms.) of codeine per one hundred milliliters (100 mls.) or not more than ninety milligrams (90 mgs.) per dosage unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts.
 - (3) Not more than three hundred milligrams (300 mgs.) of dihydrocodeinone per one hundred milliliters (100 mls.) or not more than fifteen milligrams (15 mgs.) per dosage unit, with a fourfold or greater quantity of an isoquinoline alkaloid of opium.
 - (4) Not more than three hundred milligrams (300 mgs.) of dihydrocodeinone per one hundred milliliters (100 mls.) or not more than fifteen milligrams (15 mgs.) per dosage unit, with one or more active nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts.
 - (5) Not more than one and eight tenths grams (1.8 gms.) of dihydrocodeine per one hundred milliliters (100 mls.) or not more than ninety milligrams (90 mgs.) per dosage unit, with one or more active nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts.
 - (6) Not more than three hundred milligrams (300 mgs.) of ethylmorphine per one hundred milliliters (100 mls.) or not more than fifteen milligrams (15 mgs.) per dosage unit, with one or more active nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts.
 - (7) Not more than five hundred milligrams (500 mgs.) of opium per one hundred milliliters (100 mls.) or per one hundred grams (100 gms.) or not more than twenty-five milligrams (25 mgs.) per dosage unit, with one or more active nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts.

1	(8) Not more than fifty milligrams (50 mgs.) of morphine per one hundred milliliters
2	(100 mls.) per one hundred grams (100 gms.) with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in
3	recognized therapeutic amounts.
4	(c) Stimulants Unless specifically excepted or listed in another schedule, any material,
5	compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances
6	having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of
7	the isomers whenever the existence of the salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical
8	designation:
9	(1) Benzphetamine
10	(2) Chlorphentermine
11	(3) Clortermine
12	(4) Mazindol
13	(5) Phendimetrazine
14	(d) Steroids and hormones Anabolic steroids (AS) or human growth hormone (HGH),
15	excluding those compounds, mixtures, or preparations containing an anabolic steroid that because
16	of its concentration, preparation, mixture or delivery system, has no significant potential for
17	abuse, as published in 21 CFR 1308.34, including, but not limited to, the following:
18	(1) Chlorionic gonadotropin
19	(2) Clostebol
20	(3) Dehydrochlormethyltestosterone
21	(4) Ethylestrenol
22	(5) Fluoxymesterone
23	(6) Mesterolone
24	(7) Metenolone
25	(8) Methandienone
26	(9) Methandrostenolone
27	(10) Methyltestosterone
28	(11) Nandrolone decanoate
29	(12) Nandrolone phenpropionate
30	(13) Norethandrolone
31	(14) Oxandrolone
32	(15) Oxymesterone
33	(16) Oxymetholone
34	(17) Stanozolol

1	(18) Testosterone propionate
2	(19) Testosterone-like related compounds
3	(20) Human Growth Hormone (HGH)
4	(e) Hallucinogenic substances.
5	(1) Dronabinol (synthetic) in sesame oil and encapsulated in a soft gelatin capsule in
6	U.S. Food and Drug Administration approved drug product. (Some other names for dronabinol:
7	(6aR-trans)-6a, 7, 8, 10a- tetrahydro-6, 6, 9- trimethyl-3-pentyl-6H- dibenzo[b,d]yra n-1-ol,or(-)-
8	delta-9(trans)-tetrahydrocannabinol.)
9	Schedule IV
10	(1) Barbital.
11	(2) Chloral betaine
12	(3) Chloral hydrate
13	(4) Ethchrovynol
14	(5) Ethinamate
15	(6) Methohexital
16	(7) Meprobamate
17	(8) Methylphenobarbital
18	(9) Paraldehyde
19	(10) Petrichloral
20	(11) Phenobarbital
21	(12) Fenfluramine
22	(13) Diethylpropion
23	(14) Phentermine
24	(15) Pemoline (including organometallic complexes and chelates thereof).
25	(16) Chlordiazepoxide
26	(17) Clonazepam
27	(18) Clorazepate
28	(19) Diazepam
29	(20) Flurazepam
30	(21) Mebutamate
31	(22) Oxazepam
32	(23) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material,
33	compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances,
34	including its salts:

1	Dextropropoxyphene(alpha-(+)-4-dimethylamino-1,2-diphenyl-3- methyl-2-
2	propronoxybutane).
3	(24) Prazepam
4	(25) Lorazepam
5	(26) Not more than one milligram (1 mg.) of difenoxin and not less than twenty-five (25)
6	micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit.
7	(27) Pentazocine
8	(28) Pipradrol
9	(29) SPA (-)-1-dimethylamino-1, 2-diphenylethane
10	(30) Temazepam
11	(31) Halazepam
12	(32) Alprazolam
13	(33) Bromazepam
14	(34) Camazepam
15	(35) Clobazam
16	(36) Clotiazepam
17	(37) Cloxazolam
18	(38) Delorazepam
19	(39) Estazolam
20	(40) Ethyl Ioflazepate
21	(41) Fludizaepam
22	(42) Flunitrazepam
23	(43) Haloxazolam
24	(44) Ketazolam
25	(45) Loprazolam
26	(46) Lormetazepam
27	(47) Medazepam
28	(48) Nimetazepam
29	(49) Nitrazepam
30	(50) Nordiazepam
31	(51) Oxazolam
32	(52) Pinazepam
33	(53) Tetrazepam
34	(54) Mazindol

1	(55) Triazolam
2	(56) Midazolam
3	(57) Quazepam
4	(58) Butorphanol
5	(59) Sibutramine
6	Schedule V
7	(a) Any compound, mixture, or preparation containing any of the following limited
8	quantities of narcotic drugs, which shall include one or more non-narcotic active medicinal
9	ingredients in sufficient proportion to confer upon the compound, mixture, or preparation
10	valuable medicinal qualities other than those possessed by the narcotic drug alone:
11	(1) Not more than two hundred milligrams (200 mgs.) of codeine per 100 milliliters (100
12	mls.) or per one hundred grams (100 gms.).
13	(2) Not more than one hundred milligrams (100 mgs.) of dihydrocodeine per 100
14	milliliters (100 mls.) or per one hundred grams (100 gms.).
15	(3) Not more than one hundred milligrams (100 mgs.) of ethylmorphine per 100
16	milliliters (100 mls.) or per one hundred grams (100 gms.).
17	(4) Not more than two and five tenths milligrams (2.5 mgs.) of diphenixylate and not less
18	than twenty-five (25) micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit.
19	(5) Not more than one hundred milligrams (100 mgs.) of opium per one hundred
20	milliliters (100 mls.) or per one hundred grams (100 gms.).
21	(b) Not more than five tenths milligrams (0.5 mgs.) of difenoxin and not less than
22	twenty-five (25) micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit.
23	(c) Buprenorphine
24	(d) Unless specifically exempted or excluded or unless listed in another schedule, any
25	material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following
26	substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers
27	and salts of isomers:
28	(1) Propylhexedrine (except as benzedrex inhaler)
29	(2) Pyrovalerone.
30	SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage.

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LC00952

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO FOOD AND DRUGS - UNIFORM CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT

This act would add the chemical classes of synthetic cannaboids and synthetic cathinones
to Schedule I.

This act would take effect upon passage.

LC00952