2021 -- H 5760

LC001565

16

17

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2021

AN ACT

RELATING TO AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY

<u>Introduced By:</u> Representatives Speakman, Cortvriend, Donovan, Caldwell, Carson, Handy, and Tanzi

Date Introduced: February 24, 2021

Referred To: House Environment and Natural Resources

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Title 2 of the General Laws entitled "AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY" 2 is hereby amended by adding thereto the following chapter: 3 CHAPTER 27 FOREST CONSERVATION ACT 4 5 2-27-1. Statement of legislative purpose. (a) The general assembly recognizes that forest land in the state has many important values, 6 7 including, but not limited to, clean air, clean water, economic importance, climate change mitigation, habitat, and supporting human health and well-being. Forest land should be maintained 8 9 to meet Rhode Island's aggressive climate change goals through carbon sequestration and storage. 10 Core forest land and connecting natural areas should be conserved to prevent ongoing fragmentation of the state's forests. Moreover, forest conservation is necessary to protect and 11 12 maintain water quality and important wildlife habitat. It is in the best interest of the people that the 13 state identify and acquire the development rights to core and unfragmented forests so as to maintain 14 these important forest values for future generations. Moreover, the state must develop incentives to 15 encourage private forest land owners to maintain forests and to enhance urban and community

18 (b) The general assembly finds that forest land is being converted to other uses because its

19 current development value far exceeds its economic value to individual private landowners as

water, control storm water, conserve energy, and a myriad of additional critical benefits.

forestry ecosystems that provide collective benefits to people and wildlife, including filter air and

1	forest; that forest land is an important part of the state's economy, environment, and quality of life;
2	and that forests provide important economic opportunities for many people living in the rural
3	portions of the state. Whereas most of the development value of forests accrue to the private
4	landowner, many of the economic benefits of retaining forests are also public benefits, some of
5	which are not often quantified. All of this serves to undervalue forests without proper mechanisms
6	and tools to account for public services and cost savings provided by private forests.
7	(c) Therefore, the general assembly establishes a forest conservation commission to be
8	coordinated and staffed by the department of environmental management to implement the
9	following objectives:
10	(1) Assess and recommend new funding sources to conserve forest land across the forest
11	continuum of rural to urban landscapes;
12	(2) Identify incentives to encourage forest landowners to maintain and manage their land
13	and preserve forest values;
14	(3) Encourage forest conservation as a means to sequester carbon and mitigate climate
15	change and maintain the numerous other benefits provided by forests;
16	(4) Help to increase and create new markets for Rhode Island forest products to store
17	carbon long-term and create new jobs;
18	(5) Assess impediments to the expansion of the Rhode Island forest products industry and
19	recommend changes to remove impediments;
20	(6) Assess means to encourage the improvement and expansion of urban and community
21	forestry; and
22	(7) Coordinate and seek input from key stakeholders to identify other science-based
23	initiatives to promote the conservation of Rhode Island forestland.
24	2-27-2. Definitions.
25	As used in this chapter, unless the context indicates a different meaning or intent:
26	(1) "Cost" when used with reference to acquisition of development rights, means as of any
27	particular date the cost subsequently incurred of purchasing the development rights, property rights
28	and all other necessary expenses incident to planning, financing, and implementing the provisions
29	of this chapter.
30	(2) "Department" means the department of environmental management.
31	(3) "Development rights" means the rights of the fee simple owner to develop, construct
32	on, divide, sell, lease, or otherwise change the property in such a way as to render the land no longer
33	forest land; this includes the exercise of the owner's rights to sell or grant easements or rights of
34	way, or to sell the mineral or water rights or other rights if by that exercise the use of the land as

1	productive forest land is diminished; but does not include the rights of the owner to sell, lease, or
2	otherwise improve the forest land to preserve, maintain, operate, or continue the land as forest land
3	or all other customary rights and privileges of ownership, including the right to privacy. Specific
4	restrictions to forest land development shall be formulated by the commission for each parcel of
5	land to which the development rights are purchased and appended to the covenant at the time of its
6	making.
7	(4) "Director" means the director of the department of environmental management, unless
8	otherwise specified.
9	(5) "Forest-based business" means the inclusion of all the activities that go into harvesting
10	forest products and turning them into usable products. These businesses include foresters, loggers,
11	and truckers who manage, harvest, and transport raw materials and the companies that turn these
12	raw materials into usable products for purchase in a variety of markets.
13	(6) "Forest conservation commission" or "commission" means the commission established
14	pursuant to § 2-27-3.
15	(7) "Forest fragmentation" means the breaking of large, contiguous, forested areas into
16	smaller pieces of forest; typically, these pieces are separated by roads, utility corridors,
17	subdivisions, or other human development.
18	(8) "Forest land" means any tract or contiguous tracts of land, ten (10) acres or larger
19	bearing a dense growth of trees, including any underbrush, and having either the quality of self-
20	perpetuation, or being dependent upon its development by the planting and replanting of trees in
21	stands of closely growing timber.
22	(9) "Forest management" means the focus on managing vegetation, restoring ecosystems
23	and habitat, reducing hazards, and maintaining forest health for a desired outcome.
24	(10) "Fund" means the forest land conservation fund established pursuant to § 2-27-6.
25	2-27-3. Forest conservation commission.
26	(a)(1) There is established the forest conservation commission consisting of the directors
27	of the department of environmental management and the department of administration, or their
28	respective designees, both ex officio with the power to vote; and nine (9) public members to be
29	appointed by the director of the department of environmental management. The public appointees
30	shall include at least one member with knowledge or experience in forestry, one member with
31	knowledge or experience with urban and community forestry, one member familiar with land use
32	and community planning issues, one member active in land preservation, one member representing
33	forest landowners, one member representing an environmental organization, one member with
34	knowledge of forest habitat and one member representing a forest products business. No person

1	shall be eligible for appointment pursuant to this section unless he or she is a resident of this state.
2	(2) The members shall serve for terms of five (5) years each; provided, however, that of
3	the members first appointed, one shall serve for one year, one shall serve for two (2) years, one
4	shall serve for three (3) years, one shall serve for four (4) years, and the remaining members shall
5	serve for five (5) years, from January first next succeeding their appointment, as the director shall
6	designate.
7	(3) Any vacancy occurring otherwise than by expiration of term shall be filled in the same
8	manner as the original appointment.
9	(4) Upon expiration of a member's term, that member shall continue as a member until that
10	member's successor is appointed and qualified. Any person serving a term shall be eligible for
11	appointment.
12	(5) No member, including ex officio members, shall receive compensation for the
13	performance of his or her duties as a member; provided, however, that each appointed member may
14	be reimbursed if funds are appropriated for his or her actual and necessary expenses incurred during
15	the performance of his or her official duties.
16	(6) The commission shall designate annually from its members a chairperson and a vice
17	chairperson.
18	(7) Whenever public hearings are required under this chapter, or whenever the commission
19	determines a public hearing is appropriate, the commission shall use reasonable efforts to hold
20	those hearings at a place or places that will reasonably accommodate the interested parties.
21	(8) Five (5) voting members of the commission shall constitute a quorum for the transaction
22	of any business or the exercise of any power of the commission. Except as otherwise provided in
23	this chapter, the commission shall have the power to act by a majority of the members present at
24	any meeting at which a quorum is in attendance.
25	(9) The director may remove any member for cause or misconduct in office after giving
26	him or her a copy of the charges against him or her and an opportunity to be heard, in person or by
27	counsel, in his or her defense, upon not less than ten (10) days' notice. If any member shall be
28	removed, the director shall file in the office of the secretary of state a complete statement of charges
29	made against the member and his or her findings, together with a complete record of the
30	proceedings.
31	(10) The director shall have the authority to establish subcommittees to fulfill the purposes
32	of the commission. The subcommittee members shall be advisory to the commission and shall be
33	comprised of key stakeholders representative of the issue(s) to be addressed.
34	2-27-4. Powers of commission.

1	The commission has the power to.
2	(1) Retain by contract or employ counsel, auditors, engineers, appraisers, private
3	consultants and advisors, or other personnel needed to provide necessary services;
4	(2) Request the assistance of staff from the department or other state agencies on an as
5	needed basis;
6	(3) Accept gifts, grants or loans of funds, or services from any source, public or private,
7	and comply, subject to the provisions of this chapter, with the terms and conditions thereof;
8	(4) Accept from a federal agency loans or grants for use in carrying out its purposes and
9	enter into agreement with an agency respecting those loans or grants; and
10	(5) Otherwise do all things necessary for the performance of its duties, the fulfillment of
11	its obligations and the conduct of its business.
12	2-27-5. Duties of the commission.
13	The commission shall:
14	(1) Develop the criteria necessary for defining the most important forest land under this
15	chapter;
16	(2) Make a reasonably accurate inventory of all land in the state that meets the definition
17	of forest land;
18	(3) Inform the public, public officials, and other citizens and interested persons of the
19	provisions of this chapter.
20	2-27-6. Forest land conservation fund.
21	(a) There is hereby established a forest land conservation fund.
22	(b) The fund may be utilized for purposes consistent with this chapter, including, but not
23	limited to, the purchase of development rights to forest land.
24	(c) The fund shall consist of the following sources:
25	(1) Sums the legislature may appropriate;
26	(2) Monies received from federal, state or other sources, including bond funds;
27	(3) Monies received from any other sources including from any private donor for the fund;
28	(4) Any interest earned on the monies in the fund.
29	2-27-7. Severability.
30	If any provisions of this chapter or of any rule, regulation or order made under this chapter,
31	or the application of this chapter to any person or circumstances, is held invalid by a court of
32	competent jurisdiction, the remainder of this chapter, rule, regulation or order, and the application
33	of that provision to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected. The invalidity of any
34	section or sections or parts of any section or sections of this chapter shall not affect the validity of

- 1 the remainder of this chapter, and it is declared to be the legislative intent that this chapter would
- 2 have been enacted if those invalid parts had not been included in this chapter.
- 3 SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage.

LC001565

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY

This act would create a forest conservation commission, to be coordinated with the department of environmental management, to seek new funding and identify incentives for landowners to maintain their land as forest.

This act would take effect upon passage.

=======
LC001565