## 2020 -- H 8176

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# STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

## IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

#### **JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2020**

## HOUSE RESOLUTION

# EXPRESSING DEEPEST CONDOLENCES ON THE PASSING OF THE HONORABLE JOHN LEWIS

Introduced By: Representatives Hull, Shekarchi, Casimiro, Kennedy, and Lima

Date Introduced: December 14, 2020

Referred To: Placed on the House Consent Calendar

WHEREAS, The Honorable John Lewis, United States Congressman, courageous civil 1 2 rights leader, and American hero, passed away on July 17, 2020. Congressman Lewis was the 3 husband of the late Lillian Miles and together they had one son, John-Miles Lewis; and 4 WHEREAS, John Lewis was born on February 21, 1940, near Troy, Alabama, the third 5 of ten children born into a poor sharecropper family. As a young man Lewis and his family faced 6 racism and segregation on a daily basis. He was inspired at a young age to fight for equality and a 7 public service career after following the Montgomery Bus Boycott and meeting Rosa Parks and 8 Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., before reaching the age of eighteen; and 9 WHEREAS, Mr. Lewis graduated from the American Baptist Theological Seminary in 10 Nashville, and was ordained as a Baptist Minister. He went on to attend Fisk University where he 11 earned a bachelor's degree in religion and philosophy. After graduating, he proceeded to embark 12 on a public service career that changed our nation and began the process, one that continues 13 today, of living up to the promises made in the Declaration of Independence; and 14 WHEREAS, Mr. Lewis began his civil rights activism in Nashville organizing sit-ins at 15 segregated lunch counters. He was arrested and jailed many times, but eventually succeeded 16 when all lunch counters in downtown Nashville were desegregated. In 1961, Mr. Lewis was one 17 of the thirteen original Freedom Riders, a group of courageous young people determined to ride 18 in integrated buses from Washington D.C., to New Orleans, to fulfill a 1960 United States

Supreme Court decision that declared segregated interstate bus travel to be unconstitutional. For

1	his efforts with the Freedom Riders, Mr. Lewis was jailed for forty days in the Mississippi State
2	Penitentiary, and he and his colleagues were beaten in numerous places throughout the South. By
3	1963, Mr. Lewis had been arrested twenty-four times for his activities in support of equal justice;
4	and
5	WHEREAS, Mr. Lewis was a founder of the Student Nonviolent Coordinating
6	Committee (SNCC), and in 1963 was chosen to serve as its Chairman, a position he held until
7	1966. During his tenure, the SNCC opened Freedom Schools and conducted voter registration
8	efforts in Selma, Alabama where he and other Civil Rights activists, on March 7, 1965, were
9	brutally beaten on the Edmund Pettus Bridge by Alabama State Troopers in an event that
10	shocked, horrified and angered the nation and came to be known as "Bloody Sunday." Mr. Lewis
11	had his skull fractured and bore scars from this incident for the rest of his life; and
12	WHEREAS, From 1966 to 1986, Mr. Lewis would go on to serve in a myriad of public
13	service positions including Director of the Voter Education Project (VEP), which enrolled four
14	million minority voters under his guidance. He then proceeded to serve in President Carter's
15	administration before he resigned to run for an at-large seat on the Atlanta City Council, an
16	election he won; and
17	WHEREAS, In 1986, Mr. Lewis was elected to serve in the United States House of
18	Representatives, representing the Atlanta metropolitan area. He was re-elected sixteen times,
19	serving until his passing on July 17, 2020. He was a respected leader within the Democratic
20	Party, serving as a Chief Deputy Whip from 1991 to 2003, and as a Senior Chief Deputy Whip
21	from 2003 to his passing. Throughout his tenure in the United States House of Representatives he
22	was an eloquent and tireless fighter for human rights across the globe and in support of equality
23	for all Americans. He was a passionate advocate in support of programs that have provided
24	opportunities and hope to those Americans living on the margins of society, and to eliminate all
25	forms of discrimination and inequality in American life; and
26	WHEREAS, Congressman Lewis has received many honors in recognition of his service
27	to our nation. He was awarded the Presidential Medal of Freedom from President Barack Obama
28	in 2011. Other important awards include the Wallenberg Medal from the University of Michigan,
29	the Four Freedoms Award, the Profile in Courage Award from the John F. Kennedy Library
30	Foundation, the Spingarn Medal from the NAACP, the John Heinz Award, the Dole Leadership
31	Prize from the Robert J. Dole Institute of Politics, and the first LBJ Liberty and Justice For All
32	Award, given by the Lyndon Baines Johnson Foundation; now, therefore be it
33	RESOLVED, That this House of Representatives of the State of Rhode Island hereby
34	expresses its deepest condolences on the passing of the Honorable United States Congressman

- 1 John Lewis; and be it further
- 2 RESOLVED, That the Secretary of State be and hereby is authorized and directed to
- 3 transmit duly certified copies of this resolution to the President of the United States, Donald J.
- 4 Trump, Governor Gina M. Raimondo, United States House of Representatives Speaker Nancy
- 5 Pelosi, and United States Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell.

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