LC004510

2020 -- H 7623

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2020

AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION - PERSONAL INCOME TAX

<u>Introduced By:</u> Representatives Slater, Diaz, Edwards, Barros, and Alzate <u>Date Introduced:</u> February 14, 2020 <u>Referred To:</u> House Finance

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

- SECTION 1. Section 44-30-2.6 of the General Laws in Chapter 44-30 entitled "Personal
 Income Tax" is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 3

44-30-2.6. Rhode Island taxable income -- Rate of tax.

(a) "Rhode Island taxable income" means federal taxable income as determined under the
Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. § 1 et seq., not including the increase in the basic, standarddeduction amount for married couples filing joint returns as provided in the Jobs and Growth Tax
Relief Reconciliation Act of 2003 and the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of
2001 (EGTRRA), and as modified by the modifications in § 44-30-12.

9 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of §§ 44-30-1 and 44-30-2, for tax years beginning on 10 or after January 1, 2001, a Rhode Island personal income tax is imposed upon the Rhode Island 11 taxable income of residents and nonresidents, including estates and trusts, at the rate of twenty-five 12 and one-half percent (25.5%) for tax year 2001, and twenty-five percent (25%) for tax year 2002 13 and thereafter of the federal income tax rates, including capital gains rates and any other special 14 rates for other types of income, except as provided in § 44-30-2.7, which were in effect immediately 15 prior to enactment of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001 (EGTRRA); provided, rate schedules shall be adjusted for inflation by the tax administrator beginning in taxable 16 17 year 2002 and thereafter in the manner prescribed for adjustment by the commissioner of Internal 18 Revenue in 26 U.S.C. § 1(f). However, for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2006, a 19 taxpayer may elect to use the alternative flat tax rate provided in § 44-30-2.10 to calculate his or

1 her personal income tax liability.

11.

2 (c) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, if a taxpayer has an alternative 3 minimum tax for federal tax purposes, the taxpayer shall determine if he or she has a Rhode Island 4 alternative minimum tax. The Rhode Island alternative minimum tax shall be computed by 5 multiplying the federal tentative minimum tax without allowing for the increased exemptions under the Jobs and Growth Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2003 (as redetermined on federal form 6251 6 7 Alternative Minimum Tax-Individuals) by twenty-five and one-half percent (25.5%) for tax year 8 2001, and twenty-five percent (25%) for tax year 2002 and thereafter, and comparing the product 9 to the Rhode Island tax as computed otherwise under this section. The excess shall be the taxpayer's 10 Rhode Island alternative minimum tax.

11 (1) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, and thereafter, the exemption 12 amount for alternative minimum tax, for Rhode Island purposes, shall be adjusted for inflation by 13 the tax administrator in the manner prescribed for adjustment by the commissioner of Internal 14 Revenue in 26 U.S.C. § 1(f).

15 (2) For the period January 1, 2007, through December 31, 2007, and thereafter, Rhode 16 Island taxable income shall be determined by deducting from federal adjusted gross income as 17 defined in 26 U.S.C. § 62 as modified by the modifications in § 44-30-12 the Rhode Island 18 itemized-deduction amount and the Rhode Island exemption amount as determined in this section. 19 (A) Tax imposed.

20 (1) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of married individuals filing joint 21 returns and surviving spouses a tax determined in accordance with the following table:

22	If taxable income is:	The tax is:
23	Not over \$53,150	3.75% of taxable income
24	Over \$53,150 but not over \$128,500	\$1,993.13 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$53,150
25	Over \$128,500 but not over \$195,850	\$7,267.63 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$128,500
26	Over \$195,850 but not over \$349,700	\$12,487.25 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$195,850
27	Over \$349,700	\$26,333.75 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700
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(2) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of every head of household a tax 28 29 determined in accordance with the following table:

30	If taxable income is:	The tax is:
31	Not over \$42,650	3.75% of taxable income
32	Over \$42,650 but not over \$110,100	\$1,599.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$42,650
33	Over \$110,100 but not over \$178,350	\$6,320.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$110,100
34	Over \$178,350 but not over \$349,700	\$11,610.25 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$178,350

1	Over \$349,700 \$27,031.75 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700			
2	(3) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of unmarried individuals (other than			
3	surviving spouses and heads of households) a tax determined in accordance with the following			
4	table:			
5	If taxable income is: The tax is:			
6	Not over \$31,8503.75% of taxable income			
7	Over \$31,850 but not over \$77,100	\$1,194.38 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$31,850		
8	Over \$77,100 but not over \$160,850	\$4,361.88 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$77,100		
9	Over \$160,850 but not over \$349,700	\$10,852.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$160,850		
10	Over \$349,700	\$27,849.00 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$349,700		
11	(4) There is hereby imposed on the	e taxable income of married individuals filing separate		
12	returns and bankruptcy estates a tax determi	ined in accordance with the following table:		
13	If taxable income is:	The tax is:		
14	Not over \$26,575	3.75% of taxable income		
15	Over \$26,575 but not over \$64,250	\$996.56 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$26,575		
16	Over \$64,250 but not over \$97,925 \$3,633.81 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$64,250			
17	Over \$97,925 but not over \$174,850	\$6,243.63 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$97,925		
18	Over \$174,850	\$13,166.88 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$174,850		
19	(5) There is hereby imposed a taxable income of an estate or trust a tax determined in			
20	accordance with the following table:			
21	If taxable income is:	The tax is:		
22	Not over \$2,150	3.75% of taxable income		
23	Over \$2,150 but not over \$5,000	\$80.63 plus 7.00% of the excess over \$2,150		
24	Over \$5,000 but not over \$7,650	\$280.13 plus 7.75% of the excess over \$5,000		
25	Over \$7,650 but not over \$10,450	\$485.50 plus 9.00% of the excess over \$7,650		
26	Over \$10,450	\$737.50 plus 9.90% of the excess over \$10,450		
27	(6) Adjustments for inflation.			
28	The dollars amount contained in particular	ragraph (A) shall be increased by an amount equal to:		
29	(a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (A) in the year 1993, multiplied by;			
30	(b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1993;			
31	(c) The cost-of-living adjustment referred to in subparagraphs (a) and (b) used in making			
32	adjustments to the nine percent (9%) and nine and nine tenths percent (9.9%) dollar amounts shall			
33	be determined under section (J) by substituting "1994" for "1993."			
34	(B) Maximum capital gains rates.			

1	(1) In general.		
2	If a taxpayer has a net capital gain for tax years ending prior to January 1, 2010, the tax		
3	imposed by this section for such taxable year shall not exceed the sum of:		
4	(a) 2.5 % of the net capital gain as reported for federal income tax purposes under section		
5	26 U.S.C. § 1(h)(1)(a) and 26 U.S.C. § 1(h)(1)(b).		
6	(b) 5% of the net capital gain as reported for federal income tax purposes under 26 U.S.C.		
7	§ 1(h)(1)(c).		
8	(c) 6.25% of the net capital gain as reported for federal income tax purposes under 26		
9	U.S.C. § 1(h)(1)(d).		
10	(d) 7% of the net capital gain as reported for federal income tax purposes under 26 U.S.C.		
11	§ 1(h)(1)(e).		
12	(2) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, the tax imposed on net capital gain		
13	shall be determined under subdivision 44-30-2.6(c)(2)(A).		
14	(C) Itemized deductions.		
15	(1) In general.		
16	For the purposes of section (2), "itemized deductions" means the amount of federal		
17	itemized deductions as modified by the modifications in § 44-30-12.		
18	(2) Individuals who do not itemize their deductions.		
19	In the case of an individual who does not elect to itemize his deductions for the taxable		
20	year, they may elect to take a standard deduction.		
21	(3) Basic standard deduction.		
22	The Rhode Island standard deduction shall be allowed in accordance with the following		
23	table:		
24	Filing status Amount		
25	Single \$5,350		
26	Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$8,900		
27	Married filing separately \$4,450		
28	Head of Household \$7,850		
29	(4) Additional standard deduction for the aged and blind. An additional standard deduction		
30	shall be allowed for individuals age sixty-five (65) or older or blind in the amount of \$1,300 for		
31	individuals who are not married and \$1,050 for individuals who are married.		
32	(5) Limitation on basic standard deduction in the case of certain dependents.		
33	In the case of an individual to whom a deduction under section (E) is allowable to another		
34	taxpayer, the basic standard deduction applicable to such individual shall not exceed the greater of:		

1	(a) \$850;
2	(b) The sum of \$300 and such individual's earned income;
3	(6) Certain individuals not eligible for standard deduction.
4	In the case of:
5	(a) A married individual filing a separate return where either spouse itemizes deductions;
6	(b) Nonresident alien individual;
7	(c) An estate or trust;
8	The standard deduction shall be zero.
9	(7) Adjustments for inflation.
10	Each dollar amount contained in paragraphs (3), (4) and (5) shall be increased by an amount
11	equal to:
12	(a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraphs (3), (4) and (5) in the year 1988, multiplied
13	by
14	(b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1988.
15	(D) Overall limitation on itemized deductions.
16	(1) General rule.
17	In the case of an individual whose adjusted gross income as modified by § 44-30-12
18	exceeds the applicable amount, the amount of the itemized deductions otherwise allowable for the
19	taxable year shall be reduced by the lesser of:
20	(a) Three percent (3%) of the excess of adjusted gross income as modified by § 44-30-12
21	over the applicable amount; or
22	(b) Eighty percent (80%) of the amount of the itemized deductions otherwise allowable for
23	such taxable year.
24	(2) Applicable amount.
25	(a) In general.
26	For purposes of this section, the term "applicable amount" means \$156,400 (\$78,200 in the
27	case of a separate return by a married individual)
28	(b) Adjustments for inflation.
29	Each dollar amount contained in paragraph (a) shall be increased by an amount equal to:
30	(i) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (a) in the year 1991, multiplied by
31	(ii) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1991.
32	(3) Phase-out of Limitation.
33	(a) In general.
34	In the case of taxable year beginning after December 31, 2005, and before January 1, 2010,

1	the reduction under section (1) shall be equal to the applicable fraction of the amount which would			
2	be the amount of such reduction.			
3	(b) Applicable fraction.			
4	For purposes of paragraph (a), the applicable fraction shall be determined in accordance			
5	with the following table:			
6	For taxable years beginning in calendar year The applicable fraction is			
7	2006 and 2007 2/3			
8	2008 and 2009 1/3			
9	(E) Exemption amount.			
10	(1) In general.			
11	Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the term "exemption amount" means			
12	\$3,400.			
13	(2) Exemption amount disallowed in case of certain dependents.			
14	In the case of an individual with respect to whom a deduction under this section is allowable			
15	to another taxpayer for the same taxable year, the exemption amount applicable to such individual			
16	for such individual's taxable year shall be zero.			
17	(3) Adjustments for inflation.			
18	The dollar amount contained in paragraph (1) shall be increased by an amount equal to:			
19	(a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (1) in the year 1989, multiplied by			
20	(b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1989.			
21	(4) Limitation.			
22	(a) In general.			
23	In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross income as modified for the taxable year			
24	exceeds the threshold amount shall be reduced by the applicable percentage.			
25	(b) Applicable percentage.			
26	In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross income for the taxable year exceeds the			
27	threshold amount, the exemption amount shall be reduced by two (2) percentage points for each			
28	\$2,500 (or fraction thereof) by which the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the taxable year			
29	exceeds the threshold amount. In the case of a married individual filing a separate return, the			
30	preceding sentence shall be applied by substituting "\$1,250" for "\$2,500." In no event shall the			
31	applicable percentage exceed one hundred percent (100%).			
32	(c) Threshold Amount.			
33	For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "threshold amount" shall be determined with			
34	the following table:			

1	Filing status	Amount	
2	Single	\$156,400	
3	Married filing jointly of qualifying widow(er)	\$234,600	
4	Married filing separately	\$117,300	
5	Head of Household	\$195,500	
6	(d) Adjustments for inflation.		
7	Each dollar amount contained in paragraph (b) shall be increased by an amount equal to:		
8	(i) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (b) in the year 1991, multiplied by		
9	(ii) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 1991.	
10	(5) Phase-out of limitation.		
11	(a) In general.		
12	In the case of taxable years beginning after December 31, 2	2005, and before January 1,	
13	2010, the reduction under section 4 shall be equal to the applicable fi	raction of the amount which	
14	would be the amount of such reduction.		
15	(b) Applicable fraction.		
16	For the purposes of paragraph (a), the applicable fraction shall	be determined in accordance	
17	with the following table:		
	For taxable years beginning in calendar year The applicable fraction is		
18	For taxable years beginning in calendar year The	applicable fraction is	
18 19	For taxable years beginning in calendar year The 2006 and 2007	applicable fraction is 2/3	
19	2006 and 2007	2/3	
19 20	2006 and 2007 2008 and 2009	2/3 1/3	
19 20 21	2006 and 2007 2008 and 2009 (F) Alternative minimum tax.	2/3 1/3	
19 20 21 22	2006 and 2007 2008 and 2009 (F) Alternative minimum tax. (1) General rule. There is hereby imposed (in addition to an	2/3 1/3	
 19 20 21 22 23 	2006 and 2007 2008 and 2009 (F) Alternative minimum tax. (1) General rule. There is hereby imposed (in addition to an subtitle) a tax equal to the excess (if any) of:	2/3 1/3	
 19 20 21 22 23 24 	2006 and 2007 2008 and 2009 (F) Alternative minimum tax. (1) General rule. There is hereby imposed (in addition to an subtitle) a tax equal to the excess (if any) of: (a) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year, over	2/3 1/3 y other tax imposed by this	
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	2006 and 2007 2008 and 2009 (F) Alternative minimum tax. (1) General rule. There is hereby imposed (in addition to an subtitle) a tax equal to the excess (if any) of: (a) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year, over (b) The regular tax for the taxable year.	2/3 1/3 y other tax imposed by this of:	
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	2006 and 2007 2008 and 2009 (F) Alternative minimum tax. (1) General rule. There is hereby imposed (in addition to an subtitle) a tax equal to the excess (if any) of: (a) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year, over (b) The regular tax for the taxable year. (2) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year is the sum	2/3 1/3 y other tax imposed by this of: xceed \$175,000, plus	
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	2006 and 2007 2008 and 2009 (F) Alternative minimum tax. (1) General rule. There is hereby imposed (in addition to an subtitle) a tax equal to the excess (if any) of: (a) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year, over (b) The regular tax for the taxable year. (2) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year is the sum (a) 6.5 percent of so much of the taxable excess as does not ex-	2/3 1/3 y other tax imposed by this of: xceed \$175,000, plus 00.	
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 	2006 and 2007 2008 and 2009 (F) Alternative minimum tax. (1) General rule. There is hereby imposed (in addition to an subtitle) a tax equal to the excess (if any) of: (a) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year, over (b) The regular tax for the taxable year. (2) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year is the sum (a) 6.5 percent of so much of the taxable excess as does not ex (b) 7.0 percent of so much of the taxable excess above \$175,0	2/3 1/3 y other tax imposed by this of: xceed \$175,000, plus 00.	
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 	2006 and 2007 2008 and 2009 (F) Alternative minimum tax. (1) General rule. There is hereby imposed (in addition to an subtitle) a tax equal to the excess (if any) of: (a) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year, over (b) The regular tax for the taxable year. (2) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year is the sum (a) 6.5 percent of so much of the taxable excess as does not ex (b) 7.0 percent of so much of the taxable excess above \$175,0 (3) The amount determined under the preceding sentence shall	2/3 1/3 y other tax imposed by this of: ceed \$175,000, plus 00. be reduced by the alternative	
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 	2006 and 2007 2008 and 2009 (F) Alternative minimum tax. (1) General rule. There is hereby imposed (in addition to an subtitle) a tax equal to the excess (if any) of: (a) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year, over (b) The regular tax for the taxable year. (2) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year is the sum (a) 6.5 percent of so much of the taxable excess as does not ex (b) 7.0 percent of so much of the taxable excess above \$175,0 (3) The amount determined under the preceding sentence shall minimum tax foreign tax credit for the taxable year.	2/3 1/3 y other tax imposed by this of: sceed \$175,000, plus 00. be reduced by the alternative m "taxable excess" means so	
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 	2006 and 2007 2008 and 2009 (F) Alternative minimum tax. (1) General rule. There is hereby imposed (in addition to an subtitle) a tax equal to the excess (if any) of: (a) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year, over (b) The regular tax for the taxable year. (2) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year is the sum (a) 6.5 percent of so much of the taxable excess as does not ex (b) 7.0 percent of so much of the taxable excess above \$175,0 (3) The amount determined under the preceding sentence shall minimum tax foreign tax credit for the taxable year. (4) Taxable excess. For the purposes of this subsection the term	2/3 1/3 y other tax imposed by this of: sceed \$175,000, plus 00. be reduced by the alternative m "taxable excess" means so	
 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 	2006 and 2007 2008 and 2009 (F) Alternative minimum tax. (1) General rule. There is hereby imposed (in addition to an subtitle) a tax equal to the excess (if any) of: (a) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year, over (b) The regular tax for the taxable year. (2) The tentative minimum tax for the taxable year is the sum (a) 6.5 percent of so much of the taxable excess as does not ex (b) 7.0 percent of so much of the taxable excess above \$175,0 (3) The amount determined under the preceding sentence shall minimum tax foreign tax credit for the taxable year. (4) Taxable excess. For the purposes of this subsection the term much of the federal alternative minimum taxable income as modified by	2/3 1/3 y other tax imposed by this of: xceed \$175,000, plus 00. be reduced by the alternative m "taxable excess" means so by the modifications in § 44-	

1	applied by substituting "\$87,500" for \$175,000 each place it appears.			
2	(6) Exemption amount.			
3	For purposes of this section "exemption amount" means:			
4	Filing status Amount			
5	Single \$39,150			
6	Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$53,700			
7	Married filing separately \$26,850			
8	Head of Household \$39,150			
9	Estate or trust \$24,650			
10	(7) Treatment of unearned income of minor children			
11	(a) In general.			
12	In the case of a minor child, the exemption amount for purp	oses of section (6) shall not		
13	exceed the sum of:			
14	(i) Such child's earned income, plus			
15	(ii) \$6,000.			
16	(8) Adjustments for inflation.			
17	The dollar amount contained in paragraphs (6) and (7) shall be increased by an amount			
18	equal to:			
19	(a) Such dollar amount contained in paragraphs (6) and (7) in the year 2004, multiplied by			
20	(b) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 2004.			
21	(9) Phase-out.			
22	(a) In general.			
23	The exemption amount of any taxpayer shall be reduced (but not below zero) by an amount			
24	equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the amount by which alternative minimum taxable income			
25	of the taxpayer exceeds the threshold amount.			
26	(b) Threshold amount.			
27	For purposes of this paragraph, the term "threshold amount" shall be determined with the			
28	following table:			
29	Filing status Amount			
30	Single	\$123,250		
31	Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)	\$164,350		
32	Married filing separately	\$82,175		
33	Head of Household \$123,250			
34	Estate or Trust \$82,150			

1	(c) Adjustments for inflation
2	Each dollar amount contained in paragraph (9) shall be increased by an amount equal to:
3	(i) Such dollar amount contained in paragraph (9) in the year 2004, multiplied by
4	(ii) The cost-of-living adjustment determined under section (J) with a base year of 2004.
5	(G) Other Rhode Island taxes.
6	(1) General rule. There is hereby imposed (in addition to any other tax imposed by this
7	subtitle) a tax equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of:
8	(a) The Federal income tax on lump-sum distributions.
9	(b) The Federal income tax on parents' election to report child's interest and dividends.
10	(c) The recapture of Federal tax credits that were previously claimed on Rhode Island
11	return.
12	(H) Tax for children under 18 with investment income.
13	(1) General rule. There is hereby imposed a tax equal to twenty-five percent
14	(25%) of:
15	(a) The Federal tax for children under the age of 18 with investment income.
16	(I) Averaging of farm income.
17	(1) General rule. At the election of an individual engaged in a farming business or fishing
18	business, the tax imposed in section 2 shall be equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of:
19	(a) The Federal averaging of farm income as determined in IRC section 1301 [26 U.S.C. §
20	1301].
21	(J) Cost-of-living adjustment.
22	(1) In general.
23	The cost-of-living adjustment for any calendar year is the percentage (if any) by which:
24	(a) The CPI for the preceding calendar year exceeds
25	(b) The CPI for the base year.
26	(2) CPI for any calendar year.
27	For purposes of paragraph (1), the CPI for any calendar year is the average of the consumer
28	price index as of the close of the twelve (12) month period ending on August 31 of such calendar
29	year.
30	(3) Consumer price index.
31	For purposes of paragraph (2), the term "consumer price index" means the last consumer
32	price index for all urban consumers published by the department of labor. For purposes of the
33	preceding sentence, the revision of the consumer price index that is most consistent with the
34	consumer price index for calendar year 1986 shall be used.

- 1 (4) Rounding.
- 2 (a) In general.
- 3 If any increase determined under paragraph (1) is not a multiple of \$50, such increase shall
- 4 be rounded to the next lowest multiple of \$50.
- 5 (b) In the case of a married individual filing a separate return, subparagraph (a) shall be
- 6 applied by substituting "\$25" for \$50 each place it appears.
- 7 (K) Credits against tax. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, a taxpayer
- 8 entitled to any of the following federal credits enacted prior to January 1, 1996, shall be entitled to
- 9 a credit against the Rhode Island tax imposed under this section:
- 10 (1) [Deleted by P.L. 2007, ch. 73, art. 7, § 5].
- 11 (2) Child and dependent care credit;
- 12 (3) General business credits;
- 13 (4) Credit for elderly or the disabled;
- 14 (5) Credit for prior year minimum tax;
- 15 (6) Mortgage interest credit;
- 16 (7) Empowerment zone employment credit;
- 17 (8) Qualified electric vehicle credit.
- (L) Credit against tax for adoption. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2006, a
 taxpayer entitled to the federal adoption credit shall be entitled to a credit against the Rhode Island
 tax imposed under this section if the adopted child was under the care, custody, or supervision of
 the Rhode Island department of children, youth and families prior to the adoption.

(M) The credit shall be twenty-five percent (25%) of the aforementioned federal credits provided there shall be no deduction based on any federal credits enacted after January 1, 1996, including the rate reduction credit provided by the federal Economic Growth and Tax Reconciliation Act of 2001 (EGTRRA). In no event shall the tax imposed under this section be reduced to less than zero. A taxpayer required to recapture any of the above credits for federal tax purposes shall determine the Rhode Island amount to be recaptured in the same manner as prescribed in this subsection.

29 (N) Rhode Island earned-income credit.

30 (1) In general.

For tax years beginning before January 1, 2015, a taxpayer entitled to a federal earnedincome credit shall be allowed a Rhode Island earned-income credit equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the federal earned-income credit. Such credit shall not exceed the amount of the Rhode Island income tax. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, and before January 1, 2016, a taxpayer entitled to a federal earned-income credit shall be allowed a Rhode Island earned-income credit equal to ten percent (10%) of the federal earned-income credit. Such credit shall not exceed the amount of the Rhode Island income tax.

For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2016, a taxpayer entitled to a federal earnedincome credit shall be allowed a Rhode Island earned-income credit equal to twelve and one-half
percent (12.5%) of the federal earned-income credit. Such credit shall not exceed the amount of the
Rhode Island income tax.

For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2017, a taxpayer entitled to a federal earnedincome credit shall be allowed a Rhode Island earned-income credit equal to fifteen percent (15%)
of the federal earned-income credit. Such credit shall not exceed the amount of the Rhode Island
income tax.

For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2020, a taxpayer entitled to a federal earned income credit shall be allowed a Rhode Island earned-income credit equal to twenty percent (20%)
 of the federal earned-income credit. Such credit shall not exceed the amount of the Rhode Island

16 <u>income tax.</u>

17 (2) Refundable portion.

In the event the Rhode Island earned-income credit allowed under paragraph (N)(1) of this
section exceeds the amount of Rhode Island income tax, a refundable earned-income credit shall
be allowed as follows.

(i) For tax years beginning before January 1, 2015, for purposes of paragraph (2) refundable
earned-income credit means fifteen percent (15%) of the amount by which the Rhode Island earnedincome credit exceeds the Rhode Island income tax.

(ii) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, for purposes of paragraph (2)
refundable earned-income credit means one hundred percent (100%) of the amount by which the
Rhode Island earned-income credit exceeds the Rhode Island income tax.

(O) The tax administrator shall recalculate and submit necessary revisions to paragraphs
(A) through (J) to the general assembly no later than February 1, 2010, and every three (3) years
thereafter for inclusion in the statute.

30 (3) For the period January 1, 2011, through December 31, 2011, and thereafter, "Rhode
31 Island taxable income" means federal adjusted gross income as determined under the Internal
32 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. § 1 et seq., and as modified for Rhode Island purposes pursuant to § 4433 30-12 less the amount of Rhode Island Basic Standard Deduction allowed pursuant to subparagraph
44-30-2.6(c)(3)(B), and less the amount of personal exemption allowed pursuant to subparagraph

1 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(C).

1	++ 50 2.0(c)(5)(c).			
2	(A) Tax imposed.			
3	(I) There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of married individuals filing joint			ied individuals filing joint
4	returns, qualifyi	ng widow(er), every hea	d of household, unmarried indiv	viduals, married individuals
5	filing separate r	eturns and bankruptcy e	estates, a tax determined in acc	ordance with the following
6	table:			
7	RI Taxable Income RI Income Tax			RI Income Tax
8	Over	But not over	Pay +% on Excess	on the amount over
9	\$0 -	\$ 55,000	\$ 0 + 3.75%	\$0
10	55,000 -	125,000	2,063 + 4.75%	55,000
11	125,000 -		5,388 + 5.99%	125,000
12	(II) The	re is hereby imposed on	the taxable income of an estate	or trust a tax determined in
13	accordance with	the following table:		
14	RI Taxable Inco	ome		RI Income Tax
15	Over	But not over	Pay + % on Excess	on the amount over
16	\$0 -	\$ 2,230	\$ 0 + 3.75%	\$0
17	2,230 -	7,022	84 + 4.75%	2,230
18	7,022 -		312 + 5.99%	7,022
19	(B) Dec	luctions:		
20	(I) Rhode Island Basic Standard Deduction. Only the Rhode Island standard deduction shall			
21	be allowed in ac	ccordance with the follow	wing table:	
22		Filing status:		Amount
23		Single		\$7,500
24	Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$15,000			\$15,000
25	Married filing separately \$7,500			\$7,500
26	Head of Household \$11,250			\$11,250
27	(II) Nonresident alien individuals, estates and trusts are not eligible for standard			not eligible for standard
28	deductions.			
29	(III) In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross income, as modified for Rhode Island			
30	purposes pursuant to § 44-30-12, for the taxable year exceeds one hundred seventy-five thousand			
31	dollars (\$175,000), the standard deduction amount shall be reduced by the applicable percentage.			
32	The term "applicable percentage" means twenty (20) percentage points for each five thousand			nts for each five thousand
33	dollars (\$5,000) (or fraction thereof) by which the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the taxable			
34	year exceeds one hundred seventy-five thousand dollars (\$175,000).			

1 (C) Exemption Amount:

(I) The term "exemption amount" means three thousand five hundred dollars (\$3,500)
multiplied by the number of exemptions allowed for the taxable year for federal income tax
purposes. For tax years beginning on or after 2018, the term "exemption amount" means the same
as it does in 26 U.S.C. § 151 and 26 U.S.C. § 152 just prior to the enactment of the Tax Cuts and
Jobs Act (Pub. L. 115-97) on December 22, 2017.

7 (II) Exemption amount disallowed in case of certain dependents. In the case of an 8 individual with respect to whom a deduction under this section is allowable to another taxpayer for 9 the same taxable year, the exemption amount applicable to such individual for such individual's 10 taxable year shall be zero.

11

(III) Identifying information required.

(1) Except as provided in § 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(C)(II) of this section, no exemption shall be
allowed under this section with respect to any individual unless the Taxpayer Identification Number
of such individual is included on the federal return claiming the exemption for the same tax filing
period.

16 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of § 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(C)(I) of this section, in the event 17 that the Taxpayer Identification Number for each individual is not required to be included on the 18 federal tax return for the purposes of claiming a personal exemption(s), then the Taxpayer 19 Identification Number must be provided on the Rhode Island tax return for the purpose of claiming 20 said exemption(s).

(D) In the case of any taxpayer whose adjusted gross income, as modified for Rhode Island
purposes pursuant to § 44-30-12, for the taxable year exceeds one hundred seventy-five thousand
dollars (\$175,000), the exemption amount shall be reduced by the applicable percentage. The term
"applicable percentage" means twenty (20) percentage points for each five thousand dollars
(\$5,000) (or fraction thereof) by which the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the taxable year
exceeds one hundred seventy-five thousand dollars (\$175,000).

(E) Adjustment for inflation. The dollar amount contained in subparagraphs 44-302.6(c)(3)(A), 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(B) and 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(C) shall be increased annually by an amount
equal to:

30 (I) Such dollar amount contained in subparagraphs 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(A), 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(B)

31 and 44-30-2.6(c)(3)(C) adjusted for inflation using a base tax year of 2000, multiplied by;

32 (II) The cost-of-living adjustment with a base year of 2000.

(III) For the purposes of this section, the cost-of-living adjustment for any calendar year isthe percentage

(if any) by which the consumer price index for the preceding calendar year exceeds the
 consumer price index for the base year. The consumer price index for any calendar year is the
 average of the consumer price index as of the close of the twelve-month (12) period ending on
 August 31, of such calendar year.

5 (IV) For the purpose of this section the term "consumer price index" means the last 6 consumer price index for all urban consumers published by the department of labor. For the purpose 7 of this section the revision of the consumer price index that is most consistent with the consumer 8 price index for calendar year 1986 shall be used.

9 (V) If any increase determined under this section is not a multiple of fifty dollars (\$50.00), 10 such increase shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of fifty dollars (\$50.00). In the case of a 11 married individual filing separate return, if any increase determined under this section is not a 12 multiple of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00), such increase shall be rounded to the next lower multiple 13 of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00).

14 (F) Credits against tax.

(I) Notwithstanding any other provisions of Rhode Island Law, for tax years beginning on
or after January 1, 2011, the only credits allowed against a tax imposed under this chapter shall be
as follows:

(a) Rhode Island earned-income credit: Credit shall be allowed for earned-income credit
pursuant to subparagraph 44-30-2.6(c)(2)(N).

20 (b) Property Tax Relief Credit: Credit shall be allowed for property tax relief as provided
21 in § 44-33-1 et seq.

(c) Lead Paint Credit: Credit shall be allowed for residential lead abatement income tax
 credit as provided in § 44-30.3-1 et seq.

24 (d) Credit for income taxes of other states. Credit shall be allowed for income tax paid to
25 other states pursuant to § 44-30-74.

26 (e) Historic Structures Tax Credit: Credit shall be allowed for historic structures tax credit

as provided in § 44-33.2-1 et seq.

(f) Motion Picture Productions Tax Credit: Credit shall be allowed for motion picture
production tax credit as provided in § 44-31.2-1 et seq.

30 (g) Child and Dependent Care: Credit shall be allowed for twenty-five percent (25%) of

31 the federal child and dependent care credit allowable for the taxable year for federal purposes;

32 provided, however, such credit shall not exceed the Rhode Island tax liability.

33 (h) Tax credits for contributions to Scholarship Organizations: Credit shall be allowed for

34 contributions to scholarship organizations as provided in chapter 62 of title 44.

(i) Credit for tax withheld. Wages upon which tax is required to be withheld shall be taxable
as if no withholding were required, but any amount of Rhode Island personal income tax actually
deducted and withheld in any calendar year shall be deemed to have been paid to the tax
administrator on behalf of the person from whom withheld, and the person shall be credited with
having paid that amount of tax for the taxable year beginning in that calendar year. For a taxable
year of less than twelve (12) months, the credit shall be made under regulations of the tax
administrator.

8 (j) Stay Invested in RI Wavemaker Fellowship: Credit shall be allowed for stay invested in
9 RI wavemaker fellowship program as provided in § 42-64.26-1 et seq.

10 (k) Rebuild Rhode Island: Credit shall be allowed for rebuild RI tax credit as provided in
\$ 42-64.20-1 et seq.

(1) Rhode Island Qualified Jobs Incentive Program: Credit shall be allowed for Rhode
Island new qualified jobs incentive program credit as provided in § 44-48.3-1 et seq.

(m) Historic homeownership assistance act: Effective for tax year 2017 and thereafter,
unused carryforward for such credit previously issued shall be allowed for the historic
homeownership assistance act as provided in § 44-33.1-4. This allowance is for credits already
issued pursuant to § 44-33.1-4 and shall not be construed to authorize the issuance of new credits
under the historic homeownership assistance act.

(2) Except as provided in section 1 above, no other state and federal tax credit shall beavailable to the taxpayers in computing tax liability under this chapter.

21 SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage.

LC004510

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION - PERSONAL INCOME TAX

- 1 This act would raise the earned income tax credit from fifteen percent (15%) to twenty
- 2 percent (20%) for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2020.
- 3 This act would take effect upon passage.

LC004510