LC001593

2019 -- S 0504

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2019

AN ACT

RELATING TO MOTOR AND OTHER VEHICLES -- MOTOR VEHICLE OFFENSES

Introduced By: Senators Sosnowski, and Goodwin

Date Introduced: February 27, 2019

Referred To: Senate Judiciary

(Attorney General)

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

SECTION 1. Sections 31-27-2 and 31-27-2.1 of the General Laws in Chapter 31-27
 entitled "Motor Vehicle Offenses" are hereby amended to read as follows:

3

31-27-2. Driving under influence of liquor or drugs.

4 (a) Whoever drives or otherwise operates any vehicle in the state while under the 5 influence of any intoxicating liquor, drugs, toluene, or any controlled substance as defined in 6 chapter 28 of title 21, or any combination of these, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, except as 7 provided in subsection (d)(3), and shall be punished as provided in subsection (d).

8 (b)(1) Any person charged under subsection (a), whose blood alcohol concentration is 9 eight one-hundredths of one percent (.08%) or more by weight, as shown by a chemical analysis 10 of a blood, breath, or urine sample, shall be guilty of violating subsection (a). This provision shall 11 not preclude a conviction based on other admissible evidence. Proof of guilt under this section 12 may also be based on evidence that the person charged was under the influence of intoxicating 13 liquor, drugs, toluene, or any controlled substance defined in chapter 28 of title 21, or any 14 combination of these, to a degree that rendered the person incapable of safely operating a vehicle. 15 The fact that any person charged with violating this section is, or has been, legally entitled to use alcohol or a drug shall not constitute a defense against any charge of violating this section. 16

17 (2) Whoever drives, or otherwise operates, any vehicle in the state with a blood presence 18 of any scheduled controlled substance as defined within chapter 28 of title 21, as shown by 19 analysis of a blood or urine sample, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished as 1 provided in subsection (d).

2 (c) In any criminal prosecution for a violation of subsection (a), evidence as to the 3 amount of intoxicating liquor, toluene, or any controlled substance as defined in chapter 28 of 4 title 21, or any combination of these, in the defendant's blood at the time alleged as shown by a 5 chemical analysis of the defendant's breath, blood, or urine or other bodily substance, shall be 6 admissible and competent, provided that evidence is presented that the following conditions have 7 been complied with:

8 (1) The defendant has consented to the taking of the test upon which the analysis is made.
9 Evidence that the defendant had refused to submit to the test shall not be admissible unless the
10 defendant elects to testify.

(2) A true copy of the report of the test result was mailed within seventy-two (72) hours
of the taking of the test to the person submitting to a breath test.

(3) Any person submitting to a chemical test of blood, urine, or other body fluids shall
have a true copy of the report of the test result mailed to him or her within thirty (30) days
following the taking of the test.

16 (4) The test was performed according to methods and with equipment approved by the17 director of the department of health of the state of Rhode Island and by an authorized individual.

18 (5) Equipment used for the conduct of the tests by means of breath analysis had been 19 tested for accuracy within thirty (30) days preceding the test by personnel qualified as 20 hereinbefore provided, and breathalyzer operators shall be qualified and certified by the 21 department of health within three hundred sixty-five (365) days of the test.

22 (6) The person arrested and charged with operating a motor vehicle while under the 23 influence of intoxicating liquor, toluene, or any controlled substance as defined in chapter 28 of 24 title 21 or any combination of these in violation of subsection (a), was afforded the opportunity to 25 have an additional chemical test. The officer arresting or so charging the person shall have 26 informed the person of this right and afforded him or her a reasonable opportunity to exercise this 27 right, and a notation to this effect is made in the official records of the case in the police 28 department. Refusal to permit an additional chemical test shall render incompetent and 29 inadmissible in evidence the original report.

30 (d)(1)(i) Every person found to have violated subsection (b)(1) shall be sentenced as 31 follows: for a first violation whose blood alcohol concentration is eight one-hundredths of one 32 percent (.08%), but less than one-tenth of one percent (.1%), by weight, or who has a blood 33 presence of any scheduled controlled substance as defined in subsection (b)(2), shall be subject to 34 a fine of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100), nor more than three hundred dollars (\$300);

1 shall be required to perform ten (10) to sixty (60) hours of public community restitution, and/or 2 shall be imprisoned for up to one year. The sentence may be served in any unit of the adult 3 correctional institutions in the discretion of the sentencing judge and/or shall be required to attend a special course on driving while intoxicated or under the influence of a controlled substance; 4 5 provided, however, that the court may permit a servicemember or veteran to complete any courtapproved counseling program administered or approved by the Veterans' Administration, and his 6 7 or her driver's license shall be suspended for thirty (30) days up to one hundred eighty (180) days. The sentencing judge or magistrate may prohibit that person from operating a motor vehicle that 8 9 is not equipped with an ignition interlock system as provided in § 31-27-2.8.

10 (ii) Every person convicted of a first violation whose blood alcohol concentration is one-11 tenth of one percent (.1%) by weight or above, but less than fifteen hundredths of one percent 12 (.15%), or whose blood alcohol concentration is unknown, shall be subject to a fine of not less 13 than one hundred (\$100) dollars, nor more than four hundred dollars (\$400), and shall be required 14 to perform ten (10) to sixty (60) hours of public community restitution and/or shall be imprisoned 15 for up to one year. The sentence may be served in any unit of the adult correctional institutions in 16 the discretion of the sentencing judge. The person's driving license shall be suspended for a 17 period of three (3) months to twelve (12) months. The sentencing judge shall require attendance 18 at a special course on driving while intoxicated or under the influence of a controlled substance 19 and/or alcoholic or drug treatment for the individual; provided, however, that the court may 20 permit a servicemember or veteran to complete any court-approved counseling program 21 administered or approved by the Veterans' Administration. The sentencing judge or magistrate 22 may prohibit that person from operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition 23 interlock system as provided in § 31-27-2.8.

24 (iii) Every person convicted of a first offense whose blood alcohol concentration is 25 fifteen hundredths of one percent (.15%) or above, or who is under the influence of a drug, 26 toluene, or any controlled substance as defined in subsection (b)(1), shall be subject to a fine of 27 five hundred dollars (\$500) and shall be required to perform twenty (20) to sixty (60) hours of 28 public community restitution and/or shall be imprisoned for up to one year. The sentence may be 29 served in any unit of the adult correctional institutions in the discretion of the sentencing judge. 30 The person's driving license shall be suspended for a period of three (3) months to eighteen (18) 31 months. The sentencing judge shall require attendance at a special course on driving while 32 intoxicated or under the influence of a controlled substance and/or alcohol or drug treatment for the individual; provided, however, that the court may permit a servicemember or veteran to 33 complete any court-approved counseling program administered or approved by the Veterans' 34

Administration. The sentencing judge or magistrate shall prohibit that person from operating a
 motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock system as provided in § 31-27-2.8.

3 (2)(i) Every person convicted of a second violation within a five-year (5) period with a 4 blood alcohol concentration of eight one-hundredths of one percent (.08%) or above, but less than 5 fifteen hundredths of one percent (.15%), or whose blood alcohol concentration is unknown, or who has a blood presence of any controlled substance as defined in subsection (b)(2), and every 6 7 person convicted of a second violation within a five-year (5) period, regardless of whether the 8 prior violation and subsequent conviction was a violation and subsequent conviction under this 9 statute or under the driving under the influence of liquor or drugs statute of any other state, shall 10 be subject to a mandatory fine of four hundred dollars (\$400). The person's driving license shall 11 be suspended for a period of one year to two (2) years, and the individual shall be sentenced to 12 not less than ten (10) days, nor more than one year, in jail. The sentence may be served in any 13 unit of the adult correctional institutions in the discretion of the sentencing judge; however, not 14 less than forty-eight (48) hours of imprisonment shall be served consecutively. The sentencing 15 judge shall require alcohol or drug treatment for the individual; provided, however, that the court 16 may permit a servicemember or veteran to complete any court-approved counseling program 17 administered or approved by the Veterans' Administration and shall prohibit that person from 18 operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock system as provided in § 19 31-27-2.8.

20 (ii) Every person convicted of a second violation within a five-year (5) period whose 21 blood alcohol concentration is fifteen hundredths of one percent (.15%) or above, by weight as 22 shown by a chemical analysis of a blood, breath, or urine sample, or who is under the influence of 23 a drug, toluene, or any controlled substance as defined in subsection (b)(1), shall be subject to 24 mandatory imprisonment of not less than six (6) months, nor more than one year; a mandatory 25 fine of not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000); and a mandatory license suspension for a period of two (2) years from the date of completion of the sentence imposed under this 26 27 subsection. The sentencing judge shall require alcohol or drug treatment for the individual; 28 provided, however, that the court may permit a servicemember or veteran to complete any court 29 approved counseling program administered or approved by the Veterans' Administration. The 30 sentencing judge or magistrate shall prohibit that person from operating a motor vehicle that is 31 not equipped with an ignition interlock system as provided in § 31-27-2.8

(3)(i) Every person convicted of a third or subsequent violation within a five year (5) ten year (10) period with a blood alcohol concentration of eight one-hundredths of one percent
 (.08%) or above, but less than fifteen hundredths of one percent (.15%), or whose blood alcohol

1 concentration is unknown or who has a blood presence of any scheduled controlled substance as 2 defined in subsection (b)(2), regardless of whether any prior violation and subsequent conviction 3 was a violation and subsequent conviction under this statute or under the driving under the 4 influence of liquor or drugs statute of any other state, shall be guilty of a felony and be subject to 5 a mandatory fine of four hundred (\$400) dollars. The person's driving license shall be suspended for a period of two (2) years to three (3) years, and the individual shall be sentenced to not less 6 7 than one year and not more than three (3) years in jail. The sentence may be served in any unit of 8 the adult correctional institutions in the discretion of the sentencing judge; however, not less than 9 forty-eight (48) hours of imprisonment shall be served consecutively. The sentencing judge shall 10 require alcohol or drug treatment for the individual; provided, however, that the court may permit 11 a servicemember or veteran to complete any court-approved counseling program administered or 12 approved by the Veterans' Administration, and shall prohibit that person from operating a motor 13 vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock system as provided in § 31-27-2.8.

14 (ii) Every person convicted of a third or subsequent violation within a five year (5) ten-15 year (10) period whose blood alcohol concentration is fifteen hundredths of one percent (.15%) 16 above by weight as shown by a chemical analysis of a blood, breath, or urine sample, or who is 17 under the influence of a drug, toluene, or any controlled substance as defined in subsection (b)(1), 18 shall be subject to mandatory imprisonment of not less than three (3) years, nor more than five (5) 19 years; a mandatory fine of not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), nor more than five 20 thousand dollars (\$5,000); and a mandatory license suspension for a period of three (3) years 21 from the date of completion of the sentence imposed under this subsection. The sentencing judge 22 shall require alcohol or drug treatment for the individual. The sentencing judge or magistrate shall 23 prohibit that person from operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock system as provided in § 31-27-2.8. 24

(iii) In addition to the foregoing penalties, every person convicted of a third or subsequent violation within a five year (5) ten-year (10) period, regardless of whether any prior violation and subsequent conviction was a violation and subsequent conviction under this statute or under the driving under the influence of liquor or drugs statute of any other state, shall be subject, in the discretion of the sentencing judge, to having the vehicle owned and operated by the violator seized and sold by the state of Rhode Island, with all funds obtained by the sale to be transferred to the general fund.

32 (4) Whoever drives or otherwise operates any vehicle in the state while under the 33 influence of any intoxicating liquor, drugs, toluene, or any controlled substance as defined in 34 chapter 28 of title 21, or any combination of these, when his or her license to operate is

1 suspended, revoked, or cancelled for operating under the influence of a narcotic drug or 2 intoxicating liquor, shall be guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than three 3 (3) years and by a fine of not more than three thousand dollars (\$3,000). The court shall require 4 alcohol and/or drug treatment for the individual; provided, the penalties provided for in this 5 subsection (d)(4) shall not apply to an individual who has surrendered his or her license and served the court-ordered period of suspension, but who, for any reason, has not had his or her 6 7 license reinstated after the period of suspension, revocation, or suspension has expired; provided, further, the individual shall be subject to the provisions of subdivision (d)(2)(i), (d)(2)(ii), 8 9 (d)(3)(i), (d)(3)(ii), or (d)(3)(iii) regarding subsequent offenses, and any other applicable 10 provision of this section.

(5)(i) For purposes of determining the period of license suspension, a prior violation shall
 constitute any charge brought and sustained under the provisions of this section or § 31-27-2.1.

13 (ii) Any person over the age of eighteen (18) who is convicted under this section for 14 operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, other drugs, or a combination of 15 these, while a child under the age of thirteen (13) years was present as a passenger in the motor 16 vehicle when the offense was committed shall be subject to immediate license suspension 17 pending prosecution. Any person convicted of violating this section shall be guilty of a 18 misdemeanor for a first offense and may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not more than 19 one year and a fine not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000). Any person convicted of a 20 second or subsequent offense shall be guilty of a felony offense and may be sentenced to a term 21 of imprisonment of not more than five (5) years and a fine not to exceed five thousand dollars 22 (\$5,000). The sentencing judge shall also order a license suspension of up to two (2) years, 23 require attendance at a special course on driving while intoxicated or under the influence of a 24 controlled substance, and alcohol or drug education and/or treatment. The individual may also be 25 required to pay a highway assessment fee of no more than five hundred dollars (\$500) and the 26 assessment shall be deposited in the general fund.

27 (6)(i) Any person convicted of a violation under this section shall pay a highway 28 assessment fine of five hundred dollars (\$500) that shall be deposited into the general fund. The 29 assessment provided for by this subsection shall be collected from a violator before any other 30 fines authorized by this section.

31 (ii) Any person convicted of a violation under this section shall be assessed a fee of
32 eighty-six dollars (\$86).

33 (7)(i) If the person convicted of violating this section is under the age of eighteen (18)
34 years, for the first violation he or she shall be required to perform ten (10) to sixty (60) hours of

public community restitution and the juvenile's driving license shall be suspended for a period of six (6) months, and may be suspended for a period up to eighteen (18) months. The sentencing judge shall also require attendance at a special course on driving while intoxicated or under the influence of a controlled substance and alcohol or drug education and/or treatment for the juvenile. The juvenile may also be required to pay a highway assessment fine of no more than five hundred dollars (\$500) and the assessment imposed shall be deposited into the general fund.

7 (ii) If the person convicted of violating this section is under the age of eighteen (18) years, for a second or subsequent violation regardless of whether any prior violation and 8 9 subsequent conviction was a violation and subsequent under this statute or under the driving 10 under the influence of liquor or drugs statute of any other state, he or she shall be subject to a 11 mandatory suspension of his or her driving license until such time as he or she is twenty-one (21) 12 years of age and may, in the discretion of the sentencing judge, also be sentenced to the Rhode 13 Island training school for a period of not more than one year and/or a fine of not more than five 14 hundred dollars (\$500).

15 (8) Any person convicted of a violation under this section may undergo a clinical assessment at the community college of Rhode Island's center for workforce and community 16 17 education. Should this clinical assessment determine problems of alcohol, drug abuse, or 18 psychological problems associated with alcoholic or drug abuse, this person shall be referred to 19 an appropriate facility, licensed or approved by the department of behavioral healthcare, 20 developmental disabilities and hospitals, for treatment placement, case management, and 21 monitoring. In the case of a servicemember or veteran, the court may order that the person be 22 evaluated through the Veterans' Administration. Should the clinical assessment determine 23 problems of alcohol, drug abuse, or psychological problems associated with alcohol or drug 24 abuse, the person may have their treatment, case management, and monitoring administered or 25 approved by the Veterans' Administration.

26 (e) Percent by weight of alcohol in the blood shall be based upon milligrams of alcohol
27 per one hundred (100) cubic centimeters of blood.

(f)(1) There is established an alcohol and drug safety unit within the division of motor vehicles to administer an alcohol safety action program. The program shall provide for placement and follow-up for persons who are required to pay the highway safety assessment. The alcohol and drug safety action program will be administered in conjunction with alcohol and drug programs licensed by the department of behavioral healthcare, developmental disabilities and hospitals.

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(2) Persons convicted under the provisions of this chapter shall be required to attend a

1 special course on driving while intoxicated or under the influence of a controlled substance, 2 and/or participate in an alcohol or drug treatment program; provided, however, that the court may 3 permit a servicemember or veteran to complete any court-approved counseling program administered or approved by the Veterans' Administration. The course shall take into 4 5 consideration any language barrier that may exist as to any person ordered to attend, and shall provide for instruction reasonably calculated to communicate the purposes of the course in 6 7 accordance with the requirements of the subsection. Any costs reasonably incurred in connection 8 with the provision of this accommodation shall be borne by the person being retrained. A copy of 9 any violation under this section shall be forwarded by the court to the alcohol and drug safety 10 unit. In the event that persons convicted under the provisions of this chapter fail to attend and 11 complete the above course or treatment program, as ordered by the judge, then the person may be 12 brought before the court, and after a hearing as to why the order of the court was not followed, 13 may be sentenced to jail for a period not exceeding one year.

14 (3) The alcohol and drug safety action program within the division of motor vehicles15 shall be funded by general revenue appropriations.

16 (g) The director of the health department of the state of Rhode Island is empowered to 17 make and file with the secretary of state regulations that prescribe the techniques and methods of 18 chemical analysis of the person's body fluids or breath and the qualifications and certification of 19 individuals authorized to administer this testing and analysis.

20 (h) Jurisdiction for misdemeanor violations of this section shall be with the district court 21 for persons eighteen (18) years of age or older and to the family court for persons under the age 22 of eighteen (18) years. The courts shall have full authority to impose any sentence authorized and 23 to order the suspension of any license for violations of this section. All trials in the district court 24 and family court of violations of the section shall be scheduled within thirty (30) days of the 25 arraignment date. No continuance or postponement shall be granted except for good cause shown. 26 Any continuances that are necessary shall be granted for the shortest practicable time. Trials in 27 superior court are not required to be scheduled within thirty (30) days of the arraignment date.

(i) No fines, suspensions, assessments, alcohol or drug treatment programs, course on
 driving while intoxicated or under the influence of a controlled substance, public community
 restitution, or jail provided for under this section can be suspended.

(j) An order to attend a special course on driving while intoxicated that shall be administered in cooperation with a college or university accredited by the state, shall include a provision to pay a reasonable tuition for the course in an amount not less than twenty-five dollars (\$25.00), and a fee of one hundred seventy-five dollars (\$175), which fee shall be deposited into 1 the general fund.

2 (k) For the purposes of this section, any test of a sample of blood, breath, or urine for the
3 presence of alcohol that relies in whole or in part upon the principle of infrared light absorption is
4 considered a chemical test.

5 (1) If any provision of this section, or the application of any provision, shall for any 6 reason be judged invalid, such a judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder of 7 the section, but shall be confined in this effect to the provision or application directly involved in 8 the controversy giving rise to the judgment.

9 (m) For the purposes of this section, "servicemember" means a person who is presently 10 serving in the armed forces of the United States, including the Coast Guard, a reserve component 11 thereof, or the National Guard. "Veteran" means a person who has served in the armed forces, 12 including the Coast Guard of the United States, a reserve component thereof, or the National 13 Guard, and has been discharged under other than dishonorable conditions.

14

<u>31-27-2.1. Refusal to submit to chemical test.</u>

15 (a) Any person who operates a motor vehicle within this state shall be deemed to have given his or her consent to chemical tests of his or her breath, blood, and/or urine for the purpose 16 17 of determining the chemical content of his or her body fluids or breath. No more than two (2) 18 complete tests, one for the presence of intoxicating liquor and one for the presence of toluene or 19 any controlled substance, as defined in § 21-28-1.02(8), shall be administered at the direction of a 20 law enforcement officer having reasonable grounds to believe the person to have been driving a 21 motor vehicle within this state while under the influence of intoxicating liquor, toluene, or any 22 controlled substance, as defined in chapter 28 of title 21, or any combination of these. The 23 director of the department of health is empowered to make and file, with the secretary of state, 24 regulations that prescribe the techniques and methods of chemical analysis of the person's body 25 fluids or breath and the qualifications and certification of individuals authorized to administer the 26 testing and analysis.

27 (b) If a person, for religious or medical reasons, cannot be subjected to blood tests, the 28 person may file an affidavit with the division of motor vehicles stating the reasons why he or she 29 cannot be required to take blood tests and a notation to this effect shall be made on his or her 30 license. If that person is asked to submit to chemical tests as provided under this chapter, the 31 person shall only be required to submit to chemical tests of his or her breath or urine. When a 32 person is requested to submit to blood tests, only a physician or registered nurse, or a medical 33 technician certified under regulations promulgated by the director of the department of health, 34 may withdraw blood for the purpose of determining the alcoholic content in it. This limitation

1 shall not apply to the taking of breath or urine specimens. The person tested shall be permitted to 2 have a physician of his or her own choosing, and at his or her own expense, administer chemical 3 tests of his or her breath, blood, and/or urine in addition to the tests administered at the direction 4 of a law enforcement officer. If a person, having been placed under arrest, refuses upon the 5 request of a law enforcement officer to submit to the tests, as provided in § 31-27-2, none shall be given, but a judge or magistrate of the traffic tribunal or district court judge or magistrate, upon 6 7 receipt of a report of a law enforcement officer: that he or she had reasonable grounds to believe 8 the arrested person had been driving a motor vehicle within this state under the influence of 9 intoxicating liquor, toluene, or any controlled substance, as defined in chapter 28 of title 21, or 10 any combination of these; that the person had been informed of his or her rights in accordance 11 with § 31-27-3; that the person had been informed of the penalties incurred as a result of 12 noncompliance with this section; and that the person had refused to submit to the tests upon the 13 request of a law enforcement officer; shall promptly order that the person's operator's license or 14 privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this state be immediately suspended, however, said 15 suspension shall be subject to the hardship provisions enumerated in § 31-27-2.8. A traffic 16 tribunal judge or magistrate, or a district court judge or magistrate, pursuant to the terms of 17 subsection (c), shall order as follows:

18 (1) Impose, for the first violation, a fine in the amount of two hundred dollars (\$200) to 19 five hundred dollars (\$500) and shall order the person to perform ten (10) to sixty (60) hours of 20 public community restitution. The person's driving license in this state shall be suspended for a 21 period of six (6) months to one year. The traffic tribunal judge or magistrate shall require 22 attendance at a special course on driving while intoxicated or under the influence of a controlled 23 substance and/or alcohol or drug treatment for the individual. The traffic tribunal judge or 24 magistrate may prohibit that person from operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an 25 ignition interlock system as provided in § 31-27-2.8.

26 (2) Every person convicted of a second violation within a five-year (5) period, except 27 with respect to cases of refusal to submit to a blood test, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor; shall 28 be imprisoned for not more than six (6) months; shall pay a fine in the amount of six hundred 29 dollars (\$600) to one thousand dollars (\$1,000); perform sixty (60) to one hundred (100) hours of 30 public community restitution; and the person's driving license in this state shall be suspended for 31 a period of one year to two (2) years. The judge or magistrate shall require alcohol and/or drug treatment for the individual. The sentencing judge or magistrate shall prohibit that person from 32 33 operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock system as provided in § 34 31-27-2.8.

1 (3) Every person convicted for a third or subsequent violation within a five year (5) ten-2 year (10) period, except with respect to cases of refusal to submit to a blood test, shall be guilty of 3 a misdemeanor; and shall be imprisoned for not more than one year; fined eight hundred dollars 4 (\$800) to one thousand dollars (\$1,000); shall perform not less than one hundred (100) hours of 5 public community restitution; and the person's operator's license in this state shall be suspended for a period of two (2) years to five (5) years. The sentencing judge or magistrate shall prohibit 6 7 that person from operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock system as provided in § 31-27-2.8. The judge or magistrate shall require alcohol or drug treatment for 8 9 the individual. Provided, that prior to the reinstatement of a license to a person charged with a 10 third or subsequent violation within a three-year (3) period, a hearing shall be held before a judge 11 or magistrate. At the hearing, the judge or magistrate shall review the person's driving record, his 12 or her employment history, family background, and any other pertinent factors that would 13 indicate that the person has demonstrated behavior that warrants the reinstatement of his or her 14 license.

15 (4) For a second violation within a five-year (5) period with respect to a case of a refusal 16 to submit to a blood test, a fine in the amount of six hundred dollars (\$600) to one thousand 17 dollars (\$1,000); the person shall perform sixty (60) to one hundred (100) hours of public 18 community restitution; and the person's driving license in this state shall be suspended for a 19 period of two (2) years. The judicial officer shall require alcohol and/or drug treatment for the 20 individual. The sentencing judicial officer shall prohibit that person from operating a motor 21 vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock system as provided in § 31-27-2.8. Such a 22 violation with respect to refusal to submit to a chemical blood test shall be a civil offense.

23 (5) For a third or subsequent violation within a five-year (5) period with respect to a case 24 of a refusal to submit to a blood test, a fine in the amount of eight hundred dollars (\$800) to one 25 thousand dollars (\$1,000); the person shall perform not less than one hundred (100) hours of 26 public community restitution; and the person's driving license in this state shall be suspended for 27 a period of two (2) to five (5) years. The sentencing judicial officer shall prohibit that person from 28 operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock system as provided in § 29 31-27-2.8. The judicial officer shall require alcohol and/or drug treatment for the individual. Such 30 a violation with respect to refusal to submit to a chemical test of blood shall be a civil offense. 31 Provided, that prior to the reinstatement of a license to a person charged with a third or 32 subsequent violation within a three-year (3) period, a hearing shall be held before a judicial 33 officer. At the hearing, the judicial officer shall review the person's driving record, his or her 34 employment history, family background, and any other pertinent factors that would indicate that

1 the person has demonstrated behavior that warrants the reinstatement of their license.

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(6) For purposes of determining the period of license suspension, a prior violation shall 3 constitute any charge brought and sustained under the provisions of this section or § 31-27-2.

4 (7) In addition to any other fines, a highway safety assessment of five hundred dollars 5 (\$500) shall be paid by any person found in violation of this section, the assessment to be deposited into the general fund. The assessment provided for by this subsection shall be collected 6 7 from a violator before any other fines authorized by this section.

8 (8) In addition to any other fines and highway safety assessments, a two-hundred-dollar 9 (\$200) assessment shall be paid by any person found in violation of this section to support the 10 department of health's chemical testing programs outlined in § 31-27-2(4), that shall be deposited 11 as general revenues, not restricted receipts.

12 (9) No fines, suspensions, assessments, alcohol or drug treatment programs, course on 13 driving while intoxicated or under the influence of a controlled substance, or public community 14 restitution provided for under this section can be suspended.

15 (c) Upon suspending or refusing to issue a license or permit as provided in subsection (a), 16 the traffic tribunal or district court shall immediately notify the person involved in writing, and 17 upon his or her request, within fifteen (15) days, shall afford the person an opportunity for a 18 hearing as early as practical upon receipt of a request in writing. Upon a hearing, the judge may 19 administer oaths and may issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the production of 20 relevant books and papers. If the judge finds after the hearing that:

21 (1) The law enforcement officer making the sworn report had reasonable grounds to 22 believe that the arrested person had been driving a motor vehicle within this state while under the 23 influence of intoxicating liquor, toluene, or any controlled substance, as defined in chapter 28 of title 21, or any combination of these; 24

25 (2) The person, while under arrest, refused to submit to the tests upon the request of a law 26 enforcement officer;

27

(3) The person had been informed of his or her rights in accordance with § 31-27-3; and

28 (4) The person had been informed of the penalties incurred as a result of noncompliance 29 with this section, the judge shall sustain the violation. The judge shall then impose the penalties 30 set forth in subsection (b). Action by the judge must be taken within seven (7) days after the 31 hearing or it shall be presumed that the judge has refused to issue his or her order of suspension.

32 (d) For the purposes of this section, any test of a sample of blood, breath, or urine for the presence of alcohol that relies, in whole or in part, upon the principle of infrared light absorption 33 34 is considered a chemical test.

1 (e) If any provision of this section, or the application of any provision, shall, for any 2 reason, be judged invalid, the judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder of the 3 section, but shall be confined in this effect to the provisions or application directly involved in the 4 controversy giving rise to the judgment.

5 SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and shall apply to all convictions 6 imposed before or after the effective date.

LC001593

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

A N A C T

RELATING TO MOTOR AND OTHER VEHICLES -- MOTOR VEHICLE OFFENSES

1 This act would extend the look-back period from five (5) years to ten (10) years for third 2 and subsequent offenses for driving under the influence of liquor or drugs and refusal to submit to 3 chemical testing.

4 This act would take effect upon passage and would apply to all convictions imposed 5 before or after the effective date.

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