LC02973

# STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

## IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

## **JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2013**

## AN ACT

#### RELATING TO CORPORATIONS, ASSOCIATIONS AND PARTNERSHIPS

Introduced By: Senator Catherine Cool Rumsey

Date Introduced: July 03, 2013

Referred To: Senate Commerce

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

| 1  | SECTION 1. Title 7 of the General Laws entitled "CORPORATIONS,  |
|----|---|
| 2  | ASSOCIATIONS, AND PARTNERSHIPS" is hereby amended by adding thereto the following                       |
| 3  | chapter:  |
| 4  | CHAPTER 5.3   |
| 5  | BENEFIT CORPORATIONS  |
| 6  | 7-5.3-1. Application and effect of chapter (a) This chapter shall be applicable to all                  |
| 7  | benefit corporations.   |
| 8  | (b) The existence of a provision of this chapter shall not of itself create an implication              |
| 9  | that a contrary or different rule of law is applicable to a corporation that is not a benefit           |
| 10 | corporation. This chapter shall not affect a statute or rule of law that is applicable to a corporation |
| 11 | that is not a benefit corporation.  |
| 12 | (c) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, all provisions of the general corporation             |
| 13 | law, including the Rhode Island Business Corporation Act, chapter 1.2 of this title, applicable to      |
| 14 | domestic business corporations are applicable to corporations organized under this chapter. A           |
| 15 | benefit corporation may be subject simultaneously to this chapter and chapters 5.1 of this title.       |
| 16 | The provisions of this chapter shall control over the provisions of any other chapter to this title to  |
| 17 | which a benefit corporation is subject.   |
| 18 | (d) A provision of the articles of incorporation or bylaws of a benefit corporation may not             |
| 19 | limit, be inconsistent with, or supersede a provision of this chapter.                                  |

| 1  | 7-5.3-2. Definitions As used in this chapter:  |
|----|--|
| 2  | (1) "Benefit corporation" means a corporation for profit with purposes set forth in section              |
| 3  | 7-5.3-6 that is subject to this chapter.   |
| 4  | (2) "Benefit director" means either:   |
| 5  | (i) The director designated as the benefit director of a benefit corporation under section 7-            |
| 6  | <u>5.3-8; or</u>   |
| 7  | (ii) A person with one or more of the powers, duties or rights of a benefit director to the              |
| 8  | extent provided in the bylaws under subsection 7-5.3-8(f).   |
| 9  | (3) "Benefit enforcement proceeding" means any claim or action or proceeding for:                        |
| 10 | (i) Failure of a benefit corporation to pursue or create general public benefit or a specific            |
| 11 | public benefit purpose set forth in its articles; or   |
| 12 | (ii) Violation of any obligation, duty, or standard of conduct under this chapter.                       |
| 13 | (4) "Benefit officer" means the individual, if any, designated as the benefit officer of a               |
| 14 | benefit corporation under section 7-5.3-10.  |
| 15 | (5) "General public benefit" means a material positive impact on society and the                         |
| 16 | environment, taken as a whole, assessed against a third-party standard, from the business and            |
| 17 | operations of a benefit corporation.   |
| 18 | (6) "Independent" means having no material relationship with a benefit corporation or a                  |
| 19 | subsidiary of the benefit corporation. Serving as benefit director or benefit officer does not make      |
| 20 | an individual not independent. A material relationship between an individual and a benefit               |
| 21 | corporation or any of its subsidiaries will be conclusively presumed to exist if any of the              |
| 22 | following apply:   |
| 23 | (i) The individual is, or has been within the last three (3) years, an employee other than a             |
| 24 | benefit officer of the benefit corporation or a subsidiary.  |
| 25 | (ii) An immediate family member of the individual is, or has been within the last three (3)              |
| 26 | years, an executive officer other than a benefit officer of the benefit corporation or a subsidiary.     |
| 27 | (iii) There is beneficial or record ownership of five percent (5%) or more of the                        |
| 28 | outstanding shares of the benefit corporation, calculated as if all outstanding rights to acquire        |
| 29 | equity interests in the benefit corporation had been exercised, by:                                      |
| 30 | (A) The individual; or   |
| 31 | (B) An entity:   |
| 32 | (I) Of which the individual is a director, an officer, or a manager; or                                  |
| 33 | (II) In which the individual owns beneficially or of record five percent (5%) or more of                 |
| 34 | the outstanding equity interests, calculated as if all outstanding rights to acquire equity interests in |

| 1  | the entity had been exercised.   |
|----|--|
| 2  | (7) "Minimum status vote" means:   |
| 3  | (i) In the case of a corporation, in addition to any other required approval or vote, the              |
| 4  | satisfaction of the following conditions:  |
| 5  | (A) The shareholders of every class or series shall be entitled to vote as a class on the              |
| 6  | corporate action regardless of a limitation stated in the articles of incorporation or bylaws on the   |
| 7  | voting rights of any class or series.  |
| 8  | (B) The corporate action must be approved by vote of the shareholders of each class or                 |
| 9  | series entitled to cast at least two-thirds (2/3) of the votes that all shareholders of the class or   |
| 10 | series are entitled to cast on the action.   |
| 11 | (ii) In the case of a domestic entity other than a corporation, in addition to any other               |
| 12 | required approval, vote, or consent, the satisfaction of the following conditions:                     |
| 13 | (A) The holders of every class or series of equity interest in the entity that are entitled to         |
| 14 | receive a distribution of any kind from the entity shall be entitled to vote on or consent to the      |
| 15 | action regardless of any otherwise applicable limitation on the voting or consent rights of any        |
| 16 | class or series.   |
| 17 | (B) The action must be approved by vote or consent of the holders described in                         |
| 18 | subparagraph (A) entitled to cast at least two-thirds (2/3) of the votes or consents that all of those |
| 19 | holders are entitled to cast on the action.  |
| 20 | (8) "Publicly traded corporation" means a corporation that has shares listed on a national             |
| 21 | securities exchange or traded in a market maintained by one or more members of a national              |
| 22 | securities association.  |
| 23 | (9) "Specific public benefit" includes:  |
| 24 | (i) Providing low-income or underserved individuals or communities with beneficial                     |
| 25 | products or services;  |
| 26 | (ii) Promoting economic opportunity for individuals or communities beyond the creation                 |
| 27 | of jobs in the normal course of business;  |
| 28 | (iii) Protecting or restoring the environment;   |
| 29 | (iv) Improving human health:   |
| 30 | (v) Promoting the arts, sciences, or advancement of knowledge;   |
| 31 | (vi) Increasing the flow of capital to entities with a purpose to benefit society or the               |
| 32 | environment; and   |
| 33 | (vii) Conferring any other particular benefit on society or the environment.                           |
| 34 | (10) "Subsidiary" means in relation to a person an entity in which the person owns                     |

| 1  | beneficially or of record fifty percent (50%) or more of the outstanding equity interests,            |
|----|---|
| 2  | calculated as if all outstanding rights to acquire equity interests in the entity had been exercised. |
| 3  | (11) "Third-party standard" means a recognized standard for defining, reporting, and                  |
| 4  | assessing corporate social and environmental performance that is:                                     |
| 5  | (i) Comprehensive because it assesses the effect of the business and its operations upon              |
| 6  | the interests listed in paragraphs 7-5.3-7(a)(1)(ii), (iii), (iv) and (v).                            |
| 7  | (ii) Developed by an entity that is not controlled by the benefit corporation.                        |
| 8  | (iii) Credible because it is developed by an entity that both:  |
| 9  | (A) Has access to necessary expertise to assess overall corporate social and                          |
| 10 | environmental performance; and  |
| 11 | (B) Uses a balanced multi-stakeholder approach to develop the standard, including a                   |
| 12 | reasonable public comment period.   |
| 13 | (iv) Transparent because the following information is publicly available:                             |
| 14 | (A) About the standard:   |
| 15 | (I) The criteria considered when measuring the overall social and environmental                       |
| 16 | performance of a business.  |
| 17 | (II) The relative weightings, if any, of those criteria.  |
| 18 | (B) About the development and revision of the standard:   |
| 19 | (I) The identity of the directors, officers, material owners, and the governing body of the           |
| 20 | entity that developed and controls revisions to the standard.   |
| 21 | (II) The process by which revisions to the standard and changes to the membership of the              |
| 22 | governing body are made.  |
| 23 | (III) An accounting of the revenue and sources of financial support for the entity, with              |
| 24 | sufficient detail to disclose any relationships that could reasonably be considered to present a      |
| 25 | potential conflict of interest.   |
| 26 | 7-5.3-3. Incorporation of benefit corporation A benefit corporation shall be                          |
| 27 | incorporated in accordance with section 7-1.2-202, and, if applicable, chapter 7-5.1 but its articles |
| 28 | of incorporation must also state that it is a benefit corporation and disclose the fiscal year end of |
| 29 | the corporation.  |
| 30 | 7-5.3-4. Election of benefit corporation status (a) An existing corporation may                       |
| 31 | become a benefit corporation under this chapter by amending its articles of incorporation so that     |
| 32 | they contain, in addition to the requirements of section 7-1.2-202, a statement that the corporation  |
| 33 | is a benefit corporation. In order to be effective, the amendment must be adopted by at least the     |
| 34 | minimum status vote   |

| 1  | (b) If an entity that is not a benefit corporation is a party to a merger or conversion and             |
|----|---|
| 2  | the surviving or resulting entity in the merger or consolidation is to be a benefit corporation, the    |
| 3  | merger or conversion must be approved by the entity by at least the minimum status vote.                |
| 4  | 7-5.3-5. Termination of benefit corporation status (a) A benefit corporation may                        |
| 5  | terminate its status as such and cease to be subject to this chapter by amending its articles of        |
| 6  | incorporation to delete the provision required by section 7-5.3-3 or section 7-5.3-4 to be stated in    |
| 7  | the articles of a benefit corporation. In order to be effective, the amendment must be adopted by       |
| 8  | at least the minimum status vote.   |
| 9  | (b) If a merger or conversion would have the effect of terminating the status of a business             |
| 10 | corporation as a benefit corporation, the merger or conversion must be adopted by at least the          |
| 11 | minimum status vote in order to be effective. Any sale, lease, exchange, or other disposition of all    |
| 12 | or substantially all of the assets of a benefit corporation, unless the transaction is in the usual and |
| 13 | regular course of business, shall not be effective unless the transaction is approved by at least the   |
| 14 | minimum status vote.  |
| 15 | 7-5.3-6. Corporate purposes (a) A benefit corporation shall have a purpose of                           |
| 16 | creating general public benefit. This purpose is in addition to its purpose under section 7-1.2-301     |
| 17 | (b) The articles of incorporation of a benefit corporation may identify one or more                     |
| 18 | specific public benefits that it is the purpose of the benefit corporation to create in addition to its |
| 19 | purposes under section 7-1.2-301 and subsection (a). The identification of a specific public            |
| 20 | benefit under this subsection does not limit the purpose of a benefit corporation to create general     |
| 21 | public benefit under subsection (a).  |
| 22 | (c) The creation of general public benefit and specific public benefit under subsections                |
| 23 | (a) and (b) is in the best interests of the benefit corporation.  |
| 24 | (d) A benefit corporation may amend its articles of incorporation to add, amend, or delete              |
| 25 | the identification of a specific public benefit that it is the purpose of the benefit corporation to    |
| 26 | create. In order to be effective, the amendment must be adopted by at least the minimum status          |
| 27 | vote.   |
| 28 | 7-5.3-7. Standard of conduct for directors (a) In discharging the duties of their                       |
| 29 | respective positions and in considering the best interests of the benefit corporation, the board of     |
| 30 | directors, committees of the board, and individual directors of a benefit corporation:                  |
| 31 | (1) Shall consider the effects of any action or inaction upon:  |
| 32 | (i) The shareholders of the benefit corporation;  |
| 33 | (ii) The employees and work force of the benefit corporation, its subsidiaries, and its                 |
| 34 | suppliers;  |

| 1  | (iii) The interests of customers as beneficiaries of the general public benefit or specific           |
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| 2  | public benefit purposes of the benefit corporation;   |
| 3  | (iv) Community and societal factors, including those of each community in which offices               |
| 4  | or facilities of the benefit corporation, its subsidiaries, or its suppliers are located;             |
| 5  | (v) The local and global environment;   |
| 6  | (vi) The short-term and long-term interests of the benefit corporation, including benefits            |
| 7  | that may accrue to the benefit corporation from its long-term plans and the possibility that these    |
| 8  | interests may be best served by the continued independence of the benefit corporation; and            |
| 9  | (vii) The ability of the benefit corporation to accomplish its general public benefit                 |
| 10 | purpose and any specific public benefit purpose; and  |
| 11 | (2) May consider other pertinent factors or the interests of any other group that they deem           |
| 12 | appropriate; but  |
| 13 | (3) Need not give priority to the interests of a particular person or group referred to in            |
| 14 | subdivision (1) or (2) over the interests of any other person or group unless the benefit             |
| 15 | corporation has stated in its articles of incorporation its intention to give priority to certain     |
| 16 | interests related to its accomplishment of its general public benefit purpose or of a specific public |
| 17 | benefit purpose identified in its articles.   |
| 18 | (b) The consideration of interests and factors in the manner required by subsection (a)               |
| 19 | does not constitute a violation of section 7-1.2-801.   |
| 20 | (c) Except as provided in the articles of incorporation, a director is not personally liable          |
| 21 | for monetary damages for:   |
| 22 | (1) Any action or inaction in the course of performing the duties of a director under                 |
| 23 | subsection (a) if the director performed the duties of office in compliance with section 7-1.2-801    |
| 24 | and this section; or  |
| 25 | (2) Failure of the benefit corporation to pursue or create a general public benefit or a              |
| 26 | specific public benefit.  |
| 27 | (d) A director does not have a duty to a person that is a beneficiary of the general public           |
| 28 | benefit purpose or a specific public benefit purpose of a benefit corporation arising from the        |
| 29 | status of the person as a beneficiary.  |
| 30 | (e) A director who makes a business judgment in good faith fulfills the duty under this               |
| 31 | section if the director:  |
| 32 | (1) Is not interested in the subject of the business judgment;  |
| 33 | (2) Is informed with respect to the subject of the business judgment to the extent the                |
| 34 | director reasonably believes to be appropriate under the circumstances; and                           |

| 1  | (3) Rationally believes that the business judgment is in the best interests of the benefit             |
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| 2  | corporation.   |
| 3  | 7-5.3-8. Benefit director (a) The board of directors of a benefit corporation that is a                |
| 4  | publicly traded corporation shall, and the board of any other benefit corporation may, include a       |
| 5  | director, who:   |
| 6  | (1) Shall be designated the benefit director; and  |
| 7  | (2) Shall have, in addition to the powers, duties, rights, and immunities of the other                 |
| 8  | directors of the benefit corporation, the powers, duties, rights, and immunities provided in this      |
| 9  | <u>chapter.</u>  |
| 10 | (b) The benefit director shall be elected, and may be removed, in the manner provided by               |
| 11 | chapter 7-1.2. Except as provided in subsections (f) and (g), the benefit director shall be an         |
| 12 | individual who is independent. The benefit director may serve as the benefit officer at the same       |
| 13 | time as serving as the benefit director. The articles of incorporation or bylaws of a benefit          |
| 14 | corporation may prescribe additional qualifications of the benefit director not inconsistent with      |
| 15 | this subsection.   |
| 16 | (c) The benefit director shall prepare, and the benefit corporation shall include in the               |
| 17 | annual benefit report to shareholders required by section 7-5.3-12, the opinion of the benefit         |
| 18 | director on all of the following:  |
| 19 | (1) Whether the benefit corporation acted in accordance with its general public benefit                |
| 20 | purpose and any specific public benefit purpose in all material respects during the period covered     |
| 21 | by the report.   |
| 22 | (2) Whether the directors and officers complied with subsection 7-5.3-7(a) and 7-5.3-                  |
| 23 | 9(a), respectively.  |
| 24 | (3) If, in the opinion of the benefit director, the benefit corporation or its directors or            |
| 25 | officers failed to act or comply in the manner described in subdivisions (1) and (2), a description    |
| 26 | of the ways in which the benefit corporation or its directors or officers failed to act or comply.     |
| 27 | (d) The act or inaction of an individual in the capacity of a benefit director shall                   |
| 28 | constitute for all purposes an act or inaction of that individual in the capacity of a director of the |
| 29 | benefit corporation.   |
| 30 | (e) Regardless of whether the articles of incorporation of a benefit corporation include a             |
| 31 | provision eliminating or limiting the personal liability of directors authorized by subdivision 7-     |
| 32 | 1.2-202(b)(3), a benefit director shall not be personally liable for an act or omission in the         |
| 33 | capacity of a benefit director unless the act or omission constitutes self-dealing, willful            |
| 34 | misconduct or a knowing violation of law   |

| 1  | (1) If the articles of incorporation of a benefit corporation provide that the powers and             |
|----|---|
| 2  | duties conferred or imposed upon the board of directors shall be exercised or performed by a          |
| 3  | person other than the directors as permitted by subsection 7-1.2-801(a), the articles must provide    |
| 4  | that the persons or shareholders who perform the duties of the board of directors include a person    |
| 5  | with the powers, duties, rights and immunities of a benefit director. A person that exercises one or  |
| 6  | more of the powers, duties or rights of a benefit director under this subsection:                     |
| 7  | (1) Does not need to be independent of the benefit corporation;                                       |
| 8  | (2) Shall have the immunities of a benefit director; and  |
| 9  | (3) May share the powers, duties, and rights of a benefit director with one or more other             |
| 10 | <u>persons.</u>   |
| 11 | (g) The benefit director of a professional corporation or consumer cooperative does not               |
| 12 | need to be independent.   |
| 13 | 7-5.3-9. Standard of conduct for officers (a) Each officer of a benefit corporation                   |
| 14 | shall consider the interests and factors described in subsection 7-5.3-7(a) in the manner provided    |
| 15 | in that subsection if:  |
| 16 | (1) The officer has discretion to act with respect to a matter; and                                   |
| 17 | (2) It reasonably appears to the officer that the matter may have a material effect on the            |
| 18 | creation by the benefit corporation of general public benefit or a specific public benefit identified |
| 19 | in the articles of incorporation of the benefit corporation.  |
| 20 | (b) The consideration by an officer of interests and factors in the manner described in               |
| 21 | subsection (a) shall not constitute a violation of the duties of the officer.                         |
| 22 | (c) Except as provided in the articles of incorporation, an officer is not personally liable          |
| 23 | for monetary damages for:   |
| 24 | (1) An action or inaction as an officer in the course of performing the duties of an officer          |
| 25 | under subsection (a) if the officer performed the duties of the position in compliance with           |
| 26 | subsection 7-1.2-812(b) and this section; or  |
| 27 | (2) Failure of the benefit corporation to pursue or create a general public benefit or a              |
| 28 | specific public benefit.  |
| 29 | (d) An officer does not have a duty to a person that is a beneficiary of the general public           |
| 30 | benefit purpose or a specific public benefit purpose of a benefit corporation arising from the        |
| 31 | status of the person as a beneficiary.  |
| 32 | (e) An officer who makes a business judgment in good faith fulfills the duty under this               |
| 33 | section if the officer:   |
| 34 | (1) Is not interested in the subject of the business judgment;  |

| 1  | (2) Is informed with respect to the subject of the business judgment to the extent the                 |
|----|--|
| 2  | officer reasonably believes to be appropriate under the circumstances; and                             |
| 3  | (3) Rationally believes that the business judgment is in the best interests of the benefit             |
| 4  | corporation.   |
| 5  | 7-5.3-10. Benefit officer (a) A benefit corporation may have an officer designated as                  |
| 6  | the benefit officer.   |
| 7  | (b) A benefit officer shall have:  |
| 8  | (1) The powers and duties relating to the purpose of the corporation to create general                 |
| 9  | public benefit or specific public benefit provided:  |
| 10 | (i) By the bylaws; or  |
| 11 | (ii) Absent controlling provisions in the bylaws, by resolutions or orders of the board of             |
| 12 | directors.   |
| 13 | (2) The duty to prepare the benefit report required by section 7-5.3-12.                               |
| 14 | 7-5.3-11. Right of action (a) Except in a benefit enforcement proceeding, no person                    |
| 15 | may bring an action or assert a claim against a benefit corporation or its directors or officers with  |
| 16 | respect to:  |
| 17 | (1) Failure to pursue or create general public benefit or a specific public benefit set forth          |
| 18 | in its articles of incorporation; or   |
| 19 | (2) Violation of an obligation, duty, or standard of conduct under this chapter.                       |
| 20 | (b) A benefit corporation shall not be liable for monetary damages under this chapter for              |
| 21 | any failure of the benefit corporation to pursue or create general public benefit or a specific public |
| 22 | benefit.   |
| 23 | (c) A benefit enforcement proceeding may be commenced or maintained only:                              |
| 24 | (1) Directly by the benefit corporation; or  |
| 25 | (2) Derivatively in accordance with the procedures in section 7-1.2-711 by:                            |
| 26 | (i) A person or group of persons that owned beneficially or of record at least two percent             |
| 27 | (2%) of the total number of shares of a class or series outstanding at the time of the act or          |
| 28 | omission complained of;  |
| 29 | (ii) A director;   |
| 30 | (iii) A person or group of persons that owned beneficially or of record five percent (5%)              |
| 31 | or more of the outstanding equity interests in an entity of which the benefit corporation is a         |
| 32 | subsidiary at the time of the act or omission complained of; or  |
| 33 | (iv) Other persons as specified in the articles of incorporation or bylaws of the benefit              |
| 34 | corporation.   |

| 1  | (d) For purposes of this section, a person is the beneficial owner of shares or equity                  |
|----|---|
| 2  | interests if the shares or equity interests are held in a voting trust or by a nominee on behalf of the |
| 3  | beneficial owner.   |
| 4  | 7-5.3-12. Preparation of annual benefit report (a) A benefit corporation shall                          |
| 5  | prepare an annual benefit report including all of the following:  |
| 6  | (1) A narrative description of:   |
| 7  | (i) The ways in which the benefit corporation pursued general public benefit during the                 |
| 8  | year and the extent to which general public benefit was created.  |
| 9  | (ii) Both:  |
| 10 | (A) The ways in which the benefit corporation pursued a specific public benefit that the                |
| 11 | articles of incorporation state it is the purpose of the benefit corporation to create; and             |
| 12 | (B) The extent to which that specific public benefit was created.                                       |
| 13 | (iii) Any circumstances that have hindered the creation by the benefit corporation of                   |
| 14 | general public benefit or specific public benefit.  |
| 15 | (iv) The process and rationale for selecting or changing the third-party standard used to               |
| 16 | prepare the benefit report.   |
| 17 | (2) An assessment of the overall social and environmental performance of the benefit                    |
| 18 | corporation against a third-party standard:   |
| 19 | (i) Applied consistently with any application of that standard in prior benefit reports; or             |
| 20 | (ii) Accompanied by an explanation of the reasons for:  |
| 21 | (A) Any inconsistent application; or  |
| 22 | (B) The change to that standard from the one used in the immediately prior report.                      |
| 23 | (3) The name of the benefit director and the benefit officer, if any, and the address to                |
| 24 | which correspondence to each of them may be directed.   |
| 25 | (4) The compensation paid by the benefit corporation during the year to each director in                |
| 26 | the capacity of a director.   |
| 27 | (5) The statement of the benefit director described in subsection 7-5.3-8(c).                           |
| 28 | (6) A statement of any connection between the organization that established the third-                  |
| 29 | party standard, or its directors, officers or any holder of five percent (5%) or more of the            |
| 30 | governance interests in the organization, and the benefit corporation or its directors, officers or     |
| 31 | any holder of five percent (5%) or more of the outstanding shares of the benefit corporation,           |
| 32 | including any financial or governance relationship which might materially affect the credibility of     |
| 33 | the use of the third-party standard.  |
| 34 | (7) If the benefit corporation has dispensed with or restricted the discretion or powers of             |

| 2  | (i) The persons that exercise the powers, duties, and rights and who have the immunities              |
|----|---|
| 3  | of the board of directors; and  |
| 4  | (ii) The benefit director, as required by subsection 7-5.3-8(f).                                      |
| 5  | (b) If, during the year covered by a benefit report, a benefit director resigned from or              |
| 6  | refused to stand for reelection to the position of benefit director, or was removed from the          |
| 7  | position of benefit director, and the benefit director furnished the benefit corporation with any     |
| 8  | written correspondence concerning the circumstances surrounding the resignation, refusal, or          |
| 9  | removal, the benefit report shall include that correspondence as an exhibit.                          |
| 10 | (c) Neither the benefit report nor the assessment of the performance of the benefit                   |
| 11 | corporation in the benefit report required by subdivision (a)(2) needs to be audited or certified by  |
| 12 | a third party.  |
| 13 | 7-5.3-13. Availability of annual benefit report (a) A benefit corporation shall send                  |
| 14 | its annual benefit report to each shareholder on the earlier of:                                      |
| 15 | (1) One hundred twenty (120) days following the end of the fiscal year of the benefit                 |
| 16 | corporation; or   |
| 17 | (2) The same time that the benefit corporation delivers any other annual report to its                |
| 18 | shareholders.   |
| 19 | (b) A benefit corporation shall post all of its benefit reports on the public portion of its          |
| 20 | Internet website, if any, but the compensation paid to directors and financial or proprietary         |
| 21 | information included in the benefit reports may be omitted from the benefit reports as posted.        |
| 22 | (c) If a benefit corporation does not have an Internet website, the benefit corporation shall         |
| 23 | provide a copy of its most recent benefit report, without charge, to any person that requests a       |
| 24 | copy, but the compensation paid to directors and financial or proprietary information included in     |
| 25 | the benefit report may be omitted from the copy of the benefit report provided.                       |
| 26 | (d) Concurrently with the delivery of the benefit report to shareholders under subsection             |
| 27 | (c), the benefit corporation shall deliver a copy of the benefit report to the secretary of state for |
| 28 | filing, but the compensation paid to directors and financial or proprietary information included in   |
| 29 | the benefit report may be omitted from the benefit report as delivered to the secretary of state.     |
| 30 | The secretary of state shall charge a fee of ten dollars (\$10.00) for filing a benefit report.       |
| 31 | SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage.   |
|    | ======<br>LC02973   |
|    |   |

1 <u>the board of directors, a description of:</u>

## **EXPLANATION**

## BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

## AN ACT

## RELATING TO CORPORATIONS, ASSOCIATIONS AND PARTNERSHIPS

\*\*\*

- 1 This act would allow for the creation of benefit corporations.
- 2 This act would take effect upon passage.

LC02973

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