LC01752/SUB A/2

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2006

AN ACT

RELATING TO ELECTIONS - CAMPAIGN EXPENDITURES

Introduced By: Senator Michael J. McCaffrey

Date Introduced: February 14, 2006

Referred To: Senate Judiciary

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Sections 17-25-3, 17-25-5, 17-25-7.2, 17-25-7.5, 17-25-8.1, 17-25-10, 17-

2 25-10.1, 17-25-11, 17-25-12 and 17-25-15 of the General Laws in Chapter 17-25 entitled "Rhode

3 Island Campaign Contributions and Expenditures Reporting" are hereby amended to read as

4 follows:

5

6

8

13

14

16

17

18

19

17-25-3. Definitions. -- As used in this chapter, unless a different meaning clearly

appears from the context:

7 (1) "Business entity" means any corporation, whether for profit or not for profit, domestic

corporation or foreign corporation, as defined in section 7-1.2-106, financial institution,

9 cooperative, association, receivership, trust, holding company, firm, joint stock company, public

10 utility, sole proprietorship, partnership, limited partnership, or any other entity recognized by the

laws of the United States and/or the state of Rhode Island for the purpose of doing business. The

12 term "business entity" shall not include a political action committee organized pursuant to this

chapter or a political party committee or an authorized campaign committee of a candidate or

office holder.

15 (2) "Candidate" means any individual who undertakes any action, whether preliminary or

final, which is necessary under the law to qualify for nomination for election or election to public

office, and/or any individual who receives a contribution or makes an expenditure, or gives his or

her consent for any other person to receive a contribution or make an expenditure, with a view to

bringing about his or her nomination or election to any public office, whether or not the specific

public office for which he or she will seek nomination or election is known at the time the contribution is received or the expenditure is made and whether or not he or she has announced his or her candidacy or filed a declaration of candidacy at that time.

- (3) "Contributions" and "expenditures" include all transfers of money, paid personal services, or other thing of value to or by any candidate, committee of a political party, or political action committee or ballot-question advocate. A loan shall be considered a contribution of money until it is repaid.
- 8 (4) "Election" means any primary, general, or special election or town meeting for any 9 public office of the state, municipality, or district or for the determination of any question 10 submitted to the voters of the state, municipality, or district.
 - (5) "Election cycle" means the twenty-four (24) month period commencing on January 1 of odd number years and ending on December 31 of even number years; provided, with respect to the public financing of election campaigns of general officers under sections 17-25-19, 17-25-20, and 17-25-25, "election cycle" means the forty-eight (48) month period commencing on January 1 of odd numbered years and ending December 31 of even numbered years.
 - (6) "In-Kind Contributions" means the monetary value of other things of value or paid personal services donated to, or benefiting, any person required to file reports with the board of elections.
 - (6)(7) "Other thing of value" means any item of tangible real or personal property of a fair market value in excess of one hundred dollars (\$100).
 - (7)(8) "Paid personal services" means personal services of every kind and nature, the cost or consideration for which is paid or provided by someone other than the committee or candidate for whom the services are rendered, but shall not include personal services provided without compensation by persons volunteering their time.
- 25 (8)(9) "Person" means an individual, partnership, committee, association, corporation, and any other organization.
 - (9)(10) "Political action committee" means any group of two (2) or more persons that accepts any contributions to be used for advocating the election or defeat of any candidate or candidates or to be used for advocating the approval or rejection of any question or questions submitted to the voters. Only political action committees that have accepted contributions from fifteen (15) or more persons in amounts of ten dollars (\$10.00) or more within an election cycle shall be permitted to make contributions, and those committees must make contributions to at least five (5) candidates for state or local office within an election cycle.
- 34 (10)(11) "Public office" means any state, municipal, school, or district office or other

- position that is filled by popular election, except political party offices. "Political party offices"
- 2 means any state, city, town, ward, or representative or senatorial district committee office of a
- 3 political party or delegate to a political party convention, or any similar office.
- 4 (11)(12) "State" means state of Rhode Island.
- (12)(13) "Testimonial affair" means an affair of any kind or nature including, but not limited to, cocktail parties, breakfasts, luncheons, dinners, dances, picnics, or similar affairs expressly and directly intended to raise campaign funds in behalf of a candidate to be used for nomination or election to a public office in this state, or expressly and directly intended to raise funds in behalf of any state or municipal committee of a political party, or expressly and directly
- itulas in behalf of any state of maniespar committee of a pointear party, of expressiy and directly
- 10 intended to raise funds in behalf of any political action committee.

12

13

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

required to be filed;

- <u>17-25-5.</u> Duties and powers of the board of elections. -- (a) The board of elections is authorized to perform any duties that are necessary to implement the provisions of this chapter. Without limiting the generality of this provision, the board is authorized and empowered to:
- (1) Develop forms for the making of the required reports to be filed with the board of elections, which form shall contain a notice setting forth the times and dates when reports are
 - (2) Prepare and publish a manual for all candidates, political party committees, and political action committees and ballot-questions advocates prescribing the requirements of the law, including uniform methods of bookkeeping and reporting and requirements as to the length of time that any person required to keep any records pursuant to the provisions of this chapter shall retain these records, or any class or category of records, or any other documents;
 - (3) Adopt rules and regulations to carry out the purposes of this chapter;
 - (4) Prepare and make available for public inspection, through the office of the board of elections, summaries of all reports grouped according to candidates and political parties;
 - (5) Prepare and publish, prior to May 1 or as soon as practicable thereafter of each year, an annual report to the general assembly;
 - (6) Ascertain whether candidates or political party committees, or political action committees or ballot-questions advocates, have failed to file reports or have filed defective reports; and may for good cause shown extend the dates upon which reports are required to be filed;
 - (7) (i) Conduct confidential investigations and/or closed hearings in accordance with this title relative to alleged violations of this chapter either on its own initiative or upon receipt of a verified written complaint, which complaint shall, under pain and penalty of perjury, be based upon actual knowledge and not merely on information and belief. Upon completion of its

investigation and/or hearings, if the board has reason to believe that a violation of this chapter has
occurred or that a complainant has willfully sworn or affirmed falsely, the chairperson of the
board of elections is authorized to and shall issue to the person found to be in violation of this
chapter a summons pursuant to section 12-7-11 to appear before the division of the district court
where the person resides and shall be prosecuted by the attorney general. Any action taken by the
board as a result of a written verified complaint shall, whenever possible, be completed no later
than five (5) business days after its receipt, and if no violation is found to exist, all records and
papers shall be kept confidential unless further legal proceedings are instituted.

- (ii) The confidentiality of an audit, investigation, hearing, and/or findings may be waived in writing only by the person or persons complained of or audited. However, once an audit is complete and presented to the board, the audit will be a matter of public record.
- (8) Conduct compliance reviews and audits of campaign accounts as necessary, and in a manner consistent with the provisions of this chapter.
- (b) The board of elections shall take any steps that may be necessary or appropriate to furnish timely and adequate information, in appropriate printed summaries and in any other form that it may see fit, to every candidate or prospective candidate for public office who becomes or is likely to become subject to the provisions of this chapter, and to every treasurer duly designated under the provisions of this chapter, informing them of their actual or prospective obligations and responsibilities under this chapter.
- (c) (1) The board of elections is authorized, upon written request, to render written advisory opinions as to whether a given set of facts and circumstances set forth in the request would constitute a violation of any of the provisions of this chapter, or whether a given set of facts and circumstances set forth in the request would render any person subject to any of the reporting requirements of this chapter; provided, that the requirement for a written opinion may be voluntarily waived by the candidate or committee.
- (2) Unless an extension of time is consented to by any person who submits a written request for an advisory opinion, the board of elections shall, whenever possible, render its written advisory opinion within five (5) business days of receipt of the request.
- (d) (1) For each quarterly report required to be filed, the board shall send a postcard by regular mail to each person and entity required to file a report, which will notify the person or entity that a report required to be filed is due within fourteen (14) days.
- (2) The failure to receive this notice shall not absolve the person or entity of the reporting requirements contained in this chapter.
- 34 <u>17-25-7.2. Personal use of campaign funds prohibited. --</u> (a) The personal use by any

- elected public office holder or by any candidate for public office, as defined in section 17-25-3, of
- 2 campaign funds contributed after April 29, 1992, is prohibited. For the purposes of this section,
- 3 "personal use" is defined as any use other than expenditures related to gaining or holding public
- 4 office and for which the candidate for public office or elected public official would be required to
- 5 treat the amount of the expenditure as gross income under section 61 of the Internal Revenue
- 6 Code of 1986, 26 U.S.C. section 61, or any subsequent corresponding Internal Revenue Code of
- 7 the United States, as from time to time amended.
- 8 (b) Expenditures that are specifically prohibited under this chapter include:
 - (1) Any residential or household items, supplies or expenditures, including mortgage, rent or utility payments for any part of any personal residence of a candidate or officeholder or a member of the candidate's or officeholder's family;
 - (2) Mortgage, rent, or utility payments for any part of any non-residential property that is owned by a candidate or officeholder or a member of a candidate's or officeholder's family and used for campaign purposes, to the extent the payments exceed the fair market value of the property usage;
 - (3) Funeral, cremation, or burial expenses, including any expenses related to deaths within a candidate's or officeholder's family;
 - (4) Clothing, other than items of de minimis value that are used in the campaign;
- 19 (5) Tuition payments;

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

20

21

22

27

- (6) Dues, fees, or gratuities at a country club, health club, recreational facility or other nonpolitical organization, unless they are part of a specific fundraising event that takes place on the organization's premises;
- 23 (7) Salary payments to a member of a candidate's family, unless the family member is 24 providing bona fide services to the campaign. If a family member provides bona fide services to a 25 campaign, any salary payments in excess of the fair market value of the services provided is 26 personal use;
 - (8) Admission to a sporting event, concert, theater, or other form of entertainment, unless part of a specific campaign or officeholder activity;
- 29 (9) Payment of any fines, fees, or penalties assessed pursuant to this chapter.
- 30 (c) Any expense that results from campaign or officeholder activity is permitted use of campaign funds. Such expenditures may include:
- 32 (1) The defrayal of ordinary and necessary expenses of a candidate or officeholder;
- 33 (2) Office expenses and equipment, provided the expenditures and the use of the 34 equipment can be directly attributable to the campaign or the officeholder's duties and

***	nongi	h	 100
168	ponsi	11)	 168
100	OILD		 100,

2

3

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

22

23

27

- (3) Donations to charitable organizations, provided the candidate or officeholder does not personally benefit from the donation or receive compensation from the recipient organization;
- 4 (4) Travel expenses for an officeholder, provided that the travel is undertaken as an ordinary and necessary expense of seeking, holding, or maintaining public office, or seeking, 5 6 holding, or maintaining a position within the legislature or other publicly elected body. If a 7 candidate or officeholder uses campaign funds to pay expenses associated with travel that 8 involves both personal activities and campaign or officeholder activities, the incremental 9 expenses that result from the personal activities are personal use, unless the person(s) benefiting 10 from this use reimburse(s) the campaign account within thirty (30) days for the amount of the 11 incremental expenses;
 - (5) Gifts of nominal value and donations of a nominal amount made on a special occasion such as a holiday, graduation, marriage, retirement or death, unless made to a member of the candidate's or officeholder's family;
 - (6) Meal expenses which are incurred as part of a campaign activity or as apart of a function that is related to the candidate's or officeholder's responsibilities, including meals between and among candidates and/or officeholders that are incurred as an ordinary and necessary expense of seeking, holding, or maintaining public office, or seeking holding, or maintaining a position within the legislature or other publicly elected body;
- 20 (7) Food and beverages which are purchased as part of a campaign or officeholder 21 activity.
 - (d) Any campaign funds not used to pay for the expenses of gaining or holding public office may:
- 24 (1) Be maintained in a campaign account(s);
- 25 (2) Be donated to a candidate for public office, to a political organization, or to a political action committee, subject to the limitation on contributions in section 17-25-10.1;
 - (3) Be transferred in whole or in part into a newly established political action committee or ballot-question advocate;
- 29 (4) Be donated to a tax exempt charitable organization as that term is used in section 30 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, 26 U.S.C. section 501, or any subsequent 31 corresponding internal revenue code of the United States as from time to time amended;
- 32 (5) Be donated to the state of Rhode Island; or
- 33 (6) Be returned to the donor.
- 34 <u>17-25-8.1. Appointment of treasurer by political action committee -- Filings. --</u> (a)

Each political action committee shall appoint one campaign treasurer before receiving any contribution or expending any money for the purpose of advocating the election or defeat of any candidate or the approval or rejection of any question.

- (b) A campaign treasurer of a political action committee may appoint deputy campaign treasurers as may be required. The committees shall file the names and addresses of the deputy campaign treasurers with the board of elections.
 - (c) Any political action committee may remove at any time its campaign treasurer. In the case of the death, resignation, or removal of its campaign treasurer, any committee shall appoint a successor as soon as practicable and shall file his or her name and address with the board of elections within ten (10) days.
- <u>Disposition of anonymous contributions. --</u> (a) No contribution shall be made or received, and no expenditures shall be directly made or incurred, to support or defeat a candidate or to advocate the approval or rejection of any question in any election except through:
 - (1) The duly appointed campaign treasurer, or deputy campaign treasurers, of the candidates;
 - (2) The duly appointed campaign treasurer or deputy campaign treasurers of a political party committee;
 - (3) The duly appointed campaign treasurer or deputy campaign treasurer of a political action committee.
 - (b) It shall be lawful for any person, not otherwise prohibited by law and not acting in concert with any other person or group, to expend personally from that person's own funds a sum which is not to be repaid to him or her for any purpose not prohibited by law to support or defeat a candidate or to advocate the approval or rejection of any question; provided, that any person making the expenditure shall be required to report all of his or her expenditures and expenses, if the total of the money so expended exceeds one hundred dollars (\$100) within a calendar year, to the board of elections within seven (7) days of making the expenditure and to the campaign treasurer of the candidate or political party committee on whose behalf the expenditure or contribution was made, or to his or her deputy, within seven (7) days of making the expenditure, who shall cause the expenditures and expenses to be included in his or her reports to the board of elections. Whether a person is "acting in concert with any other person or group" for the purposes of this subsection shall be determined by application of the standards set forth in section 17-25-23.
 - (c) Any anonymous contribution received by a campaign treasurer or deputy campaign

treasurer shall not be used or expended, but shall be returned to the donor, if the donor's identity can be ascertained; if not, the contribution shall be scheat to the state.

17-25-10.1. Political contributions -- Limitations. -- (a) (1) No person, other than the candidate to his or her own campaign, nor any political action committee shall make a contribution or contributions to any candidate, as defined by section 17-25-3, or political action committee or political party committee which in the aggregate exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) within a calendar year, nor shall any person make contributions to more than one state or local candidate, to more than one political action committee, or to more than one political party committee, or to a combination of state and local candidates and political action committees and political party committees which in the aggregate exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) within a calendar year, nor shall any political action committee make such contributions which in the aggregate exceed twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) within a calendar year, nor shall any candidate or any political action committee or any political party committee accept a contribution or contributions which in the aggregate exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) within a calendar year from any one person or political action committee.

- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, a person or political action committee or political party committee may contribute an amount which in the aggregate does not exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) within a calendar year to a political party committee, which funds can be utilized for organizational and party building activities, but shall not be used for contributions to candidates state and local for public office.
- (b) Contributions to a named candidate made to any political committee authorized by that candidate to accept contributions on the candidate's behalf shall be considered to be contributions made to the candidate. Contributions to a candidate by a political committee for another person shall be considered to be contributions by that person.
- (c) Expenditures made by any person in cooperation, consultation or concert with, or at the request or suggestion of, a candidate, the candidate's authorized political committees, or their agents shall be considered to be a contribution to the candidate.
- (d) The financing by any person of the dissemination, distribution, or republication, in whole or in part, of any broadcast or any written, graphic, or other form of campaign materials prepared by the candidate, the candidate's campaign committees, or their authorized agents shall be considered to be a contribution to a candidate.
- (e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to restrict political party committees organized pursuant to this title from making contributions to the candidates of that political party; provided, that these contributions, other than allowable "in-kind" contributions, shall not exceed,

in the aggregate, twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) to any one candidate within a calendar year, nor shall any candidate accept a contribution or contributions, other than allowable "in-kind" contributions, which in the aggregate exceed twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) within a calendar year from all committees of his or her political party. There shall be no restriction on the amount of "in-kind" contributions that a political party committee may make to a candidate of its political party; provided, that for the purposes of this subsection only, the cost of any preparation and airing of television and/or radio advertisements and the cost of any print advertisements shall not be considered an allowable "in-kind" contribution and shall be subject to the aggregate limitation of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).

- (f) (1) A contribution from an individual's dependent children, as defined in section 36-14-2, shall be deemed a contribution from the individual for the purpose of determining whether aggregate contributions exceed either the one hundred dollar (\$100) threshold for reporting purposes or the one thousand dollar (\$1,000) maximum for contributions to a single candidate or political action committee or the ten thousand dollar (\$10,000) maximum for contributing to all candidates and political action committees within a calendar year.
- (2) No dependent child shall contribute an amount which, when added to contributions already made by that child's parent or legal guardian and by other dependent children of that parent or legal guardian, exceed the one thousand dollar (\$1,000) maximum for contributions to a single candidate or political action committee or exceed the ten thousand dollar (\$10,000) maximum for contributions to all state or local candidates and political action committees within a calendar year.
- (g) Nothing in this section shall be construed to restrict the amount of money that a candidate can borrow in his or her own name, and subsequently contribute or loan to his or her own campaign.
- (h) (1) It shall be unlawful for any corporation, whether profit or non-profit, domestic corporation or foreign corporation, as defined in section 71.2-106, or other business entity to make any campaign contribution or expenditure, as defined in section 17-25-3, to or for any candidate, political action committee, or political party committee, or for any candidate, political action committee, or political party committee to accept any campaign contribution or expenditure from a corporation or other business entity. Any contribution made in the personal name of any employee of a corporation or other business entity, for which the employee received or will receive reimbursement from the corporation or other business entity, shall be considered as a contribution by the corporation or other business entity, in violation of this section.
 - (2) Any voluntary payroll deduction and/or contribution made by employees of a

corporation or other business entity shall not be deemed a contribution of a corporation or other business entity, notwithstanding that the contributions were sent to the recipient by the corporation or other business entity.

- (i) All contributions of funds shall be by check, money order, or credit card and may be made over the Internet, but in each case the source of the funds must be identified; provided, that candidates may accept contributions in cash which do not exceed twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) in the aggregate from an individual within a calendar year. The cash contribution must be delivered directly by the donor to the candidate, his or her campaign treasurer, or deputy treasurer. The treasurer or deputy treasurer shall maintain a record of the name and address of all persons making these cash contributions.
- (j) Except as provided in subsection (h) of this section, no entity other than an individual, a political action committee which is duly registered and qualified pursuant to the terms of this chapter, political party committee authorized by this title, or an authorized committee of an elected official or candidate established pursuant to this chapter shall make any contribution to or any expenditure on behalf of or in opposition to any candidate, ballot question, political action committee, or political party.

17-25-11. Dates for filing of reports by treasurers of candidates or of committees. -
(a) During the period between the appointment of the campaign treasurer for state and municipal committees and political action committees, or in the case of an individual, the date on which the individual becomes a "declared or undeclared candidate", as defined in section 17-25-3(2), except when the ninety (90) day reporting period ends less than forty (40) days prior to an election, in which case the ninety (90) day report shall be included as part of the report required to be filed on the twenty-eighth (28th) day next preceding the day of the primary, general, or special election pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection, and the election, with respect to which contributions are received or expenditures made by him or her in behalf of or in opposition to a candidate or question, the campaign treasurer of a candidate, a political party committee, or a political action committee shall file a report containing an account of contributions received and expenditures made on behalf of or in opposition to a candidate or question:

- (1) At ninety (90) day intervals commencing on the date on which the individual first becomes a candidate, as defined in section 17-25-3(2);
- (2) In a contested election, on the twenty-eighth (28th) and seventh (7th) days next preceding the day of the primary, general, or special election; provided, that in the case of a primary election for a special election, where the twenty-eighth (28th) day next preceding the day of the primary election occurs prior to the first day for filing declarations of candidacy pursuant to

- section 17-14-1, the reports shall be due on the fourteenth (14th) and seventh (7th) days next
- 2 preceding the day of the primary election for the special election; and
- 3 (3) A final report on the twenty-eighth (28th) day following the election. The report shall contain:
 - (i) The name and address and place of employment of each person from whom contributions in excess of a total of one hundred dollars (\$100) within a calendar year were received;
- 8 (ii) The amount contributed by each person;

- (iii) The name and address of each person to whom expenditures in excess of one hundred dollars (\$100) were made; and
 - (iv) The amount and purpose of each expenditure.
- (b) Concurrent with the report filed on the twenty-eighth (28th) day following an election, or at any time thereafter, the campaign treasurer of a candidate, or political party committee or political action committee, may certify to the board of elections that the campaign fund of the candidate, political party committee, or political action committee having been instituted for the purposes of the past election, has completed its business and been dissolved or, in the event that the committee will continue its activities beyond the election, that its business regarding the past election has been completed; and the certification shall be accompanied by a final accounting of the campaign fund, or of the transactions relating to the election, including the final disposition of any balance remaining in the fund at the time of dissolution or the time of dissolution.
- (c) Once the campaign treasurer certifies that the campaign fund has completed its business and been dissolved, no contribution which is intended to defray expenditures incurred on behalf of or in opposition to a candidate or to advocate the approval or rejection of any question during the campaign can be accepted. Until the time that the campaign treasurer certifies that the campaign fund has completed its business and been dissolved, the treasurer shall file reports containing an account of contributions received and expenditures made at ninety (90) day intervals commencing with the next quarterly report following the election; however, the time to file under this subsection shall be no later than thirty (30) days following the ninety (90) day period, except when the thirty (30) days filing deadline following the ninety (90) day reporting period occurs less than twenty-eight (28) days before an election, in which case the report shall be filed pursuant to the provisions of subdivisions (a)(1) and (2) of this section.
 - (d) (1) There shall be no obligation to file the reports of expenditures required by this

section on behalf of or in opposition to a candidate or question if the total amount to be expended in behalf of the candidacy or question by the candidate, by any political party committee, by any political action committee, or by any person shall not in the aggregate exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000).

- (2) However, even though the aggregate amount expended on behalf of the candidacy does not exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000), reports must be made listing the source and amounts of all contributions in excess of a total of one hundred dollars (\$100) from any one source within a calendar year. Even though the aggregate amount expended on behalf of the candidacy does not exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) and no contribution from any one source within a calendar year exceeds one hundred dollars (\$100), the report shall state the aggregate amount of all contributions received. In addition, the report shall state the amount of aggregate contributions that were from individuals, the amount from political action committees, and the amount from political party committees.
- (e) On or before the first date for filing contribution and expenditure reports, the campaign treasurer may file a sworn statement that the treasurer will accept no contributions nor make aggregate expenditures in excess of the minimum amounts for which a report is required by this chapter. Thereafter, the campaign treasurer shall be excused from filing all the reports for that campaign, other than the final report due on the twenty-eighth (28th) day following the election.
- (f) A campaign treasurer must file a report containing an account of contributions received and expenditures made at the ninety (90) day intervals provided for in subsection (c) of this section for any ninety (90) day period in which the campaign received contributions in excess of a total of one hundred dollars (\$100) within a calendar year from any one source and/or made expenditures in excess of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) within a calendar year; however, the time to file under this subsection shall be no later than thirty (30) days following the ninety (90) day period, except when the thirty (30) days filing deadline following the ninety (90) day reporting period occurs less than twenty-eight (28) days before an election, in which case the report shall be filed pursuant to the provisions of subdivisions (a)(1) and (2) of this section.
- (g) (1) The board of elections may, for good cause shown and upon the receipt of a written or electronic request, grant a seven (7) day extension for filing a report; provided, that the request must be received no later than the date upon which the report is due to be filed.
- (2) Any person or entity required to file reports with the board of elections pursuant to this section and who has not filed the report by the required date, unless granted an extension pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection, shall be fined twenty-five dollars (\$25.00). Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this section, the board of elections shall have the

- authority to waive late filing fees for good cause shown.
- 2 (3) The board of elections shall send a notice of non-compliance, by certified mail, to
- 3 any person or entity who fails to file the reports required by this section. A person or entity who is
- 4 sent a notice of non-compliance and fails to file the required report within seven (7) days of the
- 5 receipt of the notice shall be fined two dollars (\$2.00) per day from the day of receipt of the
- 6 notice of non-compliance until the day the report has been received by the state board.
- 7 Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this section, the board of elections shall have the
- 8 authority to waive late filing fees for good cause shown.
- 9 <u>17-25-12. Prohibited contributions. --</u> No contributions shall be made, and no
- 10 expenditure shall be made or incurred, whether anonymously, in a fictitious name, or by one
- person or group in the name of another, to support or defeat a candidate in a primary, general, or
- special election or to advocate the approval or rejection of any question. No treasurer or candidate
- shall solicit or knowingly accept any contribution contrary to the provisions of this section.
- 14 <u>17-25-15. Political action committee -- Notice of formation. --</u> (a) No political action
- 15 committee shall accept any contributions or make any expenditures prior to filing notice of its
- organization with the board of elections. The notice shall contain:
- 17 (1) The name or names of any candidates whose election or defeat the committee intends
 - to advocate and/or the question or questions whose approval or rejection the committee intends to
- 19 advocate;

- 20 (2) The names and addresses of all officers of the committee;
- 21 (3) The mailing address or addresses of the committee;
- 22 (4) The goals and purposes of the political action committee; and
- 23 (5) A statement indicating whether the membership and/or contributor base of the
- 24 political action committee is derived primarily from the employees of one corporation or business
- entity or from one business or professional group or association or labor union and, if so, the
- 26 identity of that employer or group or association or union.
- 27 (b) No committee shall advocate the election or defeat of any candidate or question other
- 28 than that set forth in its notice of organization or amendment to the notice. A political action
- 29 committee may amend its notice of organization at any time. The board of elections shall
- 30 prescribe forms in compliance with this section.
- 31 (c) In addition to all other reporting requirements, each political action committee shall
- 32 include in each report required to be filed by this chapter:
- 33 (1) The source and amount of all funds received by the committee in excess of one
- 34 hundred dollars (\$100) in the aggregate from a single source in a calendar year; provided, that

1	funds received through a regular payroll check-off plan in which the aggregate contribution from
2	each individual does not exceed one hundred dollars (\$100) per calendar year shall report the
3	name and address of each entity transferring the funds to the committee, the aggregate amount
4	received from the payroll check-off, and the total number of contributors; and provided also, that
5	funds received by the political action committee of a labor organization from the members of the
6	labor organization in amounts not exceeding twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) per calendar year from
7	a single source shall be reported by the aggregate amount received and the total number of
8	members of the labor organization contributing;
9	(2) The name and address of each person to whom expenditures were made, and the
10	amount and purpose of each expenditure; and
11	(3) The name and address of each elected official and candidate for elected office to
12	whom a contribution was made, and the amount of the contribution.
13	(d) The board of elections may reject the use by a political action committee of a name
14	which is misleading and/or does not accurately identify the membership or contributor base of the
15	committee.
16	(e) If a political action committee derives more than fifty percent (50%) of its funds from
17	the employees, officers, directors, investors, and/or stockholders of a corporation or other
18	business entity, the name of the political action committee must incorporate the name of that
19	corporation or business entity. If a political action committee derives more than fifty percent
20	(50%) of its funds from persons affiliated with one industry, profession, trade organization, or
21	association or labor union, the name of the political action committee must identify that industry,
22	profession, trade organization or association, or labor union.
23	(f) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, a political action committee organized
24	exclusively for the purpose of promoting or opposing a ballot question may bexpend in excess of
25	twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) to promote or oppose that referendum, and shall not be
26	subject to the requirement of making contributions to at least five (5) candidates; and the political
27	action committee shall terminate all activity within thirty (30) days following that election.
28	SECTION 2. Title 17 of the General Laws entitled "Elections" is hereby amended by
29	adding thereto the following chapter:
30	CHAPTER 25.2
31	BALLOT QUESTION ADVOCACY AND REPORTING
32	17-25.2-1. Short title This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the "Rhode
33	Island Ballot Question Advocacy and Reporting Act".
34	17-25.2-2. Declaration of policy It is declared to be in the public interest and to be the

2	open manner and to provide the public with sufficient information regarding the source of
3	contributions received and expenditures made for ballot-question advocacy.
4	17-25.2-3. Definitions As used in this chapter, unless a different meaning clearly
5	appears from the context:
6	(1) "Ballot-question" means any question, charter change, constitutional amendment,
7	referendum or voter initiated petition placed on any state, district, city, town or municipal ballo
8	for a general or special election.
9	(2) "Ballot-question advocacy" means advocating the passage or defeat of a ballot
10	question.
11	(3) "Ballot question advocate" means any person making an expenditure with a
12	cumulative total that exceeds one thousand dollars (\$1,000) in a calendar year for ballot-question
13	advocacy on a particular ballot question.
14	(4) "Contributions" means donations to a ballot-question advocate in the form of money
15	gifts, loans, paid personal services, or in-kind contributions as defined herein.
16	(5) "In-Kind Contributions" means the monetary value of other things of value or paid
17	personal service donated to a person required to file reports with the board of elections, except for
18	newsletters and other communications to an organization's members.
19	(6) "Paid personal services" means personal services of every kind and nature, the cost of
20	consideration for which is paid or provided by someone other than the ballot-question advocate
21	for whom the services are rendered, but shall not include personal services provided without
22	compensation by persons volunteering their time.
23	(7) "Expenditures" means the payment for any goods and services for the purpose of
24	ballot-question advocacy as set forth in this paragraph:
25	(i) any media advertising services or products, including, but not limited to, newspapers.
26	radio stations or television stations;
27	(ii) general advertising in letters, brochures, flyers, handbills, lawn signs, posters, bumper
28	stickers, buttons or other materials except for newsletters and other communications to ar
29	organization's members; or
30	(iii) paid personal services donated to any ballot-question advocate including advertising
31	agency services or other professional services including accounting services, printing, secretarial
32	services, public opinion polls, research and professional campaign consultation or management.
33	media production or computer services. A written contract, agreement or promise to make an
34	expenditure, is an expenditure as of the date such contract expenditure or obligation is made.

policy of the state to foster greater participation in ballot-question advocacy in a transparent and

	(8) "Person" means any individual, partnership, committee, association, corporation, city,
tow	n, or other governmental unit and any other organization.
	(9) "Election cycle" means the twenty-four (24) month period commencing on January 1
of o	odd number years and ending on December 31 of even number years.
	17-25.2-4. No limitations on contributions or expenditures. – Nothing contained in
this	chapter shall be construed to limit the amount of monies contributed to or expended by a
<u>ball</u>	ot-question advocate for the purpose of ballot-question advocacy.
	17-25.2-5. Reporting by ballot question advocates. – (a) Every ballot-question
adv	ocate shall file periodic reports signed by an individual responsible for its contents on a form
pre	scribed by the board of elections setting forth the name and address of the ballot-question
<u>adv</u>	ocate, including any other name under which the ballot-question advocate conducts ballot-
que	stion advocacy, the name and address of the person filing the report; and
	(1) the name, address and, if applicable, the place of employment of each person making
a c	ontribution or contributions that in the aggregate exceed one thousand eight hundred dollars
(\$1	,800) per election cycle to a ballot-question advocate for purposes of ballot-question advocacy
and	the amount contributed by each person or source; provided, however, this information shall
be 1	reported only if:
	(i) the contributions received by a ballot-question advocate are solicited in any way,
inc	uding by written, electronic, or verbal means, by the ballot-question advocate specifically for
<u>ball</u>	ot-question advocacy; or
	(ii) the contributions were specifically designated by the contributor for ballot-question
<u>adv</u>	ocacy; or
	(iii) the ballot-question advocate knew or had reason to know that the contributor
inte	nded or expected that the majority of contributions be used for ballot-question advocacy; and
	(2) the name and address of every person or entity receiving an expenditure for ballot-
que	stion advocacy, which in the aggregate exceeds one hundred dollars (\$100), the amount of
eac	h expenditure for ballot-question advocacy, and the total amount of expenditures for ballot-
que	stion advocacy made by the ballot-question advocate as of the last report date; and
	(3) a statement of the position of the ballot-question advocate in support of or opposition
to t	ne ballot-question; and
	(4) the names and addresses of all identified member or endorsing organizations,
cor	porations, and/or associations that authorize the ballot-question advocate to represent to the
pub	lic that they support the positions of the ballot-question advocate; and
	(5) the name and address of at least one of the officers of the ballot question advocate, if

2	provisions of this act.
3	(b) The first report must be filed by a ballot-question advocate for the period beginning
4	when the ballot-question advocate expends a cumulative total that exceeds one thousand dollars
5	(\$1,000) for ballot-question advocacy and ending the last day of the first full month following
6	such date, to be filed with the board of elections due no later than seven (7) days after the end of
7	the month. A ballot-question advocate must thereafter file calendar month reports with the board
8	of elections due no later than seven (7) days after the end of the month; provided, that in lieu of
9	filing for the last full calendar month preceding the ballot question election, a report must be filed
10	due no later than seven (7) days before the election.
11	(c) A ballot-question advocate must file a final report of contributions received and
12	expenditures made for ballot-question advocacy no later than thirty (30) days after the election for
13	the ballot question is held subject to the provisions of section 17-25.2-6. All reports filed with the
14	board of elections must be received no later than 4:00 p.m. on the due date.
15	(d)(1) The board of elections may, for good cause shown and upon receipt of a written or
16	electronic request, grant a seven (7) day extension for filing a report; provided, however, that the
17	request must be received no later than the date and time upon which the report is due to be filed,
18	and further if the election for the ballot question is to be held less than seven (7) days from the
19	report due date and time, the report must be filed prior to the election date.
20	(2) Any ballot-question advocate required to file reports with the board of elections
21	pursuant to this section and who has not filed the report by the required date and time, unless
22	granted an extension by the board, shall be fined twenty-five dollars (\$25.00).
23	(3) The board of elections shall send a notice of noncompliance, by certified mail, to the
24	ballot-question advocate who fails to file the reports required by this section. A ballot-question
25	advocate that has been sent a notice of noncompliance and fails to file the required report within
26	seven (7) days of the receipt of the notice shall be fined two dollars (\$2.00) per day from the date
27	of the receipt of the notice of noncompliance until the day the report is received by the board of
28	elections. Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this section, the board of election shall have
29	the authority to waive late filing fees for good cause shown.
30	17-25.2-6. Monies not expended on ballot measure. – (a) At the time of the filing of the
31	final report required by subsection 17-25.2-5(c), any contribution received for ballot-question
32	advocacy and remaining with a ballot-question advocate that exceed one thousand dollars
33	(\$1,000) and have not been expended shall be disbursed in one or more of the following four (4)
34	manners:

any, or one individual that is responsible for the ballot question advocate's compliance with the

1	(1) Transferal in whole or in part into another ballot-question advocate account which has
2	a purpose related to or consistent with that of the donating ballot-question advocate;
3	(2) Donations to or retention by a nonprofit organization recognized under section 501(c)
4	of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, 26 U.S.C. section 501, or any subsequent corresponding
5	internal revenue code of the United States as from time to time amended;
6	(3) Donations to the state of Rhode Island; or
7	(4) Refund to the donor.
8	(b) The ballot-question advocate must annually report to the board of elections by June
9	30 of the calendar year any such remaining contributions and shall report distributions of any
10	such remaining contributions within thirty (30) days of such distributions.
11	17-25.2-7. Disclosure of true origin of contributions required. – (a) No person shall
12	make a contribution to a ballot-question advocate for the purpose of ballot-question advocacy in
13	any name except its own or in any manner for the purpose of disguising the true origin of the
14	contribution.
15	(b) No person shall form or use a corporation or other legal entity to advocate for the
16	approval or defeat of a ballot question with the intent to:
17	(1) disguise the true origin of the funds; or
18	(2) evade the reporting requirements of this act.
19	17-25.2-8. Duties and powers of the board of elections The board of elections is
20	authorized to perform any duties that are necessary to implement the provisions of this chapter.
21	Without limiting the generality of this provision, the board of elections is authorized and
22	empowered to undertake all actions set forth in section 17-25-5.
23	17-25.2-9. Penalties for violation (a) Whenever the board of elections has reason to
24	believe that a ballot-question advocate willfully and knowingly made a false statement in any
25	report required under this chapter or failed to file any report, or has otherwise violated this
26	chapter, the board of elections may, in addition to all other actions authorized by law, request the
27	attorney general to bring an action in the name of the state of Rhode Island in the superior court
28	against the person signing any such report and/or organization to enjoin them from continuing the
29	violation, or doing any acts in furtherance of the violation, and for any other relief the court
30	deems appropriate. In addition, the court may order the forfeiture of any and all contributions not
31	reported in violation of this chapter.
32	(b) The court may also impose a civil penalty for any violation of this act up to but not
33	exceeding three (3) times the amount of:
34	(1) Contributions and/or expenditures made or accepted in violation of this chapter:

1	and/or
2	(2) Contributions or expenditures not reported as required by this chapter.
3	(c) All funds collected pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the fund established
4	by the state for public information and education regarding the election process.
5	17-25.2-12. Severability If any provision of this chapter or the application thereof
6	shall for any reason be judged invalid, that judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate the
7	remainder of the law, but shall be confined in its effect to the provisions or application directly
8	involved in the controversy giving rise to the judgment.
9	SECTION 3. This act shall take effect upon passage.
	LC01752/SUB A/2

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO ELECTIONS - CAMPAIGN EXPENDITURES

This act would separate reporting requirements for expenditures on ballot-questions from political campaigns.

This act would take effect upon passage.