STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2006

AN ACT

RELATING TO FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS -- LENDERS AND LOAN BROKERS

<u>Introduced By:</u> Representatives McCauley, McHugh, Kennedy, Almeida, and Lima <u>Date Introduced:</u> February 28, 2006 <u>Referred To:</u> House Corporations

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1	SECTION 1. Sections 19-14-1, 19-14-23 and 19-14-26 of the General Laws in Chapter
2	19-14 entitled "Licensed Activities" are hereby amended to read as follows:

19-14-1. Definitions. -- For purposes of this chapter and chapters 14.1, 14.2, 14.3, 14.4,

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4 14.6 and 14.7 of this title:

5 (1) "Check" means any check, draft, money order, personal money order, or other 6 instrument for the transmission or payment of money. For the purposes of check cashing, 7 travelers checks or foreign denomination instruments shall not be considered checks. "Check 8 cashing" means providing currency for checks;

9 (2) "Deliver" means to deliver a check to the first person who in payment for the check 10 makes or purports to make a remittance of or against the face amount of the check, whether or not 11 the deliverer also charges a fee in addition to the face amount, and whether or not the deliverer 12 signs the check;

(3) "Electronic money transfer" means receiving money for transmission within the
United States or to locations abroad by any means including, but not limited to, wire, facsimile or
other electronic transfer system;

(4) (I) "Lender" means any person who makes or funds a loan within this state with the
person's own funds, regardless of whether the person is the nominal mortgagee or creditor on the
instrument evidencing the loan;

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- (ii) A loan is made or funded within this state if any of the following conditions exist:

- 1 (A) The loan is secured by real property located in this state; 2 (B) An application for a loan is taken or received by an employee, agent, or 3 representative of the lender within this state; 4 (C) The loan closes within this state; Θ 5 (D) The loan solicitation is done by an individual with a physical presence in this state-; 6 or 7 (E) The lender maintains an office in this state. 8 (iii) The term "lender" shall also include any person engaged in a transaction whereby 9 the person makes or funds a loan within this state using the proceeds of an advance under a line 10 of credit over which proceeds the person has dominion and control and for the repayment of 11 which the person is unconditionally liable. This transaction is not a table funding transaction. A 12 person is deemed to have dominion and control over the proceeds of an advance under a line of 13 credit used to fund a loan regardless of whether: 14 (A) The person may, contemporaneously with or shortly following the funding of the 15 loan, assign or deliver to the line of credit lender one or more loans funded by the proceeds of an 16 advance to the person under the line of credit; 17 (B) The proceeds of an advance are delivered directly to the settlement agent by the line 18 of credit lender, unless the settlement agent is the agent of the line of credit lender; 19 (C) One or more loans funded by the proceeds of an advance under the line of credit is 20 purchased by the line of credit lender; or 21 (D) Under the circumstances as set forth in regulations adopted by the director or the 22 director's designee pursuant to this chapter; 23 (5) "Licensee" means an entity licensed under this chapter; 24 (6) "Loan" means any advance of money or credit including, but not limited to: 25 (I) Loans secured by mortgages; 26 (ii) Insurance premium finance agreements; 27 (iii) The purchase or acquisition of retail installment contracts or advances to the holders 28 of those contracts; 29 (iv) Educational loans; 30 (v) Any other advance of money; or 31 (vi) Any transaction such as those commonly known as "pay day loans," "pay day 32 advances," or "deferred presentment loans," in which a cash advance is made to a customer in exchange for the customer's personal check, or in exchange for the customer's authorization to 33
- 34 debit the customer's deposit account, and where the parties agree either that the check will not be

1 cashed or deposited, or that customer's deposit account will not be debited, until a designated

2 future date.

3 (7) "Loan broker" means any person who, for compensation or gain, or in the expectation
4 of compensation or gain, either directly or indirectly, solicits, processes, negotiates, places or sells
5 a loan within this state for others in the primary market, or offers to do so. A loan broker shall
6 also mean any person who is the nominal mortgagee or creditor in a table funding transaction. A
7 loan is brokered within this state if any of the following conditions exist:

8 (I) The loan is secured by real property located in this state;

- 9 (ii) An application for a loan is taken <u>or received</u> by an employee, agent or representative
 10 of the loan broker within this state;
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(iii) The loan closes within this state; or

- 12 (iv) The loan solicitation is done by an individual with a physical presence in this state-;
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or

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- (v) The loan broker maintains an office in this state.
- (8) "Personal money order" means any instrument for the transmission or payment of money in relation to which the purchaser or remitter appoints or purports to appoint the seller as his or her agent for the receipt, transmission, or handling of money, whether the instrument is signed by the seller or by the purchaser or remitter or some other person;
- (9) "Primary market" means the market in which loans are made to borrowers by lenders,whether or not through a loan broker or other conduit;
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(10) "Principal owner" means any person who owns, controls, votes or has a beneficial

interest in, directly or indirectly, ten percent (10%) or more of the outstanding capital stock of alicensee;

24 (11) "Sell" means to sell, to issue, or to deliver a check;

- (12) "Small loan" means a loan of less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000), not secured
 by real estate, made pursuant to the provisions of chapter 14.2 of this title;
- 27 (13) "Small loan lender" means a lender engaged in the business of making small loans
 28 within this state;
- (14) "Table funding transaction" means a transaction in which there is a
 contemporaneous advance of funds by a lender and an assignment by the mortgagee or creditor of
 the loan to the lender;
- 32 (15) "Check casher" means a person or entity that, for compensation, engages, in whole
 33 or in part, in the business of cashing checks;
 - (16) "Deferred deposit transaction" means any transaction such as those commonly

1 known as "pay-day loans," "pay-day advances," or "deferred presentment loans" in which a cash 2 advance is made to a customer in exchange for the customer's personal check or in exchange for 3 the customer's authorization to debit the customer's deposit account and where the parties agree 4 either that the check will not be cashed or deposited, or that the customer's deposit account will 5 not be debited until a designated future date;

6 (17) "Insurance premium finance agreement" means an agreement by which an insured, 7 or prospective insured, promises to pay to an insurance premium finance company the amount 8 advanced or to be advanced, under the agreement to an insurer or to an insurance producer, in 9 payment of a premium or premiums on an insurance contract or contracts, together with interest 10 and a service charge, as authorized and limited by this title;

(18) "Insurance premium finance company" means a person engaged in the business of
 making insurance premium finance agreements or acquiring insurance premium finance
 agreements from other insurance premium finance companies;

(19) "Simple interest" means interest computed on the principal balance outstanding
immediately prior to a payment for the actual number of days between payments made on a loan
over the life of a loan;

17 (20) "Credit counseling service" means a person or corporation that provides DAMP
18 service to consumers, usually for a fee, contribution, or other consideration;

(21) "Debt Management plan (DAMP)" means a program whereby money is received
from a consumer by the credit counseling service for the purpose of distributing that money to
one or more creditors of the consumer in full or partial payment of the consumer's obligation;

22 (22) "Nonprofit organization" means a corporation qualifying as a 26 O.K. section $\frac{50}{20}$ 23 501(c)(3) nonprofit organization, in the operation of which no member, director, officer, partner, employee, agent, or other affiliated person profits financially other than receiving reasonable 24 25 salaries if applicable, and which provides debt counseling services for individuals at no cost or a 26 cost not exceeding that required to defray bona fide expenses in order to provide the services; and 27 (23) "Joint control agent" means any person engaged in the business of receiving money 28 or other property for disbursal or use in payment of the cost of labor, material services, permits, 29 fees, or other items of expense incurred in the construction of improvements upon real property.

30 (24) "Loan originator" means a natural person who is a bona fide W-2 employee of a 31 lender or loan broker that is required to be licensed under section 19-14-1 et seq., and whose job 32 responsibilities include direct or indirect contact with applicants during the loan application 33 process, which may include, without limitation, soliciting, negotiating, acquiring, arranging or 34 making mortgage loans, obtaining personal or financial information, assisting with the 1 preparation of loan applications or other documents, quoting loan rates or terms, or providing

2 <u>required disclosures.</u>

3 (25) "Solicit" shall mean the act of solicitation. 4 (26) "Loan solicitation" shall mean an effectuation, procurement, delivery, offer, advertisement of a loan. Loan solicitation also includes providing or accepting loan applications 5 6 and assisting persons in completing loan applications and/or advising, conferring, or informing 7 anyone regarding the benefits, terms and/or conditions of a loan product or service. 8 (27) "Loan processing" shall mean a series of acts or functions including the preparation 9 of a loan application and supporting documents performed by a person which leads to or result in 10 the acceptance, approval, denial, and/or withdrawal of a loan application, including without 11 limitation the rendering of services including loan underwriting, taking or receiving loan 12 applications, obtaining verifications, credit reports or appraisals, communicating with the 13 applicant and/or the lender and/or other loan processing and origination services for consideration by a lender. Loan processing does not include the following: 14 15 (A) the providing of title services, including title searches, title examinations, abstract 16 preparation insurability determinations, and the issuance of title commitments and title insurance 17 policies when performed by a licensed title attorney or licensed title insurance company; 18 (B) rendering of services by a licensed attorney for the purposes of conducting loan 19 closing preparing loan documents, including notarization, delivery and recordation; 20 (C) rendering of credit reports by an authorized credit reporting agency; and 21 (D) rendering of appraisal services by a licensed appraiser. 22 (28) "Loan underwriting" shall mean a loan process that involves the analysis of risk with 23 respect to the decision whether to make a loan to a loan applicant based on credit, employment, 24 assets, and other factors including evaluating a loan applicant against a lender's various lending 25 criteria for creditworthiness, making a determination for the lender as to whether the applicant 26 meets the lender's pre-established credit standards and/or making a recommendation regarding 27 loan approval. 28 (29) "Negotiate a loan" shall mean to confer directly with or offer advice directly to a 29 loan applicant or prospective loan applicant for a loan product or service concerning any of the 30 substantive benefits, terms, or conditions of the loan product or service. 31 19-14-23. Examinations and investigations. -- (a) For the purpose of discovering 32 violations of this title or securing information lawfully required, the director or the director's 33 designee(s) may at any time investigate the loans and business and examine the books, accounts, 34 records and files used therein, of every licensee and person who shall be engaged in the business,

whether the person shall act or claim to act as principal or agent, or under or without the authority of this title. For that purpose the director or the director's designee(s) shall have free access to the offices and places of business, books, accounts, paper, records, files, and safes, of all such persons. The director or the director's designee(s) shall have authority to require the attendance of and to examine under oath any person whose testimony may be required relative to the loans or the business or to the subject matter of any examination, investigation, or hearing.

7 (b) The director or the director's designee shall make an examination of the affairs, 8 business, office, and records of each licensee and branch location at least once every eighteen 9 (18) months. The total cost of an examination made pursuant to this section shall be paid by the 10 licensee or person being examined, and shall include the following expenses:

(1) One hundred fifty percent (150%) of the total salaries and benefits plus one hundred
percent (100%) for the travel and transportation expenses for the examining personnel engaged in
the examinations. The fees shall be paid to the director to and for the use of the state. The
examination fees shall be in addition to any taxes and fees otherwise payable to the state;

(2) All reasonable technology costs related to the examination process. Technology costs
shall include the actual cost of software and hardware utilized in the examination process and the
cost of training examination personnel in the proper use of the software or hardware; and

(3) All necessary and reasonable education and training costs incurred by the state to
 maintain the proficiency and competence of the examination personnel. All such costs shall be
 incurred in accordance with appropriate state of Rhode Island regulations, guidelines and
 procedures.

(c) All expenses incurred pursuant to subsections (b)(2) and (b)(3) of this section shall be allocated equally to each licensee no more frequently than annually and shall not exceed an annual average assessment of fifty dollars (\$50.00) per company for an given three (3) calendar year period. All revenues collected pursuant to this section shall be deposited as general revenues. That assessment shall be in addition to any taxes and fees otherwise payable to the state.

(d) The provisions of section 19-4-3 shall apply to records of examinations or investigations of licensees; however, the director or the director's designee is authorized to make public the number of valid consumer complaints as determined by the director or the director's designee filed against the licensee for a twelve (12) month period immediately preceding the request for the information.

(e) If the director or his or her designee has reason to believe that any person required to
be licensed under this chapter is conducting a business without having first obtained a license
under this chapter, or who after the denial, suspension, or revocation of a license is conducting

1 that business, the director or his or her designee may issue an order to that person commanding 2 him or her to cease and desist from conducting that business. The order shall provide an 3 opportunity to request a hearing to be held not sooner than three (3) days after issuance of that 4 order to show cause why the order should not become final. Any order issued pursuant to this 5 section shall become final if no request for a hearing is received by the director or his or her 6 designee within thirty (30) days of the issuance of the order. The order may be served on any 7 person by mailing a copy of the order, certified mail, return receipt requested, and first class mail 8 to that person at any address at which that person has done business or at which that person lives. 9 Any hearing held pursuant to this section shall be governed in accordance with chapter 35 of title 10 42. If that person fails to comply with an order of the director or his or her designee after being 11 afforded an opportunity for a hearing, the superior court for Providence County has jurisdiction 12 upon complaint of the department to restrain and enjoin that person from violating this chapter.

(f) The director may impose an administrative assessment, as well as the penalties provided for under section 19-14-26, against any person named in an order issued under subsection (d) (e) or against any person who violates or participates in the violation of any of the applicable provisions of this title, or any regulation promulgated under this title. The amount of the administrative assessment may not exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each violation of this chapter or each act or omission that constitutes a basis for issuing the order.

19 19-14-26. Penalty for violations. – (a) Any person and the several members, officers, 20 directors, agents, and employees of any person who violate or participate in the violation of any 21 of the applicable provisions of this title, or any regulation promulgated under this title, is guilty of 22 a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not more than one thousand 23 dollars (\$1,000) or by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both. Each violation constitutes a 24 separate offense. Complaints under the provisions of this chapter may be made by the director or 25 the director's designee and shall not be required to give surety for costs. The attorney general 26 shall prosecute all complaints under this chapter.

- (b) The director may impose an administrative assessment, as well as the penalties
 provided for in subsection (a) of this section against any person who makes any false entry in any
 report or filing required by this title with intent to deceive the director or any agent appointed by
 the director to examine the affairs of that licensee. The amount of the administrative assessment
 may not exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for each such report or filing.
 (c) In any action to revoke or suspend a license in which the director or the director's
 designee is the prevailing party, the director or the director's designee may recover the total cost
- 34 of the action from the licensee in an amount equal to one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the

1 total salaries and benefits of the department personnel engaged in the action of for the time 2 attributed to the administrative action and/or examination and the cost incurred by the director or 3 the director's designee to retain attorneys, appraisers, independent certified public accountants, or 4 other professionals and specialists with respect to the action. Such amounts shall be in addition to

5 other fees and assessment authorized by this title.

6 SECTION 2. Sections 19-14-2, 19-14-3, 19-14-4, 19-14-5, 19-14-6, 19-14-9, 19-14-22 7 and 19-14-26 of the General Laws in Chapter 19-14 entitled "Licensed Activities" are hereby 8 amended to read as follows:

9 19-14-2. Licenses required. – (a) No person shall engage within this state in the business 10 of: (1) making or funding loans or acting as a lender or small loan lender; (2) brokering loans or 11 acting as a loan broker; (3) selling checks for a fee or other consideration; (4) cashing checks for 12 a fee or other consideration which includes any premium charged for the sale of goods in excess 13 of the cash price of the goods; (5) providing electronic money transfers for a fee or other 14 consideration; Θ (6) providing debt management plan(s); or performing the duties of a loan 15 originator without first obtaining a license from the director or the director's designee. The 16 licensing requirement for any person providing debt management plans shall apply to all persons, 17 without regard for state of incorporation or a physical presence in this state, who initiate or 18 service debt management plans for residents of this state. Special exemptions from licensing for 19 each activity are contained in other chapters in this title.

20 (b) No lender, small loan lender or loan broker licensee shall employ or retain a loan 21 originator without first licensing such originator under this chapter. No individual may act as a 22 loan originator without being licensed, or act as a loan originator for more than one person. The

license of a loan originator is not effective during any period when such loan originator is not 23

24 associated with a lender, small loan lender or loan broker licensee.

25 (c) Each loan negotiated, solicited, placed, found or made without a license as required in 26 subsection (a) of this section shall constitute a separate violation for purpose of this chapter.

27 (d) No person engaged in the business of making or brokering loans in this state, whether

28 licensed in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, or exempt form licensing, shall accept

29 applications or referral of applicants from, or pay a fee to, any lender, small loan lender, loan

30 broker or loan originator who is required to be licensed or registered under said sections but is not

31 licensed to act as such by the director or the director's designee. Each lender, small loan lender or

32 loan broker shall exercise due diligence in determining if a lender, small loan lender, loan broker

33 or loan originator is licensed by the director or the director's designee.

19-14-3. Application for license. -- (a) Application for a license shall be made in writing 34

1 under oath in a form to be provided by the director or the director's designee. The applicant at the 2 time of making application shall pay to the director or the director's designee the sum of one half 3 (1/2) of the annual license fee as a fee for investigating the application. If the application for 4 license is approved, the applicant shall pay a fee equal to the annual license fee as provided in this 5 chapter. The license shall be continuous and the license fee shall cover the period through March 6 31 of each year. Any application approved after January 1 of any given year shall pay one half 7 (1/2) of the annual license fee for the period ending March 31 of that year.

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(b) Only a nonprofit organization may apply for a license to provide debt management 9 plan(s) under this title. Any nonprofit organization desiring to obtain a license shall file with the 10 department of business regulation an application in writing under oath providing the following 11 information:

12 (1) Proof of nonprofit status as determined by being designated under the United States 13 Internal Revenue Code as section 501(-c-)(-3-).

14 (2) Proof of a separate trust account with a federally-insured financial institution for the 15 handling of client funds.

16 (3) Proof of counselor certification through a bona fide third-party certification provider 17 that demonstrates the competence of counselors providing consumer assistance.

18 (4) Proof of a board of directors, a majority of which does not include individuals for 19 whom such a position could pose a conflict with the mission of the organization, such as creditors 20 and creditors' representatives: bankruptcy attorneys, and others who would have a direct stake in 21 the outcome of the counseling process. The board must have a working majority that is not 22 comprised of officers of the company or their relatives.

23 (5) Proof of agency accreditation provided by a bona fide third-party accreditation body 24 such as the council on accreditation or as approved by the director. Such accreditation shall 25 include sector certification that insures compliance to industry standards and best practices and 26 corporate governance.

27 (6) A copy of an annual audit by an independent certified public accountant, which such 28 audit taking place within six (6) months of the close of the agency's fiscal year.

29 (c) The director shall require a background report prepared by an independent licensed 30 private investigation firm for every applicant for a license to engage in the business of providing 31 debt management plan(s), including said applicant's principal owners and officers. The cost of 32 such report shall be borne by the applicant. The director may conduct an additional inquiry or investigation to determine the applicant's fitness to be licensed or continue to be licensed. 33

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(d) Any license issued under the provisions of former section 5-66-2 shall remain in full

1 force and effect until its expiration and shall be subject to the provisions of this chapter.

(e) An applicant for issuance of a loan originator license shall file with the director or
 director's designee evidence acceptable to the director or the directors designee that said applicant
 has:

5 (I) Successfully completed an entry level training course relative to state and federal 6 statutes, rules and regulations applicable to loans, mortgages, real property, deeds and contracts 7 consisting of a minimum of twenty-four (24) hours with an approved nationally recognized

8 training facility, as determined by the director or the director's designee; and

9 (ii) Passed a written examination on state and federal statutes, rules and regulations 10 relating to loans, mortgages, real property, deeds and contracts, administered by an approved 11 nationally recognized training facility, as determined by the director or the director's designee; or 12 (iii) If the applicant has been employed as a loan originator for two (2) or more years 13 immediately preceding March 31, 2007 in this state, the applicant must file with the director or 14 the director's designee evidence acceptable to the director or the director's designee that applicant 15 has completed a minimum of twenty-four (24) hours of continuing education relative to state and 16 federal statutes, rules and regulations applicable to loans, mortgages, real property, deeds and 17 contracts during the two (2) years immediately preceding March 31, 2007, by an approved 18 nationally recognized training facility, as determined by the director or the director's designee. 19 (f) The application for a lender, small loan lender, or loan broker license shall include an 20 application for a license for each loan originator or prospective loan originator of the applicant. 21 19-14-4. Annual fee. -- (a) Each licensee shall pay an annual license fee as follows: 22 (1) Each small loan lender license and each branch certificate, the sum of five hundred fifty dollars (\$550); 23 24 (2) Each loan broker license and each branch certificate, the sum of five hundred fifty 25 dollars (\$550); 26 (3) Each lender license and each branch certificate, the sum of one thousand one hundred 27 dollars (\$1,100); 28 (4) Each sale of checks license, the sum of three hundred dollars (\$300); 29 (5) Each check cashing license, the sum of three hundred dollars (\$300); 30 (6) Each electronic money transfer license, the sum of three hundred dollars (\$300); and 31 (7) Each debt management plan license, the sum of two hundred dollars (\$200).; and 32 (8) Each loan originator license, the sum of two hundred dollars (\$200).

33 (b) Any licensee who shall not pay the annual fee by March 31 of each year shall be
34 subject to a daily penalty of twenty-five dollars (\$25) per day, subject to a maximum of seven

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1 hundred fifty dollars (\$750). The penalty shall be paid to the director to and for the use of the 2 state. The penalty may be waived for good cause by the director or the director's designee, upon 3 written request. 4 19-14-5. Minimum capital. -- Each licensee, excluding loan originators licensed pursuant to an application for license filed after June 30, 1995, shall maintain the following 5 6 minimum net worth to be evidenced in accordance with regulations promulgated by the director 7 or the director's designee. 8 (1) Small loan lenders, the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000); 9 (2) Loan brokers, the sum of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000); (3) Lenders, the sum of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000); and 10 11 (4) Sale of checks, the sum of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000). 12 **<u>19-14-6. Bond of applicant. --</u>** (a) An applicant for any license shall file with the director 13 or the director's designee a bond to be approved by him or her in which the applicant shall be the 14 obligor. 15 (b) The amount of the bond shall be as follows: 16 (1) Small loan lenders, the sum of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000); 17 (2) Loan brokers, the sum of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) plus five thousand dollars 18 (\$5,000) for each loan originator subject to a maximum amount of one hundred fifty thousand 19 dollars (\$150,000); 20 (3) Lenders, the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) plus five thousand 21 dollars (\$5,000) for each loan originator subject to a maximum amount of one hundred fifty 22 thousand dollars (\$150,000); 23 (4) Sale of checks and electronic money transfer licensees, the sum of fifty thousand 24 dollars (\$50,000) subject to a maximum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000) 25 when aggregated with agent locations; 26 (5) Check cashing licensees who accept checks for collection with deferred payment, the 27 sum of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) subject to a maximum of one hundred and fifty thousand 28 dollars (\$150,000) when aggregated with agent locations; 29 (6) Foreign exchange licensees, the sum of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000); 30 (7) Each branch or agent location of a licensee, the sum of five thousand dollars 31 (\$5,000); or 32 (8) Each debt management plan licensee, the sum equal to the amount of moneys 33 received from debtors and on hand at any time, but not less than twenty thousand dollars 34 (\$20,000) with one or more insurers, approved by the director, which does not exceed the sum in 1 the aggregate.

(c) The bond shall run to the state for the use of the state and of any person who may have cause of action against the obligor of the bond under the provisions of this title. The bond shall be conditioned upon the obligor faithfully conforming to and abiding by the provisions of this title and of all rules and regulations lawfully made, and the obligor will pay to the state and to any person any and all money that may become due or owing to the state or to the person from the obligor under and by virtue of the provisions of this title.

8 (d) The provisions of subsection (b)(6) of this section shall not apply to any foreign 9 exchange business holding a valid electronic money transfer license issued pursuant to section 10 19-14-1 et seq., that has filed with the division of banking the bond required by subsections (b)(4) 11 and (b)(7) of this section.

(e) The bond shall remain in force and effect until the surety is released from liability by the director or the director's designee or until the bond is cancelled by the surety. The surety may cancel the bond and be released from further liability under the bond upon receipt by the director or the director's designee of written notice of the cancellation of the bond at least thirty (30) days in advance of the cancellation of the bond. The cancellation shall not affect any liability incurred or accrued under the bond before the termination of the thirty (30) day period. Upon receipt of any notice of cancellation, the director shall provide written notice to the licensee.

19 **19-14-9.** Contents of license -- Posting. -- The license or branch certificate shall contain 20 any information that the director or the director's designee shall require, including the type of 21 activity authorized. The license or branch certificate shall be kept conspicuously posted in the 22 place of business of the licensee. The loan originator license must be carried by each loan 23 originator and presented to each applicant or potential applicant with whom the loan originator 24 transacts business. Any licensee who shall lose, misplace or mutilate the license or branch 25 certificate shall pay a replacement fee of one hundred dollars (\$100) to the director for the use of 26 the state.

27 19-14-22. Reporting requirements. -- (a) Each licensee shall annually on or before 28 March 31 file a report with the director or the director's designee giving any relevant information 29 that the director or the director's designee may reasonably require concerning the business and 30 operations during the preceding calendar year of each licensed place of business conducted by the 31 licensee within the state. The report shall be made under oath and shall be in a form prescribed by 32 the director or the director's designee. At the time of filing each report, the sum of fifty-five 33 dollars (\$55.00) per license and fifty-five dollars (\$55.00) per branch certificate shall be paid by 34 the licensee to the director for the use of the state. Any licensee who shall delay transmission of any report required by the provisions of this title beyond the limit, unless additional time is
 granted, in writing, for good cause, by the director or the director's designee, shall pay a penalty
 of twenty-five dollars (\$25) for each day of the delay.

(b) Any licensee shall, within twenty-four (24) hours after actual knowledge, notify the
director or the director's designee, in writing, of the occurrence of any of the following events: the
institution of bankruptcy, receivership, reorganization or insolvency proceedings regarding a
licensee, the institution of any adverse government action against a licensee, or any felony
indictment or conviction of any licensee or any officers, directors, owners, employees, members
or partners thereof, as the case may be.

10 (c) Each loan originator licensee shall annually on or before March 31 file with the 11 director or the director's designee evidence acceptable to the director or the director's designee 12 that said loan originator licensee has successfully completed during the twelve (12) months 13 immediately preceding March 31st a minimum of eight (8) hours of continuing education relative 14 to state and federal statutes, rules and regulations applicable to loans, mortgages, real property, 15 deeds and contracts, provided by an approved nationally recognized training facility, as 16 determined by the director or the director's designee. 17 (d) Both the loan originator and the licensee shall promptly notify the director or the 18 director's designee, in writing, within five (5) business days of the termination of employment or 19 services of a loan originator.

20 19-14-26. Penalty for violations. – (a) Any person and the several members, officers, 21 directors, agents, and employees of any person who violate or participate in the violation of any 22 of the applicable provisions of this title, or any regulation promulgated under this title, is guilty of 23 a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not more than one thousand 24 dollars (\$1,000) or by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both. Each violation constitutes a 25 separate offense. Complaints under the provisions of this chapter may be made by the director or 26 the director's designee and shall not be required to give surety for costs. The attorney general 27 shall prosecute all complaints under this chapter.

(b) The director or the director's designee is authorized to enforce a penalty in the amount
 of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250)_ per loan transaction against any licensee who employs any
 person operation as a loan originator without having obtained a license pursuant to this chapter.

SECTION 3. Sections 19-14.1-4 and 19-14.1-5 of the General Laws in Chapter 19-14.1
 entitled "Lenders and Loan Brokers" are hereby amended to read as follows:

33 19-14.1-4. Documents delivered to borrower -- Advance payments -- Release of

34 **<u>security. --</u>** Every lender or loan broker, as applicable, who is the holder of any note shall:

1 (1) Give to any borrower or the borrower's agent making a loan payment a plain and 2 complete receipt for all payments on the loan at the time the payment is made in person at the 3 lender's or loan broker's office;

4 (2) Except for an open-end loan, upon written request from the borrower, the holder of a 5 subordinate mortgage loan instrument shall deliver to the borrower within ten (10) days from 6 receipt of a written request a statement of the borrower's account showing the date and amount of 7 all payments made or credited to the account and the total unpaid balance. Not more than two (2) 8 such statements shall be required in any twelve (12) month period;

9 (3) Permit payment to be made in advance in any amount on any contract of loan at any 10 time, but the lender or loan broker may apply the payment first to all interest in full at the agreed 11 rate and other permitted charges, up to the date of the payment. Any broker fees, points or 12 origination fees shall not be subject to any required refund;

13 (4) Upon repayment of the loan in full, mark indelibly every obligation and security 14 signed by the borrower with the word "paid" or "canceled" and release any mortgage, restore any 15 pledge, cancel and return any note or a copy of the note, and cancel and return any assignment or 16 a copy of the assignment given to the lender or loan broker by the borrower;

17 (5) Issue mortgage discharges in accordance with the provision of chapter 26 of title 34; and 18

19 (6) In the case of educational loans, deliver to the borrower a written statement which 20 discloses the name and address of the borrower and licensee, the name of each payee to whom 21 disbursements will be made, the date and total amount of the loan commitment, a description of 22 the payment schedule, the amount of any insurance procured by the lender with a summary of the 23 nature and extent of coverage, the total amount of all insurance premiums to be collected by the 24 licensee, the schedule of any disbursements to be made to the borrower and of the method by 25 which the schedule of any disbursements to an educational institution will be determined.

26 (7) Comply with all applicable federal laws, rules and regulations, as amended, including 27 without limitation the federal real estate settlement procedures act and regulations, the equal 28 credit opportunity act and regulations, fair credit reporting act and regulations and, the truth in 29 lending act and regulations.

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<u>19-14.1-5.</u> Instrument evidencing loan, contents. – (a) No loan document shall contain: 31 (1) Any acceleration clause under which any part or all of the unpaid balance of the 32 obligation not yet matured may be declared due and payable because the holder deems himself or 33 herself to be insecure;

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(2) Any power of attorney to confess judgment or any other power of attorney except a

- 1 statutory power of sale;
- 2 (3) Any provision whereby the debtor waives any rights accruing to him or her under the
 3 provisions of this title or any other law expressly prohibiting such waiver;
- 4 (4) Except for a change in the payment schedule as a result of the borrower's default or
 5 delinquency, or pursuant to an agreement involving a court proceeding, any requirement that
 6 more than one installment be payable in any one installment period; or
- 7 (5) Any assignment of or order for the payment of any salary, wages, commission or
 8 other compensation for services, or any part thereof, earned or to be earned.
- 9 (b) Each lender, small loan lender or loan broker shall exercise due diligence in
- 10 confirming compliance with applicable state/federal statues and/or regulations at all phases (pre-
- 11 <u>application, post-application, pre-closing, post-closing) of a transaction.</u>
- SECTION 4. Implementation of that part of this act pertaining to loan originator licensingshall be subject to and conditioned upon:
- (I) an appropriation to the department in Fiscal Year ("FY") 2007 in an amount necessary
 to fund one principal licensing examiner position and one principal systems analyst position;
- (ii) the increase of the department's Full Time Employees ("FTEs") in FY 2007 by two
 (2) positions more than the department's FTE level for FY 2006;
- 18 (iii) the hiring of staff by the department to fill said positions; and

19 (iv) certification by the director or the director's designee that there is adequate and 20 appropriate departmental staff to carryout its regulatory obligations under this act. It is the 21 legislative intent to insure that the department continues to have adequate staffing and resources 22 necessary in the future to carryout its obligations under the act to license loan originators as those 23 evolve an/or increase. To the extent that said FTEs are not funded in any subsequent year and the 24 director determines that said FTEs are necessary to carry out the department's obligations under 25 the act, the director shall be authorized to refuse to accept loan originator applications sought to 26 be filed under section 19-14-1 et seq. Any suspension and/or interruption in the processing of 27 loan originator applications by the department shall not excuse the licensed loan broker or lender 28 from ensuring that all practices performed by its loan originators as defined herein are in 29 compliance with all state and federal statutory and regulatory requirements in lending and/or loan 30 brokering transactions with the exception of licensing requirements of loan originators described 31 herein.

- SECTION 5. Sections 1 and 3 of this act shall take effect upon passage. Subject to the
- 2 provisions of section 3 of this act, section 2 of this act shall take effect on March 31, 2007.

LC02649/SUB A _____

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EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS -- LENDERS AND LOAN BROKERS

1 This act would require loan originators to be licensed by the state in order to conduct 2 business, amend or add definitions for certain terms or phrases, and clarify certain compliance 3 matters. Sections 1 and 3 of this act would take effect upon passage. Subject to the provisions of 4 section 3 of this act, section 2 of this act would take effect on March 31, 2007. 5

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