

LC003321

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2026

RELATING TO STATE AFFAIRS AND GOVERNMENT -- INSPECTOR GENERAL

Referred To: Senate Finance

(1) "Construction" means the process of building, altering, repairing, improving, or demolishing any public structure or building, or other improvements of any kind to any public property.

1 (2) "Contract" means all types of agreements, including grants and orders, for the purchase
2 or disposal of supplies, services, construction, or any other item. It includes:

3 (i) Awards;

4 (ii) Contracts of a fixed-price, cost, cost-plus-a-fixed-fee, or incentive type;

5 (iii) Contracts providing for the issuance of job or task orders;

6 (iv) Leases;

7 (v) Letter contracts;

8 (vi) Purchase orders; and

9 (vii) Construction management contracts.

10 It also includes supplemental agreements with respect to any of the foregoing agreements.

11 (3) "Contractor" means any person, corporation, partnership, business, union, committee,
12 or other organization entity or group of individuals performing any tasks, or duties defined under a
13 written or oral contract with and for the State of Rhode Island or the joint committee on legislative
14 services.

15 (4) "Procurement" means the purchasing, buying, renting, leasing, or otherwise obtaining
16 any supplies, services, or construction. It also includes all functions that pertain to the obtaining of
17 any supply, service, or construction item, including a description of requirements, selection and
18 solicitation of sources, preparation, and award of contract, and all phases of contract administration.

19 (5) "Public funds" means state, federal or local funds, either appropriated, non-appropriated
20 or given under right of grant.

21 (6) "Services" means the rendering by a contractor of its time and effort rather than the
22 furnishing of a specific end product, other than reports which are merely incidental to the required
23 performance of services.

24 (7) "Supplies" means all property, including, but not limited to, leases of real property,
25 printing, and insurance, except land or permanent interest in land.

26 **42-9.4-3. Establishment of office -- Appointment and removal of inspector general.**

27 (a) There is hereby established an office of inspector general, (hereinafter referred to as the
28 "office"). There shall be in the office an inspector general, who shall be the administrative head of
29 the office and who shall be appointed by a majority vote of the governor, the attorney general, the
30 general treasurer, the lieutenant governor, secretary of state, the speaker and the minority leader of
31 the house of representatives and the president and minority leader of the senate for a five (5) year
32 term to begin July 1 and end June 30, five (5) years later. The appointee shall serve one term only.
33 The person so appointed shall be selected without regard to political affiliation and with a
34 demonstrated ability in more than one of the following areas: accounting, auditing, financial

1 analysis, law, management analysis, public administration, investigation and criminal justice
2 administration.

3 (b) The selection process of a qualified inspector general shall include at least one public
4 forum. If an inspector general is not selected within one month of a new inspector general term, the
5 governor shall appoint an inspector general. The inspector general shall have at least five (5) years
6 experience in accounting, criminal justice, or a closely related profession and a bachelor's degree
7 from an accredited college or university with a major in accounting, criminal justice, or a closely
8 related field of study.

9 (c) No inspector general shall hold, or be a candidate for, any other elective or appointed
10 public office while an inspector general and for one year prior. No inspector general shall hold a
11 position in any political party or political committee, or participate in any political campaign of any
12 candidate for public office while an inspector general.

13 (d) In case of a vacancy in the position of inspector general, their successor shall be
14 appointed in the manner described in subsections (a) and (b) of this section, and shall serve from
15 their date of appointment until the fifth June 30 following their appointment. If this vacancy is not
16 filled within one month, then the governor shall appoint an inspector general.

17 (e) The person so appointed may be removed from office for cause by a two-thirds (2/3)
18 vote of the governor, the attorney general, the general treasurer, the lieutenant governor, secretary
19 of state, the speaker and the minority leader of the house of representatives and the president and
20 minority leader of the senate. Cause may include substantial neglect of duty, gross misconduct or
21 conviction of a crime, whether or not it is work related. The reasons for removal of the inspector
22 general shall be stated in writing and shall include the basis for such removal. The writing shall be
23 a public document. The inspector general shall have ten (10) days to submit a written appeal, which
24 shall be a public document. If no appeal is made, the inspector general shall be dismissed from
25 office. If an appeal is taken, a vote shall be taken in the senate and two-thirds (2/3) vote of the
26 senate shall be required to dismiss the inspector general.

27 **42-9.4-4. Employees -- Appointment and removal, salaries, qualifications.**

28 (a) The inspector general may appoint and remove such employees as deemed necessary
29 to perform the duties of the office, including, but not limited to, assistant inspectors general, chief
30 and deputy counsels, clerks, paralegals, accountants, auditors, financial management analysts and
31 investigators. The inspector general may determine their salaries and duties; provided, however,
32 that the total amount of all such salaries shall not exceed the sum appropriated therefor by the
33 general assembly.

34 (b) The inspector general shall file an annual personnel report not later than the first

1 Wednesday in February with the senate and house finance committees, containing the job
2 classifications, duties and salary of each officer and employee within the office, together with
3 personnel regulations applicable to said officers and employees. The inspector general shall file
4 amendments to such report with the senate and house finance committees, whenever any change
5 becomes effective.

6 (c) No officer or employee of the office of inspector general shall hold, or be a candidate
7 for, any elective public office, while an officer or employee, or for one year thereafter, nor shall
8 they hold a position in any political party or political committee, or participate in any political
9 campaign of any candidate for public office, while an officer or employee.

10 **42-9.4-5. Inspector general -- Salary and budget.**

11 The general assembly shall annually set the salary of the inspector general and shall
12 appropriate sufficient funds for the total budget for the office.

13 **42-9.4-6. Rules and regulations.**

14 The office shall, pursuant to the provisions of chapter 35 of title 42, ("administrative
15 procedures"), promulgate rules and regulations, which shall govern its operation.

16 **42-9.4-7. Duties.**

17 (a) The inspector general shall supervise, coordinate and/or conduct audits, criminal, civil
18 and administrative investigations and inspections or oversight reviews, when necessary, relating to
19 programs and operations listed in § 42-9.4-1. The inspector general shall review laws and
20 regulations relating to programs and operations listed in § 42-9.4-1 and shall determine if public
21 bodies listed in § 42-9.4-1 are in compliance, and shall make recommendations concerning the
22 effect of such laws or regulations on the prevention and detection of fraud, waste and abuse. The
23 inspector general may recommend policies that will assist in the prevention or detection of fraud,
24 waste and abuse and mismanagement. The person in charge of, or the governing body of any public
25 body listed in § 42-9.4-1, may request the assistance of the inspector general with respect to
26 implementation of any reviews, audits, and/or investigations as deemed appropriate, and implement
27 suggested policy or procedure changes. In such events the inspector general may assign personnel
28 to conduct, supervise, or coordinate such activity, as deemed necessary and appropriate to perform
29 their duties in a diligent and prudent manner. The inspector general may recommend policies for
30 the conduct, supervision or coordination of relationships, between state and municipal agencies and
31 other state and local governmental agencies, as well as federal governmental agencies and
32 nongovernmental entities, with respect to all matters relating to the prevention and detection of
33 fraud, waste, abuse and mismanagement in or relating to any and all programs and activities of the
34 State of Rhode Island as set forth in § 42-9.4-1.

1 (b) The inspector general shall establish and maintain an information system to receive
2 communications from the general public, relating to the duties of the office to guarantee the
3 anonymity of the individual supplying the information, consisting of the transmission by email,
4 regular mail or other electronic system, that does not involve the use of a telephone line.

5 **42-9.4-8. Inspection of records and papers –Investigations – Subpoenas.**

6 (a) The inspector general, in carrying out the duties outlined in this chapter, shall have
7 access to all records, reports, audits, reviews, papers, books, documents, recommendations,
8 correspondence, including information relative to the purchase of services or anticipated purchase
9 of services from any contractor by any public body set forth in § 42-9.4-1, and any other data and
10 material that is maintained by or available to any public body, regardless of the media in which it
11 is maintained which is, in any way, related to the programs and operations with respect to the State
12 of Rhode Island, including any local town, municipality or city.

13 (b) The inspector general may request information, cooperation and assistance from any
14 state or local governmental agency, as may be necessary for carrying out their duties and
15 responsibilities. Upon receipt of such request, each person in charge of, or the governing body of
16 any public body set forth in § 42-9.4-1, shall furnish to the inspector general or their authorized
17 agent or representative such information, cooperation and assistance, including information relative
18 to the purchase of services or anticipated purchase of services from any contractor by any public
19 body within ten (10) business days of receipt of the inspector general's request. If the request for
20 the information requested cannot be complied with, within ten (10) business days, the senior official
21 of the governmental agency shall notify the inspector general before the expiration of the ten (10)
22 business days as to the reason that the request cannot be complied with within the time frame of
23 this section, and shall provide a specific date for expected compliance.

24 (c) The inspector general may initiate and conduct investigations, audits and compliance
25 reviews, and shall prepare detailed reports relating to findings and conclusions concerning the
26 administration of the programs and operations of the applicable public bodies listed in § 42-9.4-1,
27 as are in the judgment of the inspector general necessary and may conduct an examination of any
28 public documents, and any information with respect to whether internal quality controls are in place
29 and operating.

30 (d) The inspector general shall have direct and prompt access to the head of any public
31 body set forth in § 42-9.4-1 when necessary for any purpose pertaining to the performance of their
32 duties and responsibilities under this chapter.

33 (e) The inspector general may request the production, on a voluntary basis, of testimony or
34 documents from any individual, firm or nongovernmental entity which relate to actions or matters

1 that pertain to state or municipal governmental agencies, as dictated by their duties and
2 responsibilities.

3 (f)(1) The inspector general may issue a subpoena for the production of all records, reports,
4 audits, reviews, papers, books, documents, recommendations, correspondence and any other data
5 and material relevant to any matter under audit or investigation, pursuant to the provisions of this
6 chapter, no matter in which media the information is maintained.

7 (2) A subpoena may be issued only when a person, corporation or other entity under
8 investigation or being audited refuses to voluntarily comply with a request from the inspector
9 general.

10 (3) The subpoena shall be served in the same manner as a subpoena for the production of
11 documents in civil cases issued on behalf of the State of Rhode Island, and all provisions of law
12 relative to the subpoena shall apply to a subpoena issued pursuant to this chapter. Any justice of
13 the superior court may, upon application by the inspector general, issue an order to compel the
14 production of records, reports, audits, reviews, papers, books, documents, recommendations,
15 correspondence, and any other data and material as aforesaid in the same manner and to the same
16 extent as before said superior court. Any failure to obey the order may be punished by the superior
17 court as a contempt of court.

18 (4) Any subpoena issued pursuant to this section shall not be made public by the inspector
19 general or any officer or employee of that office, nor shall any documents or records provided
20 pursuant to this section be made public until such time as it is necessary for the inspector general
21 to do so in the performance of their official duties. The production of documents or records pursuant
22 to subpoena, shall be governed by the same provisions with reference to secrecy, which govern the
23 proceedings of a grand jury. Disclosure of such production, attendance, and testimony may be made
24 to such members of the staff of the office of the inspector general as is deemed necessary in the
25 performance of the inspector general's duties and responsibilities under this chapter, and such
26 members of the staff may be present at the production of records.

27 **42-9.4-9. Subpoena for witness testimony and for release of material evidence.**

28 (a) Whenever the inspector general has reason to believe that a person has information or
29 evidence in their possession, with respect to any matter which is within the inspector general's
30 jurisdiction to investigate, a subpoena may issue for the attendance and testimony, under oath, of
31 any person as designated, or the surrender of identified items of evidence; provided, however, that
32 the subpoena may be issued by the inspector general only in the performance of official duties
33 relating to the detection of fraud, waste, abuse and mismanagement. The subpoena for testimony
34 or specific items identified, as needed in support of an investigation shall include: the name and

1 address of the prospective witness or specific items identified, as needed for the investigation and
2 the reasons for requesting a subpoena for testimony or production of items deemed necessary to
3 support the investigation.

4 (b) The inspector general or any other person duly authorized by law shall serve a
5 subpoena. Once the subpoena is served, the serving officer shall annotate the time and date served,
6 the person served and the location of service.

7 (c) A witness required by subpoena to attend and testify under oath and/or produce books
8 and records or other items as demanded, shall be given not less than forty-eight (48) hours notice
9 of the time and place for the taking of testimony or delivery of subpoenaed items, unless such notice
10 shall unduly interfere with the conduct of the investigation.

11 (d) The witness, at the time of service of a subpoena, shall be notified of the matter under
12 investigation concerning which the witness will be required to testify. A subject of an investigation
13 is a person whose conduct is within the scope of the investigation and is suspected of committing
14 or being party to an offense under investigation. The failure to furnish the witness with any notice
15 or information required to be given by this section, shall cause the issued subpoena to be invalid.

16 (e) A person subpoenaed to testify under oath shall appear and testify under oath at the
17 time and place designated by the subpoena. In addition, the witness shall be notified that they have
18 a right to consult with and to have an attorney present at the time the testimony is taken, and that
19 they have a constitutional right not to furnish or produce evidence that may tend to incriminate the
20 person.

21 (f) The terms of any such subpoena shall be reasonable and focused on specific testimony
22 or evidence sought and shall directly relate to the matters under investigation. A subpoena issued
23 that is broad in nature is not considered valid. No subpoena shall be issued for purposes of
24 harassment or for any illegitimate or improper purpose. All constitutional and statutory rights and
25 privileges which exist with respect to any subpoena issued by the inspector general, including the
26 privilege against self-incrimination, shall have the same force and effect with any and all existing
27 laws and constitutional rights.

28 (g) A subpoenaed person may object to the subpoena served upon them in advance of the
29 return date of the subpoena, by a motion to quash filed in the superior court of the State of Rhode
30 Island. The filing of a motion to quash shall stay all pending subpoenas until further order of the
31 superior court. Any justice of the superior court may, upon application by the inspector general,
32 issue an order to compel the attendance of witnesses subpoenaed, and the giving of testimony under
33 oath in furtherance of any audit or investigation under this chapter, in the same manner and to the
34 same extent as before the superior court. Failure to obey any order of the court with respect to a

1 subpoena may be punished by the court as contempt.

2 (h) Any subpoena issued pursuant to this section, shall not be made public by the inspector
3 general or any persons subject to their direction or by any member of the inspector general's office
4 designated to hear testimony under this section, and the same provisions with reference to secrecy,
5 which govern grand jury proceedings, shall govern testimony given. Whoever violates the
6 provisions of this subsection shall be punished by imprisonment for not more than six (6) months
7 or by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000). Disclosure of such testimony may be
8 made to such members of the staff of the office of inspector general, as is deemed necessary by the
9 inspector general to assist in the performance of the office's duties and responsibilities and such
10 members of the staff may be present at the taking of such testimony.

11 **42-9.4-10. Compact – Investigation.**

12 (a) The inspector general shall accept and may investigate or audit complaints or
13 information from any individual concerning the possible existence of any activity constituting
14 fraud, waste, abuse and mismanagement, relating to programs and operations as set forth in § 42-
15 9.4-1.

16 (b) The inspector general shall not, after receipt of a complaint or information from an
17 employee, contractor or private citizen who requests confidentiality, disclose the identity of that
18 individual without the written consent of said individual, unless the inspector general determines
19 such disclosure is necessary and unavoidable during the course of an investigation. In such event,
20 the individual shall be notified immediately of the disclosure. The inspector general shall set up an
21 anonymous hotline for reporting possible wrongdoings.

22 (c) Employees are protected under chapter 50 of title 28, ("The Rhode Island
23 Whistleblower's Protection Act").

24 **42-9.4-11. Reports to the attorney general or United States Attorney.**

25 (a) In carrying out their duties and responsibilities, the inspector general shall report to the
26 attorney general, the United States Attorney or both, whenever the inspector general has reasonable
27 grounds to believe there has been a violation of federal or state criminal law. The attorney general
28 shall institute appropriate proceedings in the furtherance of completing an investigation and, if
29 warranted, refer a matter for criminal prosecution.

30 (b) The inspector general shall refer audit or investigative findings to the state ethics
31 commission, or to any other federal, state or local agency, which has an interest in said findings.

32 (c) Any referrals made under this section shall not be made public.

33 **42-9.4-12. Coordination with other state agencies.**

34 The inspector general may coordinate with other state agencies that are responsible for

1 investigating, auditing, reviewing or evaluating the management of state agencies for the purpose
2 of sharing information and avoiding duplication of effort.

3 **42-9.4-13. Civil actions.**

4 The inspector general shall have the authority to institute a civil recovery action, if
5 authorized by the attorney general. In any case where the inspector general has discovered
6 fraudulent acts and believes that civil recovery proceedings may be appropriate, the matter shall be
7 referred to the attorney general. The attorney general may institute whatever proceedings deemed
8 appropriate, may refer the matter to another state or local agency, may authorize the initiation of
9 appropriate civil proceedings by the inspector general, may retain the matter for further
10 investigation, or may remand the matter to the inspector general for further investigation.

11 **42-9.4-14. Annual and interim reports.**

12 (a) The office of inspector general shall, no later than April 1 of each year, prepare a report
13 summarizing the activities of the office for the prior calendar year. The office may also prepare
14 interim reports. These reports shall be forwarded to the governor, lieutenant governor, attorney
15 general, secretary of state, general treasurer and the general assembly, and shall be made available
16 to the public.

17 (b) The report shall include, but not be limited to:

18 (1) A description of significant problems in the areas of fraud, waste and abuse within
19 programs and operations subject to the jurisdiction of the office;

20 (2) A description of the recommendations for corrective action made by the office during
21 the reporting period with respect to significant deficiencies in the areas of fraud, waste and abuse;

22 (3) The identification of each significant recommendation described in previous annual
23 reports on which corrective action has not been completed;

24 (4) A summary of matters referred to prosecuting authorities and the prosecutions and
25 convictions which have resulted;

26 (5) A summary of any matters concerning the recovery of monies, as a result of a civil suit
27 by the office or a referral to another agency for the purposes of such suit; and

28 (6) A list of all audit reports completed by the office during the reporting period and a
29 statement of recommendations of amendments to this chapter or the rules, regulations or procedures
30 governing the office of inspector general, which would improve the effectiveness or the operation
31 of the office.

32 (c) The head or governing body of each public body may, within sixty (60) days of receipt,
33 comment upon any references to the public body contained within the report. The comment, if any,
34 shall be forwarded to the governor, the attorney general, the general assembly and the office of

1 inspector general.
2 (d) The report of the inspector general shall be made public on the day of filing; provided,
3 that the report shall not list the names of individuals or corporations, nor describe them with
4 sufficient particularity as to readily identify them to the general public in those cases in which no
5 official disposition has been made by the office of inspector general, the department of the attorney
6 general or the local office of the United States Attorney.

7 SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage.

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LC003321
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EXPLANATION
BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL
OF
A N A C T
RELATING TO STATE AFFAIRS AND GOVERNMENT -- INSPECTOR GENERAL

- 1 This act would establish the office of inspector general as an independent administrative
2 agency charged with the responsibility to investigate, detect, and prevent fraud, waste, abuse, and
3 mismanagement in the expenditure of public funds.
4 This act would take effect upon passage.

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