LC000920

2025 -- S 0240

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2025

AN ACT

RELATING TO HUMAN SERVICES -- RHODE ISLAND CHILDCARE IS ESSENTIAL ACT

Introduced By: Senators Vargas, Mack, DiMario, Murray, DiPalma, Lawson, Gallo, Urso, and Bissaillon Date Introduced: February 13, 2025

Referred To: Senate Education

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Legislative findings.
- 2 The general assembly finds that:
- 3 (1) Access to affordable, high-quality childcare is essential to support labor force 4 participation of parents with children from infancy through age twelve (12) years and to maximize
- 5 the economic productivity of the state.

6 (2) Access to affordable, high-quality childcare is essential for all parents to achieve 7 economic security and independence, particularly for mothers who often have lower lifetime 8 earnings because they earn lower wages, work reduced hours, and take longer breaks from work in 9 order to care for children.

(3) High-quality childcare programs, staffed by qualified and effective educators, are
 essential for children to promote healthy development and optimize learning during early childhood
 and school-age years.

(4) A landmark report by the Institute of Medicine and National Research Council found that children begin learning at birth and the adults that provide for the care and education of children bear a great responsibility for their health, development, and learning -- setting the critical foundation for lifelong progress. The report recommends that states work to increase the qualifications and compensation of childcare educators, including those who care for infants and toddlers.

19

(5) Childcare educators are among the lowest paid workers in Rhode Island. In 2023, the

1 median wage of a childcare educator in Rhode Island was sixteen dollars and ninety-one cents

2 (\$16.91) per hour.

(6) The U.S. Department of Health and Human Services provides significant funding to
Rhode Island through the Child Care and Development Block Grant and has established clear
guidelines for setting rates that provide low-income families with "equal access" to the childcare
market as required under federal law. The "equal access" guideline is to pay rates equal to or above
the seventy-fifth percentile of a recent market rate survey.

8 (7) The Rhode Island Governor's Workforce Board recommends that Rhode Island pay 9 child care rates that meet or exceed the equal access standard as a first step to support program 10 quality and to improved wages and retention of child care educators. As of 2024, there were 11 seventeen (17) states that met or exceeded the equal access standard, including New York and 12 Vermont. Rhode Island's base rate for infant care in a licensed child care center was at the 5th 13 percentile of the 2024 market rate survey, well below the 75th percentile equal access standard.

14 (8) The U.S. Department of Health and Human Services has also established a clear 15 guideline for determining whether childcare is affordable. Currently, the federal guideline for 16 affordability is that families should pay no more than seven percent (7%) of family income for 17 childcare. Using that guideline, almost all families with young children in the State of Rhode Island 18 need a subsidy to afford the cost of high-quality childcare staffed by qualified, effective, and fairly-19 compensated educators.

(9) The Federal Child Care and Development Block Grant focuses on helping lower income
families access child care, limiting the use of federal funds to families with incomes at or below
eighty-five percent (85%) of the state median income (\$106,529) for a family of four in Rhode
Island in Federal Fiscal Year 2025), and allows states to waive this limit for children who are
members of a protected population such as children in foster care. As of 2024, there were sixteen
(16) states that set family income eligibility limits at or above eight-five percent (85%) of state
median income, including Maine, New Hampshire, New York and Vermont.

27 SECTION 2. Title 40 of the General Laws entitled "HUMAN SERVICES" is hereby
28 amended by adding thereto the following chapter:

- 29
 <u>CHAPTER 6.7</u>

 30
 <u>RHODE ISLAND CHILDCARE IS ESSENTIAL ACT</u>

 31
 <u>40-6.7-1. Childcare assistance Families or assistance units eligible.</u>

 32
 (a) The department of human services shall provide appropriate childcare to every
- 33 participant who is eligible for cash assistance and who requires childcare in order to meet the work
- 34 requirements in accordance with this chapter.

1 (b) Low-income childcare. The department shall provide childcare to all other families with 2 incomes at or below eighty-five percent (85%) of the state median income, the low-income family 3 eligibility benchmark in the federal Childcare and Development Block Grant if, and to the extent, 4 these other families require childcare in order to work at paid employment and/or to participate in 5 training, apprenticeship, internship, on-the-job training, work experience, work immersion, or other 6 job-readiness/job- attachment programs sponsored or funded by the human resource investment 7 council (governor's workforce board) or state agencies that are part of the coordinated program 8 system pursuant to § 42-102-11. The department shall also provide childcare assistance to families 9 with incomes below eighty-five percent (85%) of the state median income when such assistance is 10 necessary for a member of these families to enroll or maintain enrollment in a Rhode Island public 11 institution of higher education. 12 (c) No family/assistance unit shall be eligible for childcare assistance under this chapter if 13 the combined value of its liquid resources exceeds one million dollars (\$1,000,000), which 14 corresponds to the amount permitted by the federal government under the state plan and set forth 15 in the administrative rulemaking process by the department. As used in this section "liquid 16 resources" means any interest(s) in property in the form of cash or other financial instruments or 17 accounts that are readily convertible to cash or cash equivalents. These resources include, but are not limited to: cash, bank, credit union, or other financial institution savings, checking, and money 18 19 market accounts; certificates of deposit or other time deposits; stocks; bonds; mutual funds; and 20 other similar financial instruments or accounts. These resources do not include educational savings 21 accounts, plans, or programs; retirement accounts, plans, or programs; or accounts held jointly with 22 another adult, not including a spouse. The department is authorized to promulgate rules and 23 regulations to determine the ownership and source of the funds in the joint account. 24 (d) The parent or caretaker relative of any family applying for childcare assistance may 25 voluntarily access the state's office of child support services for assistance in locating the noncustodial parent, establishing parentage, establishing a child support and/or medical order, and 26 27 enforcement of the order, but this shall not be a requirement to qualify for or access childcare 28 assistance. (e) For purposes of this section, "appropriate childcare" means childcare, including infant, 29 30 toddler, preschool, nursery school, and school age, that is provided by a person or organization 31 gualified, approved, and authorized to provide the care by the state agency or agencies designated 32 to make the determinations in accordance with the provisions set forth in this section. 33 (f)(1) Families with incomes at or below one hundred percent (100%) of the applicable

34 federal poverty level guidelines shall be provided with free childcare. Families with incomes

greater than one hundred percent (100%) of the applicable federal poverty guideline shall be
 required to pay for some portion of the childcare they receive, according to a sliding-fee scale
 adopted by the department in the department's rules, not to exceed seven percent (7%) of income
 as defined in subsection (h) of this section.
 (2) Families who are receiving childcare assistance and who become ineligible for

- 6 <u>childcare assistance as a result of their incomes exceeding eighty-five percent (85%) of state</u>
 7 <u>median income shall continue to be eligible for childcare assistance until their incomes exceeds</u>
 8 <u>one hundred percent (100%) of the state median income. To be eligible, the families must continue</u>
- 9 to pay for some portion of the childcare they receive, as indicated in a sliding-fee scale adopted in
- 10 the department's rules, not to exceed seven percent (7%) of income as defined in subsection (h) of
- 11 this section, and in accordance with other eligibility standards.
- (g) In determining the type of childcare to be provided to a family, the department shall
 take into account the cost of available childcare options, the suitability of the type of care available
 for the child; and the parent's preference as to the type of childcare.
- 15 (h) For purposes of this section, "income" for families receiving cash assistance under §§
- 16 40-5.2-10(g)(2) and 40-5.2-10(g)(3), and income for other families shall mean gross, earned, and
- 17 <u>unearned income as determined by departmental regulations.</u>
- (i) The caseload estimating conference established by chapter 17 of title 35 shall forecast
 the expenditures for childcare in accordance with the provisions of § 35-17-1.
- 20 (j) In determining eligibility for childcare assistance for children of members of reserve
- 21 components called to active duty during a time of conflict, the department shall freeze the family
- 22 composition and the family income of the reserve component member as it was in the month prior
- 23 to the month of leaving for active duty. This freeze shall continue until the individual is officially
- 24 <u>discharged from active duty.</u>
- 25 **40-6.7-2.** Childcare assistance Rates established.
- (a) Effective July 1, 2025, the rates to be paid by the department of human services and the 26 27 department of children, youth and families for licensed childcare centers and family childcare 28 homes shall be updated to reflect findings from the 2024 Rhode Island childcare market rate survey 29 and shall be implemented in a tiered manner, reflective of the quality rating the provider has 30 achieved within the state's quality rating system outlined in § 42-12-23.1. All rates shall meet or 31 exceed the federal equal access benchmark (seventy-fifth percentile of the most recent Rhode Island 32 childcare market rate survey) and programs that have achieved a high-quality rating shall be paid 33 rates at or above the ninetieth percentile of the most recent Rhode Island childcare market rate 34 survey. Weekly rates shall be paid as follows:

1	LICENSED CHILDCARE CENTERS & FAMILY CHILDCARE HOMES
2	Tier One Tier Two Tier Three Tier Four Tier Five
3	Infant/Toddler \$356 \$363 \$371 \$378 \$385
4	Preschool \$312 \$320 \$329 \$337 \$345
5	School-Age \$280 \$287 \$295 \$303 \$310
6	The rates for licensed family childcare providers paid by the department of human services,
7	and the department of children, youth and families are determined through collective bargaining.
8	The rates for infant/toddler and preschool age children paid to licensed family childcare providers
9	by both departments is implemented in a tiered manner that reflects the quality rating the provider
10	has achieved in accordance with § 42-12-23.1.
11	(b) Beginning July 1, 2025, childcare providers serving infants under age eighteen (18)
12	months who are receiving childcare assistance shall be paid an additional infant bonus rate equal
13	to fifty percent (50%) of the toddler rate by the department of human services and the department
14	of children, youth, and families to help stabilize and expand access to quality infant care and to
15	help cover the costs associated with the required staff: child ratio for infants under age eighteen
16	<u>(18) months.</u>
17	(c) By June 30, 2027, and triennially thereafter, the department of human services in
18	consultation with the department of labor and training shall conduct an independent survey or
19	certify an independent survey of the then-current weekly market rates for childcare in Rhode Island
20	and shall post the findings from the market rate survey on the department's public website. The
21	departments of human services and labor and training will jointly determine the survey criteria
22	including, but not limited to, rate categories and sub-categories.
23	(d) In order to expand the accessibility and availability of quality childcare, the department
24	of human services is authorized to establish, by regulation, alternative or incentive rates for quality
25	enhancements, innovative or specialized childcare, and alternative methodologies of childcare
26	delivery, including nontraditional delivery systems and collaborations.
27	(e) All childcare providers have the option to be paid every two (2) weeks and have the
28	option of automatic direct deposit and/or electronic funds transfer of payments.
29	(f) Effective July 1, 2025, full-time childcare assistance payment rates cover thirty (30) to
30	forty-five (45) hours of care per week. Any child needing forty-five (45) to sixty (60) hours of care
31	per week will be paid at a super full-time rate of at least ten dollars (\$10) per hour. No child will
32	be enrolled in the Childcare Assistance Program for more than sixty (60) hours per week.
33	(g) Effective January 1, 2026, all childcare assistance payments to childcare providers shall
34	be paid prospectively, on or before the Friday preceding the beginning of the childcare service

1 period, based on children's authorized enrollment.

2 (h) Effective January 1, 2026 and annually thereafter, the department of human services 3 shall pay a registration fee for each child enrolled in the childcare assistance program to the 4 childcare centers where the children are enrolled. The per child registration fee for childcare centers 5 shall be equivalent to the per child annual registration fees paid to family childcare providers. 6 SECTION 3. Section 40-5.2-20 of the General Laws in Chapter 40-5.2 entitled "The Rhode 7 Island Works Program" is hereby repealed. 8 40-5.2-20. Childcare assistance Families or assistance units eligible. [Effective 9 January 1, 2025.] 10 (a) The department shall provide appropriate child care to every participant who is eligible 11 for cash assistance and who requires child care in order to meet the work requirements in 12 accordance with this chapter. 13 (b) Low-income child care. The department shall provide child care to all other working 14 families with incomes at or below two hundred sixty-one percent (261%) of the federal poverty 15 level if, and to the extent, these other families require child care in order to work at paid 16 employment as defined in the department's rules and regulations. The department shall also provide 17 child care to families with incomes below two hundred sixty one percent (261%) of the federal poverty level if, and to the extent, these families require child care to participate on a short-term 18 19 basis, as defined in the department's rules and regulations, in training, apprenticeship, internship, 20 on-the-job-training, work experience, work immersion, or other job-readiness/job-attachment 21 program sponsored or funded by the human resource investment council (governor's workforce 22 board) or state agencies that are part of the coordinated program system pursuant to § 42-102-11. 23 Effective from January 1, 2021, through June 30, 2022, the department shall also provide childcare 24 assistance to families with incomes below one hundred eighty percent (180%) of the federal poverty level when such assistance is necessary for a member of these families to enroll or maintain 25 26 enrollment in a Rhode Island public institution of higher education provided that eligibility to 27 receive funding is capped when expenditures reach \$200,000 for this provision. Effective July 1, 28 2022 through December 31, 2024, the department shall also provide childcare assistance to families 29 with incomes below two hundred percent (200%) of the federal poverty level when such assistance 30 is necessary for a member of these families to enroll or maintain enrollment in a Rhode Island 31 public institution of higher education. Effective January 1, 2025, the department shall also provide 32 childcare assistance to families with incomes below two hundred sixty-one percent (261%) of the federal poverty level when such assistance is necessary for a member of these families to enroll or 33 34 maintain enrollment in a Rhode Island public institution of higher education.

(c) No family/assistance unit shall be eligible for childcare assistance under this chapter if 1 2 the combined value of its liquid resources exceeds one million dollars (\$1,000,000), which corresponds to the amount permitted by the federal government under the state plan and set forth 3 4 in the administrative rulemaking process by the department. Liquid resources are defined as any 5 interest(s) in property in the form of cash or other financial instruments or accounts that are readily convertible to cash or cash equivalents. These include, but are not limited to: cash, bank, credit 6 7 union, or other financial institution savings, checking, and money market accounts; certificates of 8 deposit or other time deposits; stocks; bonds; mutual funds; and other similar financial instruments 9 or accounts. These do not include educational savings accounts, plans, or programs; retirement 10 accounts, plans, or programs; or accounts held jointly with another adult, not including a spouse. The department is authorized to promulgate rules and regulations to determine the ownership and 11 12 source of the funds in the joint account.

13 (d) As a condition of eligibility for childcare assistance under this chapter, the parent or 14 caretaker relative of the family must consent to, and must cooperate with, the department in 15 establishing paternity, and in establishing and/or enforcing child support and medical support 16 orders for any children in the family receiving appropriate child care under this section in 17 accordance with the applicable sections of title 15, as amended, unless the parent or caretaker 18 relative is found to have good cause for refusing to comply with the requirements of this subsection. 19 (e) For purposes of this section, "appropriate child care" means child care, including infant, 20 toddler, preschool, nursery school, and school-age, that is provided by a person or organization qualified, approved, and authorized to provide the care by the state agency or agencies designated 21 22 to make the determinations in accordance with the provisions set forth herein.

(f)(1) Families with incomes below one hundred percent (100%) of the applicable federal
poverty level guidelines shall be provided with free child care. Families with incomes greater than
one hundred percent (100%) and less than two hundred percent (200%) of the applicable federal
poverty guideline shall be required to pay for some portion of the child care they receive, according
to a sliding fee scale adopted by the department in the department's rules, not to exceed seven
percent (7%) of income as defined in subsection (h) of this section.

(2) Families who are receiving childcare assistance and who become ineligible for
childcare assistance as a result of their incomes exceeding two hundred sixty one percent (261%)
of the applicable federal poverty guidelines shall continue to be eligible for childcare assistance
until their incomes exceed three hundred percent (300%) of the applicable federal poverty
guidelines. To be eligible, the families must continue to pay for some portion of the child care they
receive, as indicated in a sliding fee scale adopted in the department's rules, not to exceed seven

1 percent (7%) of income as defined in subsection (h) of this section, and in accordance with all other
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- 2 eligibility standards.
- 3 (g) In determining the type of child care to be provided to a family, the department shall
 4 take into account the cost of available childcare options; the suitability of the type of care available
 5 for the child; and the parent's preference as to the type of child care.
- 6 (h) For purposes of this section, "income" for families receiving cash assistance under §
 7 40-5.2-11 means gross, earned income and unearned income, subject to the income exclusions in
 8 §§ 40-5.2-10(g)(2) and 40-5.2-10(g)(3), and income for other families shall mean gross, earned and
 9 unearned income as determined by departmental regulations.
- (i) The caseload estimating conference established by chapter 17 of title 35 shall forecast
 the expenditures for child care in accordance with the provisions of § 35-17-1.
- (j) In determining eligibility for childcare assistance for children of members of reserve
 components called to active duty during a time of conflict, the department shall freeze the family
 composition and the family income of the reserve component member as it was in the month prior
 to the month of leaving for active duty. This shall continue until the individual is officially
 discharged from active duty.
- 17 (k) Effective from August 1, 2023, through July 31, 2025, the department shall provide 18 funding for child care for eligible childcare educators, and childcare staff, who work at least twenty 19 (20) hours a week in licensed childcare centers and licensed family childcare homes as defined in 20 the department's rules and regulations. Eligibility is limited to qualifying childcare educators and 21 childcare staff with family incomes up to three hundred percent (300%) of the applicable federal 22 poverty guidelines and will have no copayments. Qualifying participants may select the childcare center or family childcare home for their children. The department shall promulgate regulations 23 24 necessary to implement this section, and will collect applicant and participant data to report estimated demand for state funded child care for eligible childcare educators and childcare staff. 25 26 The report shall be due to the governor and the general assembly by November 1, 2024.
- SECTION 4. Section 40-6.2-1.1 of the General Laws in Chapter 40-6.2 entitled "Child
 Care State Subsidies" is hereby repealed.
- 29 <u>40-6.2-1.1. Rates established.</u>
- 30 (a) Through June 30, 2015, subject to the payment limitations in subsection (c), the
 31 maximum reimbursement rates to be paid by the departments of human services and children, youth
 32 and families for licensed childcare centers and licensed family childcare providers shall be based
 33 on the following schedule of the 75th percentile of the 2002 weekly market rates adjusted for the
 34 average of the 75th percentile of the 2002 and the 2004 weekly market rates:

1	1 Licensed Childcare Centers 75th Percentile of Weekly Mark	et Rate
2		
3	3 Preschool \$150.00	
4	4 School-Age \$135.00	
5	5 Licensed Family Childcare Providers 75th Percentile of Weekly Mark	et Rate
6	6 Infant \$150.00	
7	7 Preschool \$150.00	
8	8 School-Age \$135.00	
9	9 Effective July 1, 2015, subject to the payment limitations in subsection (c), the maximum
10	10 reimbursement rates to be paid by the departments of human services and chi	ldren, youth and
11	11 families for licensed childcare centers and licensed family childcare providers sha	11 be based on the
12	12 above schedule of the 75th percentile of the 2002 weekly market rates adjusted f	or the average of
13	13 the 75th percentile of the 2002 and the 2004 weekly market rates. These rates sha	II be increased by
14	14 ten dollars (\$10.00) per week for infant/toddler care provided by licensed	family childcare
15	15 providers and license exempt providers and then the rates for all providers for all	age groups shall
16	be increased by three percent (3%). For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, 1	censed childcare
17	centers shall be reimbursed a maximum weekly rate of one hundred ninety three	dollars and sixty-
18	18 four cents (\$193.64) for infant/toddler care and one hundred sixty one dollars	and seventy-one
19	19 cents (\$161.71) for preschool age children.	
20	20 (b) Effective July 1, 2018, subject to the payment limitations in su	bsection (c), the
21	21 maximum infant/toddler and preschool age reimbursement rates to be paid by th	e departments of
22	22 human services and children, youth and families for licensed childcare	centers shall be
23	23 implemented in a tiered manner, reflective of the quality rating the provider has	achieved within
24	the state's quality rating system outlined in § 42-12-23.1.	
25	25 (1) For infant/toddler child care, tier one shall be reimbursed two and	-one-half percent
26	26 (2.5%) above the FY 2018 weekly amount, tier two shall be reimbursed five pe	r cent (5%) above
27	the FY 2018 weekly amount, tier three shall be reimbursed thirteen percent (13	%) above the FY
28	28 2018 weekly amount, tier four shall be reimbursed twenty percent (20%) above the	FY 2018 weekly
29	amount, and tier five shall be reimbursed thirty three percent (33%) above the	FY 2018 weekly
30	30 amount.	
31	31 (2) For preschool reimbursement rates, tier one shall be reimbursed t	wo and one-half
32	32 percent (2.5%) above the FY 2018 weekly amount, tier two shall be reimbursed	Five percent (5%)
33	above the FY 2018 weekly amount, tier three shall be reimbursed ten percent (10	%) above the FY
34	34 2018 weekly amount, tier four shall be reimbursed thirteen percent (13%) abo	we the FY 2018

1 weekly amount, and tier five shall be reimbursed twenty one percent (21%) above the FY 2018

2 weekly amount.

3

(c) [Deleted by P.L. 2019, ch. 88, art. 13, § 4.]

(d) By June 30, 2004, and biennially through June 30, 2014, the department of labor and
training shall conduct an independent survey or certify an independent survey of the then current
weekly market rates for child care in Rhode Island and shall forward the weekly market rate survey
to the department of human services. The next survey shall be conducted by June 30, 2016, and
triennially thereafter. The departments of human services and labor and training will jointly
determine the survey criteria including, but not limited to, rate categories and sub-categories.

(e) In order to expand the accessibility and availability of quality child care, the department
 of human services is authorized to establish, by regulation, alternative or incentive rates of
 reimbursement for quality enhancements, innovative or specialized child care, and alternative
 methodologies of childcare delivery, including nontraditional delivery systems and collaborations.
 (f) Effective January 1, 2007, all childcare providers have the option to be paid every two
 (2) weeks and have the option of automatic direct deposit and/or electronic funds transfer of
 reimbursement payments.

17 (g) Effective July 1, 2019, the maximum infant/toddler reimbursement rates to be paid by the departments of human services and children, youth and families for licensed family childcare 18 19 providers shall be implemented in a tiered manner, reflective of the quality rating the provider has 20 achieved within the state's quality rating system outlined in § 42-12-23.1. Tier one shall be 21 reimbursed two percent (2%) above the prevailing base rate for step 1 and step 2 providers, three percent (3%) above prevailing base rate for step 3 providers, and four percent (4%) above the 22 prevailing base rate for step 4 providers; tier two shall be reimbursed five percent (5%) above the 23 24 prevailing base rate; tier three shall be reimbursed eleven percent (11%) above the prevailing base rate; tier four shall be reimbursed fourteen percent (14%) above the prevailing base rate; and tier 25 26 five shall be reimbursed twenty-three percent (23%) above the prevailing base rate.

(h) Through December 31, 2021, the maximum reimbursement rates paid by the
departments of human services, and children, youth and families to licensed childcare centers shall
be consistent with the enhanced emergency rates provided as of June 1, 2021, as follows:

30		Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3	Tier 4	Tier 5
31	Infant/Toddler	\$257.54	\$257.54	\$257.54	<u>\$257.54</u>	\$273.00
32	Preschool Age	\$195.67	\$195.67	\$195.67	\$195.67	\$260.00
33	School Age	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$245.00

34 The maximum reimbursement rates paid by the departments of human services, and

1 children, youth and families to licensed family childcare providers shall be consistent with the

2	enhanced emergency rates provided as o	enhanced emergency rates provided as of June 1, 2021, as follows:						
3		Tier 2	Tier 3	Tier 4	Tier 5			
4	Infant/Toddler \$224.43	\$224.43	\$224.43	\$224.43	\$224.43			
5	Preschool Age \$171.45	\$171.45	\$171.45	\$171.45	\$171.45			
6	5 School Age \$162.30	\$162.30	\$162.30	\$162.30	\$162.30			
7	(i) Effective January 1, 2022,	the maximum	reimbursement	rates to be pai	d by the			
8	departments of human services and child	ren, youth and t	families for licen	sed childcare cer	ters shall			
9	be implemented in a tiered manner, reflec	be implemented in a tiered manner, reflective of the quality rating the provider has achieved within						
10) the state's quality rating system outlin	ned in § 42-12	2-23.1. Maximu	m weekly rates	shall be			
11	reimbursed as follows:							
12	Licensed Childcare Centers							
13	B Tier One Tier	Two Tier T	hree Tier Four	Tier Five				
14	Infant/Toddler \$236.36	<u>\$244.88</u>	\$257.15	\$268.74	\$284.39			
15	Preschool \$207.51	\$212.27	\$218.45	\$223.50	\$231.39			
16	5 School-Age \$180.38	\$182.77	\$185.17	\$187.57	\$189.97			
17	The maximum reimbursement r	The maximum reimbursement rates for licensed family childcare providers paid by the						
18	departments of human services, and chil	dren, youth and	1 families is deter	rmined through (collective			
19	bargaining. The maximum reimburseme	nt rates for infa	nt/toddler and pr	eschool age chil	dren paid			
20	to licensed family childcare providers by	to licensed family childcare providers by both departments is implemented in a tiered manner that						
21	reflects the quality rating the provider ha	s achieved in a	ccordance with §	-42-12-23.1.				
22	2 (j) Effective July 1, 2022, the ma	ximum reimbu	rsement rates to b	e paid by the dep	oartments			
23	3 of human services and children, yout	h and families	for licensed cl	nildcare centers	shall be			
24	implemented in a tiered manner, reflection	ve of the quali	ty rating the pro-	vider has achiev	ed within			
25	the state's quality rating system outlin	ned in § 42-12	2-23.1. Maximu	m weekly rates	shall be			
26	5 reimbursed as follows:							
27	Licensed Childcare Centers							
28	3 Tier One Tier	Two Tier T	hree Tier Four	Tier Five	_			
29	Infant/Toddler \$265	\$270	\$282	\$289	\$300			
30	Preschool \$225	\$235	\$243	\$250	\$260			
31	School-Age \$200	<u>\$205</u>	\$220	\$238	\$250			
32	(k) Effective July 1, 2024, the ma	(k) Effective July 1, 2024, the maximum reimbursement rates to be paid by the departments						
33	of human services and children, youth and families for licensed childcare centers shall be							
34	implemented in a tiered manner, reflecti	ve of the quali	ty rating the pro-	vider has achiev	ed within			

- 1 the state's quality rating system outlined in § 42-12-23.1. Maximum weekly rates shall be
- 2 reimbursed as follows:
- 3 Licensed Childcare Centers
- 4 <u>Tier One Tier Two Tier Three Tier Four Tier Five</u>

5	Infant/Toddler	<u>\$278</u>	\$284	\$296	\$303	\$315
6	Preschool	\$236	<u>\$247</u>	\$255	\$263	\$273
7	School-Age	\$210	\$215	\$231	\$250	\$263

8 SECTION 5. This act shall take effect on July 1, 2025.

LC000920

EXPLANATION

BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

OF

AN ACT

RELATING TO HUMAN SERVICES -- RHODE ISLAND CHILDCARE IS ESSENTIAL ACT

1 This act would create the Rhode Island Childcare Assistance Program that governs both 2 family eligibility for the state's childcare subsidy program and the rates paid to childcare providers 3 serving families receiving a subsidy. The act would expand eligibility for the program to meet the 4 federal eligibility benchmark so that families with incomes at or below eighty-five percent (85%) 5 of the state median income would be eligible. The act would allow families to continue eligibility until their income exceeds one hundred percent (100%) of the state median income and would make 6 7 participation in the state's child support enforcement program voluntary for the childcare subsidy. 8 The act would also increase the tiered rates of paid for licensed childcare centers to meet or exceed 9 the federal equal access benchmark, implement a new differential bonus rate for infants under age 10 eighteen (18) months and adopt fair payment practices consistent with the federal rules for the Child 11 Care and Development Fund. 12 This act would take effect on July 1, 2025.

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