LC006198

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2024

SENATE RESOLUTION

MEMORIALIZING AND COMMEMORATING THE 80TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE D-DAY LANDINGS IN NORMANDY, FRANCE, AND THE EVENTUAL LIBERATION OF EUROPE

<u>Introduced By:</u> Senators Felag, Raptakis, F. Lombardi, Ciccone, DiPalma, Britto, Sosnowski, and Miller

Date Introduced: June 05, 2024

Referred To: Placed on the Senate Consent Calendar

1 WHEREAS, On June 6, 1944, 156,000 courageous young American, British and Canadian troops began the liberation of Europe when they landed on the beaches in Normandy, 2 3 France, that now live forever in history. They were code-named Gold Beach, Juno Beach, Sword Beach, Utah Beach, and most famously, Omaha Beach, where American soldiers faced a 4 cauldron of withering enemy fire, deep water, choppy waves, and suffered enormous casualties 5 before eventually prevailing and breaching General Rommel's "Atlantic Wall"; and 6 7 WHEREAS, Additionally, during the night before the fateful invasion, thousands of 8 heroic airborne troops, including the vaunted American 82nd and 101st Airborne Divisions, were 9 dropped from the sky behind enemy lines across the Normandy region in order to secure vital 10 objectives. They too suffered casualties on the day we now call "The Longest Day"; and 11 WHEREAS, Before the Allied Invasion of France, Europe had suffered through the 12 darkest four-year period in its history. Hitler's Nazi armies had conquered and enslaved Norway, 13 Belgium, France, Poland, Greece, the Netherlands, Denmark, Czechoslovakia and the former 14 Yugoslavia. At the same time, the Nazis were ruthlessly murdering six million Jews and countless 15 others in the death camps they ran throughout Europe; and 16 WHEREAS, The D-Day Normandy landing was also the largest amphibious assault in 17 world history, and included 5,000 ships and 11,000 aircraft sorties flown by allied pilots. It was simply the most important military operation in world history and if it had failed, unimaginable 18 consequences would have followed. The war in Europe would certainly have lasted much longer 19

1	than its ending in May of 1945, even more people would have perished in the death camps, and
2	democracy might have permanently died in Europe either through a forced negotiated truce with
3	the Nazis or to a conquering Russian Army, instead of the liberating forces of the American,
4	British and Canadian armies that freed Western Europe in 1945; and

WHEREAS, On the fateful day, thousands of brave American and Allied soldiers, most of them surely terrified of what might have awaited them, risked everything to free Europe from the clutches of the evil Nazi regime, and to preserve and protect all the freedoms we cherish today. Thanks to the efforts of these men, many of whom perished, today Europe enjoys the kind of freedom and prosperity that was unimaginable 80 years ago, and America remains the most free nation on Earth; now, therefore be it

RESOLVED, That this Senate of the State of Rhode Island hereby memorializes and commemorates the 80th Anniversary of the D-Day landings on Normandy, on June 6, 2024. May we never forget the sacrifices made by so many courageous young American and Allied soldiers in support of the noble causes of freedom and liberty; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the Secretary of State be and hereby is authorized and directed to transmit a duly certified copy of this resolution to the Rhode Island Adjutant General, Major General Christopher P. Callahan.

LC006198

LC006198 - Page 2 of 2