STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2023

A N A C T

RELATING TO FOOD AND DRUGS -- UNIFORM CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT

Introduced By: Representatives Hull, Phillips, Diaz, Noret, DeSimone, Fogarty, Abney, and Biah

Date Introduced: March 01, 2023

Referred To: House Judiciary

(Art attorney General)

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 21-28-2.08 of the General Laws in Chapter 21-28 entitled "Uniform Controlled Substances Act" is hereby amended to read as follows:

21-28-2.08. Contents of schedules.

Schedules I through V shall consist of the drugs and other substances, by whatever official name, common or usual name, chemical name, or brand name designated, listed in the corresponding section, or designated by the director of the department of health pursuant to § 21-28-2.01.

Schedule I

(a) Schedule I shall consist of the drugs and other substances, by whatever official name, common or usual name, chemical name, or brand name designated, listed in this section.

(b) Opiates. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any of the following opiates, including its isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers whenever the existence of the isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the specific chemical designation:

(1) Acetylmethadol

(2) Allylprodine

(3) Alphacetylmethadol

(4) Alphameprodine

(5) Alphamethadol
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>(6) Benzethidine</td>
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<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>(7) Betacetylmethadol</td>
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<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>(8) Betameprodine</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>(9) Betamethadol</td>
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<td>5</td>
<td>(10) Betaprodine</td>
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<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>(11) Clonitazene</td>
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<td>7</td>
<td>(12) Dextromoramide</td>
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<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>(13) Difenoxin</td>
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<td>9</td>
<td>(14) Diampromide</td>
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<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>(15) Diethylthiambutene</td>
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<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>(16) Dimenoxadol</td>
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<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>(17) Dimephentanol</td>
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<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>(18) Dimethylthiambutene</td>
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<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>(19) Dioxapethyl butyrate</td>
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<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>(20) Dipipanone</td>
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<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>(21) Ethylethylthiambutene</td>
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<td>17</td>
<td>(22) Etonitazene</td>
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<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>(23) Extroerdine</td>
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<td>19</td>
<td>(24) Furethidine</td>
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<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>(25) Hydroxypethidine</td>
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<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>(26) Ketobemidone</td>
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<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>(27) Levomoramide</td>
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<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>(28) Levophenacylmorphan</td>
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<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>(29) Morpheridine</td>
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<td>25</td>
<td>(30) Noracymethadol</td>
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<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>(31) Norlevorphanol</td>
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<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>(32) Normethadone</td>
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<td>28</td>
<td>(33) Norpipanone</td>
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<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>(34) Phenadoxone</td>
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<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>(35) Phenampromide</td>
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<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>(36) Phenomorphinan</td>
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<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>(37) Phenoperidine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>(38) Piripramide</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>(39) Proheptazine</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
properidine
Propiram
Racemoramide
Trimeperidone
Tilidine
Alpha-methylfentanyl
Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl
N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-3-methyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide
Alpha-methylthiofentanyl
N-[1-methyl-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide
N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylacetamide, its optical, positional, and geometric isomers, salts and salts of isomers (Other names: acetyl fentanyl)
N-[1-[2-hydroxy-2-(thiophen-2-yl)ethyl]piperidin-4-yl]-N-phenylpropionamide
(Other names: beta-hydroxythiofentanyl)
N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylbutyramide (Other names: Butyryl fentanyl)
N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylfuran-2-carboxamide (Other names: Furanyl fentanyl)
3,4-dichloro-N-[(1-dimethylamino) cyclohexylmethyl]benzamide (Other names: AH-7921)
3,4-Dichloro-N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-methylbenzamide (Other names: U-47700)
3-Methylbutyrfentanyl (Other names: 3-MBF)
4-Fluorobutyrfentanyl (Other names: 4-FBF, p-FBF)
4-Phenylfentanyl
4-Methoxybutyrfentanyl (Other names: 4-MeO-BF)
Acrylfentanyl (Other names: acryloyfentanyl)
Lofentanyl
N-Methylcarfentanyl
Ocfentanyl (INN, A-3217)
4-methoxymethylfentanyl (Other names: R-30490)
1-cyclohexyl-4-(1,2 diphenylethyl)piperazine) (Other names: MT-45, IC-6)
Opium Derivatives. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any of the following opium derivatives, its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Designation</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Acetorphine</td>
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<tr>
<td>2. Acetyldihydrocodeine</td>
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<td>3. Benzylmorphine</td>
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<td>4. Codeine methylbromide</td>
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<td>5. Codeine-N-Oxide</td>
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<td>6. Cyprenorphine</td>
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<td>7. Desomorphine</td>
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<td>8. Dihydromorphine</td>
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<tr>
<td>9. Etorphine (Except hydrochloride salt)</td>
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<tr>
<td>10. Heroin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. Hydromorphinol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. Methyldesorphine</td>
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<tr>
<td>13. Methylhydromorphine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14. Morphine methylbromide</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15. Morphine methylsulfonate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16. Morphine-N-Oxide</td>
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<td>17. Myrophine</td>
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<tr>
<td>18. Nococodeine</td>
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<tr>
<td>19. Nicomorphine</td>
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<tr>
<td>20. Normorphine</td>
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<tr>
<td>21. Pholcodine</td>
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<tr>
<td>22. Thebacon</td>
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<tr>
<td>23. Drotebanol</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

(44) Hallucinogenic Substances. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that contains any quantity of the following hallucinogenic substances, or that contains any of its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation (for purposes of this subsection only, the term “isomer” includes the optical, position, and geometric isomers):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Isomer</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. 3, 4-methylenedioxy amphetamine</td>
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<tr>
<td>2. 5-methoxy-3, 4-methylenedioxy amphetamine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. 3, 4, 5-trimethoxy amphetamine</td>
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<tr>
<td>4. Bufotenine</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
(5) Diethyltryptamine
(6) Dimethyltryptamine
(7) 4-methyl 2, 5-dimethoxyamphetamine
(8) Ibogaine
(9) Lysergic acid diethylamide
(10) Marihuana
(11) Mescaline
(12) Peyote. Meaning all parts of the plant presently classified botanically as Lophophora Williamsii Lemair whether growing or not; the seeds of the plant; any extract from any part of the plant; and any compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant, its seeds or extracts.
(13) N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate
(14) N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate
(15) Psilocybin
(16) Psilocyn
(17) Tetrahydrocannabinols. Synthetic equivalents of the substances contained in the plant, or in the resinous extractives of Cannabis, sp. and/or synthetic substances, derivatives, and their isomers with similar chemical structure and pharmacological activity such as the following: delta 1 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers. Delta 6 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol and their optical isomers. Delta 3, 4 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol and their optical isomer. (Since nomenclature of these substances is not internationally standardized, compounds of these structures, regardless of numerical designation of atomic positions covered).
(18) Thiophene analog of phencyclidine. 1-(1-(2 thienyl) cyclo-hexyl) pipiridine: 2-
Thienyl analog of phencyclidine: TPCP
(19) 2,5 dimethoxyamphetamine
(20) 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine, 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-alpha-methylphenethylamine: 4-bromo-2,5-DMA
(21) 4-methoxyamphetamine-4-methoxy-alpha-methylphenethylamine: PMA
(22) Ethylamine analog of phencyclidine. N-ethyl-1-phenylcyclohexylamine, (1-
phenylcyclohexyl) ethylamine, N-(1-phenylcyclohexyl) ethylamine, cyclohexamine, PCE
(23) Pyrrolidine analog of phencyclidine. 1-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)-pyrrolidine PCPy, PHP
(24) Parahexyl; some trade or other names: 3-Hexyl-1-hydroxy-7,8,9,10-tetrahydro-6,6,9-
trimethyl-6H-dibenzo (b,d) pyran: Synhexyl.
(25) Salvia Divinorum (Salvinorin A or Divinorin A), meaning any extract from any part of the plant, and any compound, salt derivative, or mixture of the plant or its extracts. This shall not mean the unaltered plant.

(26) Datura stamnion (jimson weed or datura), meaning any extract from any part of the plant, and any compound, salt derivative, or mixture of the plant or its extracts. This shall not mean the unaltered plant.

(e)(d) Depressants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that contains any quantity of the following substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

(1) Mecloqualone.
(2) Methaqualone.
(3) 3-methyl fentanyl (N-(3methyl-1(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidyl)-N-phenylpropanamide.
(4) 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA), its optical, positional, and geometric isomers, salts, and salts of isomers.
(5) 1-methyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxypiperidine (MPPP), its optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers.
(6) 1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-phenyl-4-acetyloxyxypiperidine (PEPAP), its optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers.
(7) N-(1-(1-methyl-2-phenyl)ethyl-4-piperidyl)-N-phenylacetamide (acetylalphamethylfentanyl), its optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers.
(8) N-(1-(1-methyl-2(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidyl)-N-phenylpropanamide (alpha-methylthiofentanyl), its optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers.
(9) N-(1-benzyl-piperidyl)-N-phenylpropanamide (benzyl-fentanyl), its optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers.
(10) N-(1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenyl)ethyl-4-piperidyl)-N-phenylpropanamide (beta-hydroxyfentanyl), its optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers.
(11) N-(3-methyl-1(2-hydroxy-2-phenyl)ethyl-4-piperidyl)-N-phenylpropanamide (beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl), its optical and geometric isomers, salts, and salts of isomers.
(12) N-(3-methyl)-1-(2-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidyl)-N-phenylpropanamide (3-methylthiofentanyl), its optical and geometric isomers, salts, and salts of isomers.
(13) N-(1-2-thienyl)methyl-4-piperidyl)-N-phenylpropanamide (thiethylfentanyl), its optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers.
(14) N-(1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidyl-N-phenylpropanamide (thiofentanyl), its optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers.

(15) N-[(1-(2-phenylethyl)4-piperidyl]-N(4-fluorophenyl)-propanamide (para-fluorofentanyl), its optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers.

(16) Gamma hydroxybutyrate, HOOC-CH2-CH2-CH2OH, its optical, position, or geometric isomers, salts, and salts of isomers.

(17) Etizolam.

(18) Flubromazolam.

Stimulants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers:

(1) Fenethylline

(2) N-ethylamphetamine

(3) 4-methyl-N-methylcathinone (Other name: mephedrone)

(4) 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-methylcathinone (Other name: methylone)

(5) 3,4-methylenedioxyprovalerone (Other name: MDPV)

(g) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that contains any quantity of the following substances:

(1) 5-(1,1-Dimethylheptyl)-2-[(1R,3S)-3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol (CP-47,497)

(2) 5-(1,1-Dimethyloctyl)-2-[(1R,3S)-3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol (cannabicyclohexanol and CP-47,497 c8 homologue)

(3) 1-Butyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole, (JWH-073)

(4) 1-[2-(4-Morpholinyethyl]-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-200)

(5) 1-Pentyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole, (JWH-018 and AM678)

(h) Synthetic cannabinoids or piperazines. Unless specifically excepted, any chemical compound which is not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration or, if approved, which is not dispensed or possessed in accordance with state and federal law, that contains Benzylpiperazine (BZP); Trifluoromethylphenylpiperazine (TFMPP); 1,1-Dimethylheptyl-11-hydroxytetrahydrocannabinol (HU-210); 1-Butyl-3-(1-naphthoyl) indole; 1-Pentyl-3-(1-naphthoyl) indole; dexanabinol (HU-211); or any compound in the following structural classes:

(1) Naphthoylindoles: Any compound containing a 3-(1-naphthoyl)indole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl,
cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl
group, whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not
substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class include, but are not
limited, to JWH-015, JWH-018, JWH-019, JWH-073, JWH-081, JWH-122, JWH-200, and AM-
2201;

(2) Phenylacetylinroles: Any compound containing a 3-phenylacetylinrole structure with
substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl,
cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl
group whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not
substituted in the phenyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class include, but are not
limited to, JWH-167, JWH-250, JWH-251, and RCS-8;

(3) Benzoylinroles: Any compound containing a 3-(benzoyl) indole structure with
substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl,
cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl
group whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and whether or not
substituted in the phenyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class include, but are not
limited, to AM-630, AM-2233, AM-694, Pravadoline (WIN 48,098), and RCS-4;

(4) Cyclohexylphenols: Any compound containing a 2-(3-hydroxycyclohexyl)phenol
structure with substitution at the 5-position of the phenolic ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl,
cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl
group whether or not substituted in the cyclohexyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural
class include, but are not limited to, CP 47,497 and its C8 homologue (cannabicyclohexanol);

(5) Naphthylmethylinroles: Any compound containing a 1H-indol-3-yl-(1-naphthyl)
methane structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl,
alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-
morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent and
whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class
include, but are not limited to, JWH-175, JWH-184, and JWH-185;

(6) Naphthoylpurroles: Any compound containing a 3-(1-naphthoyl)pyrrole structure with
substitution at the nitrogen atom of the pyrrole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl,
cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl
group whether or not further substituted in the pyrrole ring to any extent and whether or not
substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class include, but are not
limited, to JWH-030, JWH-145, JWH-146, JWH-307, and JWH-368;
(7) Naphthylmethylindenes: Any compound containing a 1-(1-naphthylmethyl)indene structure with substitution at the 3-position of the indene ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, or 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group whether or not further substituted in the indene ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent. Examples of this structural class include, but are not limited to, JWH-176; or

(8) Any other synthetic cannabinoid or piperazine which is not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration or, if approved, which is not dispensed or possessed in accordance with state and federal law.

(i) Synthetic cathinones. Unless specifically excepted, any chemical compound which is not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration or, if approved, which is not dispensed or possessed in accordance with state and federal law, not including bupropion, structurally derived from 2-aminopropan-1-one by substitution at the 1-position with either phenyl, naphthyl, or thiophene ring systems, whether or not the compound is further modified in one or more of the following ways:

(1) By substitution in the ring system to any extent with alkyl, alkenyldioxy, alkoxy, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, or halide substituents, whether or not further substituted in the ring system by one or more other univalent substituents. Examples of this class include, but are not limited to, 3,4-Methylenedioxcathinone (bk-MDA);

(2) By substitution at the 3-position with an acyclic alkyl substituent. Examples of this class include, but are not limited to, 2-methylamino-1-phenylbutan-1-one (buphedrone);

(3) By substitution at the 2-amino nitrogen atom with alkyl, dialkyl, benzyl, or methoxybenzyl groups, or by inclusion of the 2-amino nitrogen atom in a cyclic structure. Examples of this class include, but are not limited to, Dimethylcathinone, Ethcathinone, and α-Pyrrolidinopropiophenone (α-PPP); or

(4) Any other synthetic cathinone which is not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration or, if approved, is not dispensed or possessed in accordance with state or federal law. Examples of this class include, but are not limited to, Ephylone and Pentylone.

Schedule II

(a) Schedule II shall consist of the drugs and other substances, by whatever official name, common or usual name, chemical name, or brand name designated, listed in this section.

(b) Substances, vegetable origin, or chemical synthesis. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any of the following substances whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by means of
chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:

(1) Opium and opiate, and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of opium or opiate excluding naloxone and its salts, and excluding naltrexone and its salts, but including the following:

(i) Raw opium
(ii) Opium extracts
(iii) Opium fluid extracts
(iv) Powdered opium
(v) Granulated opium
(vi) Tincture of opium
(vii) Etorphine hydrochloride
(viii) Codeine
(ix) Ethylmorphine
(x) Hydrocodone
(xi) Hydromorphone
(xii) Metopon
(xiii) Morphine
(xiv) Oxycodone
(xv) Oxymorphone
(xvi) Thebaine

(2) Any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation that is chemically equivalent or identical with any of the substances referred to in subdivision (1) of this subsection, except that these substances shall not include the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium.

(3) Opium poppy and poppy straw.

(4) Coca leaves and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of coca leaves, and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation that is chemically equivalent or identical with any of these substances, except that the substances shall not include decocainized coca leaves or extraction of coca leaves, which extractions do not contain cocaine or ecgonine.

(5) Concentrate of poppy straw (the crude extract of poppy straw in liquid, solid, or powder form that contains the phenanthrine alkaloids of the opium poppy).

(b) Opiates. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any of the following opiates, including its isomers, esters, ethers, salts; and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers whenever the existence of the isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the specific chemical designation:
(1) Alphaprodine
(2) Anileridine
(3) Bezitramide
(4) Dihydrocodeine
(5) Diphenoxylate
(6) Fentanyl
(7) Isomethadone
(8) Levomethorphan
(9) Levorphanol
(10) Metazocine
(11) Methadone
(12) Methadone-Intermediate, 4-cyano-2-dimethylamino-4, 4-diphenyl butane
(13) Moramide-Intermediate, 2-methyl-3-morpholino-1, 1-diphenylpropane-carboxylic acid
(14) Pethidine
(15) Pethidine-Intermediate-A, 4-cyano-1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine
(16) Pethidine-Intermediate-B, ethyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylate
(17) Pethidine-Intermediate-C, 1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylic acid
(18) Phenaxocine
(19) Piminodine
(20) Racemethorphan
(21) Racemorphan
(22) Bulk Dextropropoxyphene (non-dosage forms)
(23) Suffentanil
(24) Alfentanil
(25) Levoalphacetylmethadol
(26) Carfentanil
(27) Remifentanil

Stimulants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system:

(1) Amphetamine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of its optical isomers.
(2) Methamphetamine, its salts, and salts of its isomers.
(3) Phenmetrazine and its salts.
(4) Methylphenidate.

(d) Depressants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that contains any quantity of the following substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

1. Amobarbital
2. Glutethimide
3. Methyprylon
4. Pentobarbital
5. Phencyclidine
6. Secobarbital
7. Phencyclidine immediate precursors:
   (i) 1-phencyclohexylamine
   (ii) 1-piperidinocyclohexane-carbonitrile (PCC)
8. Immediate precursor to amphetamine and methamphetamine: Phenylacetone. Some other names: phenyl-2-propanone; P2P; benzyl methyl ketone; methyl benzone ketone.

Schedule III

(a) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that contains any quantity of the following substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous system:

1. Any substance that contains any quantity of a derivative of barbituric acid or any salt of a derivative of barbituric acid.
2. Chlorhexadol
3. Lysergic acid
4. Lysergic acid amide
5. Sulfondiethylmethane
6. Sulfonethylmethane
7. Sylfonmethane
8. Any compound, mixture, or preparation containing amobarbital, secobarbital, pentobarbital, or any salt of them and one or more other active medicinal ingredients that are not listed in any schedule.
9. Any suppository dosage form containing amobarbital, secobarbital, pentobarbital, or any salt of any of these drugs and approved by the Food and Drug Administration for marketing.
1 only as a suppository.

2 (10) Ketamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers. (Some other names for ketamine:
3 (+)-2-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-(methylamino)cyclohexanone).

4 (b) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, 
5 compound, mixture, or preparation containing limited quantities of any of the following narcotic 
6 drugs, or any salts of them:

7 (1) Not more than one and eight tenths grams (1.8 gms.) of codeine per one hundred 
8 milliliters (100 mls.) or not more than ninety milligrams (90 mgs.) per dosage unit, with an equal 
9 or greater quantity of an isoquinoline alkaloid of opium.

10 (2) Not more than one and eight tenths grams (1.8 gms.) of codeine per one hundred 
11 milliliters (100 mls.) or not more than ninety milligrams (90 mgs.) per dosage unit, with one or 
12 more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts.

13 (3) Not more than three hundred milligrams (300 mgs.) of dihydrocodeinone per one 
14 hundred milliliters (100 mls.) or not more than fifteen milligrams (15 mgs.) per dosage unit, with 
15 a fourfold or greater quantity of an isoquinoline alkaloid of opium.

16 (4) Not more than three hundred milligrams (300 mgs.) of dihydrocodeinone per one 
17 hundred milliliters (100 mls.) or not more than fifteen milligrams (15 mgs.) per dosage unit, with 
18 one or more active nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts.

19 (5) Not more than one and eight tenths grams (1.8 gms.) of dihydrocodeine per one hundred 
20 milliliters (100 mls.) or not more than ninety milligrams (90 mgs.) per dosage unit, with one or 
21 more active nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts.

22 (6) Not more than three hundred milligrams (300 mgs.) of ethylmorphine per one hundred 
23 milliliters (100 mls.) or not more than fifteen milligrams (15 mgs.) per dosage unit, with one or 
24 more active nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts.

25 (7) Not more than five hundred milligrams (500 mgs.) of opium per one hundred milliliters 
26 (100 mls.) or per one hundred grams (100 gms.) or not more than twenty-five milligrams (25 mgs.) 
27 per dosage unit, with one or more active nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts.

28 (8) Not more than fifty milligrams (50 mgs.) of morphine per one hundred milliliters (100 
29 mls.) per one hundred grams (100 gms.) with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in 
30 recognized therapeutic amounts.

(c) Stimulants. Unless specifically excepted or listed in another schedule, any material, 
compound, mixture, or preparation that contains any quantity of the following substances having a 
stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of the isomers 
whenever the existence of the salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:
(1) Benzphetamine
(2) Chlorphentermine
(3) Clortermine
(4) Mazindol
(5) Phendimetrazine

(d) Steroids and hormones. Anabolic steroids (AS) or human growth hormone (HGH), excluding those compounds, mixtures, or preparations containing an anabolic steroid that because of its concentration, preparation, mixture, or delivery system, has no significant potential for abuse, as published in 21 C.F.R. § 1308.34, including, but not limited to, the following:

(1) Chorionic gonadotropin, except for veterinary use and when that use is approved by the Food and Drug Administration.

(2) Clostebol
(3) Dehydrochlormethyltestosterone
(4) Ethylestrenol
(5) Fluoxymesterone
(6) Mesterolone
(7) Metenolone
(8) Methandienone
(9) Methandrostenolone
(10) Methyltestosterone
(11) Nandrolone decanoate
(12) Nandrolone phenpropionate
(13) Norethandrolone
(14) Oxandrolone
(15) Oxymesterone
(16) Oxymetholone
(17) Stanozolol
(18) Testosterone propionate
(19) Testosterone-like related compounds
(20) Human Growth Hormone (HGH)

(e) Hallucinogenic substances.

(1) Dronabinol (synthetic) in sesame oil and encapsulated in a soft gelatin capsule in U.S. Food and Drug Administration-approved drug product. (Some other names for dronabinol: (6aR-trans)-6a, 7, 8, 10a-tetrahydro-6, 6, 9-trimethyl-3-pentyl-6H-dibenzo[b,d]pyran-1-ol, or (-)-delta-
Schedule IV

(1) Barbital.
(2) Chloral betaine
(3) Chloral hydrate
(4) Ethchrovynol
(5) Ethinamate
(6) Methohexital
(7) Meprobamate
(8) Methylphenobarbital
(9) Paraldehyde
(10) Petrichloral
(11) Phenobarbital
(12) Fenfluramine
(13) Diethylpropion
(14) Phentermine
(15) Pemoline (including organometallic complexes and chelates thereof).
(16) Chlordiazepoxide
(17) Clonazepam
(18) Clorazepate
(19) Diazepam
(20) Flurazepam
(21) Mebutamate
(22) Oxazepam
(23) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that contains any quantity of the following substances, including its salts:
Dextropropoxyphene(alpha-+)-4-dimethylamino-1,2-diphenyl-3-methyl-2-propronoxybutane).
(24) Prazepam
(25) Lorazepam
(26) Not more than one milligram (1 mg.) of difenoxin and not less than twenty-five (25) micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit.
(27) Pentazocine
(28) Pipradrol
(29) SPA (-)-1-dimethylamino-1, 2-diphenylethane
(30) Temazepam
(31) Halazepam
(32) Alprazolam
(33) Bromazepam
(34) Camazepam
(35) Clobazam
(36) Clotiazepam
(37) Cloxazolam
(38) Delorazepam
(39) Estazolam
(40) Ethyl Ioflazepate
(41) Fludizaepam
(42) Flunitrazepam
(43) Haloxazolam
(44) Ketazolam
(45) Loprazolam
(46) Lormetazepam
(47) Medazepam
(48) Nimetazepam
(49) Nitrazepam
(50) Nordiazepam
(51) Oxazolam
(52) Pinazepam
(53) Tetrazepam
(54) Mazindol
(55) Triazolam
(56) Midazolam
(57) Quazepam
(58) Butorphanol
(59) Sibutramine
(60) Tramadol
(61) Zolpidem
Schedule V

(a) Any compound, mixture, or preparation containing any of the following limited quantities of narcotic drugs, which shall include one or more non-narcotic active medicinal ingredients in sufficient proportion to confer upon the compound, mixture, or preparation valuable medicinal qualities other than those possessed by the narcotic drug alone:

1. Not more than two hundred milligrams (200 mgs.) of codeine per 100 milliliters (100 mls.) or per one hundred grams (100 gms.).
2. Not more than one hundred milligrams (100 mgs.) of dihydrocodeine per 100 milliliters (100 mls.) or per one hundred grams (100 gms.).
3. Not more than one hundred milligrams (100 mgs.) of ethylmorphine per 100 milliliters (100 mls.) or per one hundred grams (100 gms.).
4. Not more than two and five tenths milligrams (2.5 mgs.) of diphenoxylate and not less than twenty-five (25) micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit.
5. Not more than one hundred milligrams (100 mgs.) of opium per one hundred milliliters (100 mls.) or per one hundred grams (100 gms.).

(b) Not more than five tenths milligrams (0.5 mgs.) of difenoxin and not less than twenty-five (25) micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit.

(c) Buprenorphine

(d) Unless specifically exempted or excluded or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers:

1. Propylhexedrine (except as benzedrex inhaler)
2. Pyrovalerone.

(e) Xylazine HCL

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage.
This act would provide that Schedules I through V of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act consist of drugs and other substances, by whatever official name, common or usual name, chemical name or name designated by the director of the department of health, and would add several new drugs to various schedules, including Etizolam, Flubromazolam, Tramadol, Zolpidem, and Xylazine HCL.

This act would take effect upon passage.